

Aqua Whisper DX Compact 450-1800

Section 8 - MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR

8 MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR

From time to time, Sea Recovery may make programming changes to the Control Logic.

Other production changes are tracked by Sea Recovery through the System Serial Number.

Troubleshooting methods and results can vary depending on the information that is displayed at the SYSTEM INFORMATION screen.

When ever requesting assistance from Sea Recovery or one of Sea Recovery's service dealers,

ALWAYS PROVIDE ALL INFORMATION DISPLAYED AT THE SYSTEM INFORMATION SCREEN.

- SERIAL NUMBER helps us to determine the latest physical version and configuration of your system which is necessary to ensure that we provide you with the correct information or parts.
- TYPE tells us the production capacity of your system which gives us a bench mark in diagnosing product water flow and pressure concerns.
- TIME RUNNING assists us in diagnosing abnormalities that can occur at given operational time intervals such as required pump maintenance, or R.O. membrane element condition.
- VERSION allows us to determine the specific sequential operation of the system based on the version of the programmed control logic.

AND Always provide us with the System Operating Voltage, Cycles, and Phase.

QUALIFICATIONS

Technicians must have technical knowledge and ability in the following fields:

- Electrical, Electronic, Electric Motors and Circuits
- Electromechanical and Mechanical Systems
- Hydraulic and Liquid Pressure and Flow Systems
- Piping and Plumbing Systems
- Water Suction and Pressure Lines
- Thru-Hull Fitting below and above water level

DO NOT PERFORM MAINTENANCE UNLESS:

1. The System Feed Water Sea Cock Valve is closed.
2. The system main electrical disconnect switch is switched "OFF", LOCKED, and TAGGED.
3. Section 10, Exploded Parts View is available.



WARNING - ELECTRICAL SHOCK

HAZARD: A Volt / Ohm Meter will be necessary. The following installation procedures expose the installer to High Voltage and electrical shock hazard. Only attempt this if you are a qualified electrician and only if surrounding conditions are safe.

REVERSE OSMOSIS MEMBRANE ELEMENT SUSCEPTIBILITY TO CHEMICAL ATTACK:



CAUTION: Do not expose the Sea Recovery System to these chemicals:

Hydrogen peroxide	chloramines-T
Chlorine dioxide	chlorine
Bromine	phenolic disinfectants
chloramines	N-chloroisocyanurates
hypochlorite	iodine
Bromide	petroleum products

or any other specific chemical not approved in writing by Sea Recovery Corp. Use of non authorized or misuse of authorized chemicals voids warranty. Never use third party so called "Reverse Osmosis Chemicals" for storage or cleaning. Third Party chemicals will dissolve copolymer components within the Sea Recovery System and will destroy the R.O. membrane element. Use of and subsequent damage caused by non Sea Recovery Chemicals are the liability and responsibility of the operator and are not covered by the Sea Recovery Warranty.

Do not connect any water line to the Sea Recovery R.O. System that may contain any of the above listed chemicals. Examples: Do not connect the Sea Recovery R.O. System to the ships potable product water tank if that tank has been treated with a Brominator as Bromine destroys the copolymer components within the system. Do not connect the Sea Recovery R.O. System to any line that may contain chlorine or other oxidants as they destroy the R.O. membrane element.

If you use detergents to clean the internal wetted parts of the system ensure that they are rinsed thoroughly, wiped and dried prior to reassembly. After the components have been reassembled, product water can be used to remove any feed water residue from the exterior surfaces of the components.

USE OF NON-AUTHORIZED OR MISUSE OF AUTHORIZED CHEMICALS VOIDS SYSTEM WARRANTY.

8.1 WEEKLY QUICK CHECK

The following steps ensure that potential problems are resolved preventing major repairs:

1. Inspect all fasteners for tightness including brackets, screws, nuts, and bolts. Pay special attention to the High Pressure Pump and Electric Motor since they are subject to increased vibration.
2. Clean any salt water or salt deposits from the system with a wet rag.
3. Check for water leaks throughout the System and supporting water lines.
4. Check all tubing and high-pressure hoses for wear and abrasion against rough surfaces. The hoses must not contact heated or abrasive surfaces.

8.2 OPERATOR MAINTENANCE INTERVALS

The frequency of required maintenance is dependent on the regularity of usage, the condition of the intake water (the location of use), the length of time the system is exposed to water, the total running time and, in some cases, the manner in which the system is installed or operated. Because of these factors, it is virtually impossible to comprise an exact timetable for required maintenance. The maintenance timetable, Page 8-3, is an estimate of the time intervals at which maintenance may be required on the various system components. This is based upon factual data compiled from Sea Recovery installations around the world. However, this schedule must be adjusted to each individual system depending upon the variables listed.



WARNING: Components, spares, and consumable utilized within the Sea Recovery System can be specific to Sea Recovery specifications and are not commercially available from other sources. Other Components utilized within the Sea Recovery System are modified by Sea Recovery for a specific purpose of compatibility and are not commercially available from other sources.

Many of these special components can appear to be similar to Sea Recovery components. Extensive and

expensive damage to the Sea Recovery System WILL result if incompatible components are used in the Sea Recovery System. Damage caused to the Sea Recovery System as a result of third party components is the liability and responsibility of both the Marine Dealer that sold the component for use in the Sea Recovery System as well as the Owner/Operator that purchased and installed the third party component in the Sea Recovery System and is not covered by the Sea Recovery Warranty. Always insist on only Sea Recovery supplied components, spares, and consumable.

8.3 INDIVIDUAL COMPONENT MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR

Refer to the P&ID in Section 3.

1. Inlet Thru Hull Fitting: Non Sea Recovery component. Keep the Inlet Thru Hull Fitting free and clear of debris and marine growth. If the Inlet Thru Hull Fitting is clogged, this results in a low feed pressure condition, which causes the system to shut off.

Blockage at the Inlet Thru-Hull Fitting causes the System to shut off due to lack of Feed Water Flow. Unfortunately, since it is under water operators are reluctant to thoroughly inspect the Inlet Thru-Hull Fitting for problems. This can cause time consuming frustrations in attempting to gain feed water flow by trouble shooting other components in the System.

The Inlet Thru-Hull Fitting must be free and clear allowing the System to draw 4.5 U.S. Gallons (17 Liters) Per Minute through it with minimal resistance. Any blockage at the Inlet Thru-Hull Fitting will cause low pressure and low flow problems at the System. This Inlet Thru-Hull Fitting must be a Forward Facing Scoop so that the System receives a positive flow of water as the boat is under way. It must be minimum 3/4 in. (19 mm) inside diameter. It must be installed in a position on the bottom of the Hull so as to allow free flowing Feed Water without air.



CAUTION: A flat profile, flush mount, inlet thru-hull fitting will cause a vacuum as the boat is under way, and this will cause loss of feed water flow and cavitation of the Booster Pump and High Pressure Pump resulting in continual

Maintenance Timetable:

COMPONENT	MAINTENANCE REQUIRED	TIME INTERVAL CONTINUOUS	TIME INTERVAL INTERMITTENT DUTY
Sea Strainer	Inspect & Clean Screen & Housing	weekly	100 hours
Plankton Filter	Inspect & clean	weekly	100 hours
Multi Media Filter	Back wash & Rinse	when pressure drops 20 PSI (1.37 BAR) across the filter	
Pre-filter	Replace element(s)	Low Pressure <10 psi (0.68 BAR)	Low Pressure <10 psi (0.68 BAR)
Oil/water Separator	Replace element	Low Pressure <10 psi (0.68 BAR)	Low Pressure <10 psi (0.68 BAR)
Std HP Pump	Change Oil Replace Seal Kit Replace Valve Kit	500 hrs 2000 hrs 2000 hrs	500 hrs 2000 hrs 2000 hrs
Opt HP Pump	Internal Service	Approx 8000 hrs	
R. O. Membrane	Clean Element	When production or salt rejection decreases by 10%	
Salinity Probe	Clean Probes	Annually	Annually
Charcoal Filter	Replace Element	3 months	3 months
pH Neutralizing Cartridge	Replace Cartridge clean quartz sleeve	when calcium carbonate granules are depleted	
UV Sterilizer	Replace lamp &	2000 Hours	2000 Hours
Fresh Water Flush Charcoal Element	Replace Element	3 months	3 months

system shut down due to low feed water flow and pressure. The resulting failure of the system to remain in operation is attributed to improper installation, is the liability of the installer, and is not covered by the Sea Recovery warranty.



CAUTION: If the thru-hull fitting has been placed in a position on the underside of the hull that allows air to continually enter the thru-hull fitting, this will cause the system to continually shut down due to loss of feed water. The resulting failure of the system to remain in operation is attributed to improper installation, is the liability of the installer, and is not covered by the Sea Recovery warranty.



CAUTION: The Sea Recovery System must not be tied into another existing auxiliary water line already supplying another accessory on the boat. Using one Thru Hull fitting for other equipment

will cause the Sea Recovery System to draw air or cavitate leading to continual system shut down. The resulting failure of the system to remain in operation is attributed to improper installation, is the liability of the installer, and is not covered by the Sea Recovery warranty.



CAUTION: If the Sea Recovery System is connected to a Sea Chest or Stand Up Pipe, do not plumb the Sea Recovery System feed line to the “top” of the Sea Chest or Stand Up Pipe. If plumbed into the top of these feed water arrangements, the Sea Recovery System will experience continual shut down due to air inducement into the system. The resulting failure of the system to remain in operation is attributed to improper installation, is the liability of the installer, and is not covered by the Sea Recovery warranty. Plumb the Sea Recovery System to the “bottom” of such feed

water arrangements to ensure a continual air free supply of feed water to the system.

2. **Sea Cock Valve:** Non Sea Recovery component. The packing and connections of the Inlet Sea Cock Valve must be tight and must properly seal. Clean the valve cavity of debris or replace the seal and seat or the entire valve, as required. This section is under a vacuum condition while operating the system. Loose fittings or a worn seal will allow air to enter the Sea Recovery system causing continual shut down due to subsequent low feed water pressure.
3. **Inlet Connection:** Replace if damaged.
4. **Inline Vacuum / Pressure Gauges:** If the Vacuum/ Pressure gauge needle does not move; or does not register proper vacuum or pressure this may be caused by a plugged orifice. The Vacuum/Pressure Gauges have a very small orifice at the bottom of the pipe fitting end. This orifice can become plugged with debris or corrosion. Using a small diameter wire clean the debris from the orifice. Replace the gauge if cleaning of the orifice does not restore functionality.
5. **Sea Strainer:** Keep the mesh screen free and clear of debris. When the mesh screen is clogged, it results in a low-pressure condition causing system shut off. This section is under a vacuum condition while operating the system. If the Sea Strainer's bowl is loose or if the O-ring seal is worn or not properly seated, air will enter the system causing continual shut down due to subsequent low feed water pressure.
6. **Booster Pump:** (centrifugal; counter clockwise rotation as viewed from volute end {front end} of pump)

A. Electric Motor:

Troubleshoot electric motor failure to ensure that any abnormality from the power, wiring, connections, contactors, or control circuit are not at fault or at cause. If the electric motor has failed, it will require repair. However, depending upon failure, replacement may be more cost effective than repair. If failure of the motor is due to external source, not the motor itself, then correct the cause or else the replacement or repaired motor will fail again.

Failures of the electric motor may be:

Winding failure.	Generally caused by low or high power, below or above the specified voltage requirements of the system. This is Not economically repairable.
Capacitor failure.	Generally caused by low power feeding the motor and or low cycles from the power source. Also caused by rapidly repeating starting and stopping of the motor. Field replaceable.

The Electric Motor is 1/2 horse power, Totally Enclosed Fan Cooled, 2 pole, dual Cycle, and dual Voltage.



WARNING: The Booster Pump **MUST** rotate in the **COUNTER CLOCKWISE DIRECTION ONLY**. Rotating the Booster Pump in the clockwise direction will cause extensive damage to it. Never operate the Booster Pump in the clockwise direction.



WARNING: When switching from Three Phase Generator power to Three Phase Shore power **ALWAYS** check phases prior to operating the System else Reverse Rotation along with extensive damage to the Booster Pump will occur should the power be out of phase.

Problems and Symptoms appearing and caused by the Booster Pump or its Electric Motor:

1. The Single Phase (115 or 230 VAC) Electric Motor “hums”, pulls starting current (locked rotor) amperage, does not rotate, and trips the supply power circuit breaker when attempting to operate the System.

The Single Phase Electric Motor is a capacitor start motor. If the motor was started with low voltage, a drop in voltage during starting, and if this was repeated several times in rapid concession the capacitor will short out. Without the aid of a working capacitor the motor will “hum”, pull starting current (locked rotor) amperage, not rotate, and trip the supply power circuit breaker when attempting to operate the System.

Low voltage will also cause the same symptom. Low voltage is caused by an undersized power supply or generator, undersized power lead wires to the System or motor, loose power wire, or connection at the motor or within the power supply line, and “burnt” contacts on the motor starter relay (contactor).

Solutions:

- a) Check wiring size and connections to, from, and in between the Power Supply and the electric motor. Correct wire size or any loose wires.
 - b) Check the capacitor on the motor, and replace it if it has shorted out.
 - c) Measure voltage at the motor during attempt to start it. If voltage drops more than 10% locate and correct the reason.
 - d) Check the motor starter relay (contactor) for “burnt” contacts.
2. The Three Phase (230/380/460 VAC) Electric Motor “hums”, pulls starting current (locked rotor) amperage, does not rotate, and trips the supply power circuit breaker when attempting to operate the System.

The Three Phase Electric Motor requires all three power lines (all three phases) to be operative else it will “single phase” causing extensive damage to the motor’s internal windings.

Low voltage will also cause the same symptom. Low voltage is caused by an undersized power supply or generator, undersized power lead wires to the System or motor, loose power wire, or connection at the motor or within the power supply line, and “burnt” contacts on the motor starter relay (contactor).

Solutions:

- a) Check wiring size and connections to, from, and in between the Power Supply and the electric motor. Correct wire size or any loose wires.
- b) Measure voltage at the motor during attempt to start it. If voltage drops more than 10% locate and correct the reason. Cross check voltage across all 3 power leads.
- c) Check the motor starter relay (contactor) for “burnt” contacts.

3. The Electric Motor makes an unusual “grinding” sound when operated.

Solutions:

- a) Check and replace as necessary the front and rear bearings.
- b) Check to see if the fan is rubbing against the fan guard.

B. Booster Pump:

Replace the ceramic seal approximately every 2000 hours, or at the sign of leakage:

DISASSEMBLY:

Remove the four 3/8-16 Bolts holding the volute to the motor bracket. To remove the impeller, remove the bearing cap on the motor to expose the screwdriver slot on the motor shaft. Hold the motor shaft with a large screwdriver and remove the impeller by grasping it with your hand and turning the impeller counter clockwise. Remove the Seal. Two screwdrivers wedged into the seal at 180° apart serve as tools to wedge the seal out. The ceramic seat is removed by removing the end bell gasket.

REASSEMBLY:

Clean the motor shaft and the bracket of any corrosion or salt deposits. Replace the end bell gasket and the tap seat portion into the bracket cavity. Use a new gasket. Place the ceramic seat into the cavity over the shaft. Make sure that the polished side is toward the end of the shaft. Tap into place evenly using a hollow piece of wood or plastic tool. If a metal tool is used to tap it into place, protect the seat with cardboard or a clean cloth. Lubricate the shaft with water and soap or a light oil and slip the rotating portion of the seal over the shaft with the carbon element toward the ceramic. Slide it down onto the shaft as far as possible. Apply blue Loctite to the motor shaft threads. Hold the Motor shaft and reinstall the impeller. Tighten the impeller by turning it clockwise until it is snug. Reinstall the volute. Tighten the bolts evenly. Thoroughly prime the pump.

Some Electric Motors supplied by Sea Recovery have permanently sealed and lubricated bearings. Others require lubrication from time to time. If your Electric Motor has grease jerks at each end of the motor, over the front and rear bearings, the bearings require lubrication every 6 months. Give three pumps of high temperature motor bearing lubricant into each grease jerk. Use a Polyurea Base Grease such as Chevron SRI (Polyurea

Base) or Shell Dolium R (Polyurea Base). DO NOT USE LITHIUM OR SILICONE BASE GREASE.

7. T-Connector Pressure Pick-Up: Replace any hose or tube that is kinked. Disconnect each end of the tube and blow air through the tube to ensure that it is not blocked. Replace if damaged.
8. Pressure Transducers: The Pressure Transducers are not repairable and can not be calibrated. If inoperative check connections at the Transducer and at the Printed Circuit Board to ensure there is no visible corrosion or loose connections.
9. Plankton Filter Element Cleaning:
 - a) Unscrew the bowl counter clockwise.
 - b) Remove the Plankton Filter Elements from the bowl.
 - c) Remove the O-Ring from the top of the bowl.
 - d) Clean the mesh screen filter elements with a bristle brush and water spray.
 - e) Wipe the O-Ring with a damp cloth.
 - f) Lightly lubricate the O-Ring with O-Ring lubricant.
 - g) Place the O-Ring back onto the bowl.
 - h) Insert the cleaned or new plankton filter elements into the bowls.
 - i) Screw the bowls on clockwise.
 - j) Hand snug to seal the O-Ring; do not use a wrench or other tool to tighten; do not over tighten. Over tightening transfers stress to the lid and bowl threads causing the lid or bowl to fail (crack or break) and making subsequent disassembly difficult.
10. Multi Media Filter Backwash:

The Multi Media Filter contains fine gravel and #20 silica sand. This silica sand traps suspended solids larger than 20 micron. The top layer of the silica sand within the Multi Media Filter becomes packed with suspended solids and restricts flow through it. When the silica sand becomes packed with suspended solids, as indicated by a loss of pressure, it must then be back washed to waste. This back washing procedure fluffs the silica sand and dislodges the suspended solids from the sand base. During back washing the suspended solids are discharged to waste through the Multi Media Filter Waste outlet.

If replacing the media, the Multi Media Filter requires approximately 15 lbs. (7 kg) of small gravel (1/8 x 1/4 in. (3.27 x 6.35 mm) first on the bottom then approximately 26 lbs. (12 kg) of #20 silica sand last (on top of the small gravel).



NOTE: the new gravel and sand contain fines and contaminates. The Multi Media Filter must be back washed prior to use.

Instructions for Back-washing of the Multi Media Filter:

- a) Open the Inlet Sea Cock Valve.
 - b) Position the Rinse Clean Inlet Valve, if installed, to the normal operating position towards the Sea Strainer.
 - c) Position the Rinse Clean Outlet Valve, if installed, to the normal operating position towards the Brine Discharge Thru-Hull Fitting.
 - d) Position the Multi Media Filter valves to Backwash
 - e) In the Manual mode of operation, operate only the Booster Pump.
 - f) After 10 minutes of back washing Stop the Booster Pump.
 - g) Position the Multi Media Filter Valves to Rinse.
 - h) In the Manual mode of operation, operate only the Booster Pump.
 - i) After 5 minutes of Rinsing Stop the Booster Pump.
 - j) Position the Multi Media Filter Valves to Normal Operation. Refer to Figure 8a, page 8-7.
11. Commercial Prefilter Element Replacement:

The Commercial Prefilter Pleated Cartridge Element may be cleaned with water spray once or twice. After cleaning the expected life will be reduced in half. Attempts to clean the element more than twice will result in a very short life and will damage the element rendering it useless. Change the element after the first or second cleaning. Clean or replace the element when plugged to the extent that the pressure into the High Pressure Pump is 10 PSI (69 kPa) or less. At slightly below 6 PSI (41 kPa) the System will turn off and display a fault screen.

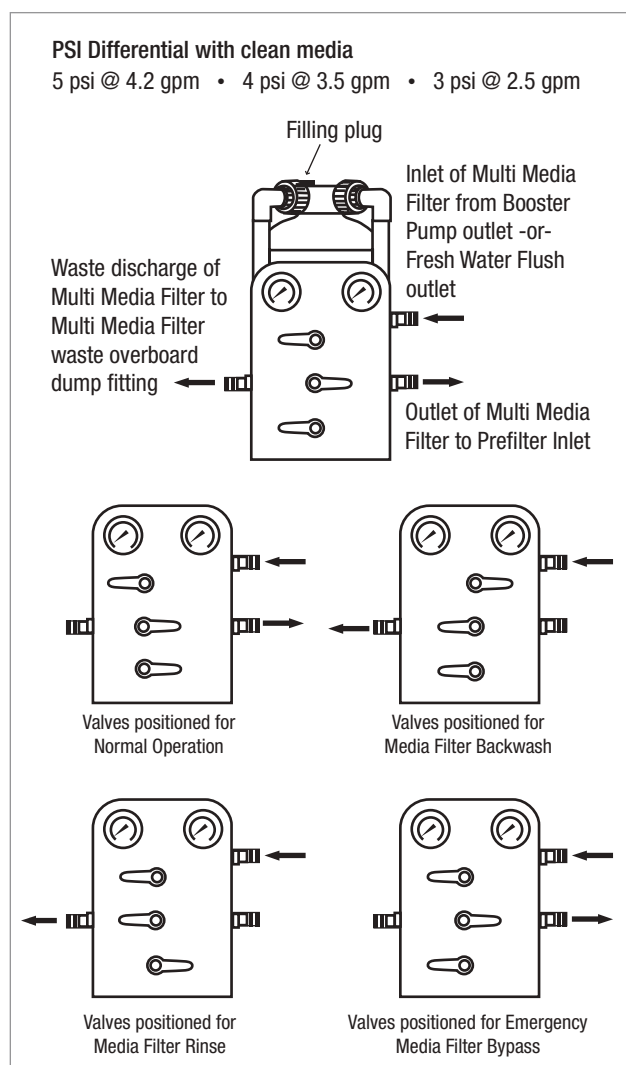


Figure 8a: Valve Positioning of the Multi Media Filter during 4 separate modes of Operation.



CAUTION: Do not use third party prefilter elements; use only Sea Recovery Prefilter Elements. Third party prefilter elements on the market do not properly fit, the seams fall apart, they will allow by-pass.



WARNING: By-pass of debris through the third party element will extensively damage the High Pressure Pump. By-pass of debris through the third party element will also prematurely foul the R.O. membrane element. Use of third party prefilter elements will void any and all Sea Recovery warranty to the High Pressure Pump and the R.O. membrane element.



IMPORTANT: Do not use “string wound” or “fiber” prefilter elements. These type of elements are designed for the Photographic Film Developing industry. When used in sea water, they will plug up rapidly in 1/10th or less the time causing frequent shut down of the system and very frequent changing which will also lead to very high cost of maintenance. Use of String Wound or Fiber type elements will only lead to user frustration and very high maintenance costs. Use of third party prefilter elements will void any and all Sea Recovery warranty to the High Pressure Pump and the R.O. membrane element.

DO NOT ACCEPT THIRD PARTY PREFILTER ELEMENTS FROM ANY MARINE DEALER. USE ONLY SEA RECOVERY SUPPLIED PREFILTER ELEMENTS. The resulting failure of the system to remain in operation, and or damage to the Sea Recovery System caused by Third Party Prefilter Elements is attributed to improper maintenance and operation, is the liability of the operator and owner, and is not covered by the Sea Recovery warranty.

Commercial Prefilter Element Replacement:

To clean or replace the Commercial Prefilter Element:

- Unscrew the lid locking ring counter clockwise.
- Remove and discard the used Commercial Prefilter Pleated Cartridge Element from the housing.
- Thoroughly clean the inside of the bowl. The High Pressure Pump is manufactured to very tight tolerance spacing between moving parts. Any debris entering the Pump will cause extensive and expensive damage to the internal parts. The Sea Recovery Prefilter will stop any debris and protect the High Pressure Pump. Use caution when changing filter elements and do not allow any debris from the prefilter element to enter the outlet port of it's housing.
- Inspect the O-Ring attached to the lid. Replace if damaged or if the lid leaks water.

- e) Wipe the O-Ring with a damp cloth.
- f) Sparingly lubricate the O-Ring with O-Ring lubricant.
- g) Insert the cleaned or new Sea Recovery Commercial Prefilter Pleated Cartridge Element into the bowl.
- h) Replace the lid into the top of the housing.
- i) Replace the lid locking ring. Tighten ONLY two finger tight. Finger or lightly Hand snug to retain the lid in place. Do not use a wrench or other tool to tighten. Do not over tighten. Over tightening causes stress to the bowl and lid lock ring threads leading to cracks, breakage, and difficult disassembly at the next filter change.
- j) Open the Sea Cock Valve, open the air bleed valve located on the lid. Bleed any air from the Commercial Prefilter Housing. After water appears close the air bleed valve. It may be necessary to operate the Booster Pump manually in order to purge the Commercial Prefilter housing of air.



WARNING: For safety reasons ALWAYS purge air from the Prefilter Housing.

Dual Prefilter Element Replacement:

The Prefilter Pleated Cartridge Element may be cleaned with water spray once or twice. After cleaning the expected life will be reduced in half. Attempts to clean the element more than twice will result in a very short life and will damage the element rendering it useless. Change the element after the first or second cleaning. Clean or replace the element when plugged to the extent that the pressure into the High Pressure Pump is 10 PSI (69 kPa) or less. At slightly below 6 PSI (41 kPa) the System will turn off and display a fault screen indicating low pressure.

To clean or replace the Prefilter Element:

- a) Unscrew the bowl counter clockwise.
- b) Remove and discard the used Prefilter Pleated Cartridge Element from the bowl.
- c) Remove the O-Ring from the top of the bowl.
- d) Thoroughly clean the inside of the bowl. The High Pressure Pump is manufactured to very

tight tolerance spacing between moving parts. Any debris entering the Pump will cause extensive and expensive damage to the internal parts. The Sea Recovery Prefilter will stop any debris and protect the High Pressure Pump. Use caution when changing filter elements and do not allow any debris from the prefilter element to enter the outlet port of it's housing.

- e) Wipe the O-Ring with a damp cloth.
- f) Sparingly lubricate the O-Ring with O-Ring lubricant.
- g) Place the O-Ring back onto the bowl.
- h) Insert the cleaned or new Sea Recovery Prefilter Pleated Cartridge Element into the bowl. 20 micron into filter housing and 5 micron into filter housing
- i) Screw the bowl on clockwise.
- j) Hand snug to seal the O-Ring; do not use a wrench or other tool to tighten; do not over tighten. Over tightening causes stress to the bowl and lid threads leading to cracks, breakage, and difficult disassembly at the next filter change.

12. T-Connector Pressure Pick-Up: Replace any hose or tube that is kinked. Disconnect each end of the tube and blow air through the tube to ensure that it is not blocked. Replace if damaged.
13. Oil/Water Separator Filter Element Replacement: The Oil/Water Separator Coalescing Filter Element is not cleanable. Replace the element when plugged to the extent that the pressure into the High Pressure Pump is 10 PSI (69 kPa) or less. At slightly below 6 PSI (41 kPa) the System will turn off and display a fault screen indicating low pressure.

Oil/Water Separator Filter Element Replacement:

To replace the Oil/Water Separator Filter Element:

- a) Unscrew the lid locking ring counter clockwise.
- b) Remove and discard the used Oil/Water Separator Filter Element from the housing.
- c) Thoroughly clean the inside of the bowl. The High Pressure Pump is manufactured to very tight tolerance spacing between moving

parts. Any debris entering the Pump will cause extensive and expensive damage to the internal parts. The Sea Recovery Prefilter will stop any debris and protect the High Pressure Pump. Use caution when changing filter elements and do not allow any debris from the prefilter element to enter the outlet port of it's housing.

- d) Inspect the O-Ring attached to the lid. Replace if damaged or if the lid leaks water.
 - e) Wipe the O-Ring with a damp cloth.
 - f) Sparingly lubricate the O-Ring with O-Ring lubricant.
 - g) Insert the new Sea Recovery Oil/Water Separator Filter Element into the bowl.
 - h) Replace the lid into the top of the housing.
 - i) Replace the lid locking ring. Tighten ONLY two finger tight. Finger or lightly Hand snug to retain the lid in place. Do not use a wrench or other tool to tighten. Do not over tighten. Over tightening causes stress to the bowl and lid lock ring threads leading to cracks, breakage, and difficult disassembly at the next filter change.
 - j) Open the Sea Cock Valve, open the air bleed valve located on the lid. Bleed any air from the Oil/Water Separator Filter Housing. After water appears close the air bleed valve. It may be necessary to operate the Booster Pump manually in order to purge the filter housing of air.
14. Transducer Manifold is not repairable. If broken or leaking replace it.

15. High Pressure Pump and Electric Motor:

A) Electric Motor:

Troubleshoot electric motor failure to ensure that any abnormality from the power, wiring, connections, contactors, or control circuit are not at fault or at cause. If the electric motor has failed, it will require repair. However, depending upon failure, replacement may be more cost effective than repair. If failure of the motor is due to external source, not the motor itself, then correct the cause or else the replacement or repaired motor will fail again.

Failures of the electric motor may be:

Winding failure.	Generally caused by low or high power, below or above the specified voltage requirements of the system. This is Not economically repairable.
Capacitor failure.	Generally caused by low power feeding the motor and or low cycles from the power source. Also caused by rapidly repeating starting and stopping of the motor. Field replaceable.

The Electric Motor is 3 horse power, Totally Enclosed Fan Cooled, 2 pole, dual Cycle, and dual Voltage.



WARNING: The High Pressure Pump **MUST** rotate in the **COUNTER CLOCKWISE DIRECTION ONLY**. Rotating the High Pressure Pump in the clockwise direction will cause extensive damage to it. Never operate the High Pressure Pump in the clockwise direction.



WARNING: When switching from Three Phase Generator power to Three Phase Shore power **ALWAYS** check phases prior to operating the System else Reverse Rotation along with extensive damage to the High Pressure Pump will occur should the power be out of phase.

Problems and Symptoms appearing and caused by the High Pressure Pump or its Electric Motor:

1. The Single Phase (115 or 230 VAC) Electric Motor "hums", pulls starting current (locked rotor) amperage, does not rotate, and trips the supply power circuit breaker when attempting to operate the System.

The Single Phase Electric Motor is a capacitor start motor. If the motor was started with low voltage, a drop in voltage during starting, and if this was repeated several times in rapid concession the capacitor will short out. Without the aid of a working capacitor the motor will "hum", pull starting current (locked rotor) amperage, not rotate, and trip the

supply power circuit breaker when attempting to operate the System.

Low voltage will also cause the same symptom. Low voltage is caused by an undersized power supply or generator, undersized power lead wires to the System or motor, loose power wire, or connection at the motor or within the power supply line, and “burnt” contacts on the motor starter relay (contactor).

Solutions:

- a) Check wiring size and connections to, from, and in between the Power Supply and the electric motor. Correct wire size or any loose wires.
 - b) Check the capacitor on the motor, and replace it if it has shorted out.
 - c) Measure voltage at the motor during attempt to start it. If voltage drops more than 10% locate and correct the reason.
 - d) Check the motor starter relay (contactor) for “burnt” contacts.
2. The Three Phase (230/380/460 VAC) Electric Motor “hums”, pulls starting current (locked rotor) amperage, does not rotate, and trips the supply power circuit breaker when attempting to operate the System.

The Three Phase Electric Motor requires all three power lines (all three phases) to be operative else it will “single phase” causing extensive damage to the motor’s internal windings.

Low voltage will also cause the same symptom. Low voltage is caused by an undersized power supply or generator, undersized power lead wires to the System or motor, loose power wire, or connection at the motor or within the power supply line, and “burnt” contacts on the motor starter relay (contactor).

Solutions:

- a) Check wiring size and connections to, from, and in between the Power Supply and the electric motor. Correct wire size or any loose wires.

- b) Measure voltage at the motor during attempt to start it. If voltage drops more than 10% locate and correct the reason. Cross check voltage across all 3 power leads.
 - c) Check the motor starter relay (contactor) for “burnt” contacts.
3. The Electric Motor makes an unusual “grinding” sound when operated.

Solutions:

- a) Check and replace as necessary the front and rear bearings.
- b) Check to see if the fan is rubbing against the fan guard.

B) High Pressure Pump (Optional Pump):

This High Pressure Pump is a Quintiplex Radial Axial Positive Displacement Plunger Pump made of high grade Duplex material specifically designed for sea water Reverse Osmosis applications. This Pump is not commercially available. This pump is specifically manufactured to Sea Recovery specifications.



WARNING: Two similar Pumps are commercially available. One has a higher flow rate and the other has a lower flow rate. Both of these pumps will cause damage to the Sea Recovery System because of excess flow or under flow. The use of any similar pump, not supplied by Sea Recovery, will either cause the Electric Motor to fail, or the R.O. membrane element to prematurely foul. **USE ONLY SEA RECOVERY SUPPLIED PARTS AND COMPONENTS FOR THE SEA RECOVERY SYSTEM.**

As with all Positive Displacement pumps it must receive a specified minimum amount of water at a positive pressure. A vacuum at the inlet of the pump will cause cavitation and damage. This pump does not use oil, it is self lubricated with the feed water. Internal components are designed for 8,000 hours of continual service in sea water. As with any component exposed to sea water, use is best.

The Pump is manufactured to very tight tolerance spacing between moving parts. Any debris entering the Pump will cause extensive and

expensive damage to the internal parts. The Sea Recovery Prefilter will stop any debris and protect the High Pressure Pump. Use caution when changing filter elements and do not allow any debris from the prefilter element to enter the outlet port of its housing.

The High Pressure Pump is not field repairable. If the High Pressure Pump fails to properly function return it to Sea Recovery, or to a Sea Recovery Authorized Dealer for return to Sea Recovery.

A Pressure Pump requiring maintenance within the warranty period, and if after examination by Sea Recovery is found to be non-operational due to a warranty failure, will be repaired or replaced with a rebuilt pump at Sea Recovery's option.

A High Pressure Pump requiring maintenance that is not within the warranty period, or is damaged due to non warranty reasons, will be repaired or replaced with a rebuilt pump depending on the severity of damage.

For repair or replacement, contact Sea Recovery for a Material Return Authorization and shipping instructions.

16. High Pressure Hose: The High Pressure Hose has been assembled with crimp fittings by Sea Recovery. The High Pressure Hose is NOT repairable. Should a leak, damage, or failure develop order a replacement hose from Sea Recovery.

C) High Pressure Pump (Standard Pump):

HIGH PRESSURE PUMP ABNORMALITIES:

1. High Pressure Pump flow is normal when the system operating pressure is below 100 PSI, but the flow drops or becomes erratic and pulsates as pressure is applied.
 - a) Worn High Pressure Seals from normal use require replacement.
 - b) Worn High Pressure Pump valves, valve seats, valve springs and or valve seat "O" rings are broken or worn due to normal use and are allowing internal by-passing. Repair the pump with a Valve and Seal Kit.
2. Pump is noisier than usual and pulsations are observed in hoses and gauges
 - a) Worn or broken Valve, Valve Spring, or Valve Seat. Repair the pump with a Valve and Seal Kit.
 - b) Pump is cavitating and not receiving sufficient feed water at its inlet due to blockage prior to the pump's inlet port. Clear the blockage in the feed water line.
3. High Pressure Pump Leaks Oil
 - a) Determine source of leak and replace appropriate associated seal.
4. High Pressure Pump leaks water between manifold and Drive End.
 - a) Worn Inlet Packings due to normal use
 - b) Worn Inlet Packings due to operation under a vacuum condition
 - c) Worn Inlet Packings because pump has been operated dry, without inlet feed water.
 - d) Repair the pump with a Seal Kit.
5. If the High Pressure Pump electric motor fails to operate, follow these steps to isolate the problem.
 - a) Ensure that the system is receiving proper power from the power source.
 - b) Press "Start" button to start the system. It will take approximately 2 seconds before the High Pressure Pump Motor starts. Do not press any other switch.
 - c) Measure the AC voltage between terminals (AC Systems) or (DC systems) on the main terminal strip.
 - d) If the voltage measured matches the system voltage, then problems may be in the power cable attached to the motor or the motor internal wiring or windings.
 - e) If low or no voltage is present, then check for proper operation of the High Pressure Pump Contactor. To deactivate the contactor, press the "Stop" button. To activate the contactor again press the "Start" button.
 - f) If the contactor is mechanically operating, but no voltage is present at the motor terminals, then the High Pressure Pump Motor contactor may be at fault.
 - g) If the contactor does not operate mechanically, then measure the DC voltage between A1 and A2 terminals on the High Pressure Pump Motor contactor coil. It should read 12V DC when activated.

- h) If the contactor coil is receiving 12V DC but inoperative then the contactor's coil may be bad. Replace the contactor.
 - i) If 12V DC is not present when the High Pressure Pump is activated, trace the wires to the main circuit board and measure the DC voltage at the terminals. It should read 12V when activated.
 - j) Confirm the HP PUMP "Stop" button illuminated on the Touch Screen when the High Pressure Pump is activated. When this HP Pump "Stop" button is illuminated the HP terminals on the Control Printed Circuit Board should receive 12 VDC. If it is not the case, replace the main circuit board.
17. Reverse Osmosis Membrane and Pressure Vessel Assembly:

NOTES: The System Membrane Element is accessible with the Vessel still attached to the frame, provided there is sufficient room to the left and right of the System to remove the R.O. membrane element.

Replace all Brine and Product Water O-Rings attached to the End Plugs within the High Pressure Vessel Assembly each time the Reverse Osmosis Membrane Element is removed or replaced.

Ensure these O-Rings are on hand prior to repair.

R.O. Membrane Elements are only installed and removed from the INLET end of the High Pressure Vessel.

Disassembly of the Reverse Osmosis Membrane and Vessel Assembly:

In this section the number in brackets [#] refer to the reference number in the illustration on page 8-13, figure 8b.

- a) Disconnect the High Pressure Hose from each end of the High Pressure Vessel Assembly.
- b) Using a 5/16" Allen wrench remove the 3 each Socket Head Cap Screws #16 from the three-piece Segment Rings [14] located at each end of the Pressure Vessel.
- c) Push inward on the End Plug [3 & 4] and Remove the three-piece segment ring [14] from one end, repeat for the other end.
- d) Remove the Port Retainer [15] from each end.
- e) Remove the High Pressure Port [5 & 9] from each end.
- f) Remove the product water tube [13] from the product water tube fitting [12].
- g) Remove the product water tube fitting [12] and nipple [11] from the end plug.
- h) Insert all three of the Socket Head Cap Screws [16] finger tight back into the End Plug [3 & 4]. These screws are used as a grip to remove the End Plug.
- i) Grasp one or more of the Socket Head Cap Screws with a pair of pliers and pull slowly outward to remove the End Plug. There is some resistance due to the two Brine O-Rings exerting friction against the Vessel wall. With the End Plug removed from the High Pressure Vessel, the Reverse Osmosis Membrane Element is visible.
- j) Remove and discard the brine O-ring [6] from each of the End Plugs.
- k) Remove and discard the Product Water O-ring [7] from each of the End Plugs.
- l) Clean the end plugs with a cloth and inspect each for any sign of wear, cracks, or damage.
- m) Sparingly, lightly, lubricate NEW Brine O-Ring and new Product Water O-Ring.
- n) Place the NEW Product Water O-Ring into the product port inner O-Ring groove in each of the End Plugs.
- o) Place the NEW Brine O-Ring onto the outer Brine O-Ring grooves of each of the End Plugs.
- p) CAUTION: At each end of the Reverse Osmosis Membrane Element is a Product Water Tube approximately $\frac{3}{4}$ in. (1.9 cm) diameter by 1 in. (2.5 cm) long. The outside diameter surface of this product water tube is a sealing surface, which isolates the Product Water from the Feed Water. The surface of the Product Water Tube must be scratch free. Never use pliers or other grabbing tools on the Product Water Tube. Do not drop the R.O. membrane onto a hard surface as the Product Water Tube may be damaged.

With your fingers grasp the Product Water Tube attached to the R.O. membrane element from the INLET end of the Pressure Vessel and pull outward. If resistance is met then cup the

- INLET end of the High Pressure Vessel with one hand and shake downward to dislodge the R.O. membrane element. The R.O. membrane element may also be pushed from the Outlet end of the vessel towards the Inlet end.
- q) Run a rag through the High Pressure Vessel to remove any biological film or debris from the inside of the vessel.
- r) A new Sea Recovery R.O. membrane element comes complete with a “U” cup Brine Seal #8 at one end of the Element. This Brine Seal must be positioned at the INLET end of the Pressure Vessel. Refer to figure 8c-8d, below. Install a new R.O. membrane element with attached “U” cup Brine Seal into the Pressure Vessel. Place the end of the R.O. membrane

Figure 8b: Reverse Osmosis Membrane and Vessel Assembly

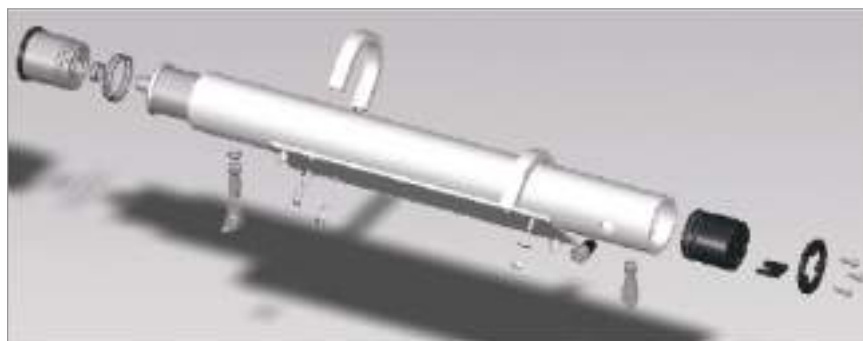
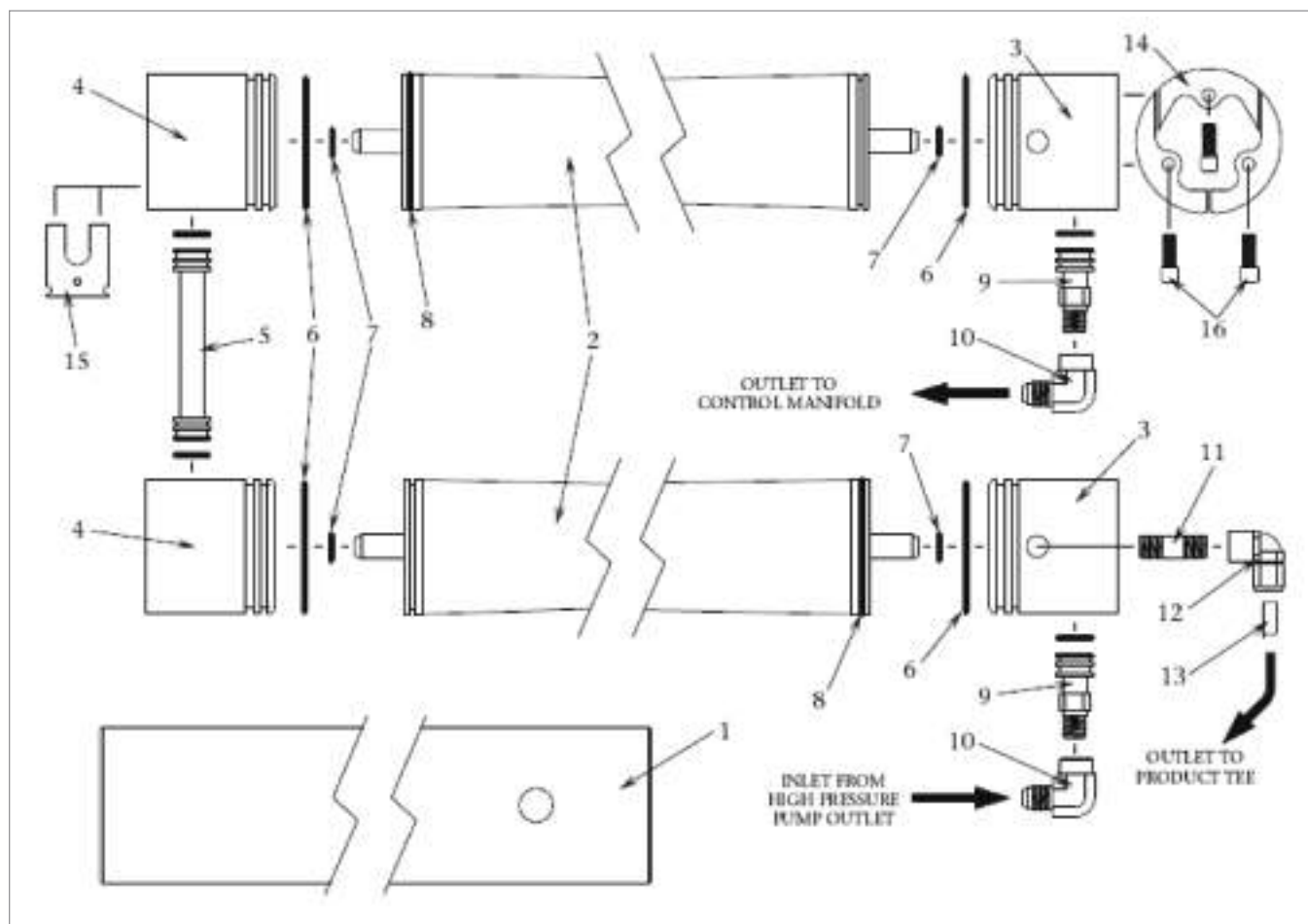


Figure 8c: R.O. Membrane illustration of brine seals
 Left side: Inlet / Feed Water Entry / R.O. Membrane Element Brine Seal End
 Right Side: Outlet / Brine Discharge / No brine seal in this end



Figure 8d: Inlet end of Pressure Vessel /
 Brine Seal End of R.O. Membrane Element

- element that DOES NOT have the Brine Seal attached into the INLET end of the Pressure Vessel and slide it into the Pressure Vessel
- Insert the down stream end (end without a brine seal) of the RO membrane element into the upstream inlet end of the High Pressure Vessel.
- s) Slide the membrane element into the High Pressure Vessel, past the brine seal, until the membrane element product water tube is 4 in. (10.2 cm) past the end lip of the High Pressure Vessel.
 - t) Insert the End Plug with new attached O-Rings into the High Pressure Vessel while aligning the High Pressure Port and Product Water Port to the respective holes in the High Pressure Vessel. Continue pushing inward on the End Plug until its exposed end travels just past the Segment Ring Groove in the Pressure Vessel. Ensure that the Ports of the End Plug are aligned with the Port Holes of the High Pressure Vessel.
 - u) Insert the High Pressure Port Fitting with attached O-Rings into the High Pressure Port.
 - v) Replace the Port Retainer.
 - w) Insert the three-piece Segment Ring Set into the Segment Ring Groove of the High Pressure Vessel. Align the Segment Ring Set with the tapped holes in the End Plug for insertion of the three Socket Head Cap Screws. Attach the three Socket Head Cap Screws and tighten.
 - x) Connect the High Pressure Hoses to the respective fitting on the Pressure Vessel.
18. High Pressure Manifold. Replace the High Pressure Manifold if it is visibly cracked or broken and leaking. Replace High Pressure fitting O-rings if damaged, worn, or leaking.
 19. High Pressure Transducer: The Pressure Transducers are not repairable and can not be calibrated. If inoperative check connections at the Transducer and at the Printed Circuit Board to ensure there is no visible corrosion or loose connections.
 20. Brine Discharge Flow Meter: The electronic flow meters used in the System are not repairable. If the flow meter gives an inaccurate reading replace it.
 21. Brine Discharge T-Connector: The Brine Discharge T-Connector is not repairable. If it breaks or should a crack develop replace it.
 22. Brine Discharge Connector: This 90 degree elbow fitting attaches to the over board thru-hull fitting for connecting the brine discharge hose. If it breaks or cracks replace it.
 23. Multi Media Filter Waste and Brine Discharge Tee: This 90 degree elbow fitting attaches to the over board thru-hull fitting for connecting the brine discharge hose. If it breaks or cracks replace it.
 24. Thru-Hull Discharge Fitting: This Owner or Installer supplied Discharge Thru-Hull Fitting is not repairable. If it breaks or cracks replace it.
 25. Product Water T-Collector: The Product Water T-Collector is not repairable. If it breaks or should a crack develop replace it.
 26. Salinity Probe: The salinity probe requires cleaning from time to time should debris build up onto the monel probes. Clean the probes once a year.
 - a) Unscrew the black tube fitting nut below the probe to disconnect it from the control manifold.
 - b) Using a soft bristle brush, scrub the probes to remove any built up debris. Thoroughly dry the probe area.
 - c) Should the salinity reading become inaccurate replace it.
 27. Product Water Flow Meter: The electronic flow meters used in the System are not repairable. If the flow meter gives an inaccurate reading replace it.
 28. 3-way Product Water Diversion Solenoid Valve:
 - A) Do not assume that the Valve's Solenoid is not operational. Check it by performing a Function Test as described in Section 6.4.
 - B) Over tightening of the tube fittings into the valve's body can cause the Diversion Valve internal ports to move out of proper position resulting in internal blockage or bypassing.
Refer to Figure 8e through 8f, page 8-15 and follow the instructions 1-11.
 - 1) Remove Diversion Valve from the system.
 - 2) Position the manual over ride button OUTWARD to normal position by first pushing the button inward and rotating

Figure 8e: VALVE WITH PORT DESIGNATION "A" "P" "B"

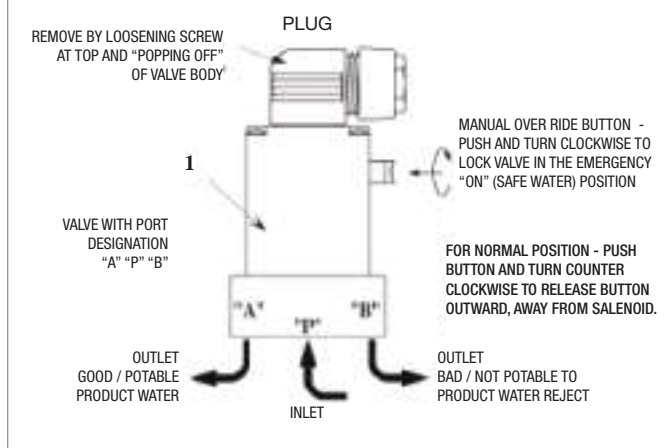
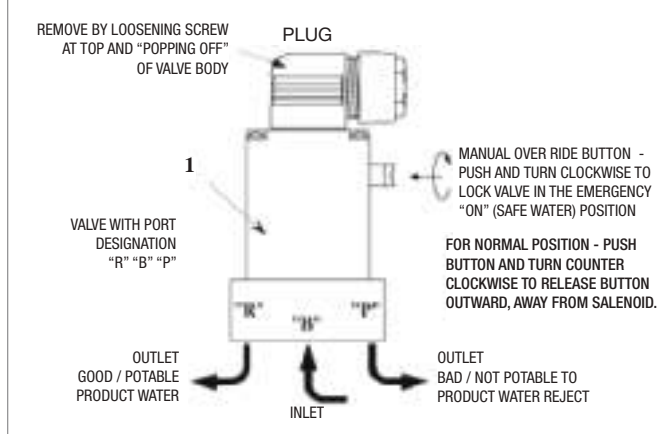
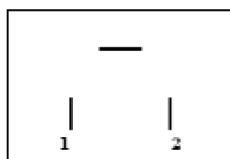


Figure 8f: VALVE WITH PORT DESIGNATION "R" "B" "P"



PLUMBING CONNECTIONS
 "R" = NORMALLY CLOSED - TO CHARCOAL FILTER INLET (GOOD WATER)
 "B" = INLET (COMMON)
 "P" = NORMALLY OPEN - TO DISCHARGE (BAD WATER)



Measure the DC resistance between pins 1 and 2.
 Proper resistance reading is approx. 12 to 15 Ω

it counter clockwise allowing it to spring outward away from the coil body.

- 3) With your mouth, blow into port "P", air should expel from port "B" which is the "normally open" or "bad water" port.
- 4) If it is extremely difficult to expel air from port "B" or if no air expels from port "B", then valve needs to be replaced.
- 5) Again blow into port "P" while plugging port "B" with a finger tip. No air should expel from port "A".

- 6) If air expels from port "A", then valve need to be replaced.
- 7) Position the manual over ride button INWARD to manual over ride position by pushing the button inward and rotating it clockwise allowing it to lock inward close to the coil body.
- 8) With your mouth, blow into port "P", air should expel from port "A" which is the "normally closed" or "good water" port.
- 9) If it is extremely difficult to expel air from port "A" or if no air expels from port "A", then valve need to be replaced.
- 10) Again blow into port "P" while plugging port "A" with a fingertip. No air should expel from port "B".

- 11) If air expels from port "B", then valve need to be replaced.

C) Solenoid Valve Coil Check:

- 1) The 3-way Product Diversion Valve Solenoid operates from 12 VDC.

To check the condition of the Diversion Valve solenoid coil:

- a) While System is operating and producing potable water, using a voltmeter set to DC, check the voltage at the din connector terminals at the top of the 3-Way Diversion Valve's solenoid.
- b) If 12 VDC is present at the din connector terminals then the control circuit is operating normally, but the 3-way Diversion Valve Coil may be shorted or open. Check the solenoid coil continuity.
- c) This check can only be performed with the solenoid electrically disconnected from the Control Board. Remove the Din Connector from the solenoid. Using an Ohm meter measure the continuity of the solenoid coil as shown below.
- d) If an open circuit exists, or if the resistance is much greater than or less than 12 to 15 ohms, then replace the solenoid coil or the entire valve.
- e) If 12 VDC is not present at the din connector terminals, then the cable connections may

be loose, the cable may be broken, or the control circuit may be inoperable. Check these components.

- f) Check for 12 VDC at the connection points of the Diversion Valve Solenoid Coil on the Control Printed Circuit Board terminals.
 - g) If 12 VDC is present while system is operating, then the Diversion Valve cable is loose at one of the connections or the cable is defective.
 - h) If there is no voltage present while system is operating, then troubleshoot the Control Printed Circuit Board.
29. Charcoal Filter: A sulfurous (rotten eggs) odor from the product water requires the replacement of the Charcoal Element. Otherwise, the Charcoal Element should be replaced every 3 to 4 months. It is not cleanable.



CAUTION: Do not use third party charcoal or carbon filter elements; use only Sea Recovery Charcoal Filter Elements. Many third party Charcoal Filter Elements on the market do not properly fit, the seams fall apart, and they will allow by-pass.



WARNING: Many third party Charcoal and Carbon Filter Elements on the market are designed for a very low flow rate and will cause extensive and expensive damage to the Sea Recovery System resulting from several hundred pounds of pressure build up on the product water line. Excessive pressure resulting from third party Charcoal or Carbon Filter Elements will damage: R.O. Membrane Element, Product Water Flow Meter, 3-Way Product Water Diversion Valve, Charcoal Filter Housing, and the Product Water Line.

DO NOT ACCEPT THIRD PARTY CHARCOAL FILTER ELEMENTS FROM ANY MARINE DEALER. USE ONLY SEA RECOVERY SUPPLIED CHARCOAL FILTER ELEMENTS. The resulting failure of the system to remain in operation, and or damage to the Sea Recovery System caused by Third Party Charcoal or Carbon Filter Elements is attributed to improper

maintenance and operation, is the liability of the operator and owner, and is not covered by the Sea Recovery warranty.

To replace the Charcoal Filter Element:

- a) Unscrew the bowl counter clockwise.
- b) Remove the Charcoal Filter Element from the bowl.
- c) Remove the O-Ring from the top of the bowl and take care to not damage it.
- d) Replace the Charcoal Filter Element with a new Sea Recovery element.
- e) Wipe the O-Ring with a damp cloth.
- f) Sparingly lubricate the O-Ring lightly with O-Ring lubricant.
- g) Place the O-Ring back onto the bowl.
- h) Insert the new, Sea Recovery Charcoal Filter Element into the bowl.
- i) Screw the bowl on clockwise.
- j) Hand snug to seal the O-Ring, do not use a wrench or other tool to tighten, do not over tighten. Over tightening causes stress to the lid and bowl threads resulting in damage, breakage, or cracks and subsequent removal difficult.

31. pH Neutralizing Filter: The pH Neutralizing cartridge will require replacement when the calcium carbonate within the cartridge has dissolved.

To replace the pH Neutralizing Cartridge:

- a) Unscrew the bowl counter clockwise.
- b) Remove the pH Neutralizing Cartridge from the bowl.
- c) Remove the O-Ring from the top of the bowl and take care to not damage it.
- d) Replace the pH Neutralizing Cartridge with a new Sea Recovery Cartridge.
- e) Wipe the O-Ring with a damp cloth.
- f) Sparingly lubricate the O-Ring lightly with O-Ring lubricant.
- g) Place the O-Ring back onto the bowl.
- h) Insert the new, Sea Recovery pH Neutralizing Cartridge into the bowl.
- i) Screw the bowl on clockwise.
- j) Hand snug to seal the O-Ring, do not use a

wrench or other tool to tighten, do not over tighten. Over tightening causes stress to the lid and bowl threads resulting in damage, breakage, or cracks and subsequent removal difficult.

32. **Ultraviolet Sterilizer:** The UV Sterilizer lamp emits a low frequency form of light. This light degrades and loses intensity and ability to sterilize biological matter over approximately 8,000 hours of use. Therefore, the lamp may remain lit, but requires replacement every 4400-8000 hrs.



CAUTION: Make sure that system power is turned off before beginning sterilizer maintenance. Ultra Violet light is harmful to eyes and skin.

Lamp Replacement:

- Remove the four screws on the ballast box and remove lid.
- Remove the rubber boot and carefully pull lamp out of the quartz sleeve.
- Replace the lamp. During lamp replacement clean the quartz sleeve as well. The quartz sleeve should be crystal clear and if it has discolored, it must be cleaned or replaced.

Quartz Sleeve Cleaning:

- Remove the four screws on the ballast box and remove lid.
- Remove the rubber boot and carefully pull lamp out of the quartz sleeve.
- Unscrew and remove the two compression nuts (ballast box and view port).
- Remove the O-ring on the view port side only.
- With care pull the quartz sleeve out from the ballast box side.
- Clean the quartz tube with water and a bottle brush without moving the O-ring. Dry with a soft cloth. Handle the quartz sleeve carefully.

Reassembly:

- Replace old O-rings with new O-rings.
- Insert the quartz sleeve (close-end first) through the ballast box passthru until O-ring contact passthru. Screw on the ballast box compression nut. Insert view port O-ring and screw on view port compression nut.

- Attach a new UV Lamp into the plug.
- Slide the lamp into the Quartz Sleeve and install rubber boot over the compression nut.
- Replace the three 1/4-20 cap head screws.

33. **Fresh Water Flush Carbon Filter Element:** The Carbon Filter Element in the Fresh Water Flush should be replaced every 3 months.

The Fresh Water Flush will automatically flush the system with Fresh Water every preset number of days. The duration of the flush cycle will be 90 seconds for a system connected to 60 Hz power and to 120 seconds for systems connected to 50 Hz power.

To replace the Carbon Filter Element:

- Unscrew the bowl counter clockwise.
- Remove the Carbon Filter Element from the bowl.
- Remove the O-Ring from the top of the bowl and take care to not damage it.
- Replace the Carbon Filter Element with a new Sea Recovery element.
- Wipe the O-Ring with a damp cloth.
- Sparingly lubricate the O-Ring lightly with O-Ring lubricant.
- Place the O-Ring back onto the bowl.
- Insert the new, Sea Recovery Carbon Filter Element into the bowl.
- Screw the bowl on clockwise.
- Hand snug to seal the O-Ring, do not use a wrench or other tool to tighten, do not over tighten. Over tightening causes stress to the lid and bowl threads resulting in damage, breakage, or cracks and subsequent removal difficult.

8.4 UV STERILIZER MAINTENANCE

Follow the preventative maintenance procedures to maximize the efficiency, reliable, and longevity of the UV Sterilizer.

Refer to Table on Page 8-18 for recommended maintenance schedule.



WARNING! The most important consideration is operator safety. The following directly relates to operator safety. All personnel must review and comply with the following.



CAUTION! Operators must observe Safety Requirements at all times

Safety Requirements

The following safety requirements are mandatory. Failure to comply can cause injuries and/or damages to the UV unit.

1. Never look directly at the blue ultraviolet lamp when it's "ON". Never operate the ultraviolet lamp outside the stainless steel cabinet. UV light exposure can severely burn and damage eyes and skin.
2. Properly ground the UV unit. Failure to properly ground the UN unit can cause severe electrical shock hazard.
3. Provide watertight piping and compression nut seals. Failure to provide watertight seals can cause damage to electrical components or cause electrical shock hazard.
4. Disconnect power before servicing the UV unit. The UV lamp and electrical components operate with high voltage electrical power. Do not attempt to service the UV unit without first disconnecting the power source. Shut off the source of power at the main panel breaker and use appropriate tag-out or lock-out procedures to prevent accidental power-up.
5. Only qualified service personnel should perform services to the UV unit.
6. Remove pressure before servicing the UV unit.
7. Never operate the UV unit for more than 30 minutes without water flow. Elevated water temperature can damage the UV unit.

8. Do not exceed 3 "Start/Stop" cycles per 24-hour period. Exceeding 3 cycles will subjected the lamp filament to excessive thermal stress leading to premature failure of the UV lamp.

Unit Maintenance

The exterior surfaces of the UV unit should be kept clean and dry. In most cases it may be necessary to clean the exterior of the unit once a month. Use soft cloth and soapy water, or any commercial stainless steel cleaner.

Interior of the ballast box should be inspected for debris. Any debris should be removed using vacuum.

Quartz Sleeve

Debris and other matter in the water will settle onto the quartz sleeve and eventually block the ultraviolet rays from penetrating into the water. It is necessary to determine a cleaning schedule for the quartz sleeve. The frequency will depend on the specific type of water being processed and the duty cycle of the unit.

Inspect the quartz sleeve 30 days after initial installation to assess the amount of contamination collected over the 30-day period. Use the finding to determine a reasonable schedule and frequency for periodic cleaning.

Clean-In-Place (CIP) cleaning is sometimes effective in removing debris from the quartz sleeve. Conduct a CIP cleaning test to determine its effectiveness. If CIP cleaning is not effective, then a manual cleaning or replacement is required.

When the quartz sleeve is due for cleaning, use the following procedures.

1. Turn off the water source to the UV unit.
2. Disconnect the power source to the UV unit.
3. Drain the UV treatment chamber.
4. Remove the ballast box cover.
5. Remove rubber boot and carefully pull out the UV lamp through the compression nut pass-thru.
6. Use a channel lock to remove the compression nuts.
7. Remove the Quartz Sleeve carefully.
8. Wash the Quartz Sleeve with mild soapy water and rinse in clean hot water.

If dirt remains after rinsing, the quartz sleeve should be replaced. Contact your local CSR to order a replacement.



NOTE! Failure to perform quartz sleeve maintenance may reduce the efficiency of the UV light to adequately treat water in the treatment chamber.

Checking for Leaks

Visual inspect the UV unit exterior for signs of leakage. The cause of any leakage must be located and repaired.

If a leakage is detected, perform the following.

1. Shut off all electrical power. Shut off the source of power at the main panel breaker and use appropriate tag-out procedures to prevent accidental power-up.
2. Depressurize the UV unit.
3. Remove ballast box cover and remove the rubber boot.
4. Locate which end of the quartz sleeve is leaking.

Repairing Leaks

If both ends of the quartz sleeve are leaking, perform the following on both ends.

1. Use a channel lock to loosen and remove the compression nut.
2. Remove the quartz sleeve O-ring without pulling the quartz sleeve out.
3. Lubricate the quartz sleeve tip with clean water and place new O-ring. Ensure the O-ring has all-around contact with the cylinder pass-thru.
4. Replace and tighten the compression nut.
5. Refill the treatment chamber and verify a leak-free condition.

Measuring Performance

Every UV unit must be tested periodically to verify its efficiency. Regardless of the intended application or any optional equipment provided with the UV unit, the most accurate procedure is the Post-UV Analysis. The Post-UV Test must be performed in accordance with standard testing methods.

Verifying Lamp Operation

The UV lamp is “ON” when the blue light is emitting thru the viewport.

Obtaining Water Samples

Vast majority of unsatisfactory Post-UV Test results are directly related to the improper sample-taking

techniques. Although several commercial sample collection apparatuses are available, the proper manufacturer's sample procedures must be followed.



NOTE! Sea Recovery recommends a valve with a discharge orifice not to exceed ¼” (6mm).

Sampling Procedure

Use sterile sample bottles obtained from reliable laboratory that has been autoclaved and kept in plastic bag for this procedure.

1. Use temporary tube to direct water from UV unit to container or drainage.
2. Pressurize the UV unit and flush unit with sample valve fully opened for 3.5 minutes. After flushing for 3.5 minutes, reduce valve opening to 50% and flush for 3 minutes.
3. Open the sample bottle and keep the inside of the cap facing down.
4. Fill the sample bottle and avoid breathing directly into the bottle or touching the inside of the bottle, cap, or neck.
5. Immediately cover and secure the cap after filling the sample bottle.
6. Label the sample bottle and place in a clean plastic bag.
7. Take sample bottle to the laboratory for plating as soon as possible.



NOTE! Sample processing must begin within 3 hours after sample collection and must comply with accepted standard methods.

Periodic Maintenance Table

The table below represents the recommended Periodic Maintenance (PM) for the SP Series UV Unit.

Description	Init.	Daily	Mn	Ann.	Other
Quartz Sleeve Cleaning	x				
Quartz Sleeve Replacement*	x				
Operating Condition	x				
Unit Cleaning	x		x		
Leak Inspection	x	x	x		
UV Lamp Inspection	x	x	x		
UV Lamp Replacement-SP-1				x	4,400 hrs
UV Lamp Replacement-SP-2				x	8,000 hrs

* Quartz Sleeve replacement will occur more frequently for systems operating with continuous high flow rate or low water quality water, and less frequently for systems operating with low flow rate or high water quality.

UV Unit Specifications

Type	12 VDC Operating UV Sterilizer for 2 gallon (7.5 liters) per minute of water flow
Ballast Type	Solid State
Bulb Type	16 Watts Single Ended
Bulb Life	8000 Hours minimum
Materials	Body: SS304; Ballast Box: PVC
Power Cord	13 ft. (4 meters) 2 conductors
Weight	1 lbs. (500g) Body
Temperature Range	Operating: +37°F to +104°F (+3°C to +40°C); Dry Storage: -4°F to +185°F (-25°C to +85°C)
Operating Voltage Range	10.56V minimum; 16.50V maximum
Current	1.45A maximum @ Standard Test Voltage
UV Dosage	22mJ/cm ² @ 254nm
Operating Pressure	50psi (3.4 bar)
Inlet/Outlet Ports	¼ in. (6.3 mm) NPT Female
Flow Rate	2 gpm (7.5 lpm)
Disinfection Rate	99%

Aqua Whisper DX Compact 450-1800

Section 9 - TROUBLESHOOTING

9 TROUBLESHOOTING

This section deals with abnormal occurrences of the System. Some occurrences may have many different causes. For each symptom, one or more causes are given. In turn, each cause has one or more corresponding tests to help identify whether the cause of the occurrence is the correct one. When the test has confirmed the source of the problem, the appropriate remedy is given to correct it.

There may be more than one cause of a problem. In the following guide, when there is more than one cause of a problem, the causes are listed in the most likely to occur order. The tests given are designed to determine whether the cause of the problem is the correct one. When diagnosing the causes of a problem in this case, eliminate the listed causes one by one until the correct cause is found. Then the appropriate remedy is performed. Diagnosing and correcting the various occurrences in this manner makes troubleshooting easier and less time consuming.

Troubleshooting and subsequent correction or repair will require understanding of:

- a) Electrical Circuits
- b) Electronic Circuits
- c) Electric Motors
- d) Hydraulic Systems
- e) Liquid Pressures and Flows
- f) Electromechanical Systems
- g) Mechanical knowledge and skills



WARNING! Do not attempt troubleshooting and/or subsequent correction or repair if you are not familiar with or are not proficient in the above fields of expertise.

**** USE CAUTION WHEN TROUBLESHOOTING. ****

DO NOT PERFORM MAINTENANCE UNLESS:

- a) The System Feed Water Sea Cock Valve is closed.
- b) The electrical power to the system is switched "OFF", LOCKED, and TAGGED.
- c) Section 10, "EXPLODED PARTS VIEW" is available.



CAUTION!: ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD. A Volt / Ohm Meter will be necessary. The following procedures

expose the technician to High Voltage and electrical shock hazard. Only attempt this if you are a qualified electrician and only if surrounding conditions are safe.

From time to time, Sea Recovery may make changes to the Control Logic.

Other production changes are tracked by Sea Recovery through the System Serial Number.

Troubleshooting methods and results can vary depending on the information that is displayed at the SYSTEM INFORMATION screen.

Whenever requesting assistance from Sea Recovery or one of Sea Recovery's service dealers:

ALWAYS PROVIDE ALL INFORMATION DISPLAYED AT THE SYSTEM INFORMATION SCREEN.

9.1 ALARM AND ERROR SCREENS

The following alarm and error screens provide operator information regarding the condition of the System. Where applicable, the alarm message (yellow background) or error message (red background) will recommend the corrective action to eliminate the system alarm or error.



1. Fresh Water Tank full.
2. Product flow was out of specifications. Check for leaks and wiring connections.
3. Conductivity sensor (#) failed measuring. Check wiring.
4. Fresh Water Tank was too low. Fresh Water Flush stopped.
5. Flow error in the Fresh Water Flush Operation. Check for leaks or blockage in the Fresh Water Supply.
6. Product flow is low. Check water temperature and reverse osmosis membrane.
7. Unable to communicate with the selected water maker. Check the water maker.
8. The TDS salinity level at the product water line is too high. The system is unable to clean the water. Check for mechanical failure.
9. Pressure drop on inlet Filters too excessive. Check filters.
10. User initiated emergency break.
11. Power has been interrupted while the system was in operation. The system will not restart automatically.
12. Inlet Pressure of the High Pressure Pump dropped below specifications. Check Booster Pump & filters.
13. Outlet pressure of High Pressure Pump exceeded the specifications. Check Brine Discharge, Product Water lines and Post Filtration.
14. Brine Discharge flow was out of specifications. Check for leaks and wiring connections.
15. Warning on the water maker. For detailed information please check warning on the water maker display.
16. Alarm on the water maker. For detailed information please check alarm on the water maker display.
17. Low Pressure Sensor (#) failed to measure the pressure. Check wiring.
18. High Pressure sensor failed to measure the pressure. Check wiring.
19. Temperature Sensor (#) failed to measure the temperature. Check wiring.

9.2 TROUBLESHOOTING COMPONENTS

Blockage at the Inlet Thru-Hull Fitting causes the System to shut off due to lack of Feed Water Flow. This can cause time consuming frustrations in attempting to gain feed water flow by trouble shooting other components in the System.

The Inlet Thru-Hull Fitting must be free and clear allowing the System to draw 4.5 U.S. GPM (17 LPM) through it with minimal resistance. This Inlet Thru-Hull Fitting must be a Forward Facing Scoop so that the System receives a positive flow of water as the boat is under way. It must be minimum 3/4 in. (1.9 cm) inside diameter. It must be installed in a position on the bottom of the Hull so as to allow free flowing Feed Water without air.



CAUTION! A flat profile, flush mount, inlet thru-hull fitting will cause a vacuum as the boat is under way, and this will cause loss of feed water flow and cavitation of the Booster Pump and High Pressure Pump resulting in continual system shut down due to low feed water flow and pressure. The resulting failure of the system to remain in operation is attributed to improper installation, is the liability of the installer, and is not covered by the Sea Recovery warranty.



CAUTION! If the thru-hull fitting has been placed in a position on the underside of the hull that allows air to continually enter the thru-hull fitting, this will cause the system to continually shut down due to loss of feed water. The resulting failure of the system to remain in operation is attributed to improper installation, is the liability of the installer, and is not covered by the Sea Recovery warranty.



CAUTION! The Sea Recovery System must not be tied into another existing auxiliary water line already supplying another accessory on the boat. Using one Thru Hull fitting for other equipment will cause the Sea Recovery System to draw air or cavitate leading to continual system shut down. The resulting failure of the system to remain in operation is attributed to improper installation, is the liability of the installer, and is not covered by the Sea Recovery warranty.



CAUTION! If the Sea Recovery System is connected to a Sea Chest or Stand Up Pipe, do not plumb the Sea Recovery System feed line to the “top” of the Sea Chest or Stand Up Pipe. If plumbed into the top of these feed water arrangements, the Sea Recovery System will experience continual shut down due to air inducement into the system. The resulting failure of the system to remain in operation is attributed to improper installation, is the liability of the installer, and is not covered by the Sea Recovery warranty. Plumb the Sea Recovery System to the “bottom” of such feed water arrangements to ensure a continual air free supply of feed water to the system.

1) THRU-HULL INLET FITTING

Problems and Symptoms appearing and caused by the THRU-HULL INLET FITTING:

- a) Flat profile Inlet Thru Hull Fitting:
System runs fine when at anchor. However, when under way the System shuts off due to low pressure or low feed water flow.
A flat profile Inlet Thru Hull Fitting will cause a vacuum at the System’s feed line cavitating the Booster Pump and reducing the efficiency of the Booster Pump resulting in low feed water pressure and low feed water flow.
Solution: Change the flat profile Thru Hull Fitting to a forward facing scoop.
- b) Debris is blocking the Inlet Thru Hull Fitting:
System feed water pressure is low and insufficient to keep the System in operation.
Marine growth or debris such as a plastic bag or rag covering the Inlet Thru-Hull Fitting will cause a vacuum at the System’s feed line cavitating the Booster Pump and reducing the efficiency of the Booster Pump resulting in low feed water pressure and low feed water flow.
Solution: Clean all marine growth and debris from the Inlet Thru-Hull Fitting.
System is newly installed and operation is being performed for the first time. The feed water pressure is low and insufficient to keep the System in operation.

A NEW boat, or newly installed System, may have protective shipping tape covering the Inlet Thru-Hull Fitting. A New boat, or newly installed System, may have manufacturing debris such as caulking slopped over the Inlet Thru Hull or a rag may be stuffed into the Inlet Thru-Hull fitting. A NEW Inlet Thru-Hull Fitting may have casting slag, that has not been machined off, partially covering the “fingers” or the inside of the fitting.

Solution: Inspect the Inlet Thru-Hull Fitting and clean all manufacturing debris and casting slag from the fitting.

2) SEA COCK VALVE

The Sea Cock Valve is usually a 1/4 turn Ball Valve although any positive closing and opening valve is acceptable.

Problems and Symptoms appearing and caused by the SEA COCK VALVE:

- a) The Sea Cock Valve is closed when attempting to Start the System.
System does not register feed water flow and feed water pressure when attempting to start. An error screen appears and the System shuts down.
When the System is not in use it is good practice, for the safety of the Boat, to close the Sea Cock Valve. Don’t forget to open it prior to starting the System.
Solution: Open the Sea Cock Valve.
- b) The Sea Cock Valve seal is worn or the seal is loose causing air to enter the System Feed Line.
System feed water pressure is low and insufficient to keep the System in operation. This section of the Feed Line is under a vacuum condition when the System is in operation. If the valve’s seal is worn or loose air can enter the feed line causing the System to lose pressure.
Look for air bubbles moving through the Sea Strainer, or feed line.
Solution: Change the valve seals, tighten them, or if necessary replace the valve.

3) INLET CONNECTOR

AS WELL AS ALL FITTINGS AND CONNECTIONS PRIOR TO THE INLET OF THE BOOSTER PUMP:

Problems and Symptoms appearing and caused by any fitting or connection in the Suction portion of the Feed Line:

- a) One or more fittings or connections in the Suction portion of the Feed Line is causing air to enter the Feed Line.

System feed water pressure is low and insufficient to keep the System in operation. This section of the Feed Line is under a vacuum condition when the System is in operation.

Look for air bubbles moving through the Sea Strainer, or feed line.

Solution: Tighten any loose fitting or connection at the Inlet of the Booster Pump or prior to it that is allowing air to enter the feed line.

Replace worn or broken seal or O-ring at the Inlet of the Booster Pump or prior to it that is allowing air to enter the feed line.

Check positioning of all valves at or prior to the Inlet of the Booster Pump that may be allowing air to enter the feed line.

4) INLINE VACUUM / PRESSURE GAUGES

Problems and Symptoms appearing and caused by the Inline Vacuum/Pressure Gauges:

- a) A Vacuum/Pressure gauge needle does not move; or does not register proper vacuum or pressure.

The Vacuum/Pressure Gauges have a very small orifice at the bottom of the pipe fitting end. This orifice can become plugged with debris or corrosion.

Solution: Using a small diameter wire clean the debris from the orifice.

5) SEA STRAINER

Problems and Symptoms appearing and caused by the Sea Strainer:

- a) The Sea Strainer O-Ring seal is not properly seated, is worn, or is not properly compressed allowing air to enter the Feed Line.

System feed water pressure is low and insufficient to keep the System in operation. This section of the Feed Line is under a vacuum condition when the System is in operation. If the Sea Strainer O-Ring is not properly seated air will enter the feed line causing the System to loose pressure.

Look for air bubbles moving through the Sea Strainer and into the Feed Line.

Solution: Properly seat or replace the Sea Strainer O-Ring.

- b) The Sea Strainer mesh screen element is the first line of defense to trap large suspended solids entering the Feed Line. Depending on Feed Water conditions the screen may plug up rapidly. Marine growth, plastic bags, jelly fish, and other debris can easily enter the feed line and plug up the Sea Strainer mesh screen.

System feed water pressure is low and insufficient to keep the System in operation because the Sea Strainer mesh screen is blocking feed water flow.

Solution: Regularly check and clean the Sea Strainer mesh screen. Keep it clear and free of debris.

6) BOOSTER PUMP

The Booster Pump is a centrifugal type pump. When mounted at or below feed water level it is able to draw feed water and deliver it with pressure into the prefiltration components and High Pressure Pump. If mounted above feed water level the Booster Pump may have trouble priming if air enters the feed line.

Prior to assuming that the Booster Pump's Electric Motor has failed, perform a Function Test as described in Section 6.

Problems and Symptoms appearing and caused by the Booster Pump:

- a) The Booster Pump leaks feed water between the pump and motor.

The Booster Pump has a ceramic and carbon seal. Ceramic and carbon seals will weep if the pump is not operated for extended periods of time. When used regularly the seal will give approximately 2000 hours of use. The seal continually wears during use and must be replaced approximately every 2000 hours of use. If left unused for extended periods of time seal replacement may be required sooner.

Solution: Replace seal.

7) T-CONNECTOR PRESSURE PICK-UP

Booster Pump Outlet/Prefilter Inlet for line pressure pick up to Low Pressure Transducer #1 between the outlet of the Booster Pump and the inlet of the first prefiltration component.

Problems and Symptoms appearing and caused by the T-Connector Pressure Pick-Up:

- a) The Low Pressure Transducer #1 does not register pressure.

The 1/4 in. (5 mm) O.D. tube connecting the T-Connector to the Low Pressure Transducer Manifold may become kinked or debris may block the tube.

Solution: Replace any hose or tube that is kinked. Disconnect each end of the tube and blow air through the tube to ensure that it is not blocked.

8) LOW PRESSURE TRANSDUCER #1

Booster Pump Outlet or 1st Prefilter Inlet for line pressure pick up from the Outlet of the Booster Pump to the Inlet of the 1st Prefiltration component.

The Low Pressure Transducer sends a DC voltage signal to the System Control Logic. The minimum value is .5 VDC when no pressure is applied to it, and the maximum value that the System will accept is 4.5 VDC. The variation of voltage output from the Transducer is converted to pressure value by the System Control Logic.

Problems and Symptoms appearing and caused by the Low Pressure Transducer #1:

- a) The Low Pressure Transducer #1 does not register pressure or the pressure displayed is inaccurate.

The 1/4 in. (5 mm) O.D. tube connecting the T-Connector to the Low Pressure Transducer Manifold may become kinked or debris may block the tube.

Solution: Replace any hose or tube that is kinked. Disconnect each end of the tube and blow air through the tube to ensure that it is not blocked.

The pressure readings at the Touch Pad are inaccurate. The minimum voltage output is below .5VDC and or the maximum voltage output is above 5 VDC.

Solution: Check wiring and connections to and from the Transducer. Replace the Transducer.

9) PLANKTON FILTER

This optional filter assembly contains a cleanable ultra fine monel mesh screen. The mesh screen traps suspended solids or biological growth such as plankton. It also provides longer life to the Pre-filter Elements and in turn provides lower system maintenance costs. As with all prefiltration components the Plankton Filter mesh screen must be free of debris in order for the Feed Water to flow through it.

Problems and Symptoms appearing and caused by the Plankton Filter:

- a) The Feed Water Pressure into the Plankton Filter is higher than normal, and the Feed Water Pressure into the High Pressure Pump is lower than normal.

The pressure differential readings across the Plankton Filter indicate that the element is filled with debris blocking the feed water.

Solution: Clean the Plankton Filter Element.

10) MULTI MEDIA FILTER

This optional filter assembly contains a back-washable bed of sand and gravel. The sand traps suspended solids larger than 30 microns which provides longer life to the pleated cartridge prefilter elements minimizing maintenance intervals, maintenance labor, and filter element cost. Pressure and flow will be restricted as the sand bed becomes clogged with debris and marine growth. The sand bed is washable by reversing the feed water flow across it. This process is referred to as Back Washing.

Problems and Symptoms appearing and caused by the Plankton Filter:

- a) The Feed Water Pressure into the Multi Media Filter is higher than normal, and the Feed Water Pressure into the High Pressure Pump is lower than normal.

The pressure differential readings across the Multi Media Filter indicate that the Multi Media Filter requires back washing.

Solution: Back wash the Multi Media Filter.

11) DUAL PRE-FILTER

This two stage filter removes suspended solids first through a 20 micron cartridge filter element then through a 5 micron cartridge filter element. By stepping the filtration both prefilter elements gain longer life and require less maintenance labor and prefilter element replacement cost. As the cartridge filter elements become plugged up with debris pressure and flow drop resulting in System shut down due to low pressure into the High Pressure Pump. The cartridge filter elements may be cleaned once to gain approximately 50% of the original life. After the first cleaning they must be discarded and replaced with new elements.

**WARNING! PREFILTER ELEMENT:**

Do not use third party prefilter elements, use only Sea Recovery prefilter elements. Third party prefilter elements do not properly fit and the seams fall apart. They also allow by-pass resulting in premature fouling of the R.O. membrane element and extensive damage to the High Pressure Pump. Damage to the R.O. membrane element or High Pressure Pump caused by the use of third party, non Sea Recovery, Prefilter Elements is the responsibility and liability of the operator and not covered by the Sea Recovery Warranty.

**PREFILTER ELEMENT CAUTION!**

Do not use "string wound" or "fiber" prefilter elements. These types of elements are designed for the Photographic Film Developing Industry. When used in sea water, they will plug up rapidly in 1/10th or less the time. This will cause frequent shut downs of the system and very frequent changing which will result in very high cost of maintenance and user frustration.



CAUTION! Hand tighten the bowl onto the filter top housing. DO NOT over tighten. DO NOT use any wrench or device to tighten the bowl. It is O-ring sealed, hand tightening is adequate. Over tightening will stress the bowl and top causing it to crack.

Problems and Symptoms appearing and caused by the Prefilter:

- a) The Feed Water Pressure into the Prefilter is higher than normal, and the Feed Water Pressure into the High Pressure Pump is lower than normal.

The pressure differential readings across the Prefilter indicate that the elements are filled with debris blocking the feed water.

Solution: Replace the Prefilter Elements.

12) COMMERCIAL PRE-FILTER

The Commercial Prefilter housing contains a 5 micron cartridge filter element that has 38 square feet of filtering surface area. This over size cartridge provides extended life that greatly reduces maintenance and prefilter element replacement cost. As the cartridge filter element becomes plugged up with debris pressure and flow drop resulting is System shut down due to low pressure into the High Pressure Pump. The cartridge filter element may be cleaned once to gain approximately 50% of the original life. After the first cleaning it must be discarded and replaced with a new element.



WARNING! PREFILTER ELEMENT: Do not use third party prefilter elements, use only Sea Recovery prefilter elements.

Third party prefilter elements do not properly fit and the seams fall apart. They also allow by-pass resulting in premature fouling of the R.O. membrane element and extensive damage to the High Pressure Pump. Damage to the Sea Recovery System caused by the use of third party, non Sea Recovery, Prefilter Elements is the responsibility and liability of the operator and not covered by the Sea Recovery Warranty.



CAUTION! Finger tighten the lid locking ring onto the base. DO NOT over tighten. DO NOT use any wrench or device to tighten the lid locking ring. The lid is O-ring sealed, two finger tightening is adequate. Over tightening will stress the threads on the base and the lid locking ring causing them to crack.

Problems and Symptoms appearing and caused by the Prefilter:

- a) The Feed Water Pressure into the Prefilter is higher than normal, and the Feed Water Pressure into the High Pressure Pump is lower than normal.

The pressure differential readings across the Prefilter indicate that the element is filled with debris blocking the feed water.

Solution: Replace the Prefilter Element.

13) T-CONNECTOR PRESSURE DIFFERENTIAL PICK-UP

The T Connector is for line differential pressure pick up between optional prefiltration components to the Differential Pressure Transducer #3. This Transducer allows the operator to determine exactly which prefiltration component requires servicing.

Problems and Symptoms appearing and caused by the T-Connector Pressure Pick-Up:

- a) The Pressure Differential Transducer does not register pressure.

The 1/4 in. (5 mm) O.D. tube connecting the T-Connector to the Low Pressure Transducer Manifold may become kinked or debris may block the tube.

Solution: Replace any hose or tube that is kinked. Disconnect each end of the tube and blow air through the tube to ensure that it is not blocked.

14) PRESSURE DIFFERENTIAL TRANSDUCER

The Pressure Differential Transducer for line pressure reading across (between) prefiltration components allowing the operator to determine which prefiltration component requires servicing.

The Pressure Differential Transducer sends a DC voltage signal to the System Control Logic. The minimum value is .5 VDC when no pressure is applied to it, and the maximum value that the System will accept is 4.5 VDC. The variation of voltage output from the Transducer is converted to pressure value by the System Control Logic.

Problems and Symptoms appearing and caused by the Pressure Differential Transducer:

- a) The Pressure Differential Transducer does not display on the Touch Screen.

Solution: Refer to Section 6 to Set Up and Inform the System Control Logic that the Pressure Differential Transducer has been installed and connected.

- b) The Pressure Differential Transducer does not register pressure or the pressure displayed is inaccurate..

The 1/4 in. (5 mm) O.D. tube connecting the T-Connector to the Pressure Differential Transducer may become kinked or debris may block the tube.

Solution: Replace any hose or tube that is kinked.

Disconnect each end of the tube and blow air through the tube to ensure that it is not blocked.

The pressure readings at the Touch Pad are inaccurate. The minimum voltage output is below .5VDC and or the maximum voltage output is above 5 VDC.

Solution: Check wiring and connections to and from the Transducer. Replace the Transducer.

15) OIL/WATER SEPARATOR

The Oil/Water Separator housing contains a 10 micron coalescing filter element. This Oil/Water Separator is positioned after the Prefilter in the Feed Water Line. Unlike a conventional cartridge filter element, the water flow is into the center and out ward. The purpose of this filter is to coalesce and trap oil so that it doesn't reach the R.O. membrane element. Oil will permanently foul the R.O. membrane element.



WARNING! OIL/WATER SEPARATOR ELEMENT:

Do not use third party Oil/Water Separator elements, use only Sea Recovery supplied elements. Third party elements do not properly fit and will not adequately coalesce the oil from the feed water. They also allow by-pass resulting in premature fouling of the R.O. Membrane Element and extensive damage to the High Pressure Pump. Damage to the Sea Recovery System caused by the use of third party, non Sea Recovery, Oil/Water Separator Elements is the responsibility and liability of the operator and not covered by the Sea Recovery Warranty.



CAUTION! Finger tighten the lid locking ring onto the base. DO NOT over tighten. DO NOT use any wrench or device to tighten the lid locking ring. The lid is O-ring sealed, two finger tightening is adequate. Over tightening will stress the threads on the base and the lid locking ring causing them to crack.

Problems and Symptoms appearing and caused by the Oil/Water Separator:

- a) The Feed Water Pressure into the Oil/Water Separator is higher than normal, and the Feed

Water Pressure into the High Pressure Pump is lower than normal.

The pressure differential readings across the Oil/Water Separator indicate that the element is filled with debris blocking the feed water.

Solution: Replace the Oil/Water Separator Element.

16) T-CONNECTOR PRESSURE PICK-UP

Outlet of Last Prefiltration component - Inlet of High Pressure Pump

This T-Connector is for line pressure pick up to Low Pressure Transducer #2 between the outlet of the last prefiltration component and the inlet of the High Pressure pump.

Problems and Symptoms appearing and caused by the T-Connector Pressure Pick-Up:

- a) The Low Pressure Transducer #2 does not register pressure.

The 1/4 in. (5 mm) O.D. tube connecting the T-Connector to the Low Pressure Transducer Manifold may become kinked or debris may block the tube.

Solution: Replace any hose or tube that is kinked. Disconnect each end of the tube and blow air through the tube to ensure that it is not blocked.

17) LOW PRESSURE TRANSDUCER #2

Located on the High Pressure Pump Inlet. The Low Pressure Transducer #2 is for line pressure pick up at the Inlet of the High Pressure Pump.

The Low Pressure Transducer sends a DC voltage signal to the System Control Logic. The minimum value is 0.5 VDC when no pressure is applied to it, and the maximum value that the System will accept is 4.5 VDC. The variation of voltage output from the Transducer is converted to pressure value by the System Control Logic.

Problems and Symptoms appearing and caused by the Low Pressure Transducer #2:

- a) The Low Pressure Transducer #2 does not register pressure or the pressure displayed is inaccurate.

Solution: Replace any hose or tube that is kinked. Disconnect each end of the tube and blow air through the tube to ensure that it is not blocked.

The pressure readings at the Touch Pad are inaccurate. The minimum voltage output is below 0.5 VDC and or the maximum voltage output is above 5 VDC.

Solution: Check wiring and connections to and from the Transducer. Replace the Transducer.

18) TRANSDUCER MANIFOLD

The Transducer Manifold must be replaced if broken and allowing leakage.

19) STANDARD HP PUMP ASSEMBLY

The Std High Pressure pump is a marine quality stainless steel manifold, positive displacement ceramic plunger pump, operates with minimal noise and vibration.

Problems and Symptoms appearing and caused by the Std HP Pump:

- a) Pulsations at low and high pressure gauges.

Possible cause: Worn or broken valve, valve spring, valve seat. Debris in valve chamber.

Solution: Check valve chamber for debris, inspect valve seat. Replace valve assembly as necessary.

- b) Water leaks between the pump manifold and rear crankcase section.

Possible cause: Worn seals or seals damaged due to running dry.

Solution: Inspect seals and replace if necessary.

- c) Normal flow when not pressurized but flow drops dramatically when pressurized.

Possible cause: Worn seals or seals damage due to running dry, broken valve, valve spring, or debris in valve chamber.

Solution: Check seals and valve chambers, clean chamber or replace parts as necessary.

20) OPTIONAL HP PUMP ASSEMBLY

The Electric Motor is 3 horse power, Totally Enclosed Fan Cooled, 2 pole, dual Cycle, and dual Voltage.



WARNING! The High Pressure Pump MUST rotate in the COUNTER CLOCKWISE DIRECTION ONLY. Rotating the High Pressure Pump in the clockwise direction will cause extensive damage to it. Never operate the High Pressure Pump in the clockwise direction.



WARNING! When switching from Three Phase Generator power to Three Phase Shore power ALWAYS check phases prior to operating the System else Reverse

Rotation along with extensive damage to the High Pressure Pump will occur should the power be out of phase.

This High Pressure Pump is a Quintiplex Radial Axial Positive Displacement Plunger Pump made of high grade Duplex material specifically designed for sea water Reverse Osmosis applications. The Pump is connected to the attached electric motor with a flex coupler and safety bell housing.

As with all Positive Displacement pumps it must receive a specified minimum amount of water at a positive pressure. A vacuum at the inlet of the pump will cause cavitation and damage. This pump does not use oil, it is self lubricated with the feed water. Internal components are designed for 8,000 hours of continual service in sea water. As with any component exposed to sea water, use is best.

Problems and Symptoms appearing and caused by the High Pressure Pump or its Electric Motor:

Prior to assuming that the High Pressure Pump's Electric Motor has failed, perform a Function Test.

a) Single Phase Motor

The Single Phase (115 or 230 VAC) Electric Motor "hums", pulls starting current (locked rotor) amperage, does not rotate, and trips the supply power circuit breaker when attempting to operate the System.

The Single Phase Electric Motor is a capacitor start motor. If the motor was started with low voltage, a drop in voltage during starting, and if this was repeated several times in rapid concession the capacitor will short out. Without the aid of a working capacitor the motor will "hum", pull starting current (locked rotor) amperage, not rotate, and trip the supply power circuit breaker when attempting to operate the System.

Low voltage will also cause the same symptom. Low voltage is caused by an undersized power supply or generator, undersized power lead wires to the System or motor, loose power wire, or connection at the motor or within the power supply line, and "burnt" contacts on the motor starter relay (contactor).

Solutions: Check wiring size and connections to, from, and in between the Power Supply and the electric motor. Correct wire size or any loose wires.

Check the capacitor on the motor, and replace it if it has shorted out.

Measure voltage at the motor during attempt to start it. If voltage drops more than 10% locate and correct the reason.

Check the motor starter relay (contactor) for "burnt" contacts.

b) Three Phase Motor

The Three Phase (230/380/460 VAC) Electric Motor "hums", pulls starting current (locked rotor) amperage, does not rotate, and trips the supply power circuit breaker when attempting to operate the System.

The Three Phase Electric Motor requires all three power lines (all three phases) to be operative else it will "single phase" causing extensive damage to the motor's internal windings.

Low voltage will also cause the same symptom. Low voltage is caused by an undersized power supply or generator, undersized power lead wires to the System or motor, loose power wire, or connection at the motor or within the power supply line, and "burnt" contacts on the motor starter relay (contactor).

Solutions: Check wiring size and connections to, from, and in between the Power Supply and the electric motor. Correct wire size or any loose wires.

Measure voltage at the motor during attempt to start it. If voltage drops more than 10% locate and correct the reason.

Check the motor starter relay (contactor) for "burnt" contacts.

Ensure all three phases have power.

c) Grinding Sound

The Electric Motor makes an unusual "grinding" sound when operated.

Solutions: Check and replace as necessary the front and rear bearings.

Check to see if the fan is rubbing against the fan guard.

d) Grinding Noise

The High Pressure Pump makes an unusual "grinding" noise.

The pump will make a grinding noise if its drive shaft has been forced into the pump body. The

Electric Motor and Pump are coupled with a “Flex Coupler” specially designed for use with this specialized pump. Never replace the Flex Coupler with another make or style. ALWAYS leave 3/32 in. (2mm) spacing between the two mating Flex Couplers. ALWAYS ensure that the Safety Bell Housing attached to the electric motor and the pump seats evenly on both ends.

Internal spacing of moving components within the High Pressure Pump hold to very tight tolerance. Any debris larger than 10 micron entering the High Pressure Pump will cause abrasion to the pump's internal parts, and will cause an audible grinding noise. Hard debris, such as sand or metal, will cause the pump to “freeze up” and will cause extensive damage to the internal parts of the pump.

If the System incorporates a Multi Media Filter use caution to not allow sand to enter the High Pressure Pump. When changing Prefilter Elements use caution to not allow debris to enter the High Pressure Pump.

Damage to the High Pressure Pump caused by debris is the responsibility of the person performing maintenance to the System, is the liability of the person performing maintenance to the System, and is not covered by the Sea Recovery warranty.

Solutions: Check spacing between the motor's and pump's flex coupler. Spacing must be minimum 3/32 in. (2mm) and maximum 1/8 in. (3mm).

Check Safety Bell Housing to ensure it is flush and secured to both the motor and pump.

Check Pump for signs of foreign debris entering the inlet.

e) **Decreased Pressure**

The High Pressure Pump flow and or pressure have decreased from normal.

As with all High Pressure Pumps, over time of operation flow and pressure will decline due to internal wear. Under normal use and care no significant pressure or flow loss will occur for 8,000 hours of operation or longer.

Do not confuse low feed water flow and low feed water pressure with a High Pressure Pump problem. All positive displacement pumps must receive a specific flow at a minimum pressure else cavitation will occur. Check to ensure that

the Booster Pump is delivering at least 4.5 U.S. Gallons (17 Liters) Per Minute of feed water at 10 to 40 PSI (69 to 276 kPa) at the Inlet of the High Pressure Pump. Note: Systems operating on 50 Hz power will deliver 3.75 U.S. Gallons (14.2 Liters) Per Minute of feed water.

Solutions: If Feed Water Flow and Pressure into the High Pressure Pump are within minimum specifications, and if the electric motor is rotating at the proper rotation (the proper cycles are present from the power source) yet the High Pressure Pump has lost Flow and or Pressure then return the High Pressure Pump to Sea Recovery for servicing.

f) **Leaks between Pump and Motor**

The High Pressure Pump leaks water between the pump and motor.

The HP Pump has a ceramic and carbon seal. Ceramic and carbon seals will weep if the pump is not operated for extended periods of time. When used regularly the seal will give approximately 8,000 hours of use. The seal continually wears during use and must be replaced approximately every 8,000 hours or at the sign of leakage.

Solution: Return the High Pressure Pump to Sea Recovery for service and Seal replacement.

g) **Knocking Noise**

The High Pressure Pump makes an unusual “very loud knocking” noise.

All positive displacement pumps will make a very loud knocking noise if they do not receive sufficient flow at a positive pressure. This knocking noise results from cavitation which is caused by insufficient feed water flow at an insufficient pressure.

Solutions: Service the Prefiltration Section (Low Pressure Section) of the System. Check all components between the Inlet Thru-Hull Fitting and the Inlet of the High Pressure Pump to determine what is causing the loss in feed water flow and pressure to the High Pressure Pump.

21) HIGH PRESSURE HOSE

The High Pressure Hose has been assembled with crimp fittings by Sea Recovery. The High Pressure Hose is NOT repairable. Should a leak, damage, or failure develop replace the High Pressure Hose.

Solutions: Replace a damaged High Pressure Hose

22) REVERSE OSMOSIS MEMBRANE AND VESSEL ASSEMBLY

The Reverse Osmosis Membrane Element allows potable water molecules to pass through while rejecting the salt ions. Only a small percentage of the Seawater Feed becomes fresh Product Water. The remainder carries the rejected salt ions out of the R.O. membrane element in a concentrated brine stream. The R.O. System may have one or two R.O. membrane elements and Vessel in series depending on the specific model and system capacity.

Problems and Symptoms appearing and caused by the Reverse Osmosis Membrane and Vessel Assembly:

- a) Prior to assuming that there is a problem with the R.O. Membrane elements due to your observance that:

The System does not produce the correct amount of Product Water (too much or too little)

The System produces poor quality Product Water, high in Salinity

The System Operating Pressure is excessively higher than 800 PSI (55 BAR) when operating in normal Sea Water at moderate temperatures (77° F or 25° Celsius)

The System Operating Pressure is excessively lower than 800 PSI (55 BAR) when operating in normal Sea Water at moderate temperatures (77° F or 25° Celsius)

Go to Section 6 to ensure that the Model Set-Up has been properly performed.

- b) Product Water Flow suddenly and dramatically increases and Product Water Salinity increases making the Product Water unpotable:

The Pressurized Feed Water and the unpressurized Product Water are separated by an O-Ring which seals on the Product Water Tube at each end of the R.O. membrane element and the End Plug at each end of the Pressure Vessel. Should this O-Ring fail Feed Water will mix with Product Water. If this happens the Product Water will be very salty, the Product Water Flow will increase dramatically, and the Brine Flow will decrease appropriately (by the increase in Product Water).

Solution: Replace the O-Ring if wear or damage is present.

Should the End Plug develop a crack, between the product water port and the pressurized feed water,

similar increase in Product Water flow and high Product Water salinity will occur.

Solution: Replace the End Plug if it is damaged or cracked.

At ONE end only of the R.O. membrane element there is a "U" cup seal referred to as the "brine seal". NEVER use two Brine Seals. NEVER place a Brine Seal on both ends of the R.O. membrane element. This will cause an air pocket between the outer surface of the R.O. membrane element and the inner wall of the Pressure Vessel. The air pocket would allow the R.O. membrane element to expand outward during operation causing irreversible mechanical damage to the R.O. membrane element resulting in higher than normal Product Water Flow and High Product Water Salinity.

Solution: Replace the R.O. membrane element. NEVER place two Brine Seals on one R.O. membrane element.

NEVER Block the Product Water Line. NEVER place a valve in the Product Water Line that can close and block the Product Water Line. Blockage of the Product Water line will result in high pressure build up of 950 PSI (66 BAR) within the line and within the product water tube and product water channel of the R.O. membrane element. If the System is shut down while the Product Water Line is blocked irreversible damage to the R.O. membrane element will occur.

Solution: Determine what blocked the Product Water Line and correct the condition. Replace the R.O. membrane element.

Chemical attack, one that will dissolve the membrane surface such as an oxidant like Chlorine, has destroyed the R.O. membrane element surface.

Solution: Determine the source and correct the situation. Replace the R.O. membrane element.

- c) Product Water Flow slowly, over months, decreases and Product Water Salinity, slowly over months, increases, quality decreases:

As the Reverse Osmosis Membrane Element is exposed, operated or not, to Sea Water eventually biological matter will coat the membrane surface causing a drop in production, loss of product water flow accompanied by an increase in salt passage

in the product water. Fresh Water Rinsing will minimize and slow down the biological fouling that naturally occurs. Chemical Cleaning at appropriate intervals will remove the biological fouling and extend the life of the R.O. membrane element.

Solution: Refer to Section 7 R.O. membrane element Cleaning procedures or replace the R.O. membrane element(s).

As the RO membrane element is operated eventually dissolved solids, salts or minerals, will build up on the membrane surface causing a drop in production, loss of product water flow accompanied by an increased percentage of dissolved solids, salt, in the product water. Chemical Cleaning at appropriate intervals will dissolve the salt and mineral fouling and extend the life of the R.O. membrane element.

Solution: Refer to Section 7 for R.O. membrane element cleaning procedures or replace the R.O. membrane element(s).

- d) Product Water Flow suddenly decreases and Product Water Salinity, suddenly increases, quality decreases:

Chemical, one that will foul or plug up the membrane surface, or Oil attack to the R.O. membrane element will cause the production to suddenly decrease and the product water quality will suddenly worsen.

Solution: Replace the R.O. membrane element(s) if they have been attacked by Chemicals or Oil.

- e) Feed Water leaks from the Pressure Vessel:

The High Pressure fittings entering the Pressure Vessel are O-Ring sealed at the End Plug that they attach to. Should a leak develop at a High Pressure Fitting inspect the respective O-Ring for signs of wear or damage.

Solution: Replace the O-Ring if wear or damage is present.

The End Plugs seal against the inner surface of the High Pressure Vessel. The O-Ring that creates this seal is the "Brine O-Ring". Should a leak develop between the End Plug and the inside wall of the Pressure Vessel remove the end plug and inspect the Brine O-Rings for wear or damage. Replace them if wear or damage is present.

Solution: Replace the O-Ring if wear or damage is present.

23) HIGH PRESSURE MANIFOLD

There are no parts within the High Pressure Manifold that would require troubleshooting. If it is broken or leaks then replace it.

24) HIGH PRESSURE TRANSDUCER

The High Pressure Transducer attaches to the High Pressure Manifold measures the System Operating Pressure from the Outlet of the High Pressure Pump through the R.O. membrane and vessel and into the Automatic Back Pressure Regulator.

The High Pressure Transducer sends a DC voltage signal to the System Control Logic. The minimum value is 0.5 VDC when no pressure is applied to it, and the maximum value that the System will accept is 4.5 VDC. The variation of voltage output from the Transducer is converted to pressure value by the System Control Logic.

Problems and Symptoms appearing and caused by the High Pressure Transducer:

- a) The High Pressure Transducer does not register pressure or the pressure displayed is inaccurate. The pressure readings at the Touch Pad are inaccurate. The minimum voltage output is below 0.5 VDC and or the maximum voltage output is above 5 VDC.

Solution: Check wiring and connections to and from the Transducer. Replace the Transducer.

25) BACK PRESSURE REGULATOR

Back Pressure Regulator adjusts the system operating pressure to varying feed water temperatures and salinities.

The Back Pressure Regulator Valve contains a seal that is serviceable.

Rotating the Back Pressure Regulator clock wise to increase operating pressure until the specified flow of Product water is achieved or until the System Operating Pressure reaches 950 PSI (66 BAR) which ever comes first. The System Control Logic will not allow Product Water production to exceed the specific set flow rate. This protects the R.O. membrane element(s) from prematurely fouling. The System Control Logic will also not allow the System Operating pressure to exceed 950 PSI (66 BAR). This protects the R.O. Membrane Element(s) and the High Pressure Pump Electric Motor.

Problems and Symptoms appearing and caused by the Back Pressure Regulator:

- a) The Operating Pressure does not increase or decrease when adjusting the BPR.

The set screws holding the Valve shaft may have become loose. The BPR knob is turning but the valve shaft is not.

Solution: Tighten the set screws to secure the BPR knob and valve shaft if they are loose.

- b) The valve shaft does not rotate at all.

Solution: Repair or replace the Back Pressure Regulator.

26) BRINE DISCHARGE FLOW METER

The Brine Discharge Flow Meter measures the brine water rate of flow from the R.O. Membrane Element and Vessel. By adding the amount of Product Water flow to the Brine Discharge Flow the operator is able to determine the total Feed Water Flow which is helpful in diagnosing problems with the High Pressure Pump.

Problems and Symptoms appearing and caused by the Brine Discharge Flow Meter:

Prior to assuming that the Brine Discharge Water Flow Meter has failed, check the Control Logic model setup. Refer to Section 6.8.

- a) The Brine Flow Meter does not register the proper Brine Water Flow at the Touch Pad.

Debris may be trapped within the flow meter body causing false readings.

Solution: Remove the Flow Meter from the System. Using a water hose force water into the outlet of the flow meter to dislodge any trapped debris.

Solution: Replace the Brine Flow Meter.

There may be a substantial water leak prior to the Brine Flow Meter resulting in a lower than normal reading.

Solution: Correct and repair any water leaks.

Feed Water may be exiting the Product Water Line resulting in lower than normal Brine Water Flow. Abnormalities that would allow Feed Water to by-pass into the Product Water Line would include: The R.O. membrane element is not installed; the R.O. membrane element is damaged allowing brine water to mix with product water; a damaged O-Ring or cracked End Plug is allowing brine water to mix with product water. All of these abnormalities result in higher than normal Product Water Flow reading and lower than normal Brine Flow reading.

Solution: Ensure that the R.O. membrane elements are installed. Replace any damaged R.O. membrane elements. Replace any damaged Product Water O-Rings. Replace any cracked End Plugs.

- b) The Brine Flow Meter does not register any flow at all at the Touch Pad.

There may be a loose wire, loose connection, broken wire, or damaged Flow Meter.

Solution: Check all wiring and plug connections. Replace the Flow Meter if determined to be non functional.

27) BRINE DISCHARGE T-CONNECTOR

This T connector collects the brine discharge water and unpotable product water for routing out of the System in one line. If it breaks or leaks replace it.

28) BRINE DISCHARGE CONNECTOR

This 90° elbow fitting or Multi Media Filter Waste T fitting attaches to the over board thru-hull fitting for connecting the brine discharge hose. If it breaks or cracks replace it.

29) THRU HULL DISCHARGE FITTING**

The Discharge Thru-Hull Fitting should be installed above water level for discharge of the Brine Discharge Water from the system. If it breaks or cracks replace it.

30) PRODUCT WATER T COLLECTOR

The T collector combines the product water from the two individual R.O. Membrane Elements. If it breaks or cracks replace it.

31) SALINITY PROBE

The Salinity Probe electronically measures, with temperature compensation, the salinity content of the Product Water. The Salinity Probe is calibrated at the factory to 800 PPM TDS NaCl at 77° Fahrenheit (25° Celsius). Although the Salinity Probe is temperature compensated, it is not 100% linear across the full range that it must measure. The full range of salinity that the probe must attempt to measure is from 5 to 2000 PPM at 34° to 122°F (1° to 50° Celsius). Always reference the probe accuracy and calibration to 800 PPM TDS NaCl at 77° Fahrenheit (25° Celsius).

Debris or biological growth can cause the Salinity Probe to give incorrect measurement of the Product Water Salinity.

Solution: Clean the Salinity Probe contact pins annually or at any sign of incorrect reading.

The Salinity Probe may have drifted from it's original calibration point may require recalibration.

Solution: Recalibrate or replace the Salinity Probe.

32) PRODUCT WATER FLOW METER

The Product Water Flow Meter measures the Product water rate of flow from the R.O. Membrane Element and Vessel. By adding the amount of Product Water flow to the Brine Discharge Flow the operator is able to determine the total Feed Water Flow which is helpful in diagnosing problems with the High Pressure Pump.

Problems and Symptoms appearing and caused by the Product Water Flow Meter:

Prior to assuming that the Product Water Flow Meter has failed, check the Control Logic model setup.

- a) The Product Flow Meter registers higher than System Product Water Flow specification at the Touch Pad.

Model set up was performed incorrectly at the Touch Pad.

Solution: Check control logic setup. Refer to Section 6.8.

One of the following abnormalities is causing High Product Water Flow: Damage to the R.O. membrane element; a Product Water O-Ring; an End Plug is cracked and allowing Brine Water by-pass into the Product Water; a blockage in the Brine Discharge Line is causing reverse flow of Brine Water into the 3-way Product Water Diversion Valve.

Solution: Locate the damaged R.O. membrane element(s) and replace it/them. Locate the damaged or missing Product Water O-Ring and replace it. Locate the cracked End Plug and replace it. Locate the blockage in the Brine Discharge Line.

The Product Water Flow rate is lower than normal because the Feed Water temperature is lower than normal, the Feed Water salinity is higher than normal, or the R.O. membrane element is fouled.

Solution: If Temperature or Salinity of the Feed Water are the cause of the lower than normal Product Water Flow rate this is normal and no corrective action is required.

If the reason for lower than normal Product Water Flow rate is due to fouled R.O. membrane element(s) refer to R.O. Membrane Element cleaning procedures in Section 7, or replace the R.O. membrane element(s).

33) 3-WAY PRODUCT WATER DIVERSION SOLENOID VALVE

The 3-Way Product Water Diversion Solenoid Valve, Electric Solenoid Actuated, is energized by the System Electronic Controller to the "Potable" position when the system produces water which meets the set salinity requirement. If the Product Water being produced is "Unpotable", high in salinity, then no signal is sent to the valve, and it thus remains in the normal open position. The "fail safe" normal open position diverts the unpotable Product Water to discharge.

Problems and Symptoms appearing and caused by the 3-Way Product Water Diversion Solenoid Valve:

Prior to assuming that the 3-Way Product Water Diversion Valve's Solenoid has failed, perform a Function Test as described in Section 6.4.

- a) The 3-Way Product Water Diversion Solenoid Valve is allowing Brine Discharge Water to mix with Potable Water.

There is a blockage in the Brine Discharge line creating pressure on the Brine Water. This abnormal pressure is forcing open the seat of the 3-Way Product Water Diversion Solenoid Valve allowing Brine Water to mix with Product Water.

Solution: Determine the cause of excess pressure in the Brine Discharge Line and correct it so that no back pressure is present in the Brine Discharge Line.

The 3-Way Product Water Diversion Solenoid Valve seat is not properly allowing Brine Water to mix with Product Water.

Solution: Replace Valve.

- b) The 3-Way Product Water Diversion Solenoid Valve does not switch to Potable Water even though the Touch Pad indicates that the System is OK performing normally and producing Potable Product Water.

The Solenoid is not actuating the Valve's seat.

Solution: Check for 12 VDC at the valve's Solenoid, and at the Main Printed Circuit Board. Check for loose Wire and correct it.

Check the valve's solenoid continuity and functionality, refer to Section 8. Replace the Solenoid Valve if the Solenoid is found to be non-functional.

- c) The 3-Way Product Water Diversion Solenoid Valve is always in the "good water" position even when the Touch Pad indicates that the Product Water is high in salinity.

The Manual By-Pass button located on the side of the solenoid is in the Manual By-Pass position.

Solution: Release the button to the normal position. Refer to Section 8.

34) CHARCOAL FILTER

The Charcoal Filter is designed to remove foul odors from the Product Water. Sulfurous odor (rotten egg smell) transmitted to the Product Water is caused when biological matter decays in the feed water section. Fresh water flushing of the system helps to minimize this.

Problems and Symptoms appearing and caused by the Charcoal Filter:

- a) The Product Water has a smell of rotten egg.
The smell originates in the Feed Water and passes through the R.O. membrane element into the Product Water.

Solution: Change Prefilter Elements with new elements and Fresh Water Flush the System to minimize the decaying biological matter.

Change the Charcoal Filter Element with a new element.

Drain and replace the Product water in the Fresh Water Tank.

35) pH NEUTRALIZING FILTER

The product water from the system will be slightly acidic, approximately pH 6.5. This is normal for any Reverse Osmosis System. The pH Neutralizer Filter replaces alkaline, calcium carbonate, which neutralizes the pH of the product water back to a normal of pH 7.5. The life of the neutralizing cartridge depends on the amount of use, amount of product water flowing through it. Replace the element as necessary.



CAUTION: Use only Sea Recovery replacement pH cartridges. Third party pH cartridges are for use with very low flow rates and cause excessive restriction resulting in Product Water Line pressure

build up. These third party cartridges will damage the R.O. Membrane Element and components in the Product Water Line. Damage to the Sea Recovery System caused by the use of Non Sea Recovery supplied pH Neutralizing Cartridge is the liability and responsibility of the operator and not covered by the Sea Recovery Warranty.

36) ULTRA VIOLET STERILIZER***

The UV Sterilizer destroys at least 99.9% of any virus, bacteria, and other micro-organisms which may pass through the R.O. Membrane Element. The UV sterilizer is recommended if the Product Water Storage Tank is not otherwise treated by means such as chlorination.

The UV Lamp is rated for approximately 4,400-8,000 hours of use. When the intensity of the lamp diminishes replace the lamp.

Problems and Symptoms appearing and caused by the Ultra Violet Sterilizer:

Prior to assuming that the UV Sterilizer Ballast and or Lamp have failed, perform a Function Test as described in Section 6.4.

- a) The UV Lamp is not properly functioning:
The UV Lamp flickers on and off and does not remain illuminated steady.
Solution: Replace the UV Lamp with a new lamp.
The UV Lamp illuminated steady but has lost it's original intensity.
Solution: Replace the UV Lamp with a new lamp.
The UV Lamp does not illuminate at all.
Solution: Replace the UV Lamp with a new lamp.
Check the condition of the UV Lamp Ballast to ensure its functionality.

37) PRODUCT WATER CONNECTOR

The Product Water Connector attaches to the Potable Water unpressurized tank for connection of the Product Water hose. Replace it if it is damaged or cracked.

38) POTABLE WATER STORAGE TANK**

Storage tank may be any non pressurized container suitable for storing Potable Water, i.e. existing water storage tank on a boat or cistern for a home. This container must not be pressurized.

39) AIR ENTRAINMENT TANK (accumulator)**

Some Fresh Water Pressure Systems rely only on the Pressure Pump to deliver pressurized Fresh Water to the boat or home piping. Other Fresh Water Pressure Systems incorporate an Air Entrainment Tank. It is not important to the System which configuration the boat or home has. The only requirement to the System, for Fresh Water Flushing, is that the Fresh Water Pressure System in the boat or home must deliver to the System during the Fresh Water Flush cycle a minimum of 4.5 U.S. Gallons (17 Liters) Per Minute at minimum 25 PSI (173 kPa). If the Fresh Water Flush cycle is unable to perform due to insufficient Fresh Water flow and pressure replace the Pressure Pump with a pump capable of meeting the minimum standards stated above.

40) AUTOMATIC FRESH WATER FLUSH

Includes a 2-Way Solenoid Valve, potable water Check Valve, Carbon Filter, and feed water Check Valve that allow automated flushing of the System with Fresh Water. This process is automatic at each shut down of the system and repeats automatically. Fresh Water Flushing replaces the seawater in the system with less corrosive fresh water, and this also reduces the biological growth and subsequent decay that naturally occur if the feed water (sea water) is not flushed from the system with fresh water during disuse.

- a) Fresh Water 2-Way Solenoid Valve energizes to allow fresh water to flush the System at shut down and automatically every preset number of days. In the de-energized position the valve isolates the feed water from the fresh water.
- b) Potable water Check Valve is another safe guard to isolate the fresh water from the feed water.
- c) Fresh Water Flush Carbon Filter removes chlorine, if present, in the fresh water prior to flowing through the R.O. Membrane Element.
- d) Feed water Check Valve ensures that the fresh water used to flush the system travels through the system and prevents it from exiting the inlet thru hull fitting.

Fresh Water Flush 2-Way Solenoid Valve is normally closed and actuates to open during the fresh water flush cycle to allow fresh water into the system.

Problems and Symptoms appearing and caused by the Fresh Water Flush 2-Way Solenoid Valve:

- a) The Fresh Water Flush Cycle is off but fresh water is passing through the Fresh Water Flush 2-Way Solenoid Valve

The valve ports may be improperly allowing by-pass.

Solution: Replace the valve.

- b) The Fresh Water Flush Cycle is on but fresh water does not pass through the Fresh Water Flush 2-Way Solenoid Valve

The valve ports may be improperly allowing by-pass.

Solution: Replace the valve.

The valve's solenoid may be electrically non functional.

Solution: Check for 12 VDC. If present, replace the valve. If 12 VDC is not present troubleshoot the electronics.

Fresh Water Flush Check Valve stops feed water from entering the potable water line.

Problems and Symptoms appearing and caused by the Fresh Water Flush 2-Way Solenoid Valve:

- a) The Fresh Water Flush Check Valve is allowing feed water to mix with potable water.

Solution: Replace the Fresh Water Flush Check Valve.

Fresh Water Flush Charcoal Filter removes chlorine, if present, in the fresh water prior to flowing through the R.O. membrane element.

Problems and Symptoms appearing and caused by the Fresh Water Flush Charcoal Filter:

- a) The Charcoal Filter is no longer removing the chlorine from the Fresh Water.

As the Charcoal Filter becomes saturated it loses its ability to remove chlorine from the Fresh Water.

Solution: Replace the Charcoal Filter Element every 3 months.

Fresh Water Flush Tee Connector and Check Valve stops fresh water from exiting the Inlet Thru Hull Fitting and routes the fresh water through the system during the Fresh Water Flush Cycle. If debris causes the valve to not properly seat clean the internal components of the valve.

41) RINSE CLEAN INLET VALVE* and RINSE CLEAN OUTLET VALVE*****

These two 3-way PVC Ball Valves are used in conjunction with each other to simplify the storage and cleaning procedures by allowing the operator to turn a valve rather than disconnect a hose. Also used for a manual fresh water flush if the Automatic Fresh Water Flush System is not installed.

Problems and Symptoms appearing and caused by the Rinse Clean Inlet and Outlet Valves:

- a) The position of these valves cause the feed and brine water to travel in a specific direction.
If the direction of feed water and or brine water travel is incorrect then one or both of the valves are positioned incorrectly for the given operation or cycle.
Solution: Refer to the Piping and Interconnect Diagrams to determine the proper positioning of these valves.

42. CLEANING BUCKET**

This can be any non ferrous (non iron) container capable of holding at least 10 U.S. Gallons (37.8 Liters) of water. This container is used during the R.O. membrane Element cleaning, storing, or winterizing process.

- a) The bucket or container must not leak.
The bucket or container leaks.
Solution: Replace the leaky bucket or container.

9.3 ELECTRICAL TROUBLESHOOTING

CAUTION: ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD. A Volt / Ohm Meter will be necessary to Troubleshoot and Repair abnormalities or failures in the Electrical and Electronic circuits and components. The following procedures expose the technician to High Voltage and electrical shock hazard. Only attempt this if you are a qualified electrician and only if surrounding conditions are safe.

1. SYSTEM TOUCH SCREEN

The System Touch Screen is where all system functions are operated by touching the screen and where all operating conditions are monitored.

Problems and Symptoms appearing and caused by the Touch Screen:

- a) The Touch Screen “blacks out” or “whites out”.
Extreme temperatures will cause an LCD Touch Screen to gain or loose contrast.
Solution: Bring the temperature in the area to a more moderate setting.
- b) The Touch Screen is sometimes slow in responding.
The System Control Logic is continually processing a great amount of data while controlling various aspects and components within the System. Some of the data being processed is critical and takes priority, such as monitoring the System Operating Pressure. During data processing or control the Control Logic will process or control the critical aspects of operation prior to responding to commands from the Touch Screen. In other words, it places less priority on your command if it is involved in a critical process. However, the command given from the Touch Pad for Emergency Stop will take priority over all other functions.
Solution: Delayed response to Touch commands is normal depending on the data being processed at that instant by the System Logic Controller.
- c) The Touch Screen “freezes” or “locks up” on a specific screen and does not allow further Touch Commands.
Control Logic has become scrambled and bi-directional communication between the Touch Screen logic and the Main Printed Circuit Board logic are corrupted.
Solution: Re-boot the System. Switch power off to the System, wait at least 30 seconds, and re-apply power to the System. Start the System and operate normally.
- d) The Touch Screen accepts some commands but not other commands. The commands that it does not accept are all physically located in the same area on the Touch Screen.
The Touch Screen can become damaged in a specific physical area of the Screen, as well as the whole screen, causing no response from a Touch command.
Solution: Confirm that a specific area of the screen, or entire screen, is non responsive. Replace the Touch Screen.
- e) The Touch Screen does not illuminate when power is applied to the System.

Power and control signals may not be reaching the Touch Screen.

Solution: Check for a loose wire or connection between the Main Printed Circuit Board and the Touch Screen.

- e. The Touch Screen does not respond when Touching a “switch” or feature directly over the outline of the “switch” or feature. However, the Touch Screen does respond if the Screen is Touched below, on top of, or to the side of the same “switch” or feature.

The LCD Touch Screen must be calibrated (aligned) during the manufacturing assembly process. If the calibration (alignment) has drifted the active response area will not be in alignment with the “switch” or feature.

Solution: Replace the Touch Screen.

2. REMOTE CONTROL TOUCH PANEL***

Refer to SYSTEM TOUCH SCREEN for similar troubleshooting.

3. SOFT MOTOR STARTER***

The Soft Motor Starter, used only in AC (Alternating Current) Single Phase systems, reduces the initial startup amperes required to start the motor and in turn allows a smaller sized KW generator to start the system. Starting amperage is reduced by 40% with the Soft Start installed. The maximum design rated Horse Power that the Soft Motor Starter will accept is 3 Horse Power.

Should the Soft Motor Starter fail to function refer to wiring diagrams in Section 4. Check all wiring for correct position and tight connection. Check wiring from the incoming power, through the Soft Motor Starter, and at the Electric Motor that it is controlling.

Owner or Installer Supplied Items that are Not Numbered or shown on the Piping and Interconnect Diagrams but are included in the Electrical Diagrams in Section 4:

FRESH WATER TANK LOW LEVEL SWITCH **::

This owner/installer supplied Fresh Water Tank Low Level Switch provides an optional feature to the System Control Logic that works in conjunction with the Automatic Fresh Water Flush option.

When installed and connected to the Main Printed Circuit Board, the Fresh Water Tank Low Level Switch must be connected as a N.O. (Normally Open) 1PST (One Pole Single Throw) switch.

When the Fresh Water Tank is empty the switch is Open. As water rises a few inches in the tank the switch Closes. This informs the System Control Logic that there is sufficient Fresh Water to perform the Automatic Fresh Water Flush Cycle.

If this Switch is Open, indicating that the Fresh Water Tank is empty the Fresh Water Flush cycle will be automatically canceled by the System Control Logic.

FRESH WATER TANK HIGH LEVEL SWITCH **::

This owner/installer supplied Fresh Water Tank High Level Switch provides an optional feature to the System Control Logic that allows the System to shut off automatically when the Fresh Water Tank is full, when the System is operated in the Automatic mode. Additionally, the System will not start in the Automatic mode when the Fresh Water Tank High Level Switch signals the System Control Logic that the Fresh Water Tank is full.

When installed and connected to the Main Printed Circuit Board, the Fresh Water Tank High Level Switch must be connected as a N.C. (Normally Closed) 1PST (One Pole Single Throw) switch.

When the Fresh Water Tank is several inches below the full mark the switch is Closed. As water rises and reaches the top of the full mark the switch Opens. This informs the System Control Logic that the Fresh Water Tank is full, the System will shut down if operating in the Automatic mode, and the System will not start in the Automatic mode.

If operation of the System is desired when the Fresh Water Tank Switch signals the System Control Logic that the Fresh Water Tank is full then the System may be operated in the Manual mode.

4. ELECTRICAL CHASSIS

The Electrical Control Box contains all of the Electronic and Electrical circuits and components. Troubleshooting of major components is described below:

1. Fuses
2. High Pressure Pump Contactor
3. Booster Pump Contactor
4. Customer Supplied Alarm
5. 12 VDC Power Supply
6. Main Printed Circuit Board
7. Step Down Transfer used in 3 phase systems only
8. Fresh Water Flush Relay

Additional external devices connected to the Main Printed Circuit Board:

- a. UV Sterilizer
- b. 3-Way Product Water Diversion Solenoid Valve

1 Fuses

There are 2 fuses protecting the 12 VDC Power Supply primary circuit. Should one or both of these fuses fail this is an indication of high current draw from any one of several 12 VDC devices in the System. Devices powered from the 12 VDC produced by the 12 VDC Power Supply include:

- a. Main Printed Circuit Board/Main Touch Screen
- b. Remote Touch Screen
- c. High Pressure Pump Contactor
- d. Booster Pump Contactor
- e. Fresh Water Flush Relay
- f. Automatic Fresh Water Flush Valve Motor Actuator
- g. 3-Way Product Water Diversion Valve Solenoid
- h. UV Sterilizer

Troubleshooting the cause of fuse failure must include physical inspection and electrical check of all of these devices and all wires connected to these devices in order to pinpoint the cause of the high current resulting in the failure of the fuse(s).

The System can operate on one bad fuse but if both fuses are bad the System will not operate.

2 High Pressure Pump Contactor

Should the High Pressure Pump Electric Motor fail to start check for operating voltage at the following component and in the following order:

- a. High Pressure Pump Electric Motor Power Leads at the Electric Motor Junction Box
- b. Main Terminal Strip power from Contactor to Motor
- c. High Pressure Pump Contactor T (Terminal)
- d. High Pressure Pump Contactor L (Line)
- e. Main Terminal Strip power from Power Source to Contactor

Check for Control Voltage at the Terminal Strip.

3 Booster Pump Contactor

Should the Booster Pump Electric Motor fail to start check for operating voltage at the following component and in the following order:

- a. Booster Pump Electric Motor Power Leads at the Electric Motor Junction Box
- b. Main Terminal Strip power from Contactor to Motor
- c. Booster Pump Contactor T (Terminal)
- d. Booster Pump Contactor L (Line)
- e. Main Terminal Strip power from Power Source to Contactor

Check for Control Voltage at the Terminal Strip.

4 Customer Supplied Alarm

The maximum allowable current consumption at the customer's supplied alarm is 1 Ampere at 12 VDC.

5 12 VDC Power Supply

The 12 VDC Power Supply provides power to:

- a. Main Printed Circuit Board/Main Touch Screen
- b. Remote Touch Screen
- c. High Pressure Pump Contactor
- d. Booster Pump Contactor
- e. Fresh Water Flush Relay
- f. Automatic Fresh Water Flush Valve
- g. 3-Way Product Water Diversion Valve Solenoid
- h. UV Sterilizer

If the 12 VDC Power Supply is not functional then all of the above components will not function, and the System will not function.

Should the 12 VDC Power Supply fail, check for allowable high voltage (64 to 264 VAC) into it and regulated low voltage (12 VDC) out of it:

- a. Check for operating voltage at the electrical chassis supplying voltage to the 2 fuses
- b. Check for operating voltage at the input of the 2 fuses
- c. Check for operating voltage at the output of the 2 fuses
- d. Check for operating voltage at the input of the 12 VDC Power Supply
- e. Check for 12 VDC at the output of the 12 VDC Power Supply.

6 Main Printed Circuit Board

The Main printed Circuit Board (inside the Main Touch Screen) controls, supplies power to, and or

receives signals from the various electronic and electrical components within the System.

Always troubleshoot and track voltage at the end of the line first and work your way up to the start of the line. For example, when determining why a Booster Pump is not operating first check the voltage at the Booster Pump and work your way back to each component checking for voltage across each connection and each component.

7 Step Down Transformer used in 3 phase systems only

The Step Down Transformer is not required for single phase systems. It is only required for three phase systems. It accepts the high voltage operating power at its primary and steps the voltage down to 115 VAC out of the transformer's secondary for primary input power to the 12 VDC Power Supply.

Aqua Whisper DX Compact 450-1800

Section 10 - EXPLODED PARTS VIEW

10 EXPLODED PARTS VIEW

10.1 WHEN ORDERING

When ordering Parts or Accessories from your local Sea Recovery Dealer or from Sea Recovery direct, in order to save time and to ensure that you receive the correct part provide the following information:

System Model	System Style	System Production	System Serial #
Aqua Whisper	Compact	450-1 (one short 21 in. (53.3 cm) long R.O. Membrane Element)	Serial Number
Aqua Whisper	Compact	700-1 (one medium 31 in. (78.7 cm) long R.O. Membrane Element)	Serial Number
Aqua Whisper	Compact	900-1 (one long 40 in. (101.6 cm) long R.O. Membrane Element)	Serial Number
Aqua Whisper	Compact	900-2 (two short 21 in. (53.3 cm) long R.O. Membrane Element)	Serial Number
Aqua Whisper	Compact	1400-2 (two medium 31" long R.O. Membrane Element)	Serial Number
Aqua Whisper	Compact	1800-2 (two long 40" long R.O. Membrane Element)	Serial Number

AND

SYSTEM INFORMATION FROM THE SYSTEM INFORMATION SCREEN

SERIAL NUMBER helps us to determine the latest physical version and configuration of your system which is necessary to ensure that we provide you with the correct information or parts.

SIZE tells us the production capacity of your system which gives us a bench mark in diagnosing product water flow and pressure concerns.

FWF tells us if you have installed and are utilizing the Fresh Water Flush feature.

TOTAL TIME assists us in diagnosing abnormalities that can occur at given operational time intervals such as required pump maintenance, or R.O. membrane element condition.

DV Set Point helps us to determine if the R.O. membrane element is losing its rejection capabilities or if the 3-Way Product Water Diversion Solenoid Valve Set Point is simply adjusted too high or too low.

CONTROL VER allows us to determine the specific sequential operation of the system based on the version of the programmed control logic.

AND provide us with information on the part that you wish to order:

Part Number	Part Description	Quantity
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Having this information will expedite your request and ensure that you receive the correct part.

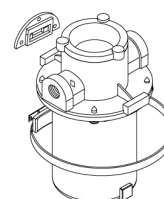
10.3 INSTALLATION KIT B001930001

ITEM	PART NO	DESCRIPTION	QTY	UM
1	061100043000	WASHER FLAT OS 1/4"SS	12.00	EACH
2	061172143016	SC HEX "A" 1/4 X 1 SS	12.00	EACH
3	05181432AA	HOSE CLAMP 1/2"	4.00	EACH
4	05181434AA	HOSE CLAMP 3/4" SS	14.00	EACH
5	061170628016	SC PHIL PAN "A" 10 X 1 SS	5.00	EACH
6	061080028000	WASHER FLAT #10 SS	5.00	EACH
7	B651930001	OWNERS MANUAL AQWC-DX	1.00	EACH
8	B645800001	MCC-1 ALKALINE CLEANER	1.00	EACH
9	B645800002	MCC-2 ACID CLEANER	1.00	EACH
10	0328066666	HOSE CLEAR BRAID 3/4"	50.00	FEET
11	0312121969	TUBE 1/4 BLACK	20.00	FEET
12	0101013783	ELB90 3/4 FPT X 3/4 FPT PVC	1.00	EACH
13	0101653783	ADAP 3/4 MPT X 3/4 BARB PVC	1.00	EACH
14	0421051239	SEA STRAINER-3/4 BRONZE	1.00	EACH
15	0101073783	ELB90 3/4 MPT X 3/4 BARB PVC	2.00	EACH
16	0101422583	TEE 1/2 FT X 1/2 FT X 1/2 FT P	1.00	EACH
17	0101292383	RB 1/2 MT X 1/4 FT PVC	1.00	EACH
18	0101652683	ADAP 1/2 MPT X 3/4 BARB PVC	2.00	EACH
19	0204020869	ELB90 1/4 TUBE X 1/4 MPT PLAST	1.00	EACH
20	0101652583	ADAP 1/2 MPT X 1/2 BARB PVC	1.00	EACH
21	0328065066	HOSE CLEAR BRAID 1/2"	50.00	FEET
22	0101012583	ELB90 1/2 FPT X 1/2 FPT PVC	1.00	EACH

7

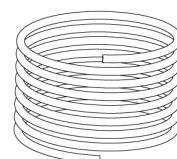


14



SEA STRAINER BRONZE

10

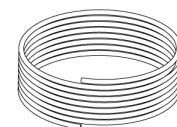
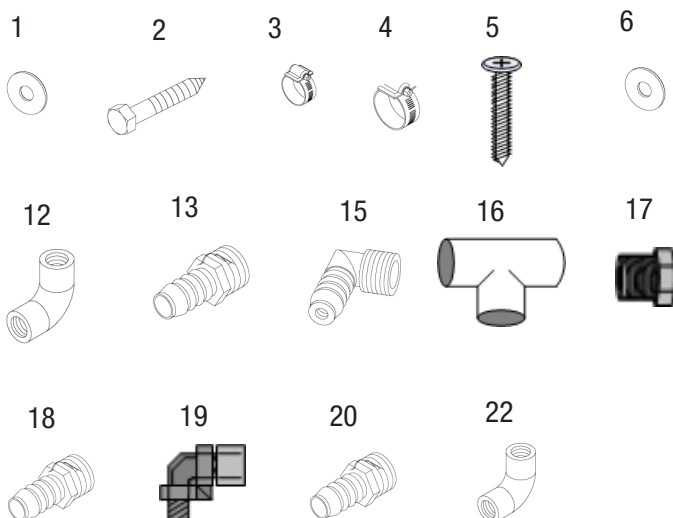
HOSE CLEAR BRAID 3/4" I.D.
QTY: 50 FEET (15.24 METERS)

11



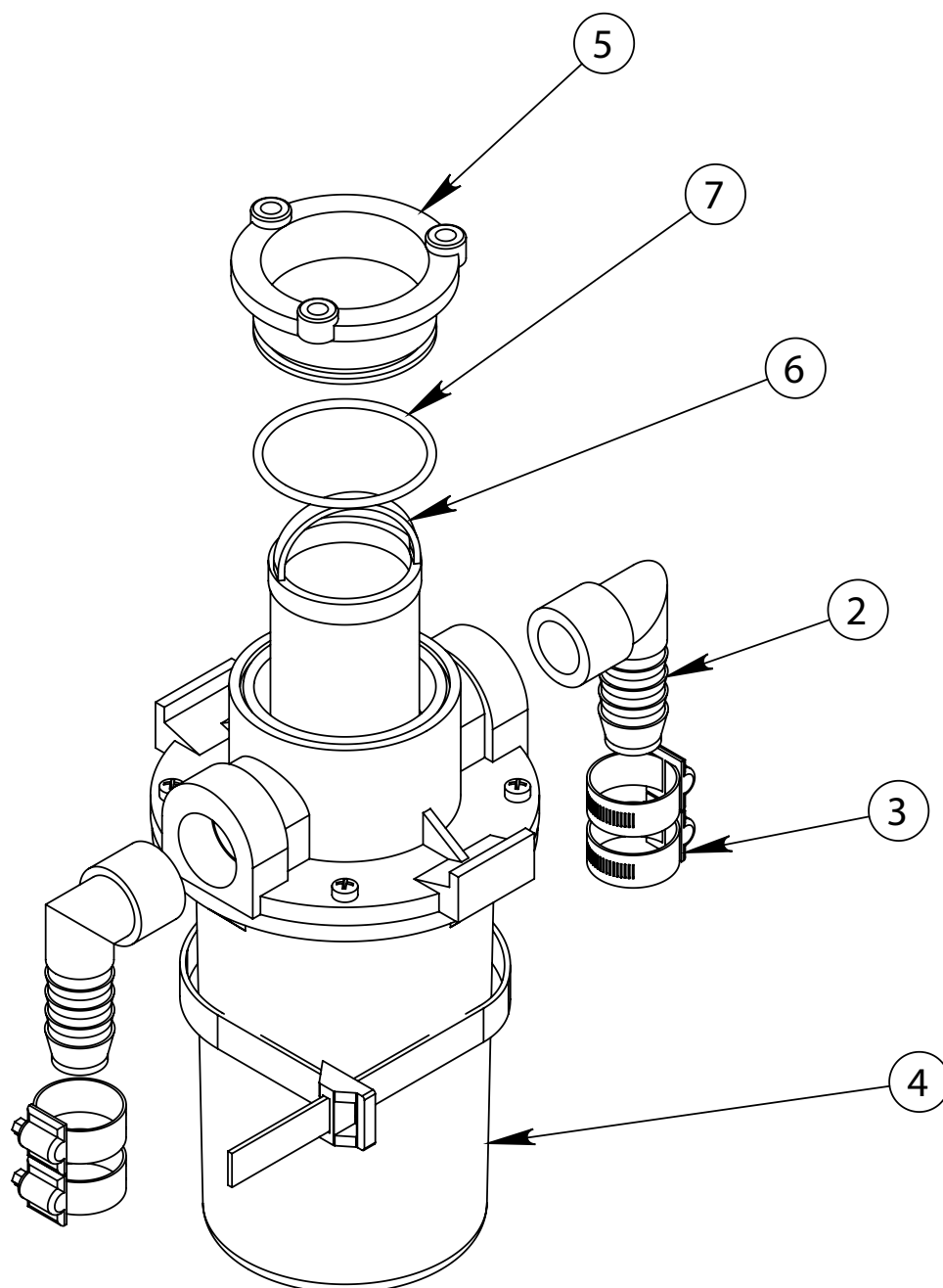
TUBE 1/4 BLACK 20 FT.

21

HOSE CLEAR BRAID 1/2" I.D.
QTY: 50 FEET (15.24 METERS)

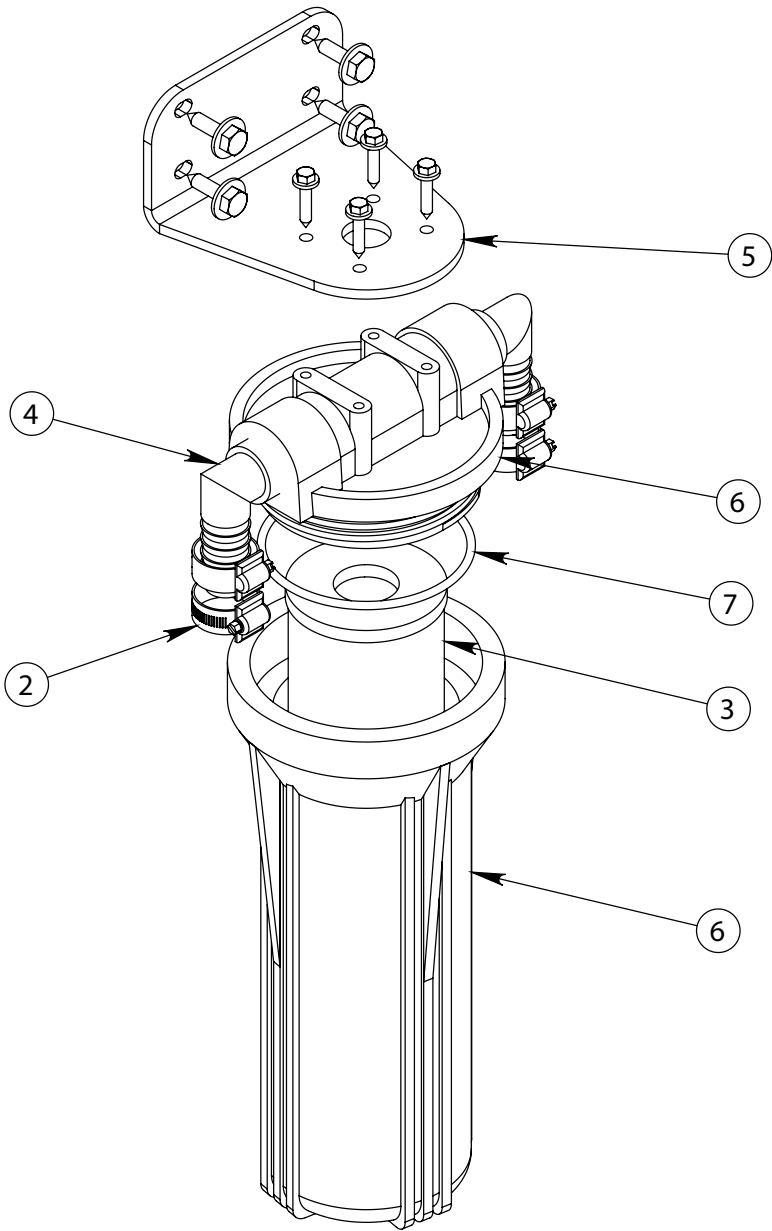
B006080002 SEA STRAINER ASSY 3/4-B

ITEM NO.	QTY.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	1	B006080002	SEA STRAINER ASSY 3/4-B (INCLUDES P/N 2-7)
2	2	0101073783	ELB90 .75 MNPT X .75 BARB PVC
3	4	05181434AA	HOSE CLAMP 3/4" SS
4	1	0421051239	SEA STRAINER-3/4 BRONZE
5	1	0421051239-1	SIGHT GLASS
6	1	0421051239-7	BASKET MONEL
7	1	0421051239-2	O-RING, LID SEA STRAINER



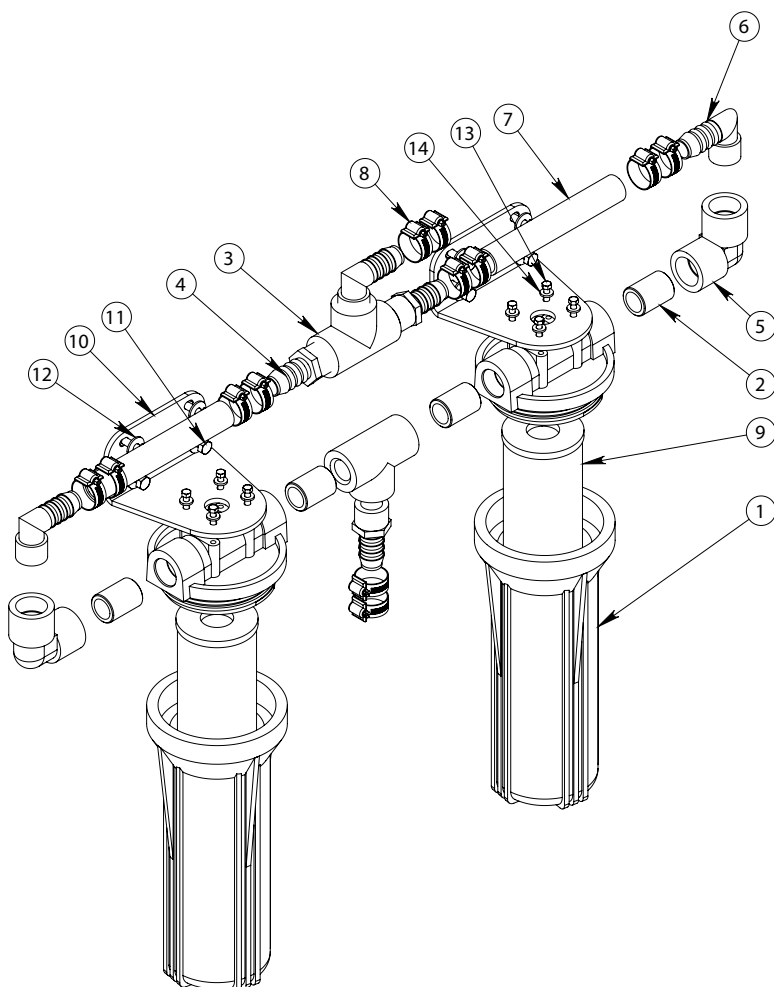
B008800001 PLANKTON FILTER ASSY-AW SINGLE

ITEM NO.	QTY.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	1	B008800001	PLANKTON FILTER ASSY-AW SINGLE (INCLUDES P/N 2-7)
2	4	05181434AA	HOSE CLAMP 3/4" SS
3	1	0805823578	ELEMENT PLANKTON
4	2	0101073783	ELB90 .75 MNPT X .75 BARB PVC
5	1	20200402102	SINGLE FILTER BRACKET
6	1	0713020473	FILTER HOUSING-LID .75 X 10 ASM
7	1	2614010473	O-RING 237 BLUE HOUSING



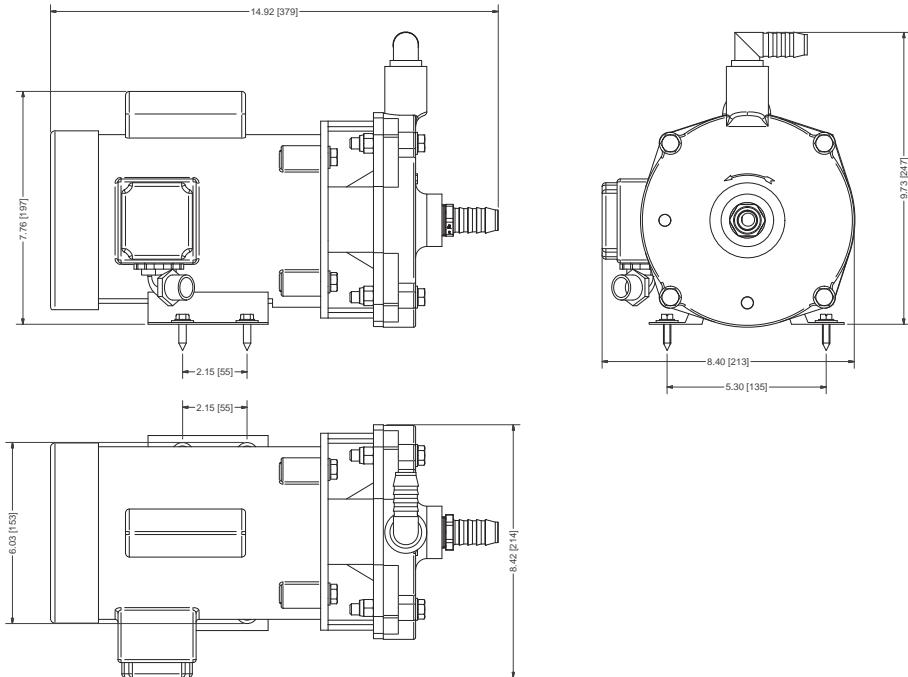
B008800002 PLANKTON FILTER ASSY-AW DOUBLE

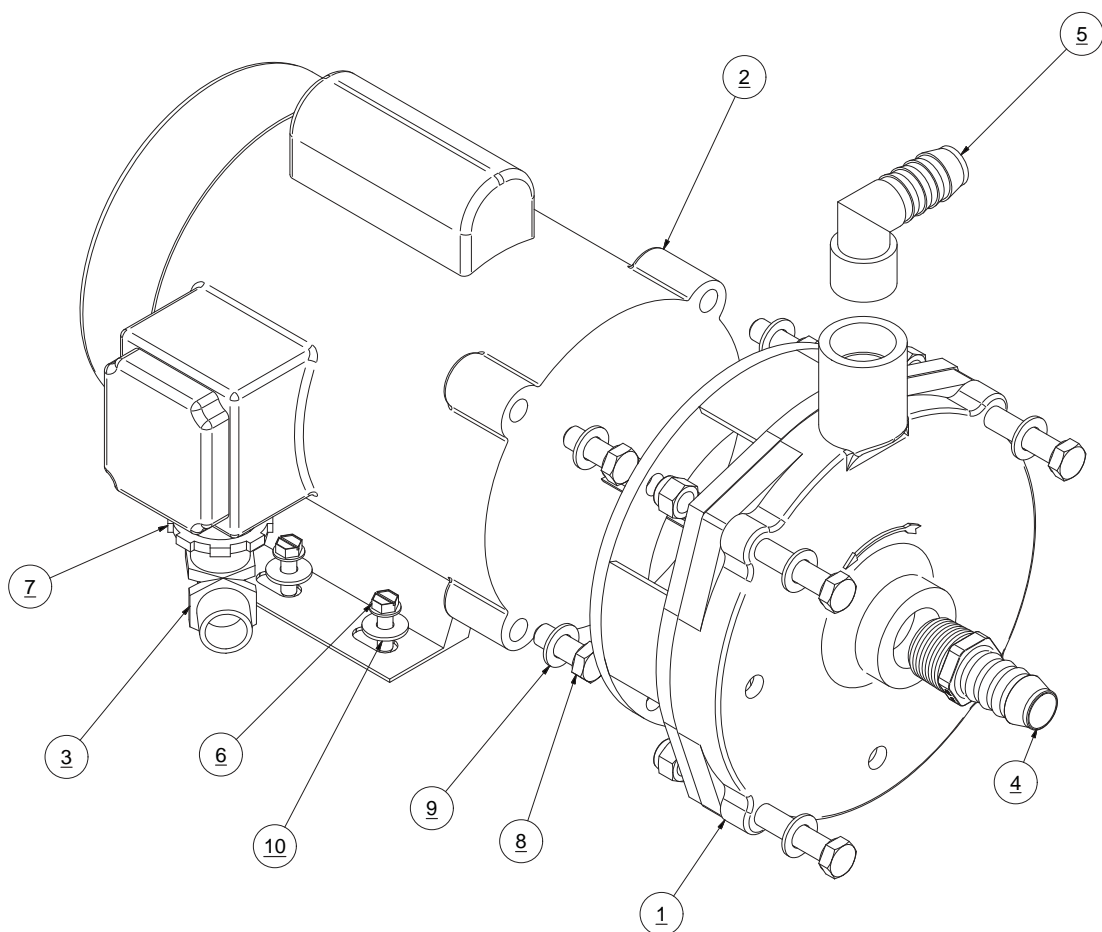
ITEM NO.	QTY.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	2	0713020473	FILTER HOUSING/LID 3/4 X 10
2	4	01013737CL	NIPPLE 3/4 NPT X CLOSE PVC "S
3	2	0101423783	TEE 3/4 FT X 3/4 FT X 3/4 FT P
4	3	0101653783	ADAP 3/4 MPT X 3/4 BARB PVC
5	2	0101013783	ELB90 3/4 FPT X 3/4 FPT PVC
6	3	0101073783	ELB90 3/4 MPT X 3/4 BARB PVC
7	2	0328066666	HOSE CLEAR BRAID 3/4"
8	12	05181434AA	HOSE CLAMP 3/4" SS
9	2	0805823578	ELEMENT PLANKTON
10	2	20200402102	SINGLE FILTER BRACKET
11	8	061172143016	SC HEX "A" 1/4 X 1 SS
12	8	061100043000	WASHER FLAT OS 1/4"SS
13	8	061170628016	SC PHIL PAN "A" 10 X 1 SS
14	8	065080028000	WASHER FLAT #10 NYLON



B016080026 BOOSTER PUMP ASSY 1PH HP75

ITEM NO.	QTY.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1	1	1205514772	BOOSTER PUMP HEAD HP75 W-4.75 IN IMPELLER
2	1	1519081110	MOTOR .50 HP 110-230-50-60-1PH
3	1	1920023632	STRAIN RELIEF 90 CG90-6250
4	1	0112653700	ADAP .75 MPT X.75 BARB NYLON
5	1	01120737DG	ELB90 .75 MPT X .75 BARB NYLON
6	4	061172143016	SCREX,HEX A,.25x1.00,SS
7	1	063200066000	NUT LOCK .50 STEEL
8	4	061142157016	SCREW,HEX HEAD,3/8-16x1",SS
9	4	061080056000	WASHER,FLAT,3/8",SS
10	4	061100043000	WASHER,FLAT,OS,1/4",SS



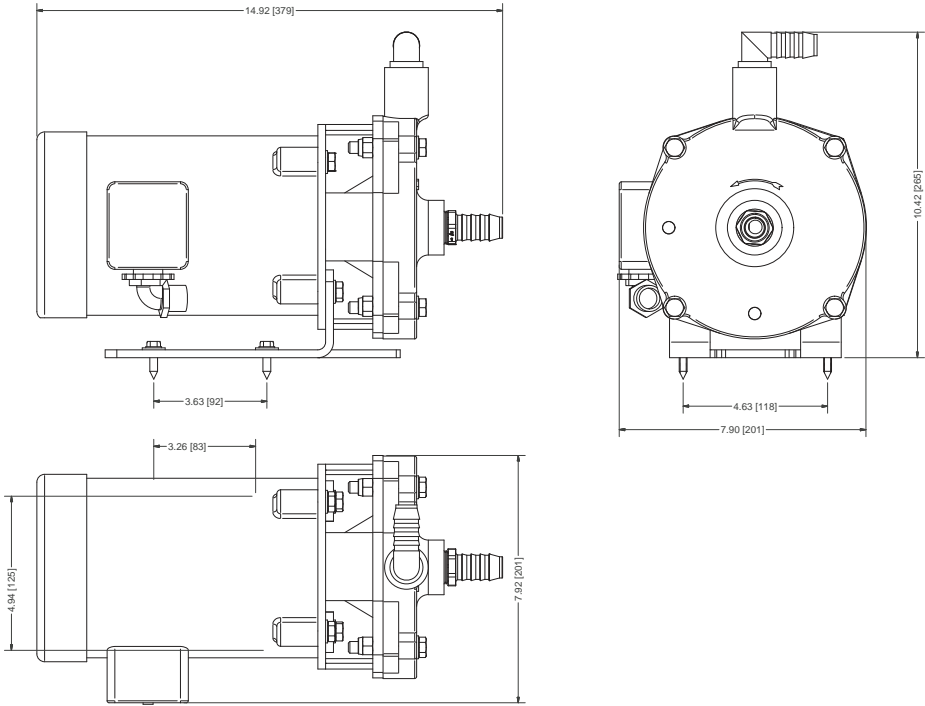


RECOMMENDED SPARES:

QTY.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1	2625130172	SEAL/SEAT BOOSTER PMP HP75 AB/SS
1	1205514772-1	GASKET/ORING HP75 PP
1	29020350072	IMPELLER 5" HP75 CPVC80

B016080027 BOOSTER PUMP ASSY 3PH HP75

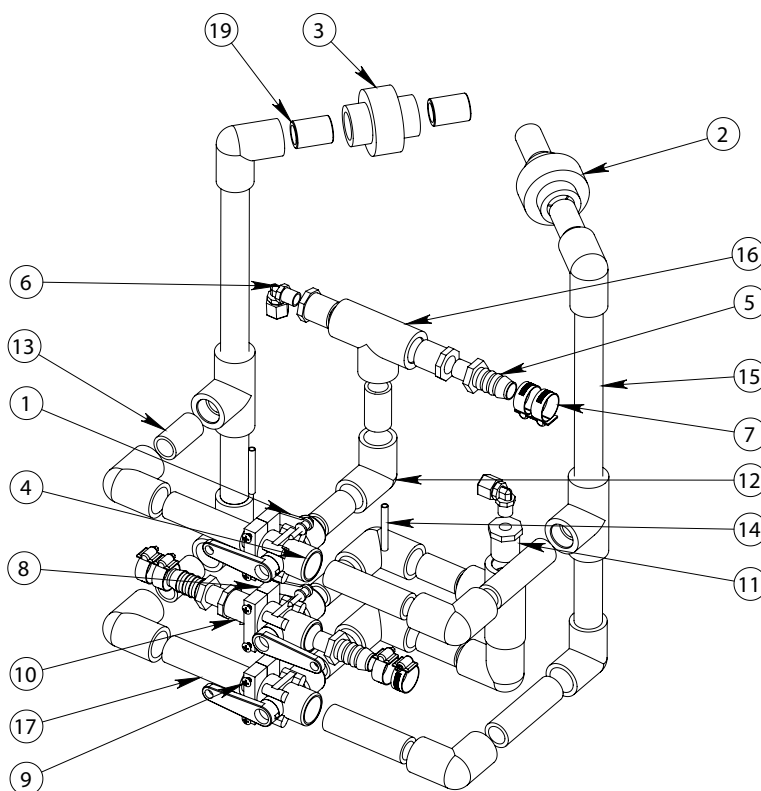
ITEM NO.	QTY.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1	1	1221514722-3	BRACKET,MTG,PUMP,BOOSTER
2	1	1205514772	BOOSTER PUMP HEAD HP75 W-4.75 IN IMPELLER
3	1	1520181110	MOTOR .50 HP 208-230-460-50-60
4	1	1920023632	STRAIN RELIEF 90 CG90-6250
5	1	0112653700	ADAP .75 MPT X.75 BARB NYLON
6	1	01120737DG	ELB90 .75 MPT X .75 BARB NYLON
7	4	061172143016	SCREX,HEX A,.25x1.00,SS
8	1	063200066000	NUT LOCK .50 STEEL
9	4	061142157020	SCREW,HEX HEAD,3/8-16x1-1/4",SS
10	4	061080056000	WASHER,FLAT,3/8",SS
11	4	061100043000	WASHER,FLAT,OS,1/4",SS



4

B075000001 MULTI MEDIA FILTER PLUMBING ASSY

ITEM NO.	QTY	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	2	05180851CC	GAUGE BRACKET CBM SS
2	1	0101693783	UNION .75 SL x .75 SL PVC
3	1	0101673783	UNION .75 FNPT x .75 FNPT PVC
4	3	14011317AR	VALVE 3-WAY BALL .75 SL
5	3	0101652683	ADAP 1/2 MPT X 3/4 BARB PVC
6	2	0204020869	ELB90 1/4 TUBE X 1/4 MPT PLAST
7	6	05181434AA	HOSE CLAMP 3/4" SS
8	3	1453131700-02	VALVE BRACKET 3/4" SL, SET
9	6	061161130028	SC PHIL OVAL 10-24 X 1 1/4 SS
10	3	0101313683	RB .75 SL x .50 FNPT PVC
11	2	0101323483	RB .75 SL x .25 FNPT PVC
12	12	0101053783	ELB90 .75 SL X .75 SL PVC
13	11	0301096600	PIPE PVC SCH 80 .75 DIA x 1.75LG
14	2	0312121969	TUBE .25 BLK SEMI-RIGID NYLON
15	2	0301096600	PIPE PVC SCH 80 3/4" PER FOOT
16	4	0101463783	TEE .75 SL x .75 SL x .75 SL PVC
17	8	0301096600	PIPE PVC SCH 80 .75 DIA x 3.625LG
18	1	0328066666	HOSE CLEAR BRAID 3/4"
19	2	01013737CL	NIPPLE .75 NPT X CLOSE PVC



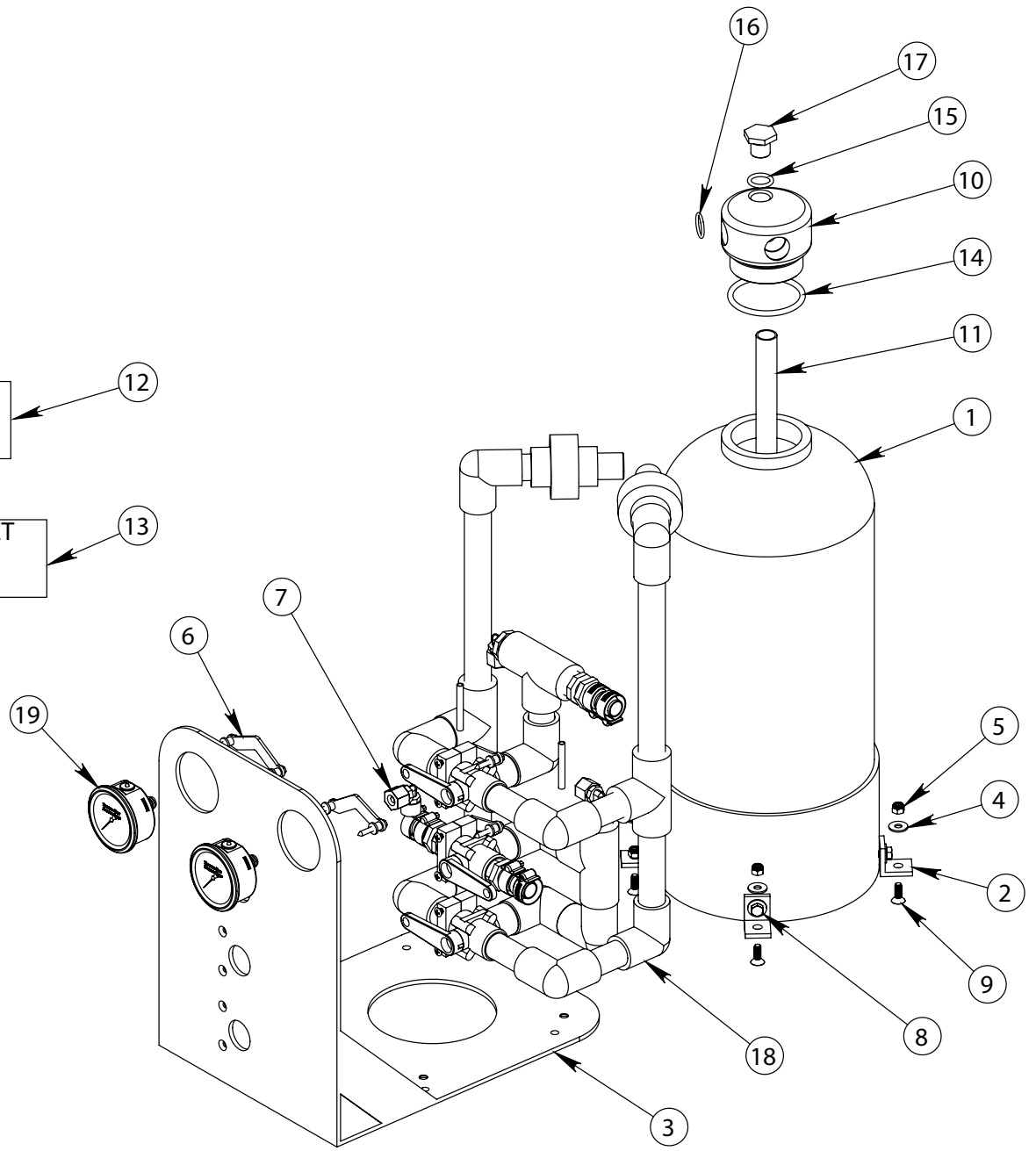
B071080002 MEDIA FILTER ASSY -4 HS/AW/UW

ITEM NO.	QTY	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	1	0708040468-1	MEDIA FILTER HOUSING 818 ALMOND
2	4	20200404010	BRACKET L"" MOUNTING FEET
3	1	20200325000	SKID MEDIA FILTER AS>7/97
4	16	061100043000	WASHER FLAT OS 1/4"SS
5	8	061060045000	NUT HEX 1/4-20 W/INSERT SS
6	2	05180851CC	GAUGE BRACKET CBM SS
7	2	0204010869	ELB90 1/4 TUBE X 1/4 FPT PLAST
8	4	061142145012	BOLT HEX 1/4-20 X 3/4 SS
9	4	061161845012	SC ALLEN FLAT 1/4-20 X 3/4 SS
10	1	0708040400-1	MEDIA FILTER TOP
11	1	0708040400-2	MEDIA FILTER RISER
12	25 LB.	4643020255	MEDIA SAND A1000 (100LB BAG)
13	17 LB.	4643070155	MEDIA GARNET 8-12 50# BAG
14	1	2614017300	O-RING 334 MEDIA LID 97
15	1	2614013001	O-RING 209
16	1	2614017400	O-RING 117 MEDIA TOP INLET
17	1	0708040400-3	PLUG MEDIA FILTER TOP
18	1	B075000001	MULTI MEDIA FILTER PLUMBING
19	2	10181522CC	GAUGE -30/0/70 CBM.NPT

Refer to drawing on next page.

MEDIA SAND
#A1000
25 POUNDS

MEDIA GARNET
8-12
17 POUNDS



PREFILTRATION CARTRIDGE FILTER ELEMENT WARNING:

Do not use third party Prefiltration Elements (Plankton Filter Elements, Prefilter Elements, Commercial Prefilter Elements, or Oil/Water Separator Elements). Use only Sea Recovery supplied Prefiltration Elements. Third party prefiltration elements on the market do not properly fit into the Sea Recovery Filter Housings, the seams fall apart, and they will allow by-pass resulting in EXTENSIVE AND EXPENSIVE DAMAGE TO THE HIGH PRESSURE PUMP AS WELL AS PREMATURE FOULING OF THE R.O. MEMBRANE ELEMENT.

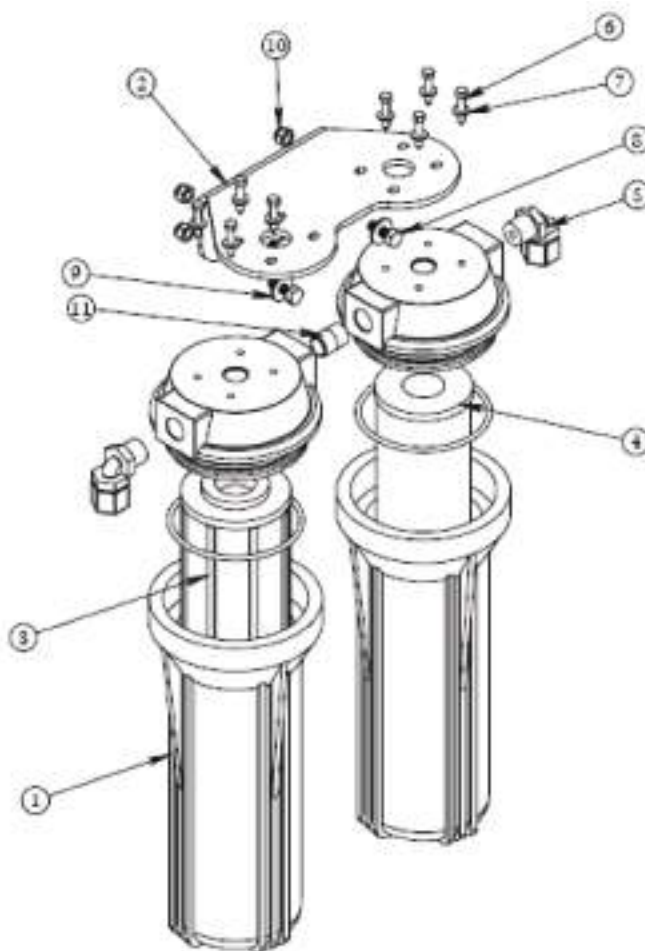
Damage caused to the Sea Recovery High Pressure Pump, R.O. Membrane Element, or any other component from the use of third party, non Sea Recovery supplied, filter elements is the responsibility and liability of the operator and is not covered by the Sea Recovery Warranty.

FILTER ELEMENT CAUTION:

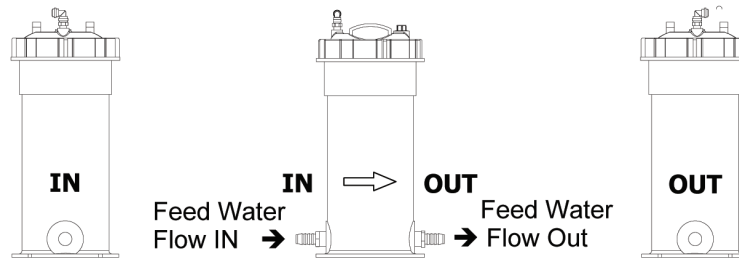
Do not use “string wound” or “fiber” type prefilter elements. These type of elements are designed for the Photographic Film Developing industry. When used in sea water they will plug up rapidly in 1/10th or less the time causing frequent shut down of the system and very frequent changing resulting in very high cost of maintenance.

9. PRE FILTER-DUAL ASSY B108140001

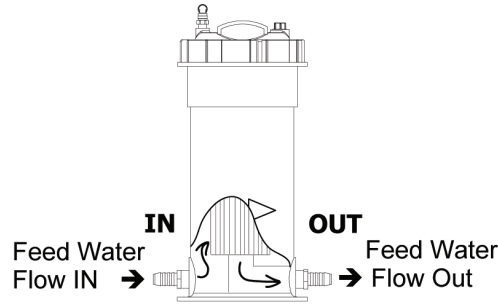
ITEM NO.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
1	0713020873	FILTER HOUSING/LID 1/2" X 20	2
2	20200402101	DUAL BRACKET, PRE-FILTER, CHRCL/PLNKTN	1
3	0801130257	ELEMENT PREFILTER 10-25	1
4	0801060157	ELEMENT PREFILTER 10-05	1
5	0112072600	ELBOW .50 MPT X 3/4 BARB NYLON	2
6	061170628016	SC PHIL PAN "A" 10 X 1 SS	8
7	061080028000	WASHER FLAT #10 SS	8
8	061142145012	BOLT HEX 1/4-20 X 3/4 SS	4
9	061100043000	WASHER FLAT OS 1/4"SS	4
10	061060045000	NUT HEX 1/4-20 W/INSERT SS	4
11	01013725CL	NIPPLE 1/2 NPT X CLOSE PVC	1



COMMERCIAL PREFILTER CONNECTION AND WATER FLOW

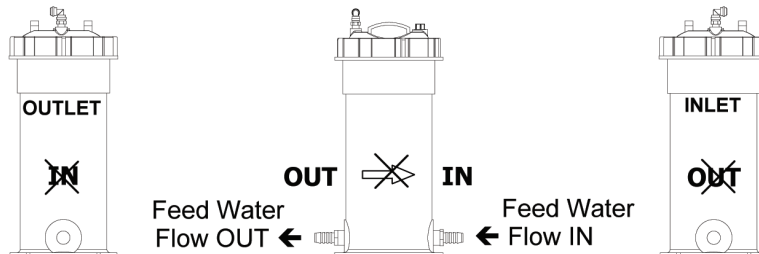


Commercial Prefilter is plumbed
as per the raised arrows and markings IN and OUT

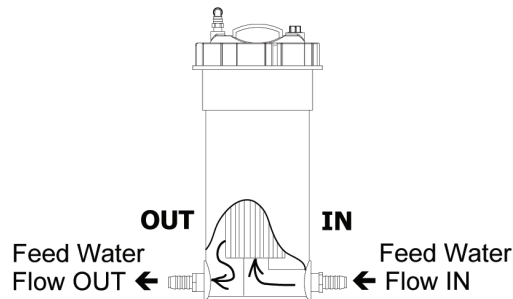


Feed Water Flow through the Commercial
Prefilter Element is from the OUTSIDE
of the Element to the INSIDE CENTER
of the Element

OIL/WATER SEPARATOR CONNECTION AND WATER FLOW



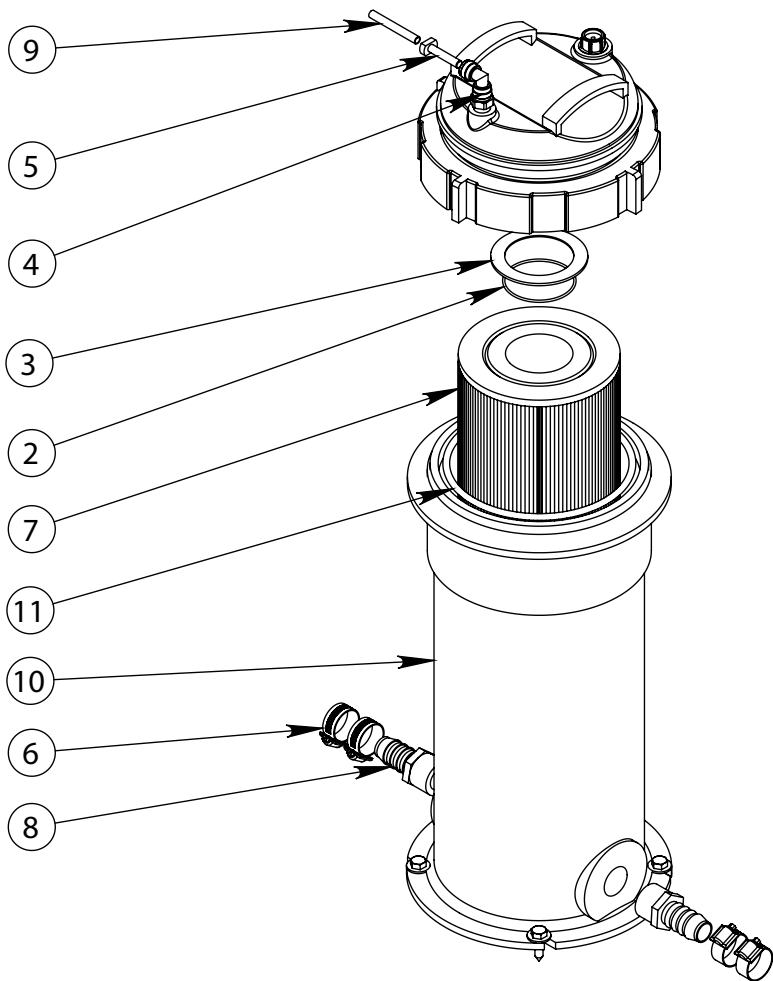
Oil/Water Separator utilizes the same housing as the Commercial Prefilter, however it is plumbed
OPPOSITE of the Commercial Prefilter and OPPOSITE of the raised arrows and markings IN and OUT
Separate Labels are placed on the Oil/Water Separator indicating correct INLET and OUTLET



Feed Water Flow through the
Oil/Water Separator Element
is from the INSIDE CENTER
of the Element to the
OUTSIDE of the element

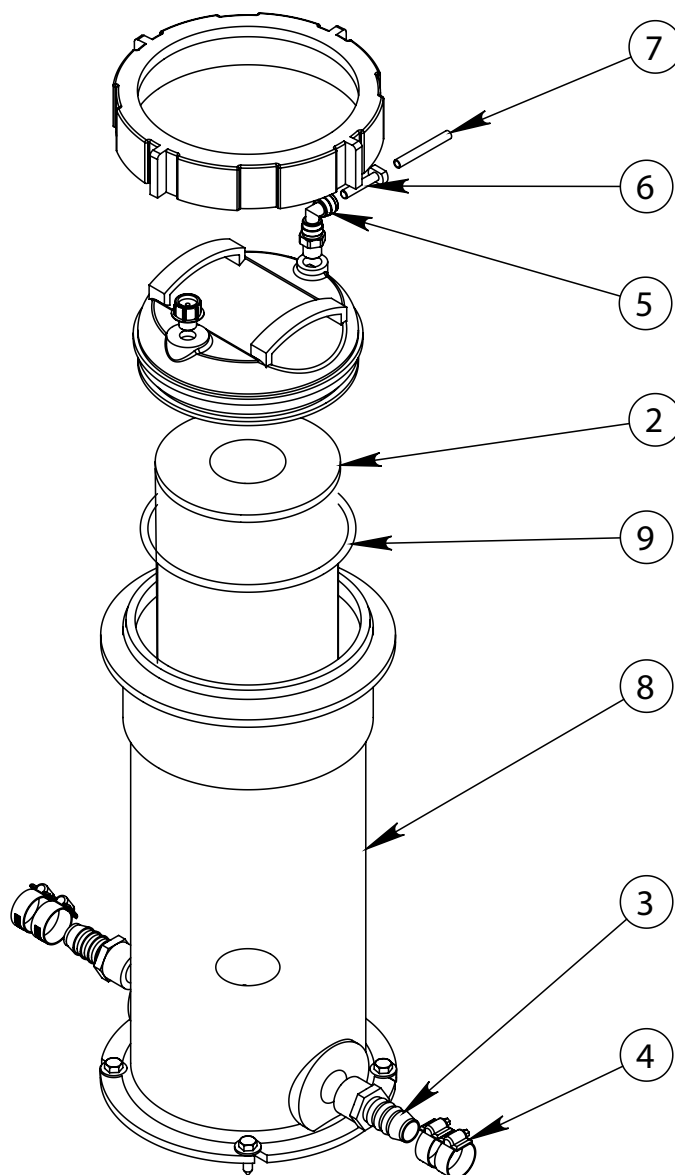
B109120001 COMMERCIAL PREFILTER ASSY 32.5 SQ FT SRC AQM

ITEM NO.	QTY	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	1	B109120001	COMMERCIAL PREFILTER ASSY 32.5 SQ FT (INCLUDES P/N 2-11)
2	2	2614018969	O-RING 034 FOR COMMERCIAL FILTER
3	2	3901040100	ADAPTER SPACER RING
4	1	0204020100	ELB90 .25 TUBE JQ x .25MNPT
5	1	0204990300	PLUG 1/4 JQ
6	4	05181434AA	HOSE CLAMP 3/4" SS
7	1	0801063357	ELEMENT CPFE 5 MIC 32.5 SQFT
8	2	0101653783	ADAP 3/4 MPT X 3/4 BARB PVC
9	15 FT.	0312121969	TUBE .25 BLK SEMI-RIGID NYLON
10	1	07620310WA	FILTER HOUSING 32.5SQFT >10/01
11	1	07620310WA-06	O-RING LID CPF/OWS 32.5SQFT



B111120001 OIL/WATER SEPARATOR ASSY SRC 32.5 SQ FT

ITEM NO.	QTY	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	1	B111120001	OIL / WATER SEPARATOR ASSY SRC 32.5 SQ FT (INCLUDES P/N 2-9)
2	1	08020723KD	ELEMENT OWSE 32.5 SQFT
3	2	0101653783	ADAP 3/4 MPT X 3/4 BARB PVC
4	3	05181434AA	HOSE CLAMP 3/4" SS
5	1	0204020100	ELB90 .25 TUBE JQ x .25MNPT
6	1	0204990300	PLUG 1/4 JQ
7	1	0312121969	TUBE .25 BLK SEMI-RIGID NYLON
8	1	07620310WA	FILTER HOUSING 32.5SQFT >10/01
9	1	07620310WA-06	O-RING LID CPF/OWS 32.5SQFT



HIGH PRESSURE PUMP WARNING:

Two similar pumps are commercially available. One has a lower water flow rate, the other has a higher water flow rate than the Sea Recovery High Pressure Pump.

The commercially available lower water flow rated pump will cause:

- a. Poor quality Product Water.
- b. Low Product Water Flow.
- b. Excessive operating pressure as the System attempts to adjust pressure to achieve rated Product Water Flow.
- c. Immediate fouling of the Sea Recovery Aqua Whisper R.O. Membrane Elements resulting in unrecoverable damage to them.

The commercially available higher water flow rated pump will cause:

- a. Low feed water pressure into the high pressure pump.
- b. Line pressure loss of feed water resulting in continual system shut down.
- c. Cavitation to the high pressure pump resulting in premature failure of the pump.
- d. Extensive Line Pressure Build-Up in the High Pressure Hoses and Manifolds.
- d. Telescoping damage of the R.O. Membrane Elements due to excessive feed flow across them.
- e. Over heating of the High Pressure Pump Electric Motor due to excessive load.

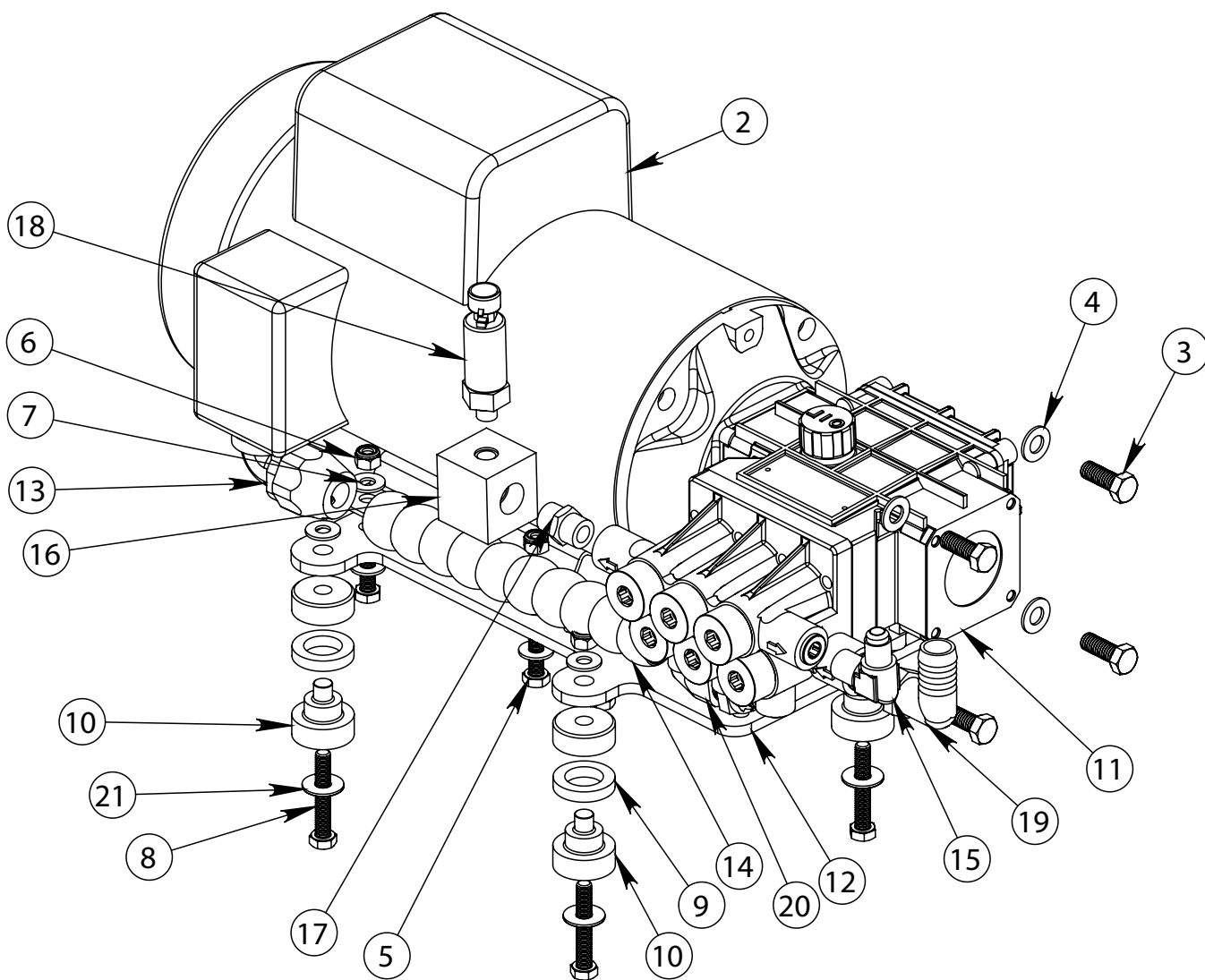
NEVER REPLACE THE SEA RECOVERY HIGH PRESSURE PUMP WITH A THIRD PARTY, NON SEA RECOVERY SUPPLIED, HIGH PRESSURE PUMP. THE SEA RECOVERY AQUA WHISPER HIGH PRESSURE PUMP IS NOT AVAILABLE THROUGH ANY SOURCE OTHER THAN SEA RECOVERY and SEA RECOVERY DEALERS. WHEN REPAIRING OR REPLACING THE HIGH PRESSURE PUMP ENSURE THAT THE MARINE DEALER HAS OBTAINED THE REPAIR PARTS OR THE PUMP FROM SEA RECOVERY.

DAMAGE CAUSED TO THE SEA RECOVERY SYSTEM RESULTING FROM THE USE OF NON SUPPLIED SEA RECOVERY PARTS OR COMPONENTS IS THE RESPONSIBILITY AND LIABILITY OF THE MARINE DEALER THAT SUPPLIED THE PUMP OR PARTS AND THE OPERATOR AND IS NOT COVERED BY THE SEA RECOVERY WARRANTY.

B156140003 HP PUMP/MOTOR ASSY AQMCII PLGR 110/220/5/6/1PH (Standard)

ITEM NO.	QTY	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	1	B156140003	HP PUMP MOTOR ASSY AQMC II PLGR 110/220/5/6/1PH (INCLUDES P/N 2-21)
2	1	15AC062412	MOTOR 2.5 HP 50/60 110/220
3	4	061142157016	BOLT HEX 3/8-16 X 1 SS
4	4	061080056000	WASHER FLAT 3/8" SS
5	4	061142150016	BOLT HEX 5/16-18 X 1.0LG SS
6	8	061060050000	HEX NUT 5/16-18 W/INSERT SS
7	12	061100049000	WASHER FLAT OS 5/16" SS
8	4	061142150032	BOLT HEX 5/16-18 X 2" SS
9	4	2020043902	SPACER MOTOR MOUNT AQMCII
10	4	2115031700	RUBBER MOUNT 90LB AQM
11	1	12180512CO	HP PUMP-GP 4.2 GPM SS LEFTHAND
12	1	20200239002	PLATE, GP MOTOR MOUNT PLATE AQWC II
13	1	1920016590	STRAIN RELIEF 90, .50 BLK W-NUT
14	1	4928402800	CONDUIT .50 FLEX BLK
15	1	1317021969	ELB90 -6 FLARE X 3/8 MPT SS
16	1	5353140903	MANIFOLD HP TRANSDUCER AQMW
17	1	01173818CL	NIPPLE HEX .375 NPT X CLOSE SS
18	1	2317100300	TRANSDUCER 0-2000 PSI 7/16" SAE
19	1	0112072600	ELB90 1/2 MPT X 3/4 BARB NYLON
20	1	1904040600	STRAIN RELIEF 1/2" BLK LT50P
21	4	061110049000	WASHER FENDER .312 SS

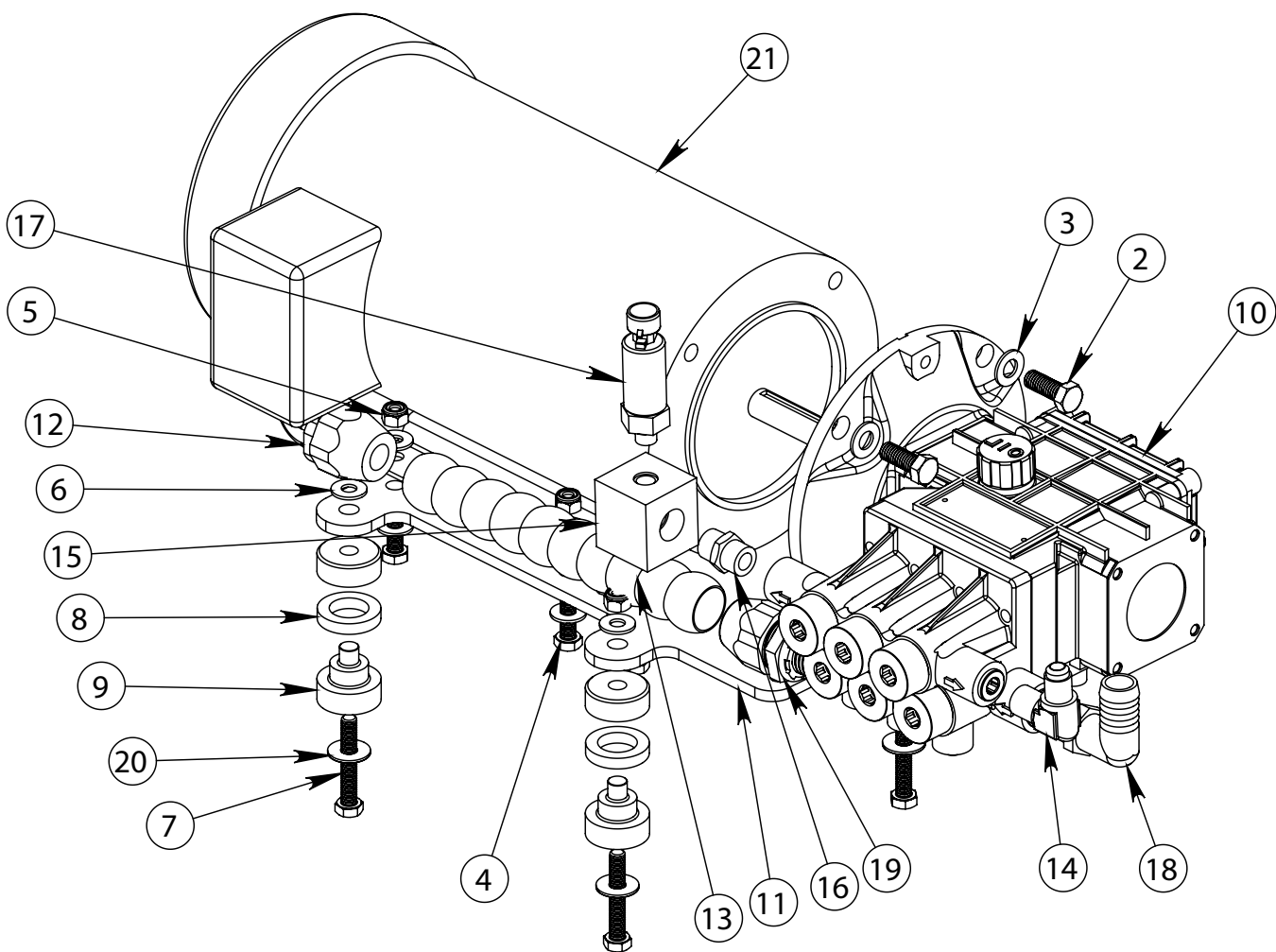
Refer to drawing on next page.



B156140004 HP PUMP/MOTOR ASSY AQMCII PLGR 220/440/60/3PH

ITEM NO.	QTY	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	1	B156140004	HP PUMP MOTOR ASSY AQMC II PLGR 220/440/60/3PH (INCLUDES P/N 2-21)
2	4	061142157016	BOLT HEX 3/8-16 X 1 SS
3	4	061080056000	WASHER FLAT 3/8" SS
4	4	061142150016	BOLT HEX 5/16-18 X 1.0LG SS
5	8	061060050000	HEX NUT 5/16-18 W/INSERT SS
6	12	061100049000	WASHER FLAT OS 5/16" SS
7	4	061142150032	BOLT HEX 5/16-18 X 2" SS
8	4	2020043902	SPACER MOTOR MOUNT AQMCII
9	4	2115031700	RUBBER MOUNT 90LB AQM
10	1	12180512CO	HP PUMP-GP 4.2 GPM SS LEFTHAND
11	1	20200239002	PLATE, GP MOTOR MOUNT PLATE AQWC II
12	1	1920016590	STRAIN RELIEF 90, .50 BLK W-NUT
13	1	4928402800	CONDUIT .50 FLEX BLK
14	1	1317021969	ELB90 -6 FLARE X 3/8 MPT SS
15	1	5353140903	MANIFOLD HP TRANSDUCER AQMW
16	1	01173818CL	NIPPLE HEX .375 NPT X CLOSE SS
17	1	2317100300	TRANSDUCER 0-2000 PSI 7/16" SAE
18	1	0112072600	ELB90 1/2 MPT X 3/4 BARB NYLON
19	1	1904040600	STRAIN RELIEF 1/2" BLK LT50P
20	4	061110049000	WASHER FENDER .312 SS
21	1	15AE231012	MOTOR 3 HP 220/60-440/60 3PH

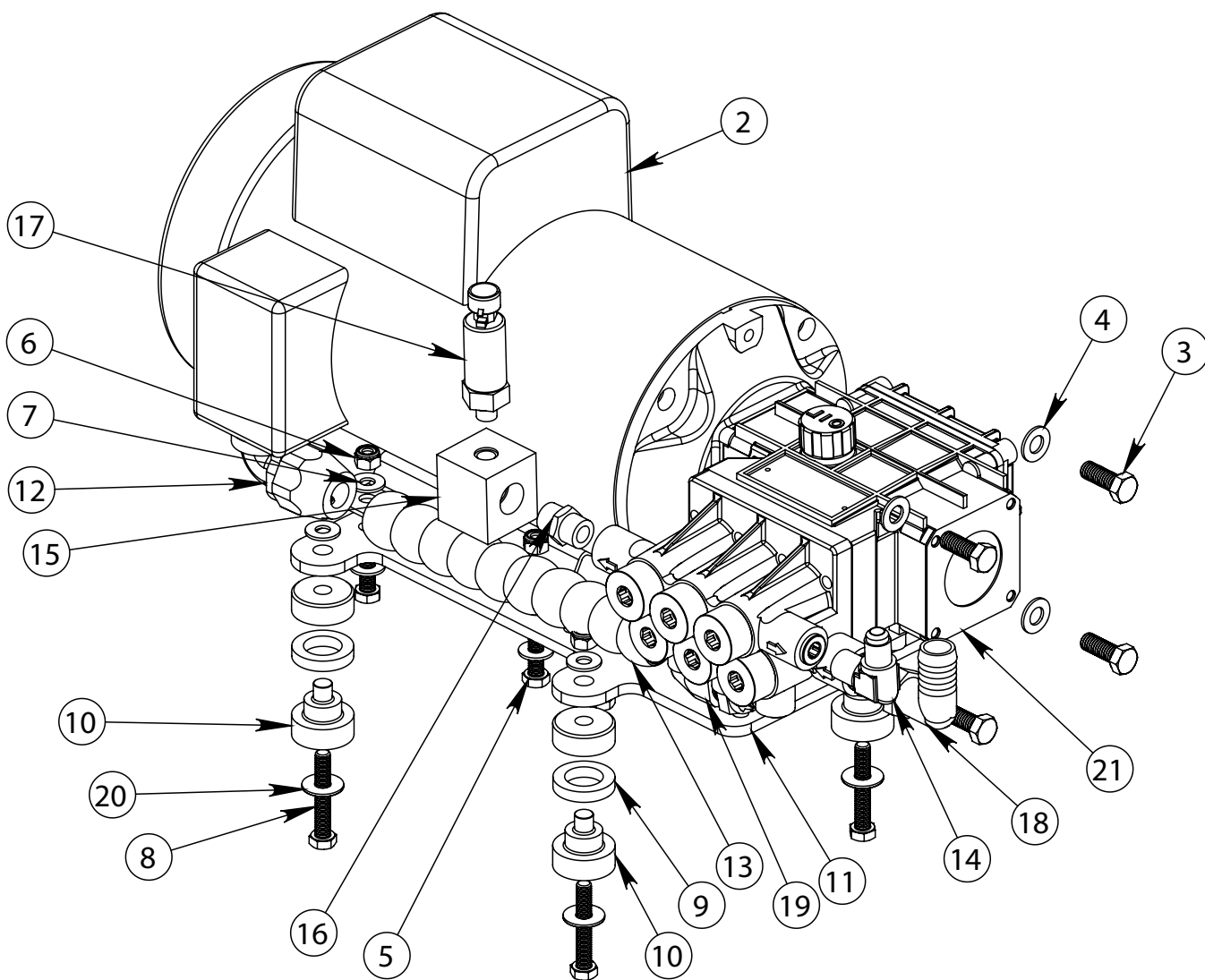
Refer to drawing on next page.



B156140006 HP PUMP/MOTOR PLGR AQMCII 110/220/6/1 SMALL 60 HZ

ITEM NO.	QTY	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	1	B156140003	HP PUMP MOTOR PLGR AQMC II 110/220/6/1SMALL 60 HZ (INCLUDES P/N 2-21)
2	1	15AC062412	MOTOR 2.5 HP 50/60 110/220
3	4	061142157016	BOLT HEX 3/8-16 X 1 SS
4	4	061080056000	WASHER FLAT 3/8" SS
5	4	061080056000	BOLT HEX 5/16-18 X 1.0LG SS
6	8	061060050000	HEX NUT 5/16-18 W/INSERT SS
7	12	061100049000	WASHER FLAT OS 5/16" SS
8	4	061142150032	BOLT HEX 5/16-18 X 2" SS
9	4	2020043902	SPACER MOTOR MOUNT AQMCII
10	4	2115031700	RUBBER MOUNT 90LB AQM
11	1	20200239002	PLATE, GP MOTOR MOUNT PLATE AQWC II
12	1	1920016590	STRAIN RELIEF 90, .50 BLK W-NUT
13	1	4928402800	CONDUIT .50 FLEX BLK
14	1	1317021969	ELB90 -6 FLARE X 3/8 MPT SS
15	1	5353140903	MANIFOLD HP TRANSDUCER AQMW
16	1	01173818CL	NIPPLE HEX .375 NPT X CLOSE SS
17	1	2317100300	TRANSDUCER 0-2000 PSI 7/16" SAE
18	1	0112072600	ELB90 1/2 MPT X 3/4 BARB NYLON
19	1	1904040600	STRAIN RELIEF 1/2" BLK LT50P
20	4	061110049000	WASHER FENDER .312 SS
21	1	12180511CO	HP PUMP-GP 3.0 GPM LEFTHAND

Refer to drawing on next page.



15. HP PUMP ASSY-12180513CO (Standard)

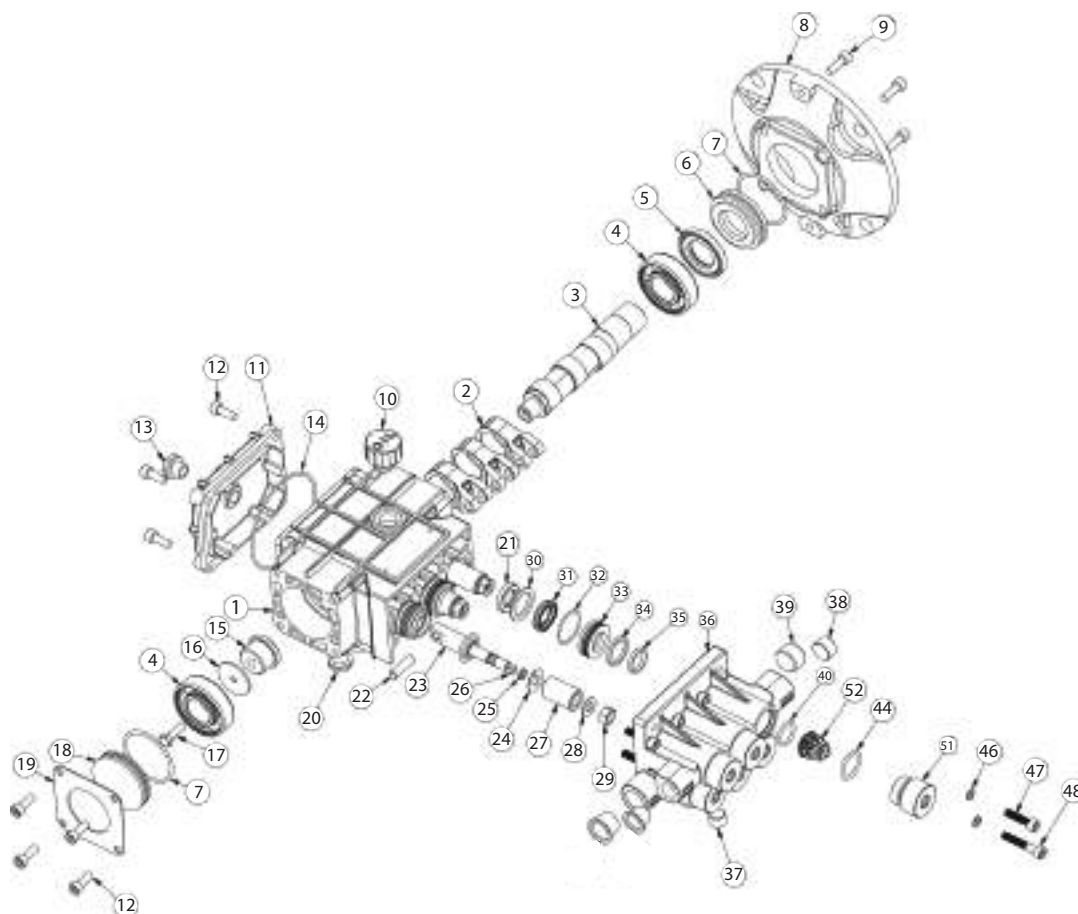
ITEM NO.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY
1-52	12180511CO	Pump HP 3.0 GPM SS Left (complete high pressure pump)	1
	12180512CO	Pump HP 4.2 GPM SS Left (complete high pressure pump)	
1-29	12180511CO-CCAL	Crank Case Stuffed HP 3.0 GPM SS Left	1
	12180512CO-CCAL	Crank Case Stuffed HP 4.2 GPM SS Left	
30-52	12180511CO-WE	Manifold Stuffed HP 3.0 GPM SS	1
	12180512CO-WE	Manifold Stuffed HP 4.2 GPM SS	
1	12180510CO-01	Crankcase	1
2	12180510CO-02	Connecting Rod	3
3	12180511CO-03	Crankshaft 5/8" Hollow 3.0 GPM	1
	12180512CO-03	Crankshaft 5/8" Hollow 4.2 GPM	
4	12180510CO-04	Bearing	2
5	12180510CO-05	Oil Seal, Crankshaft	1
6	12180510CO-06	Retainer, Oil Seal	1
7	12180510CO-07	O-ring, Oil Seal Retainer/Side Cover	2
8	12180510CO-08	Flange, NEMA 56C Face	1
9	12180510CO-09	Screw SHCS 18mm Long	4
10	12180510CO-10	Oil Cap Vented	1
11	12180510CO-11	Rear Cover	1
12	12180510CO-12	Screw SHCS 16mm Long	8
13	12180510CO-13	Sight Glass	1
14	12180510CO-14	O-ring, Rear Cover	1
15	12180510CO-15	Bushing	1
16	12180510CO-16	Washer	1
17	12180510CO-17	Screw HHCS 20mm long	1
18	12180510CO-18	Side Cover	1
19	12180510CO-19	Side Plate	1
20	12180510CO-20	Oil Drain Plug	1
21	12180510CO-21	Oil Seal Plunger	3
22	12180510CO-22	Wrist Pin	3
23	12180510CO-23	Plunger Rod	3
24	12180510CO-24	Slinger	3
25	12180510CO-25	Anti-Extrusion Ring	3
26	12180510CO-26	O-ring Plunger	3
27	12180510CO-27	Plunger 18mm	3
28	12180510CO-28	Washer, Plunger Rod	3
29	12180510CO-29	Nut, Plunger Rod	3
30	12180510CO-30	Seal Retainer	3
31	12180510CO-31	Low Pressure Seal	3
32	12180510CO-32	O-ring Seal Case	3
33	12180510CO-33	Seal case	3
34	12180510CO-34	Square Ring, High Pressure Seal	3
35	12180510CO-35	Glide Ring, High Pressure Seal	3
36	12180510CO-36	Manifold	1
37	12180510CO-37	1/4 NPT Plug	3
38	12180510CO-38	3/8 NPT Plug	1
39	12180510CO-39	1/2 NPT Plug	1
40	12180510CO-40	O-ring Valve Spacer	6

HP Pump Assy - Cont.

ITEM NO.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY
44	12180510C0-44	O-ring Valve Plug	6
46	12180510C0-46	Washer, Ribbed Lock	8
47	12180510C0-47	Screw SHCSM5 x 25mm Long	4
48	12180510C0-48	Screw SHCSM5 x 35mm Long	4
51	12180513C0-51	Valve Cap	6
52	12180510C0-52	Valve Assembly 2.3 through 4.2 GPM	6
	B647800003	Pump Oil 16oz	

REPAIR KITS:

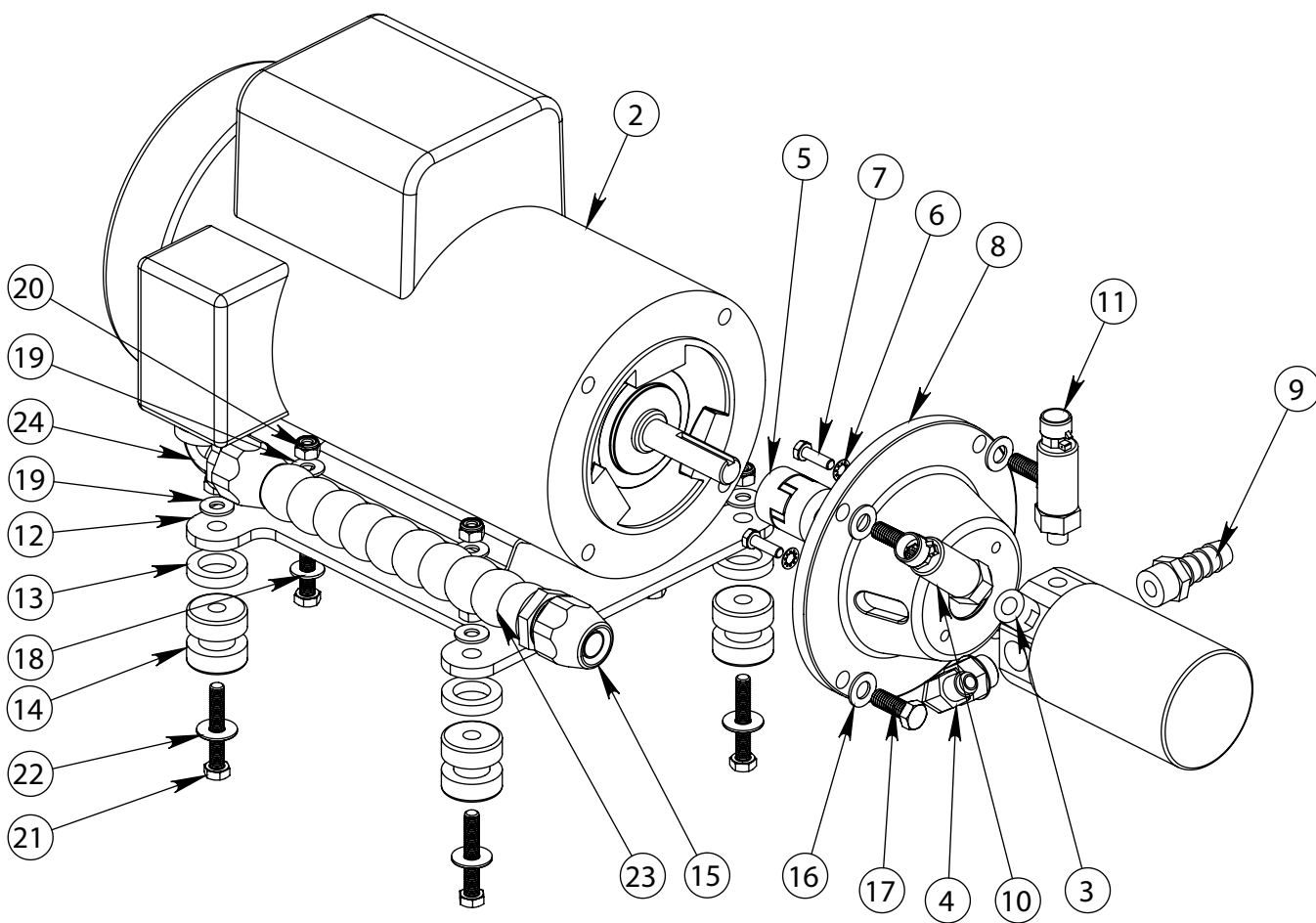
PART NUMBER	MODEL NUMBER	ITEMS IN KIT	PER KIT
B653090001	SRC HPP Seal Kit	25, 26, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34 & 35	3
B654080002	SRC HPP Valve Kit	40, 44 & 52	6
B652090002	SRC HPP Pump Kit	25, 26, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 40, 44 & 52	6



B156140001 HP PUMP / MOTOR ASSY AQMCII APP- Cptiona`

ITEM NO.	QTY.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	1	B156140001	HP PUMP MOTOR ASSY 1 PHASE (INCLUDES P/N 2-24)
2	1	15AE261912	MOTOR 3/2.5 HP 115/230 1PH
3	1	12572405DS	HPRA PUMP 4.37 GPM (CP)
4	1	1317021869	ELB90 -6 FLARE X 3/4 UNF SS
5	1	12207602RW	COUPLER TX1 AQM2
6	2	061120091000	WASHER SPLIT LOCK M6 SS
7	2	061142191174	HEX BOLT M6 X 20MM SS
8	1	1220770101	BELL HOUSING AQ/AW 1PH
9	1	01126526DG	ADAP 1/2 MPT X 3/4 BARB NYLON
10	1	2317100300	TRANSDUCER 0-2000 PSI 7/16" SAE
11	1	2317100200	TRANSDUCER 0-200 PSI 7/16" SAE
12	1	20200239000	PLATE MOTOR MOUNT AQMCII
13	4	2020043902	SPACER MOTOR MOUNT AQMCII
14	4	2115031700	RUBBER MOUNT 90 LB AQM
15	1	1904040600	STRAIN RELIEF 1/2" BLK LT50P
16	4	061080056000	WASHER FLAT 3/8" SS
17	4	061142157016	BOLT HEX 3/8-16 X 1 SS
18	4	061142150016	BOLT HEX 5/16-18 X 1.0LG SS
19	12	061100049000	WASHER FLAT OS 5/16" SS
20	8	061060050000	HEX NUT 5/16-18 W/INSERT SS
21	4	061142150032	BOLT HEX 5/16-18 X 2" SS
22	4	061110049000	WASHER FENDER .312 SS
23	1	4928402800	CONDUIT .50 FLEX BLK
24	1	1920016590	STRAIN RELIEF 90, .50 BLK W-NUT

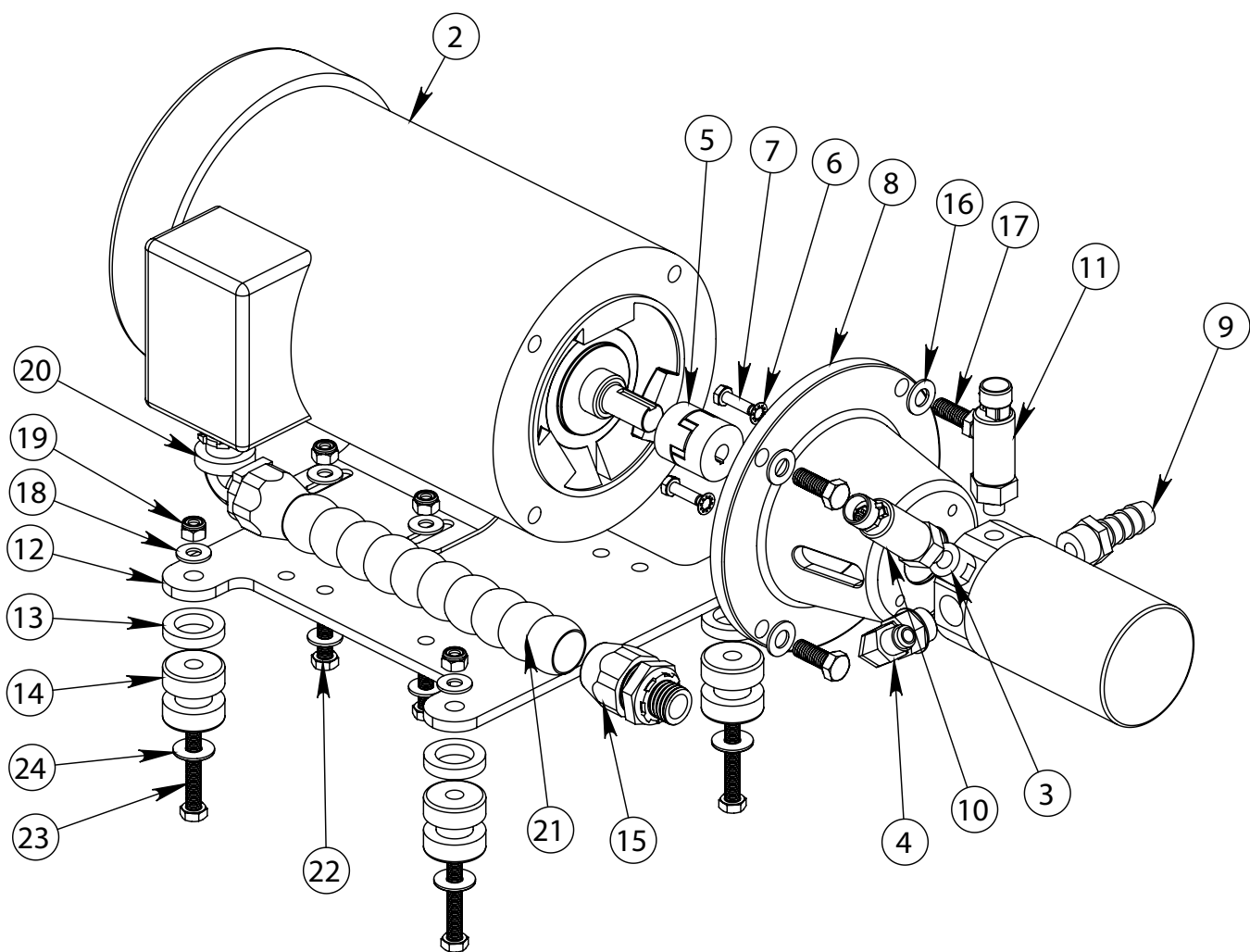
Refer to drawing on next page.



B156140002 HP PUMP / MOTOR ASSY AQMCII APP 3PH-Optional

ITEM NO.	QTY.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	1	B156140002	HP PUMP / MOTOR ASSY AQMC II 3PH (INCLUDES P/N 2-24)
2	1	15AF271910	MOTOR 3/2.5 HP 3 PH AQM 50/6
3	1	12572405DS	HPRA PUMP 4.37 GPM (CP)
4	1	1317021869	ELB90 -6 FLARE X 3/4 UNF SS
5	1	12207602RW	COUPLER TX1 AQM2
6	2	061120091000	WASHER SPLIT LOCK M6 SS
7	2	061142191174	HEX BOLT M6 X 20MM SS
8	1	1220770103	BELL HOUSING AQ/AW 3PH
9	1	01126526DG	ADAP 1/2 MPT X 3/4 BARB NYLON
10	1	2317100300	TRANSDUCER 0-2000 PSI 7/16" SAE
11	1	2317100200	TRANSDUCER 0-200 PSI 7/16" SAE
12	1	20200239000	PLATE MOTOR MOUNT AQMCII
13	4	2020043902	SPACER MOTOR MOUNT AQMCII
14	4	2115031700	RUBBER MOUNT 90 LB AQM
15	1	1904040600	STRAIN RELIEF 1/2" BLK LT50P
16	4	061080056000	WASHER FLAT 3/8" SS
17	4	061142157016	BOLT HEX 3/8-16 X 1 SS
18	12	061100049000	WASHER FLAT OS 5/16" SS
19	8	061060050000	HEX NUT 5/16-18 W/INSERT SS
20	1	1920016590	STRAIN RELIEF 90, .50 BLK W-NUT
21	1	4928402800	CONDUIT .50 FLEX BLK
22	4	061142150016	BOLT HEX 5/16-18 X 1.0LG SS
23	4	061142150032	BOLT HEX 5/16-18 X 2" SS
24	4	061110049000	WASHER FENDER .312 SS

Refer to drawing on next page.



PREFILTRATION CARTRIDGE FILTER ELEMENT WARNING:

Do not use third party Prefiltration Elements (Plankton Filter Elements, Prefilter Elements, Commercial Prefilter Elements, or Oil/Water Separator Elements). Use only Sea Recovery supplied Prefiltration Elements. Third party prefiltration elements on the market do not properly fit into the Sea Recovery Filter Housings, the seams fall apart, and they will allow by-pass resulting in EXTENSIVE AND EXPENSIVE DAMAGE TO THE HIGH PRESSURE PUMP AS WELL AS PREMATURE FOULING OF THE R.O. MEMBRANE ELEMENT.

Damage caused to the Sea Recovery High Pressure Pump, R.O. Membrane Element, or any other component from the use of third party, non Sea Recovery supplied, filter elements is the responsibility and liability of the operator and is not covered by the Sea Recovery Warranty.

FILTER ELEMENT CAUTION:

Do not use "string wound" or "fiber" type prefilter elements. These type of elements are designed for the Photographic Film Developing industry. When used in sea water they will plug up rapidly in 1/10th or less the time causing frequent shut down of the system and very frequent changing resulting in very high cost of maintenance.

B198000032 MEMBRANE RACK 450-1

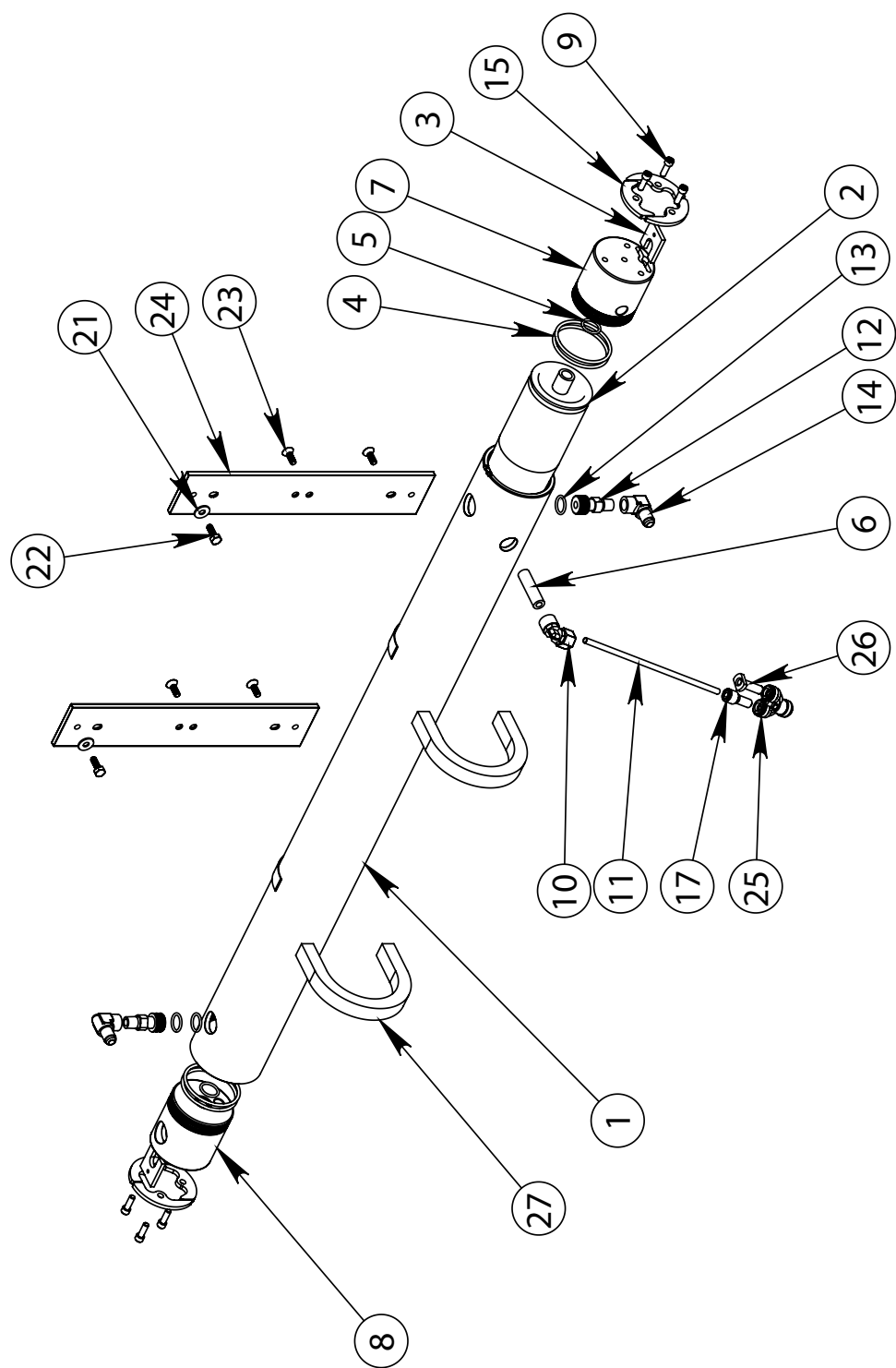
ITEM NO.	QTY	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	1	2408132500	VESSEL HIGH PRESSURE 450GPD
2	1	2724011233	MEMBRANE 450GPD W-SEAL
3	2	0520210600	RETAINER PORT MVA AW
4	4	2614014900	O-RING 230 BRINE 3" END PLUG
5	2	2614010100	O-RING 116 PRODUCT
6	1	0101370820	NIPPLE .25 NPT X 2.0 PVC
7	1	2453512400	END PLUG DUAL 3" AW
8	1	2453502401	END PLUG SINGLE 3 AW LONGER
9	6	061162345012	SC SOC CAP 1/4-20 X 3/4 SS
10	1	0204010869	ELB90 1/4 TUBE X 1/4 FNPT PLASTIC
11	1	0312121969	TUBE 1/4 BLACK
12	2	0117410800	NIPPLE HP MVA AW
13	4	2614017900	O-RING 115 INTERCONNECT AW
14	2	1317011769	ELB90 6 FLARE X .25 FPT SS
15	2	1317481969	SWIVEL FITTING 6 SS P
16	2	20201030000	SEGMENT RING AW (SET)
17	2	2432160669	HOSE HP -6P
18	2	2632180426	DECOFELT .125 x 1.25 BLK
19	1	0204690100	REDUCER .375 x .25 JQ
20	1	2220010660	LABEL MEMBRANE SERIAL NO
21	1	2234011260	LABEL INLET (SRC BLUE)
22	1	2234011360	LABEL OUTLET (SRC BLUE)
23	2	061100043000	WASHER FLAT OS 1/4" SS
24	2	061142145012	BOLT HEX 1/4-20 X 3/4 SS
25	4	061161845012	SC ALLEN FLAT 1/4-20 X 3/4 SS
26	2	0520051800	MVA RACK AW SERIES
27	1	0204741800	UNION TEE 3/8 X 3/8 X 3/8 DIV
28	1	0204990200	PLUG .375 JQ
29	2	05202401GR	BRACKET MVA U-CLAMP

Refer to drawing on next page.

B198000033 MEMBRANE RACK 700-1

ITEM NO.	QTY.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	1	2408132500-01	VESSEL HIGH PRESSURE 700GPD
2	1	2724011333	MEMBRANE 700GPD W-SEAL
3	2	0520210600	RETAINER PORT MVA AW
4	4	2614014900	O-RING 230 BRINE 3" END PLUG
5	2	2614010100	O-RING 116 PRODUCT
6	1	0101370820	NIPPLE .25 NPT X 2.0 PVC
7	1	2453512400	END PLUG DUAL 3" AW
8	1	2453502401	END PLUG SINGLE 3 AW LONGER
9	6	061162345012	SC SOC CAP 1/4-20 X 3/4 SS
10	1	0204010869	ELB90 1/4 TUBE X 1/4 FNPT PLASTIC
11	1	0312121969	TUBE 1/4 BLACK
12	2	0117410800	NIPPLE HP MVA AW
13	4	2614017900	O-RING 115 INTERCONNECT AW
14	2	1317011769	ELB90 6 FLARE X .25 FPT SS
15	2	20201030000	SEGMENT RING AW (SET)
16	2	2632180426	DECOFELT .125 x 1.25 BLK
17	1	0204690100	REDUCER .375 x .25 JQ
18	1	2220010660	LABEL MEMBRANE SERIAL NO
19	1	2234011260	LABEL INLET (SRC BLUE)
20	1	2234011360	LABEL OUTLET (SRC BLUE)
21	2	061100043000	WASHER FLAT OS 1/4" SS
22	2	061142145012	BOLT HEX 1/4-20 X 3/4 SS
23	4	061161845012	SC ALLEN FLAT 1/4-20 X 3/4 SS
24	2	0520051800	MVA RACK AW SERIES
25	1	0204741800	UNION TEE 3/8 X 3/8 X 3/8 DIV
26	1	0204990200	PLUG .375 JQ
27	2	05202401GR	BRACKET MVA U-CLAMP

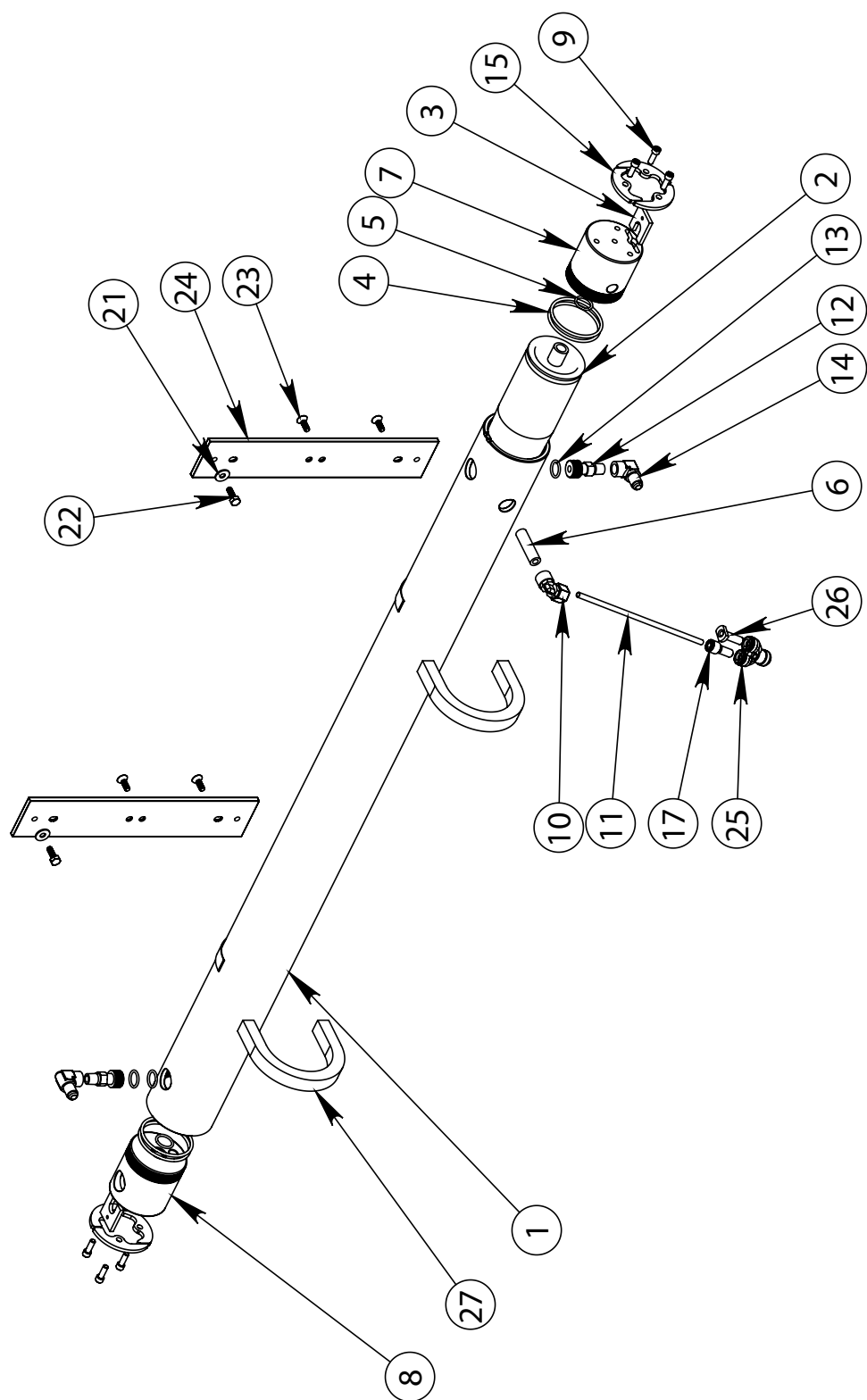
Refer to drawing on next page.



B198000034 MEMBRANE RACK 900-1

ITEM NO.	QTY.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	1	2408132500-02	VESSEL HIGH PRESSURE 900GPD
2	1	2724011433	MEMBRANE 900GPD W/SEAL
3	2	0520210600	RETAINER PORT MVA AW
4	4	2614014900	O-RING 230 BRINE 3" END PLUG
5	2	2614010100	O-RING 116 PRODUCT
6	1	0101370820	NIPPLE .25 NPT X 2.0 PVC
7	1	2453512400	END PLUG DUAL 3" AW
8	1	2453502401	END PLUG SINGLE 3 AW LONGER
9	6	061162345012	SC SOC CAP 1/4-20 X 3/4 SS
10	1	0204010869	ELB90 1/4 TUBE X 1/4 FNPT PLASTIC
11	1	0312121969	TUBE 1/4 BLACK
12	2	0117410800	NIPPLE HP MVA AW
13	4	2614017900	O-RING 115 INTERCONNECT AW
14	2	1317011769	ELB90 6 FLARE X .25 FPT SS
15	2	20201030000	SEGMENT RING AW (SET)
16	2	2632180426	DECOFELT .125 x 1.25 BLK
17	1	0204690100	REDUCER .375 x .25 JQ
18	1	2220010660	LABEL MEMBRANE SERIAL NO
19	1	2234011260	LABEL INLET (SRC BLUE)
20	1	2234011360	LABEL OUTLET (SRC BLUE)
21	2	061100043000	WASHER FLAT OS 1/4" SS
22	2	061142145012	BOLT HEX 1/4-20 X 3/4" SS
23	4	061161845012	SC ALLEN FLAT 1/4-20 X 3/4" SS
24	2	0520051800	MVA RACK AW SERIES
25	1	0204741800	UNION TEE 3/8 X 3/8 X 3/8 DIV
26	1	0204990200	PLUG .375 JQ
27	2	05202401GR	BRACKET MVA U-CLAMP

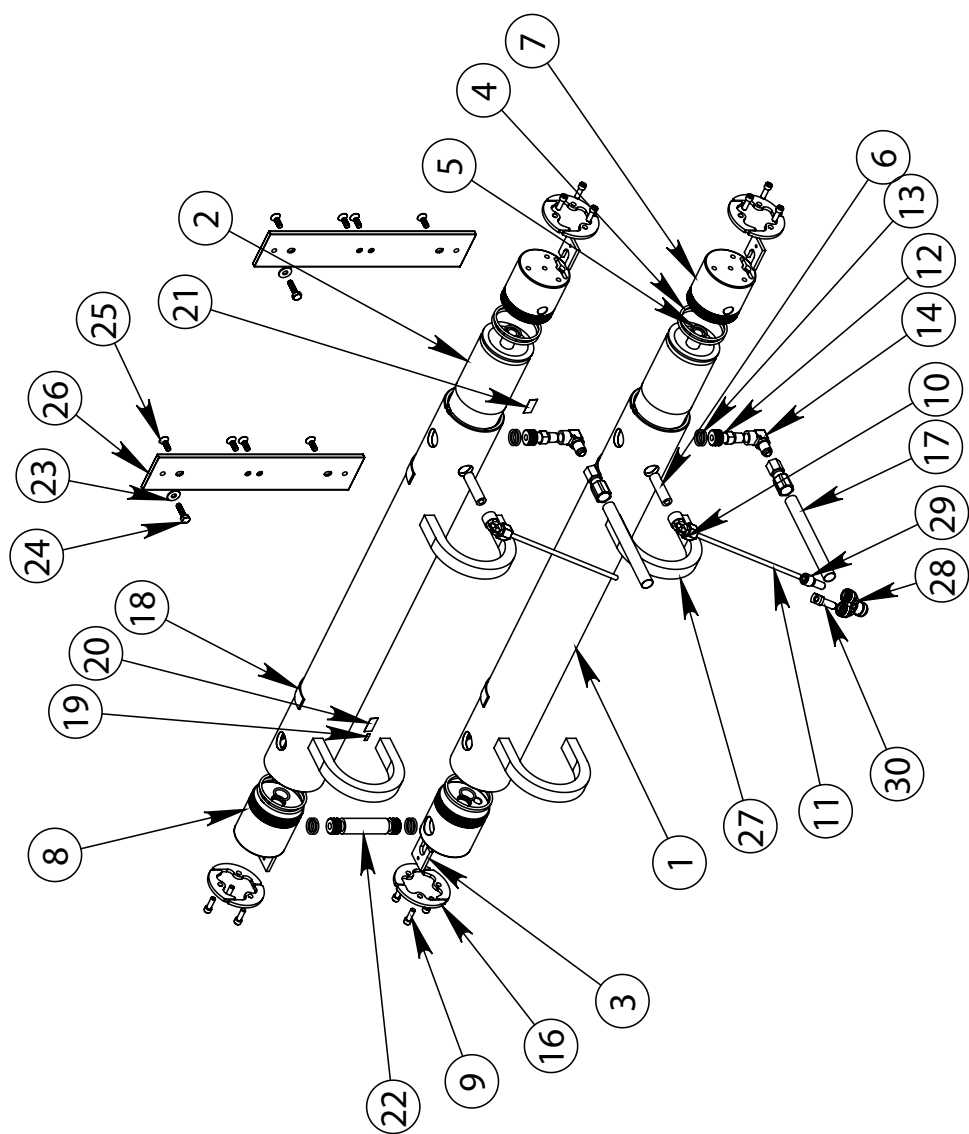
Refer to drawing on next page.



B198000035 MEMBRANE RACK 900-2

ITEM NO.	QTY.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1	2	2408132500	VESSEL HIGH PRESSURE 450GPD
2	2	2724011233	MEMBRANE 450GPD W-SEAL
3	4	0520210600	RETAINER PORT MVA AW
4	8	2614014900	O-RING 230 BRINE 3" END PLUG
5	4	2614010100	O-RING 116 PRODUCT
6	2	0101370820	NIPPLE .25 NPT X 2.0 PVC
7	2	2453512400	END PLUG DUAL 3" AW
8	2	2453502401	END PLUG SINGLE 3 AW LONGER
9	12	061162345012	SC SOC CAP 1/4-20 X 3/4 SS
10	2	0204010869	ELB90 1/4 TUBE X 1/4 FNPT PLASTIC
11	2	0312121969	TUBE 1/4 BLACK
12	2	0117410800	NIPPLE HP MVA AW
13	8	2614017900	O-RING 115 INTERCONNECT AW
14	2	1317011769	ELB90 6 FLARE X .25 FPT SS
15	2	1317481969	SWIVEL FITTING 6 SS P
16	4	20201030000	SEGMENT RING AW (SET)
17	2	2432160669	HOSE HP -6P
18	4	2632180526	DECOFELT 1/16 X 1 BLK ADH BACK
19	2	2220010660	LABEL MEMBRANE SERIAL NO
20	2	2234011260	LABEL INLET (SRC BLUE)
21	2	2234011360	LABEL OUTLET (SRC BLUE)
22	1	2417430800	INTERCONNECT MVA SS AW
23	2	061100043000	WASHER FLAT OS 1/4" SS
24	2	061142145016	BOLT HEX .25-20 X 1.0 SS
25	8	061161845012	SC ALLEN FLAT 1/4-20 X 3/4 SS
26	2	0520051800	MVA RACK AW SERIES
27	4	05202401GR	BRACKET MVA U-CLAMP
28	1	0204741800	UNION TEE 3/8 X 3/8 X 3/8 DIV
29	1	0204690100	REDUCER .375 x .25 JQ
30	1	0204990200	PLUG .375 JQ

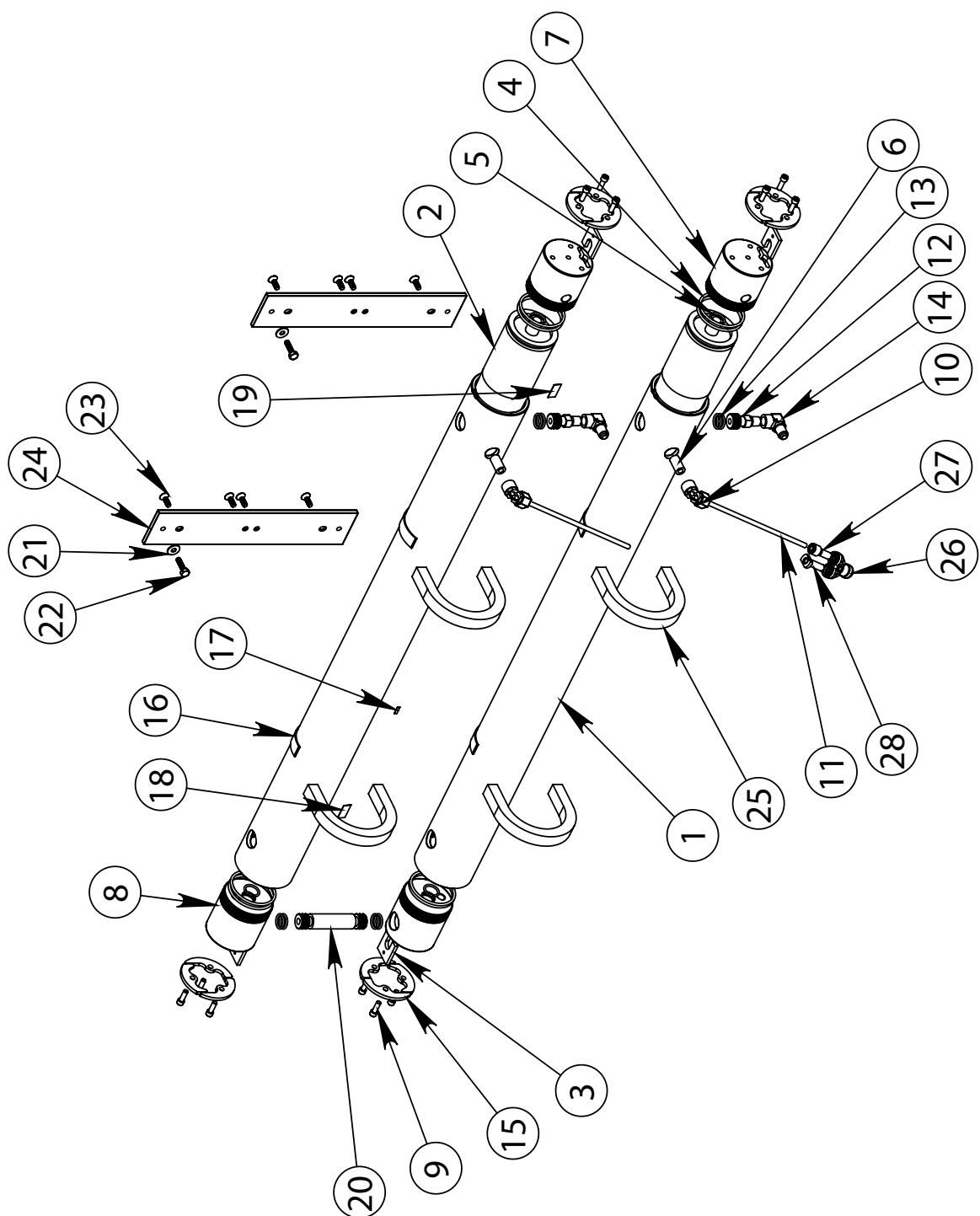
Refer to drawing on next page.



B198000036 MEMBRANE RACK 1400-2

ITEM NO.	QTY.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	2	2408132500-01	VESSEL HIGH PRESSURE 700GPD
2	2	2724011333	MEMBRANE 700GPD W-SEAL
3	4	0520210600	RETAINER PORT MVA AW
4	8	2614014900	O-RING 230 BRINE 3" END PLUG
5	4	2614010100	O-RING 116 PRODUCT
6	2	0101370815	NIPPLE 1/4 NPT X 1 1/2 PVC
7	2	2453512400	END PLUG DUAL 3" AW
8	2	2453502401	END PLUG SINGLE 3 AW LONGER
9	12	061162345012	SC SOC CAP 1/4-20 X 3/4 SS
10	2	0204010869	ELB90 1/4 TUBE X 1/4 FNPT PLASTIC
11	2	0312121969	TUBE 1/4 BLACK
12	2	0117410800	NIPPLE HP MVA AW
13	8	2614017900	O-RING 115 INTERCONNECT AW
14	2	1317011769	ELB90 6 FLARE X .25 FPT SS
15	4	20201030000	SEGMENT RING AW (SET)
16	4	2632180526	DECOFELT 1/16 X 1 BLK ADH BACK
17	2	2220010660	LABEL MEMBRANE SERIAL NO
18	2	2234011260	LABEL INLET (SRC BLUE)
19	2	2234011360	LABEL OUTLET (SRC BLUE)
20	1	2417430800	INTERCONNECT MVA SS AW
21	2	061100043000	WASHER FLAT OS 1/4" SS
22	2	061142145016	BOLT HEX .25-20 X 1.0 SS
23	8	061161845012	SC ALLEN FLAT 1/4-20 X 3/4 SS
24	2	0520051800	MVA RACK AW SERIES
25	4	05202401GR	BRACKET MVA U-CLAMP
26	1	0204741800	UNION TEE 3/8 X 3/8 X 3/8 DIV
27	1	0204690100	REDUCER .375 x .25 JQ
28	1	0204990200	PLUG .375 JQ

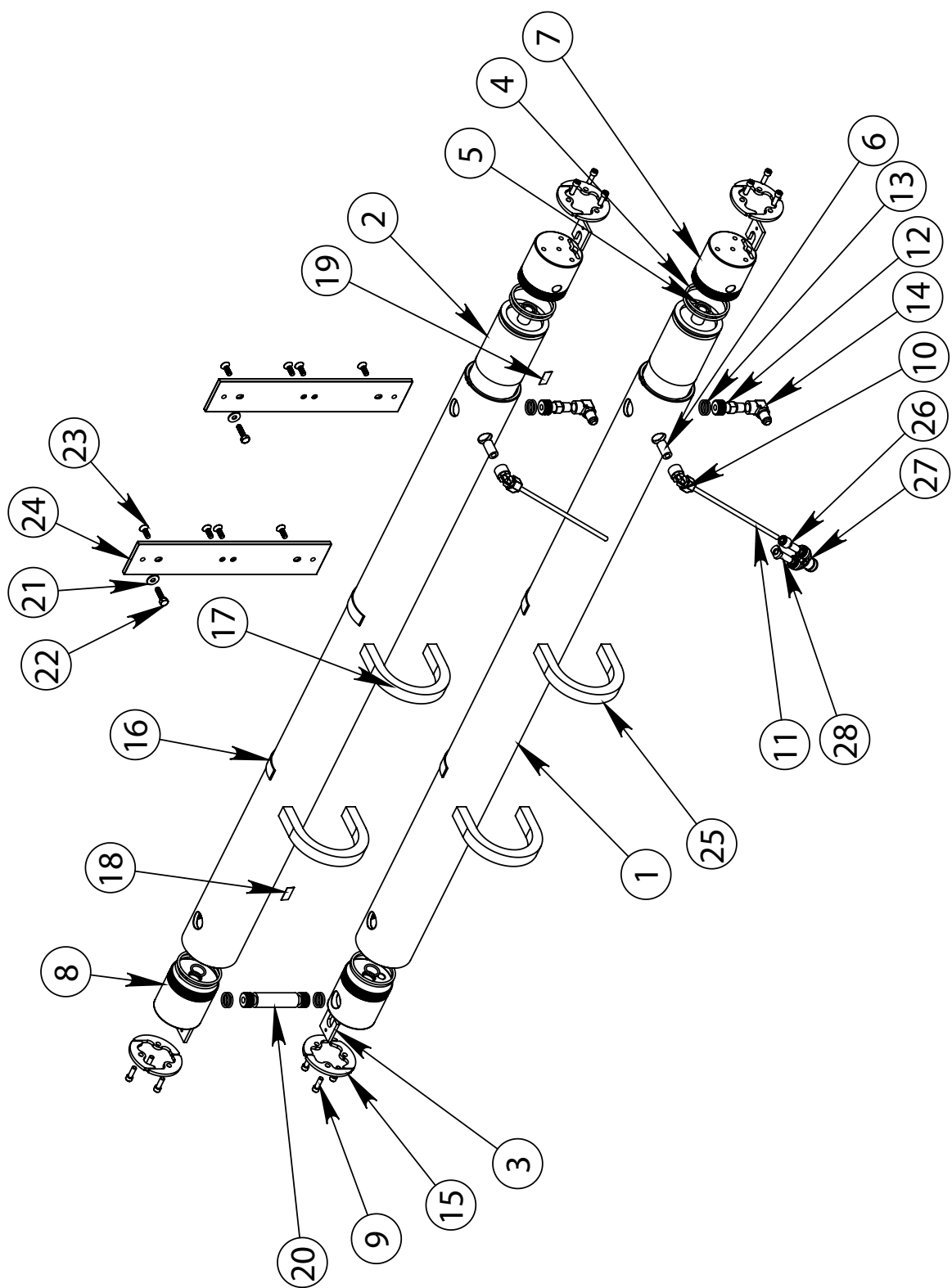
Refer to drawing on next page.



B198000037 MEMBRANE RACK 1800-2

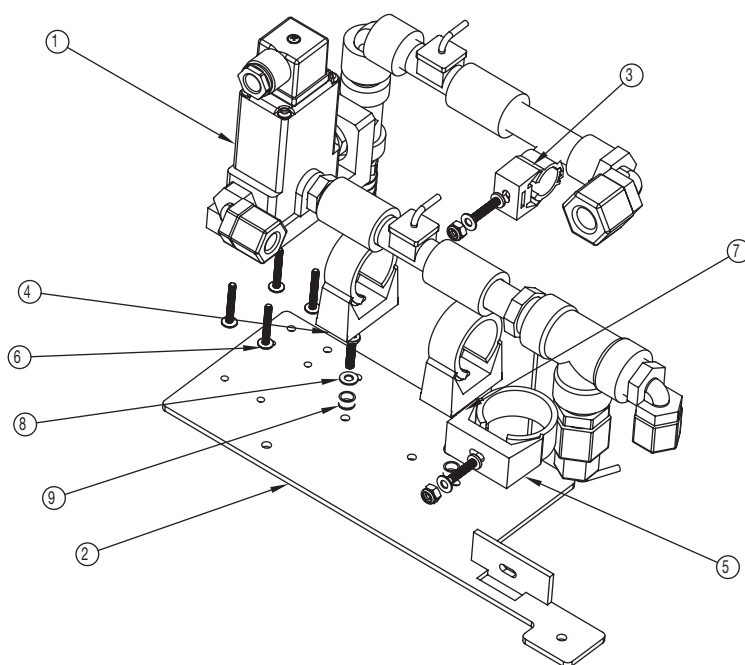
ITEM NO.	QTY.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	2	2408132500-02	VESSEL HIGH PRESSURE 900GPD
2	2	2724011433	MEMBRANE 900GPD W/SEAL
3	4	0520210600	RETAINER PORT MVA AW
4	8	2614014900	O-RING 230 BRINE 3" END PLUG
5	4	2614010100	O-RING 116 PRODUCT
6	2	0101370815	NIPPLE 1/4 NPT X 1 1/2 PVC
7	2	2453512400	END PLUG DUAL 3" AW
8	2	2453502401	END PLUG SINGLE 3 AW LONGER
9	12	061162345012	SC SOC CAP 1/4-20 X 3/4 SS
10	2	0204010869	ELB90 1/4 TUBE X 1/4 FNPT PLASTIC
11	2	0312121969	TUBE 1/4 BLACK
12	2	0117410800	NIPPLE HP MVA AW
13	8	2614017900	O-RING 115 INTERCONNECT AW
14	2	1317011769	ELB90 6 FLARE X .25 FPT SS
15	4	20201030000	SEGMENT RING AW (SET)
16	4	2632180526	DECOFELT 1/16 X 1 BLK ADH BACK
17	2	2220010660	LABEL MEMBRANE SERIAL NO
18	2	2234011260	LABEL INLET (SRC BLUE)
19	2	2234011360	LABEL OUTLET (SRC BLUE)
20	1	2417430800	INTERCONNECT MVA SS AW
21	2	061100043000	WASHER FLAT OS 1/4"SS
22	2	061142145016	BOLT HEX .25-20 X 1.0 SS
23	8	061161845012	SC ALLEN FLAT 1/4-20 X 3/4 SS
24	2	0520051800	MVA RACK AW SERIES
25	4	05202401GR	BRACKET MVA U-CLAMP
26	1	0204690100	REDUCER .375 x .25 JQ
27	1	0204741800	UNION TEE 3/8 X 3/8 X 3/8 DIV
28	1	0204990200	PLUG .375 JQ

Refer to drawing on next page.



25. WET PLATE ASSY B480930001

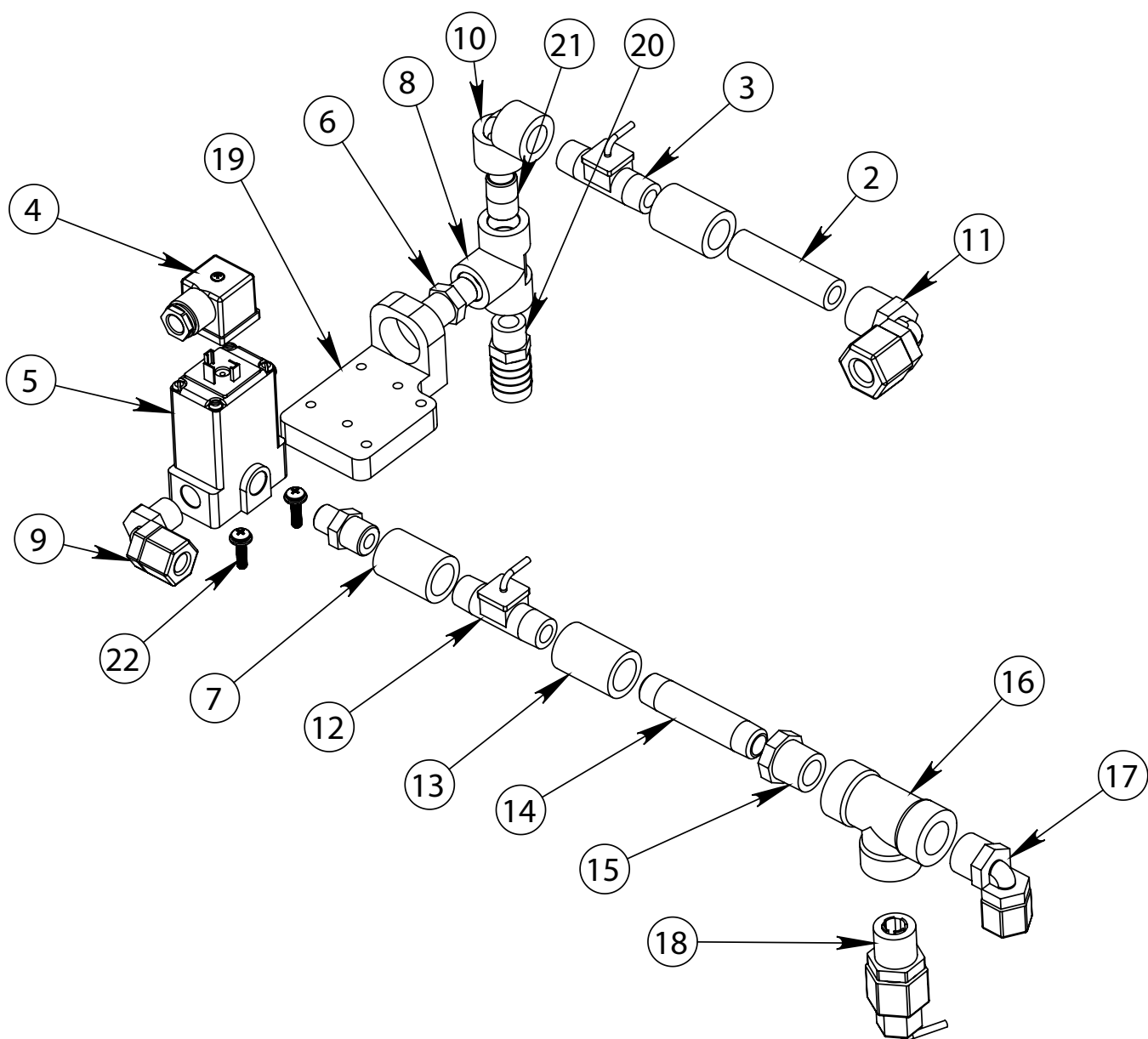
ITEM NO.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
1	B515160001	LP ASSY	1
2	2020083000	PLATE WET, AQW DX COMPACT	1
3	0501164800	PIPE SUPPORT 3/8"	1
4	0501164900	PIPE SUPPORT 3/4"	2
5	0501164400	PIPE SUPPORT 1"	1
6	061170617016	SC PHIL PAN "B" #6 X 1 LG SS	4
7	061160626012	SC PHIL PAN 8-32 X 3/4 SS	4
8	061080023000	WASHER FLAT #8 SS	4
9	061060026000	NUT HEX 8-32 W/INSERT SS	4



B515160001 LP BACK PRESSURE PLATE ASSY AQMII

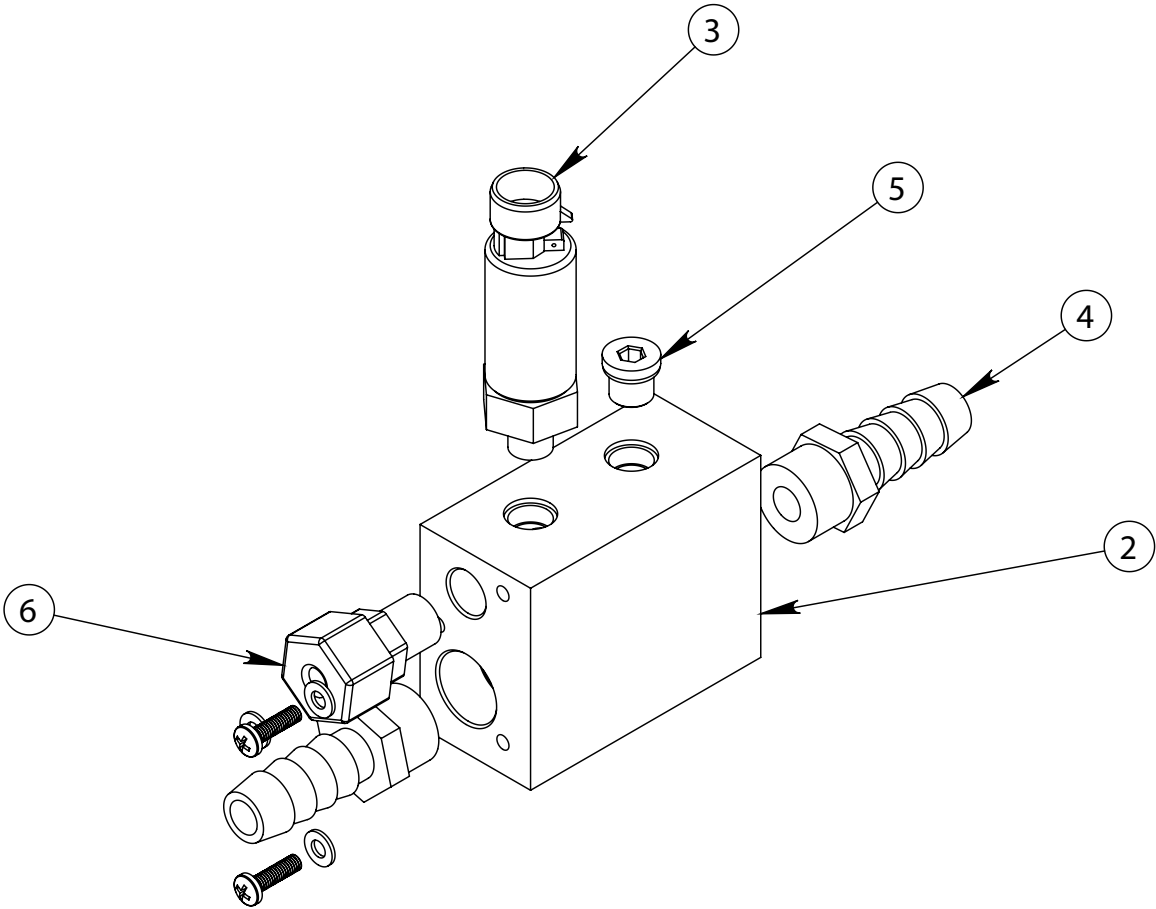
ITEM NO.	QTY.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	1	B515160001	LP BACK PLATE ASSY AQM II (INCLUDES P/N 2-23)
2	1	0301094100	PIPE PVC SCH 80 3/8 3.0 LONG "
3	1	11026920AO	FLOWMETER IN-LINE .53 - 7.9 GPM
4	1	3131680100	PLUG CONNECTOR DIN 4 COND
5	1	1401095998	VALVE SOLENOID 12VDC AED/CSFE
6	2	0103631700	ADAPT 3/8 MPT X 1/4 MPT SCH 40
7	2	01015518HR	COUPLER 3/8 FPT X 3/8 FPT PVC
8	1	0101421883	TEE 3/8 FT X 3/8 FT X 3/8 FT PVC
9	1	0204021769	ELB90 3/8 TUBE X 1/4 MPT PLASTIC
10	1	0101011883	ELB90 3/8 FPT X 3/8 FPT PVC
11	1	0204012469	ELB90 1/2 TUBE X 3/8 FPT PLASTIC
12	1	11026520AO	FLOW METER IN-LINE .13 - 1.3 GPM
13	1	0101551883	COUP 3/8 SL X 3/8 FPT PVC
14	1	0101371830	NIPPLE 3/8 NPT X 3 PVC
15	1	0101292483	RB .50 MNPT X .375 FNPT PVC
16	1	0101422583	TEE 1/2 FT X 1/2 FT X 1/2 FT PVC
17	1	0204021969	ELB90 3/8 TUBE X 1/2 MPT PLAST
18	1	B511080005	SALINITY PROBE ASSY, AQM II
19	1	2001043901	MOUNT, DIVERSION VALVE AQMM II
20	1	0112652000	ADAP 3/8 MPT X 3/4 BARB NYLON
21	1	01013718CL	NIPPLE 3/8 NPT X CLOSE PVC
22	2	061160131012	SC PHIL RD 10-32 X 3/4 SS
23	2	061080028000	WASHER FLAT #10 SS

Refer to drawing on next page.



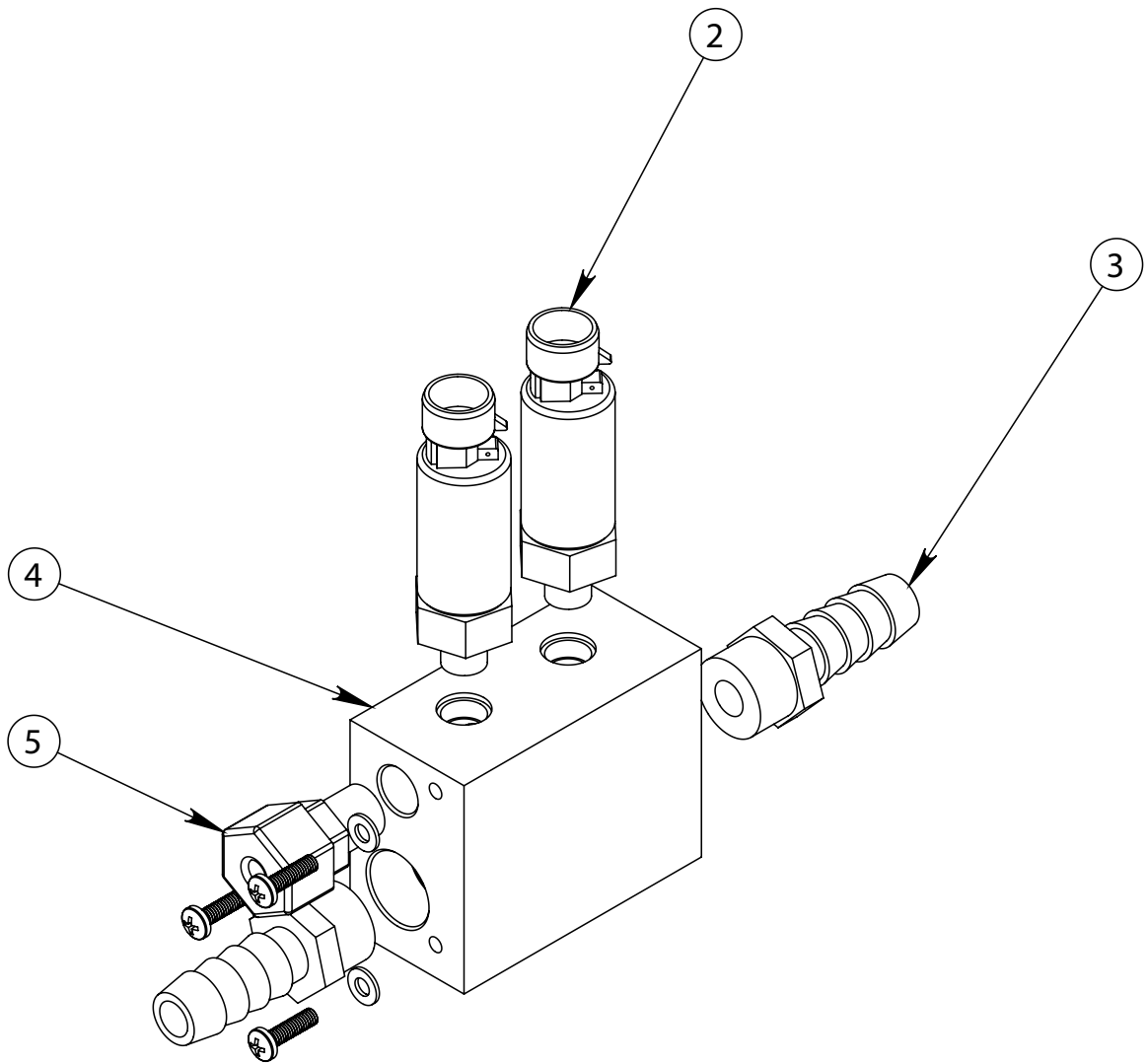
B502160001 MANIFOLD ASSY AQMC / AQW DX RADIAL AXIAL PUMP

ITEM NO.	QTY.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	1	B502160001	MANIFOLD ASSY AQMC / AQW DX DX (INCLUDES P/N 2-6)
2	1	5301400801	MANIFOLD LP PICKUP, AQM II
3	1	2317100200	TRANSDUCER 0-200 PSI 7/16" SAE
4	2	01126526DG	ADAP 1/2 MPT X 3/4 BARB NYLON
5	1	0117349400	PLUG .43-20 SS BOSS
6	1	0204090869	CONN 1/4 TUBE X 1/4 MPT PLASTIC



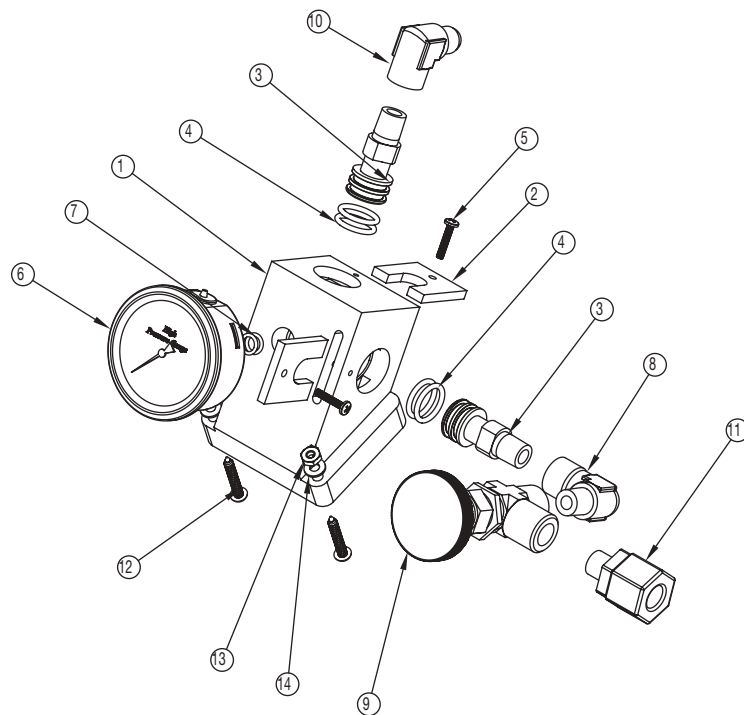
B502160002 MANIFOLD LP ASSY AQMC/AQW DX GP PUMP

ITEM NO.	QTY.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	1	B502160002	MANIFOLD LP ASSY AQMC / AQW DX (INCLUDES P/N 2-5)
2	2	2317100200	TRANSDUCER 0-200 PSI 7/16" SAE
3	2	01126526DG	ADAP 1/2 MPT X 3/4 BARB NYLON
4	1	5301400801	MANIFOLD LP PICKUP, AQM II
5	1	0204090869	CONN 1/4 TUBE X 1/4 MPT PLASTIC



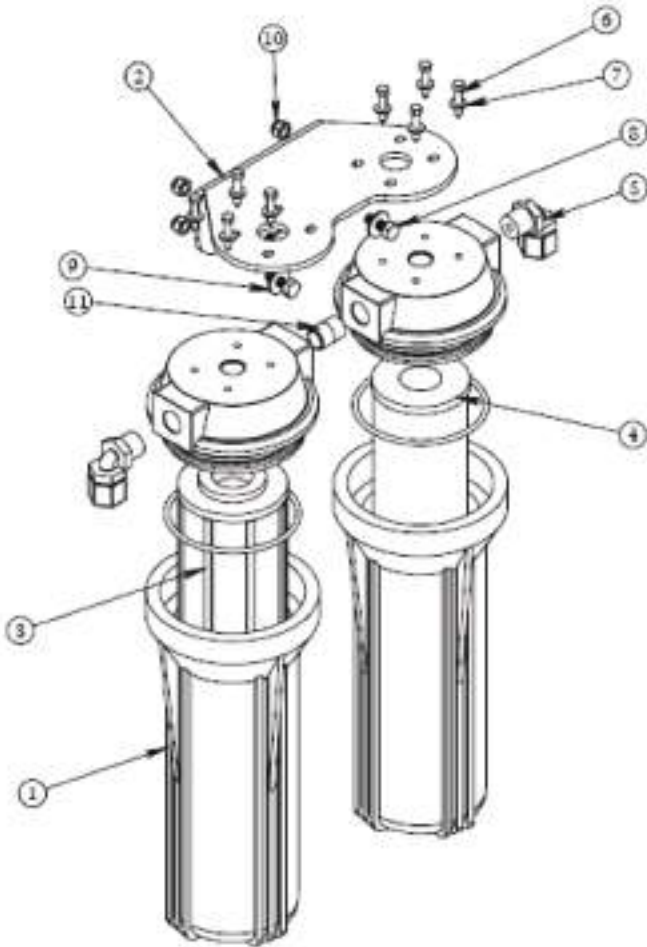
29. HP MANIFOLD ASSEMBLY B502930001

ITEM NO.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
1	5301160900	MANIFOLD HP AQW DX	1
2	0520210600	RETAINER PORT MVA AW	2
3	0117410800	NIPPLE HP MVA AW	2
4	2614017900	O-RING 115 INTERCONNECT AW	4
5	061170618109	SC PHIL PAN A #6 X .75 SS	2
6	10181421CC	GAUGE 0 -1400 CBM. ORING SEAL	1
7	2614015800	ORING 011 GAUGE-PRES SWITCH	2
8	0117230869	ELB90 ST .25 MPT X .25 FPT SS	1
9	1417017896	VALVE PRESS REGULATOR-AS	1
10	1317011769	ELB90 6 FLARE X .25 FPT SS	1
11	0204092369	CONN 1/2 TUBE X 1/4 MPT PLASTIC	1
12	061160131020	SC PHIL RD 10-32 X 1.25 SS	3
13	061010031000	NUT HEX 10-32 SS	3
14	061080028000	WASHER FLAT #10 SS	3



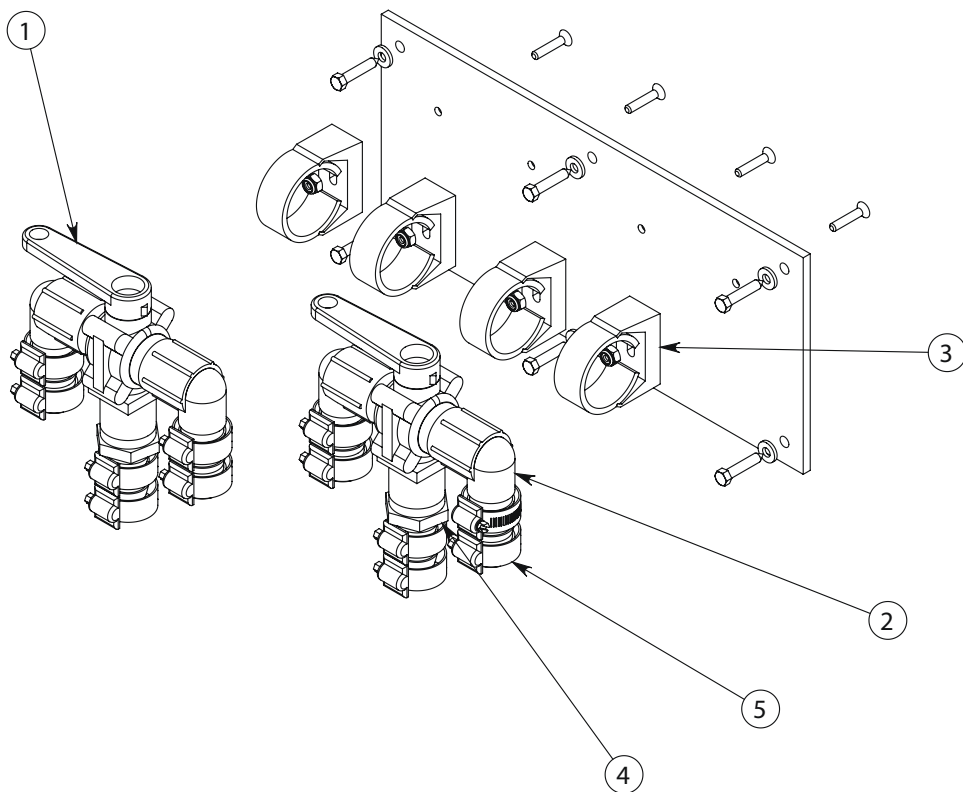
30. POST FILTER-DUAL ASSY B114140001

ITEM NO.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
1	0713020573	FILTER HOUSING/LID 3/8 X 10	2
2	20200402101	DUAL BRACKET, PRE-FILTER, CHRCL/PLNKTN	1
3	08251950AS	ELEMENT PH 9 3/4"	1
4	0803004773	CHARCOAL FILTER 10 IN	1
5	0204021869	ELB90 3/8 TUBE X 3/8 MPT PLASTIC	2
6	061170628016	SC PHIL PAN "A" 10 X 1 SS	8
7	061080028000	WASHER FLAT #10 SS	8
8	061142145012	BOLT HEX 1/4-20 X 3/4 SS	4
9	061100043000	WASHER FLAT OS 1/4"SS	4
10	061060045000	NUT HEX 1/4-20 W/INSERT SS	4
11	01013718CL	NIPPLE 3/8 NPT X CLOSE PVC	1



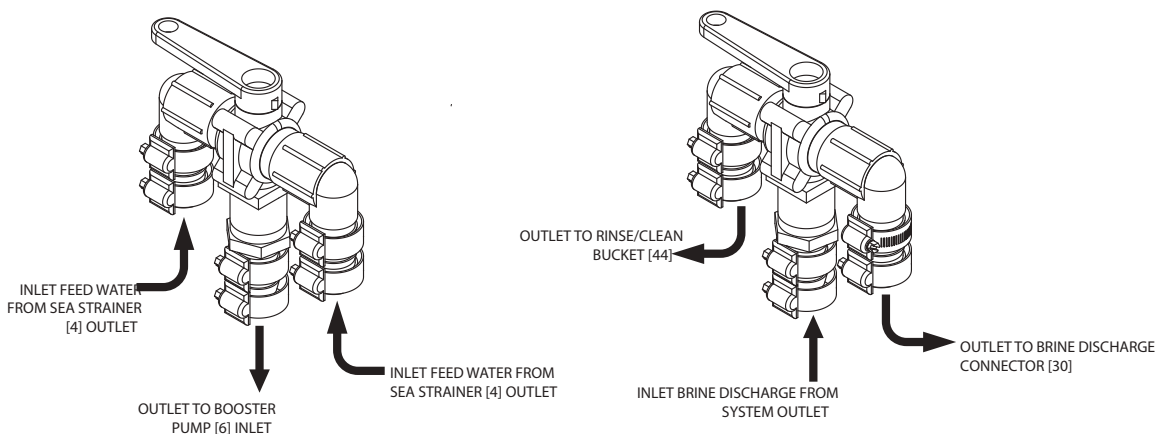
B591120001 CLEAN AND RINSE KIT

ITEM NO.	QTY.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1	2	14011334AR	VALVE 3-WAY BALL 3/4 MPT
2	4	0101063783	ELB90 .75 FNPT X .75 BARB PVC
3	4	0501164200	PIPE SUPPORT 1 1/8" #36
4	2	0101613783	ADAP 3/4 FPT X 3/4 BARB PVC
5	12	05181434AA	HOSE CLAMP 3/4" SS



VALVE CONNECTIONS

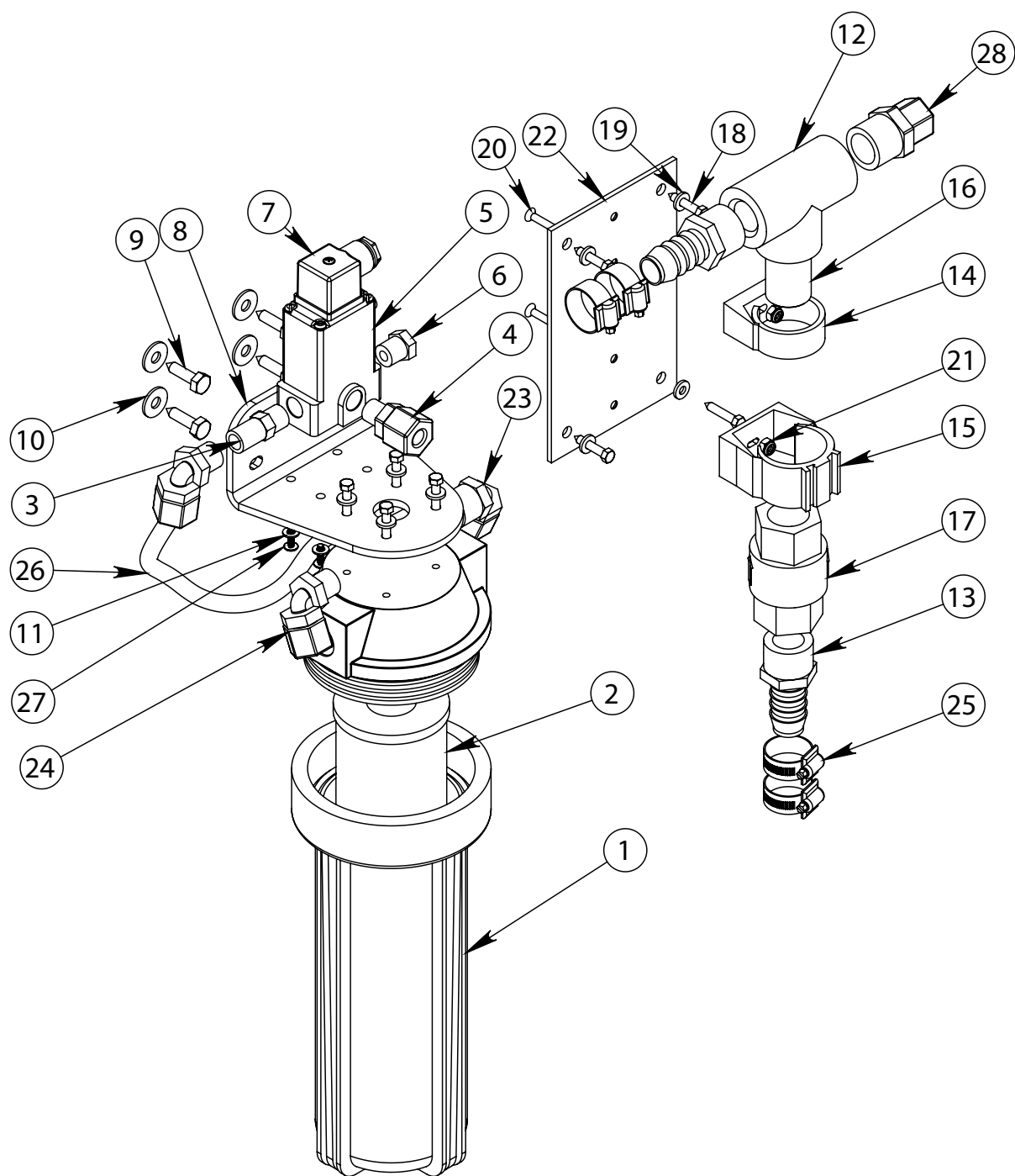
VALVE CONNECTIONS:



B598000008 FRESH WATER FLUSH (0.50 INCH)

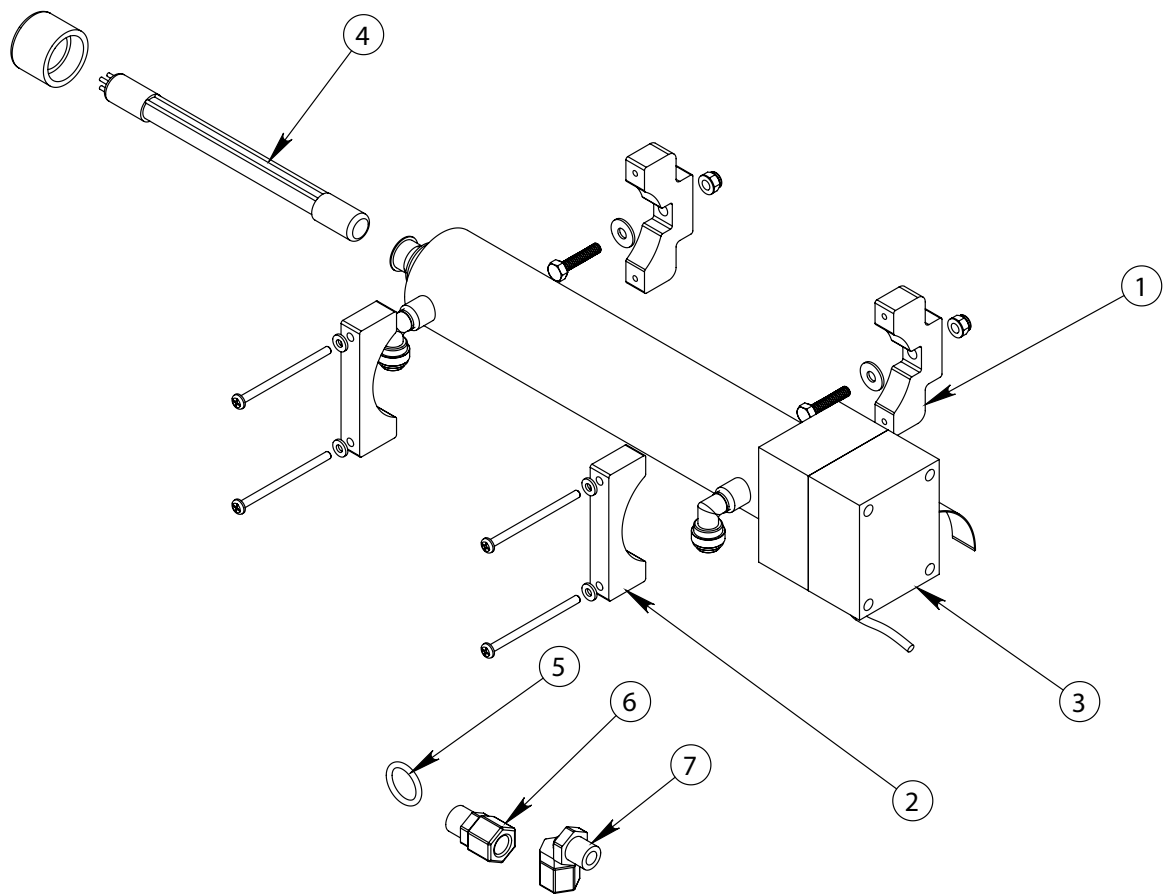
ITEM NO.	QTY.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	1	0713020873	FILTER HOUSING 1/2 X 10"
2	1	0803004773	CHARCOAL FILTER 10 IN
3	1	14172105AT	VALVE CHECK .25 MNPT SS
4	1	0204091769	CONN 3/8 TUBE X 1/4 MPT PLASTIC
5	1	1401095998	VALVE SOLENOID 12VDC AED/CSFE
6	1	0101340883	PLUG 1/4 MPT PVC
7	1	3131680298	PLUG CONNECTOR DIN 3-PIN
8	1	20200402102	SINGLE FILTER BRACKET
9	4	061172143016	SC HEX "A" 1/4 X 1.0 SS
10	4	061100043000	WASHER FLAT OS 1/4"SS
11	4	065080023000	WASHER FLAT #8 NYLON
12	1	0101423783	TEE .75 FNPT x .75 FNPT x .75 FNPT PVC
13	2	0101653783	ADAP 3/4 MPT X 3/4 BARB PVC
14	1	0501164200	PIPE SUPPORT 1 1/8" #36
15	1	0501164500	PIPE SUPPORT 1 1/4"
16	1	01013737CL	NIPPLE .75 NPT X CLOSE PVC
17	1	14012118AR	VALVE CHECK .75 FNPT WITH VITO
18	8	061170628016	SC PHIL PAN "A" 10 X 1 SS
19	8	065080028000	WASHER FLAT #10 NYLON
20	2	061161626012	SC PHIL FLAT 8-32 X 3/4 SS
21	2	061060026000	NUT HEX 8-32 W/INSERT SS
22	1	2020040002	BRACKET CHECK VALVE FWF
23	1	0204011769	ELB90 3/8 TUBE X 1/2 MPT PLAST
24	2	0204011769	ELB90 .375 TUBE x .25 FNPT PLASTIC
25	4	05181432AA	HOSE CLAMP 1/2" SS
26	1	0312123569	TUBE .375 BLACK
27	4	061170623008	SC PHIL PAN "B" #8 X 1/2" SS
28	1	0204092069	CONN 3/8 TUBE X 3/4 MPT PLASTIC

Refer to drawing on next page.



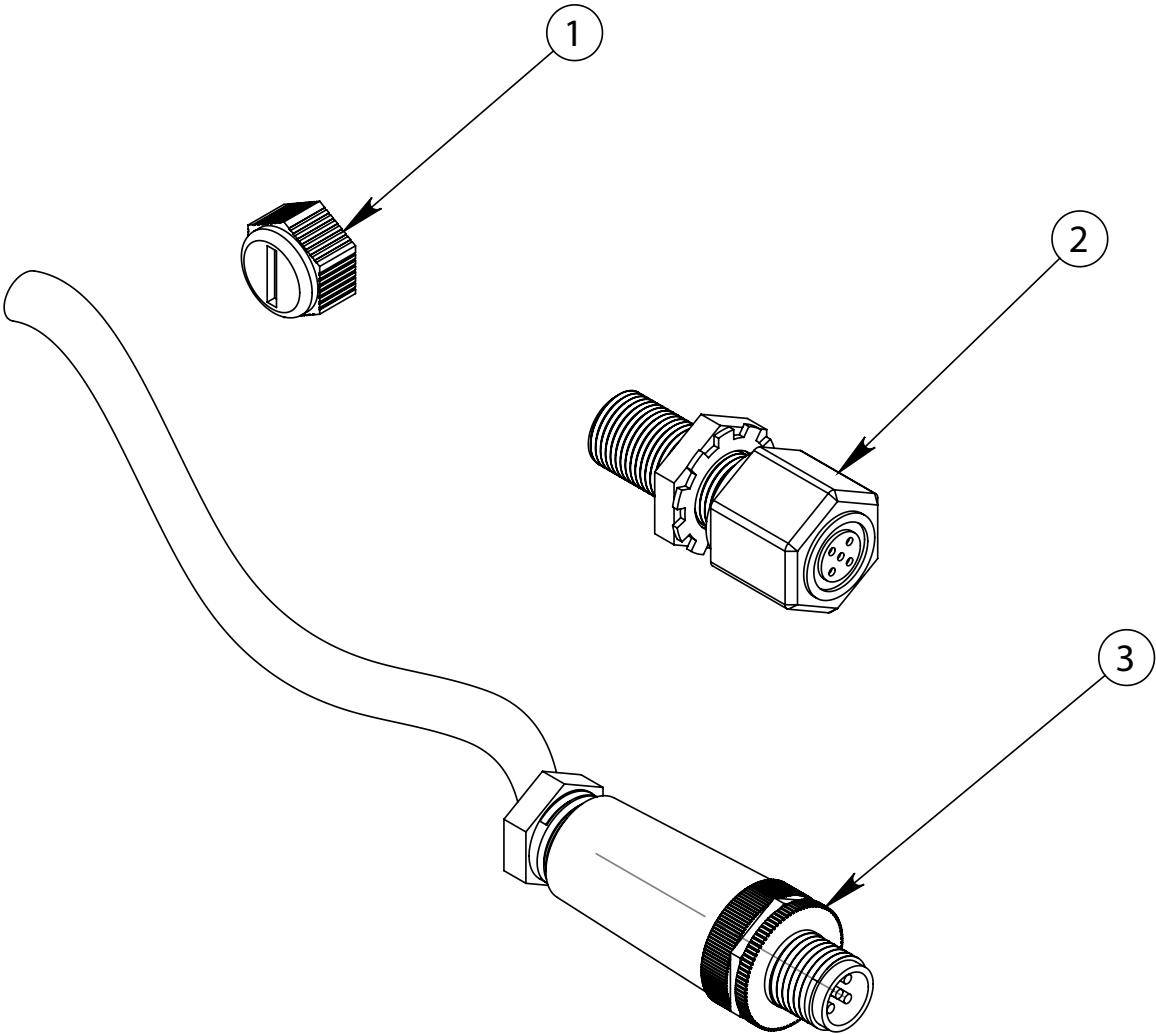
B5262000CV UV STERILIZER 12VDC 2GPM

ITEM NO.	QTY.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	2	20010418002A	VALVE BRACKET CLEAN/RINSE KIT
2	2	20010418001A	BRACKET MNT SADDLE UV-AW TOP
3	1	40000306CV	UV STERILIZER 2 GPM 12VDC
4	1	40000100CV	UV LAMP 2 GPM
5	1	2614019000	O-RING 212 QUARTZ SLEEVE
6	1	0204091869	CONN 3/8 TUBE X 3/8 MPT PLASTIC
7	1	0204021769	ELB90 3/8 TUBE X 1/4 MPT PLASTIC



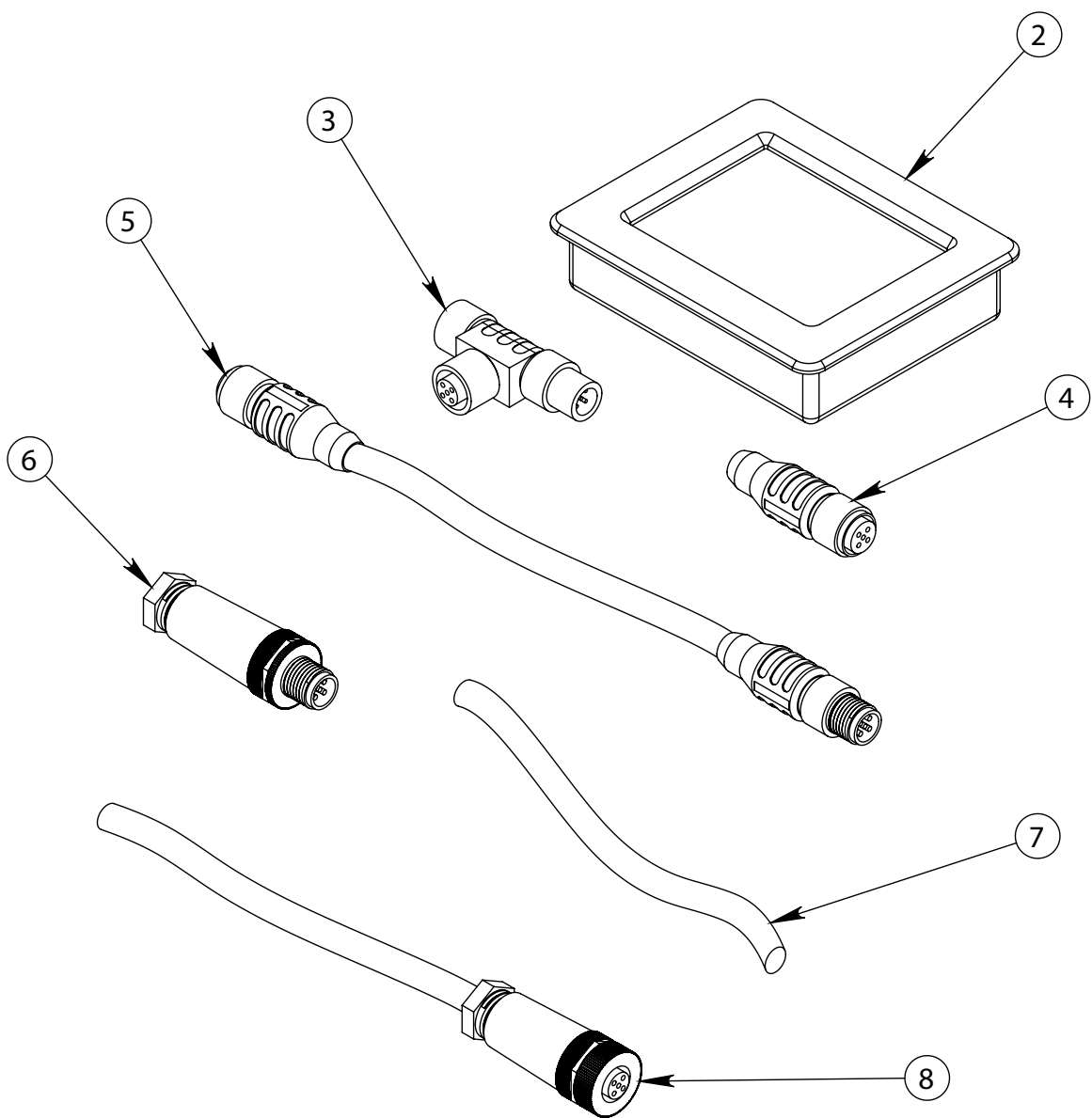
B610140004 NMEA 2000 ENABLED

ITEM NO.	QTY.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	1	31316809MT	MICRO CAP
2	1	31316801MT	MICRO BULKHEAD FEED-THRU ASSY
3	1	31316812MT	MICRO SINGLE ENDED CORDSET MALE



B610140008 REMOTE KIT DISPLAY 80FT STD AQMII

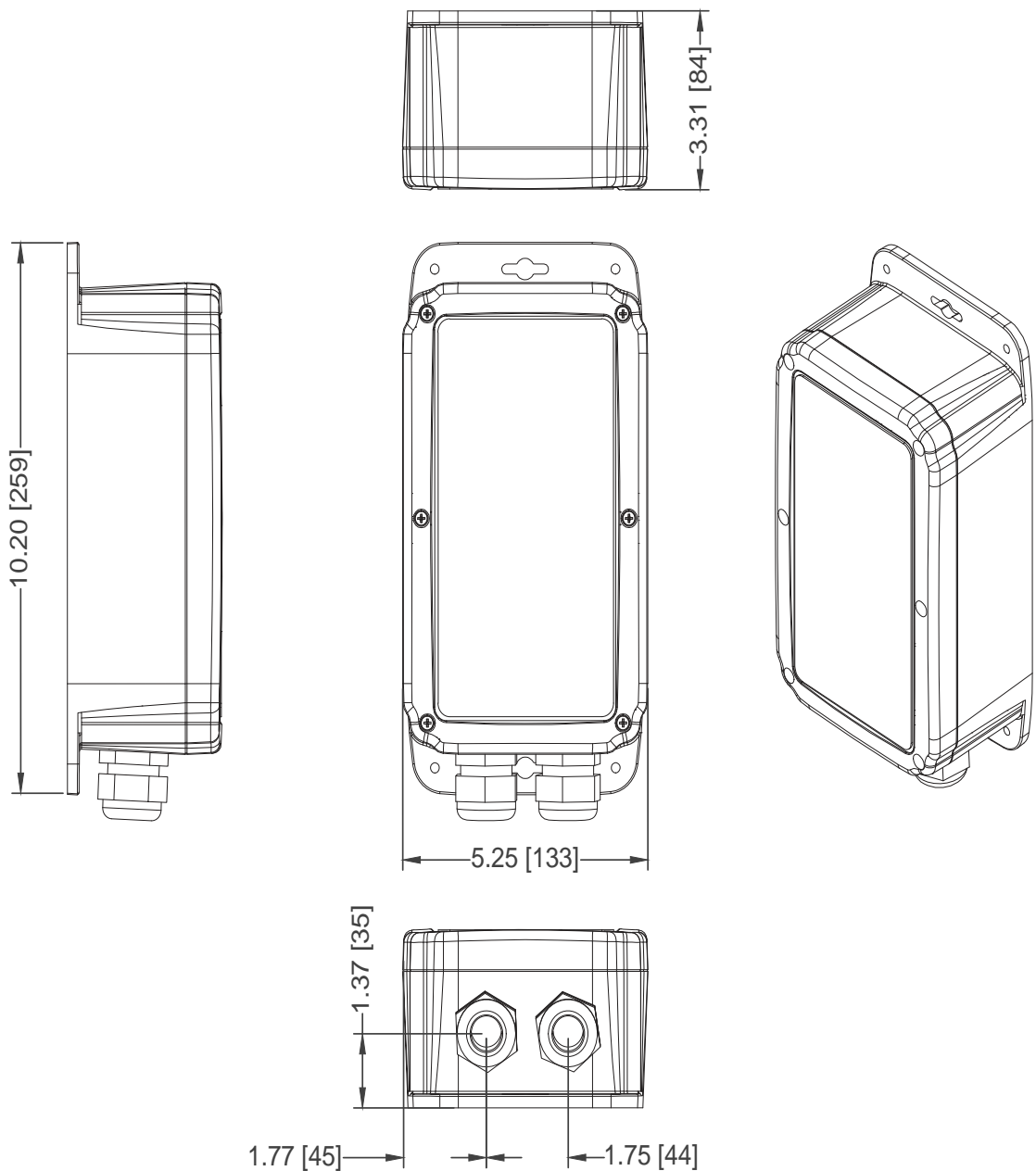
ITEM NO.	QTY.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	1	B610140008	REMOTE KIT DISPLAY 80FT STD AQMII (INCLUDES P/N 2-8)
2	1	B612160001	REMOTE AQM II
3	1	31316802MT	MICRO TEE MALE/FEMALE/FEMALE
4	1	31316806MT	MICRO TERMINATION RESISTOR F
5	1	31316811MT	MICRO DOUBLE-ENDED CORDSET 3M
6	1	31316806MT	MICRO TERMINATION RESISTOR F
7	1	4900450008	CABLE MICRO BULK
8	1	31316814MT	MICRO SINGLE ENDED CORDSET F FEMALE TO OPEN ENDED TERMINAL



SOFT START ASSY

B596800015 SOFT START 115V 50-60HZ

B596800014 SOFT START 230V 50-60HZ



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HP HOSE ASSEMBLY

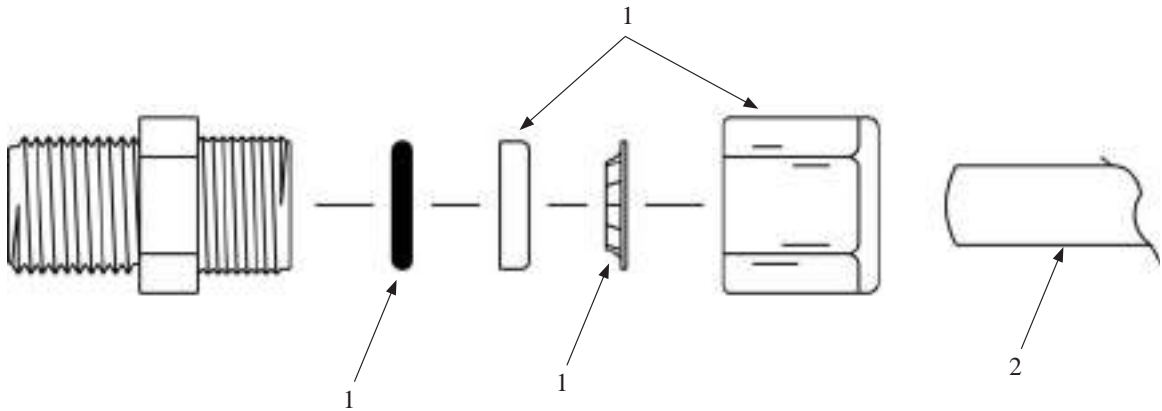
ITEM NO.	QTY.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1	1	2432160669	HOSE HP - 6P
2	2	1317481969	SWIVEL FITTING - 6 SSP

*SPECIFY PART NUMBER AND DESCRIPTION OF SPECIFIC HIGH PRESSURE HOSE ASSEMBLY
OR IF A SPECIAL LENGTH IS REQUIRED, SPECIFY MEASURED OVERALL LENGTH: FITTING TO FITTING*



OVERALL LENGTH IS + / - 1/4" (6mm)

AVAILABLE TUBES AND FITTINGS



PART NO	DESCRIPTION
1. CONNECTOR MALE	
0204090669	1/4 inch tube x 1/8 inch mnpt
0204090869	1/4 inch tube x 1/4 inch mnpt
0204091669	3/8 inch tube x 1/8 inch mnpt
0204091769	3/8 inch tube x 1/4 inch mnpt
0204091869	3/8 inch tube x 3/8 inch mnpt
0204091969	3/8 inch tube x 1/2 inch mnpt
0204092069	3/8 inch tube x 3/4 inch mnpt
0204092269	1/2 inch tube x 1/8 inch mnpt
0204092369	1/2 inch tube x 1/4 inch mnpt
0204092469	1/2 inch tube x 3/8 inch mnpt
0204092569	1/2 inch tube x 1/2 inch mnpt
0204092669	1/2 inch tube x 3/4 inch mnpt
0204099069	5/8 inch tube x 1/8 inch mnpt
0204099169	5/8 inch tube x 1/4 inch mnpt
0204092869	5/8 inch tube x 3/8 inch mnpt
0204092969	5/8 inch tube x 1/2 inch mnpt
0204093169	5/8 inch tube x 3/4 inch mnpt
2. CONNECTOR FEMALE	
0204120669	1/4 inch tube x 1/8 inch fnpt
0204120869	1/4 inch tube x 1/4 inch fnpt
0204121769	3/8 inch tube x 1/4 inch fnpt
0204121869	3/8 inch tube x 3/8 inch fnpt
0204121969	3/8 inch tube x 1/2 inch fnpt
0204122569	1/2 inch tube x 1/2 inch fnpt

PART NO	DESCRIPTION
0204122669	1/2 inch tube x 3/4 inch fnpt
0204122969	5/8 inch tube x 1/2 inch fnpt
3. ELBOW 90 MALE	
0204020669	1/4 inch tube x 1/8 inch mnpt
0204020869	1/4 inch tube x 1/4 inch mnpt
0204020969	1/4 inch tube x 3/8 inch mnpt
0204021769	3/8 inch tube x 1/4 inch mnpt
0204021869	3/8 inch tube x 3/8 inch mnpt
0204021969	3/8 inch tube x 1/2 inch mnpt
0204022069	3/8 inch tube x 3/4 inch mnpt
0204022469	1/2 inch tube x 3/8 inch mnpt
0204022569	1/2 inch tube x 1/2 inch mnpt
0204022969	5/8 inch tube x 1/2 inch mnpt
4. ELBOW 90 FEMALE	
0204010669	1/4 inch tube x 1/8 inch fnpt
0204010869	1/4 inch tube x 1/4 inch fnpt
0204011769	3/8 inch tube x 1/4 inch fnpt
0204011869	3/8 inch tube x 3/8 inch fnpt
0204012469	1/2 inch tube x 3/8 inch fnpt
0204012569	1/2 inch tube x 1/2 inch fnpt
0204012969	5/8 inch tube x 1/2 inch fnpt
5. BRANCH TEE MALE	
0204150669	1/4 inch tube x 1/8 inch mnpt
0204151769	3/8 inch tube x 1/4 inch mnpt
0204152469	1/2 inch tube x 3/8 inch mnpt
0204152969	5/8 inch tube x 1/2 inch mnpt
6. RUN TEE MALE	
0204170669	1/4 inch tube x 1/8 inch mnpt
0204170869	1/4 inch tube x 1/4 inch mnpt
0204171769	3/8 inch tube x 1/4 inch mnpt
0204171869	3/8 inch tube x 3/8 inch mnpt
0204172469	1/2 inch tube x 3/8 inch mnpt
0204172569	1/2 inch tube x 1/2 inch mnpt
0204172969	5/8 inch tube x 1/2 inch mnpt
7. UNION TEE	
0204240869	1/4 inch tube
0204241869	3/8 inch tube
0204242469	1/2 inch tube x 3/8 inch tube
0204242569	1/2 inch tube

PART NO	DESCRIPTION
0204242869	5/8 inch tube x 3/8 inch tube
0204243069	5/8 inch tube
8. UNION	
0204210869	1/4 inch tube
0204211769	3/8 inch tube x 1/4 inch tube
0204211869	3/8 inch tube
0204212469	1/2 inch tube x 3/8 inch tube
0204212569	1/2 inch tube
0204212869	5/8 inch tube x 3/8 inch tube
0204212969	5/8 inch tube x 1/2 inch tube
0204213069	5/8 inch tube
9. UNION ELBOW 90	
0204220869	1/4 inch tube
0204221769	3/8 inch tube x 1/4 inch tube
0204221869	3/8 inch tube
0204222569	1/2 inch tube
0204223069	5/8 inch tube
10. UNION BULKHEAD	
0204270869	1/4 inch tube
0204271869	3/8 inch tube
0204272569	1/2 inch tube
11. TUBE	
0312122969	1/4 inch tube Black Nylon
0306152969	1/4 inch tube Blue Polypropylene
0306142969	1/4 inch tube Red Polypropylene
0312124169	3/8 inch tube Black Nylon
0306154169	3/8 inch tube Blue Polypropylene
0306144169	3/8 inch tube Red Polypropylene
0312125069	1/2 inch tube Black Nylon
0305125869	5/8 inch tube Black Polypropylene

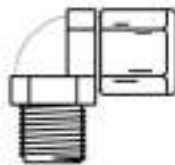
TUBE COMPRESSION FITTINGS REPLACEMENT PARTS

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	PART NO.
FOR 1/4" O.D. TUBE		
1	NUT/SPACER/GRAB & O-RING 1/4"	0204-1/469
2	TUBE 1/4 BLACK	0312121969
FOR 3/8" O.D. TUBE		
1	NUT/SPACER/GRAB & O-RING 3/8"	0204-3/869
2	TUBE 3/8 BLACK	0312123569
FOR 1/2" O.D. TUBE		
1	NUT/SPACE/GRAB & O-RING 1/2"	0204-1/269
2	TUBE 1/2 BLACK NO SUBSTITUTE	0312124269
FOR 5/8" O.D. TUBE		
1	NUT/SPACER/GRAB & O-RING 5/8"	0204-5/869
2	TUBE 5/8 BLACK POLYPRO	0305125169

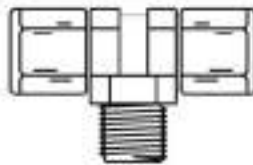
1. Connector Male



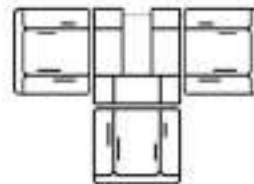
3. Elbow 90 Male



5. Tee Branch Male



7. Tee Union



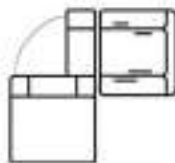
10. Union Bulkhead



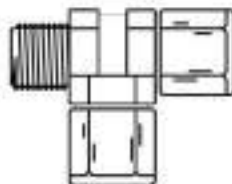
2. Connector Female



4. Elbow 90 Female



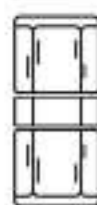
6. Tee Run Male



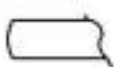
9. Elbow 90 Union



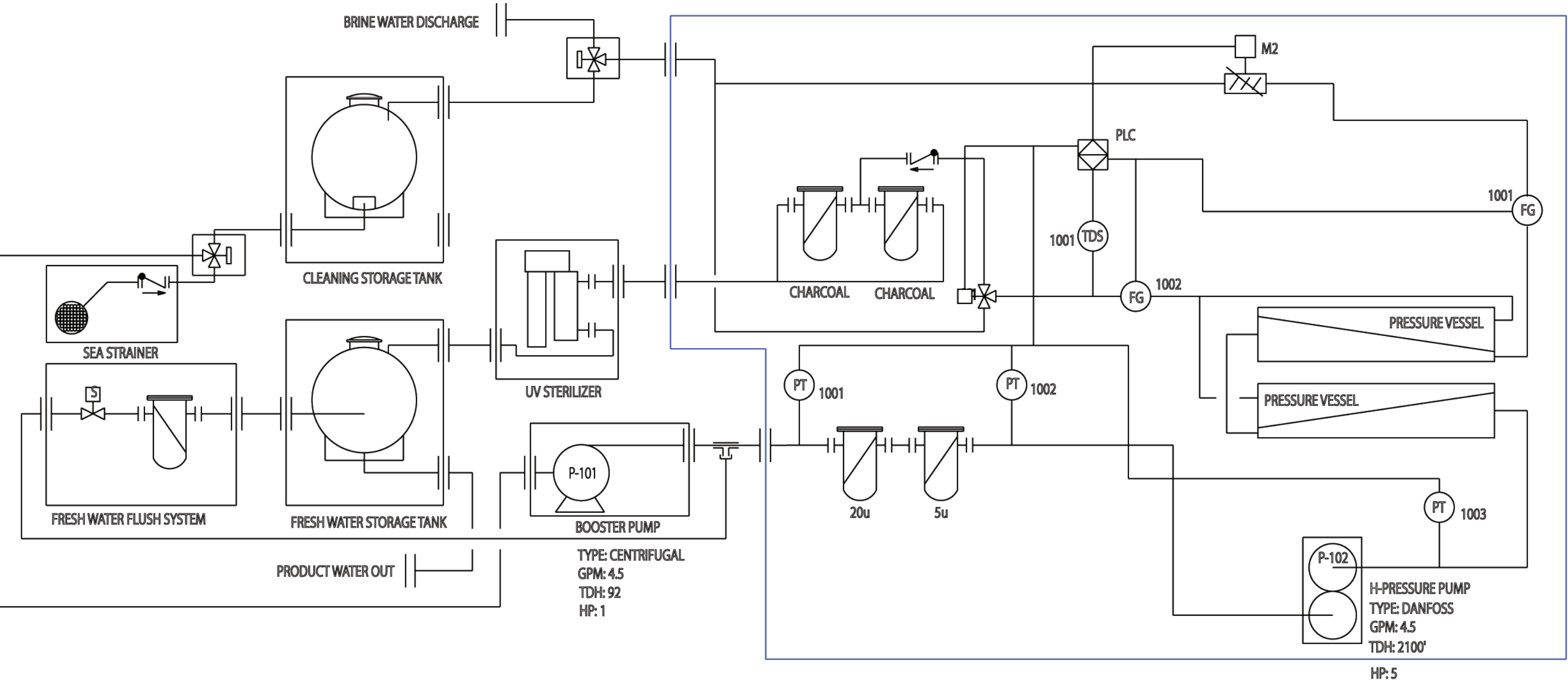
8. Union



11. Tube

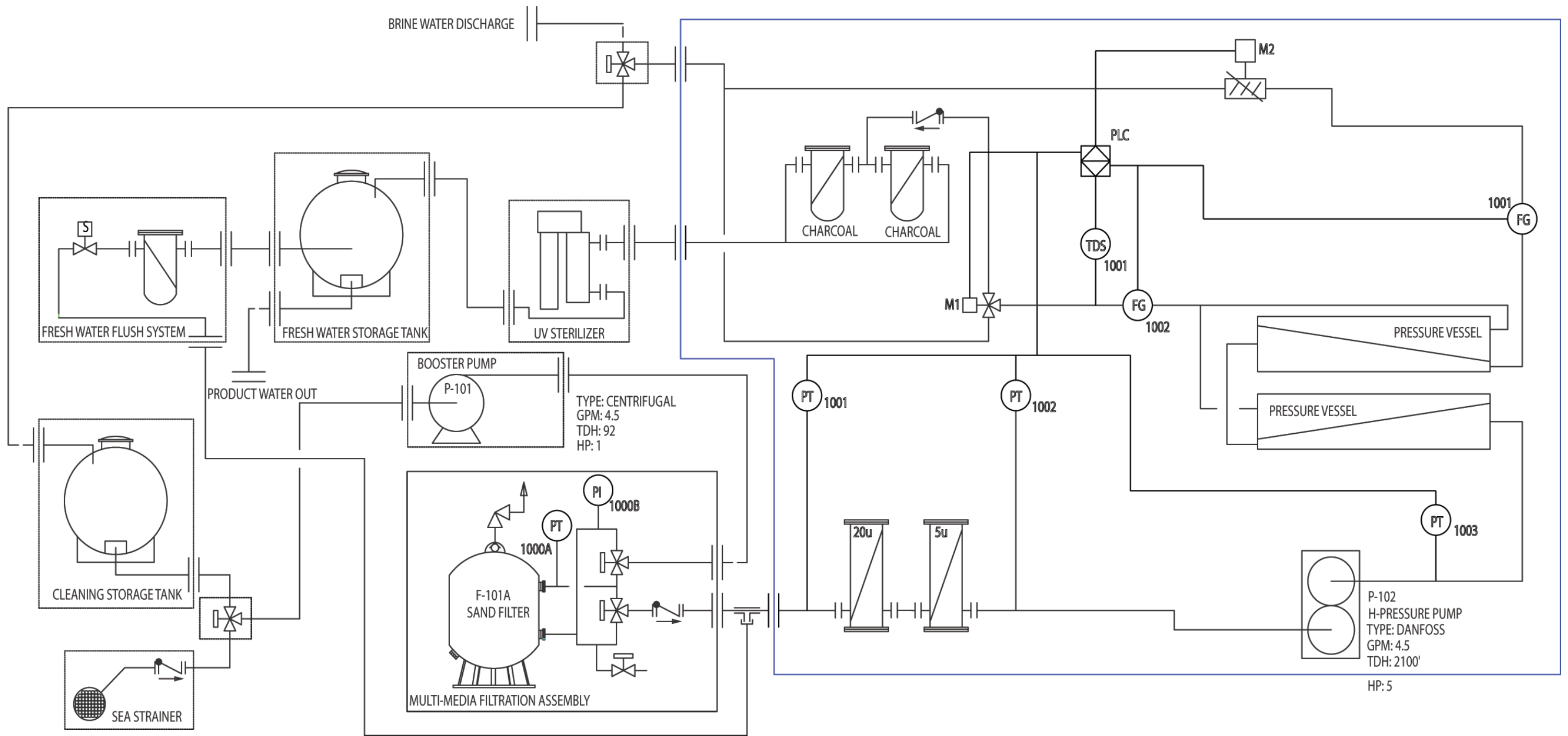


DWG #0204XXXXXX-A2



PT-Pressure Transducer
PI-Pressure Indicator
M-Meter
FG-Flow Gauge
TDS-TDS Meter
P-Pump
PLC-Program Logic Controller

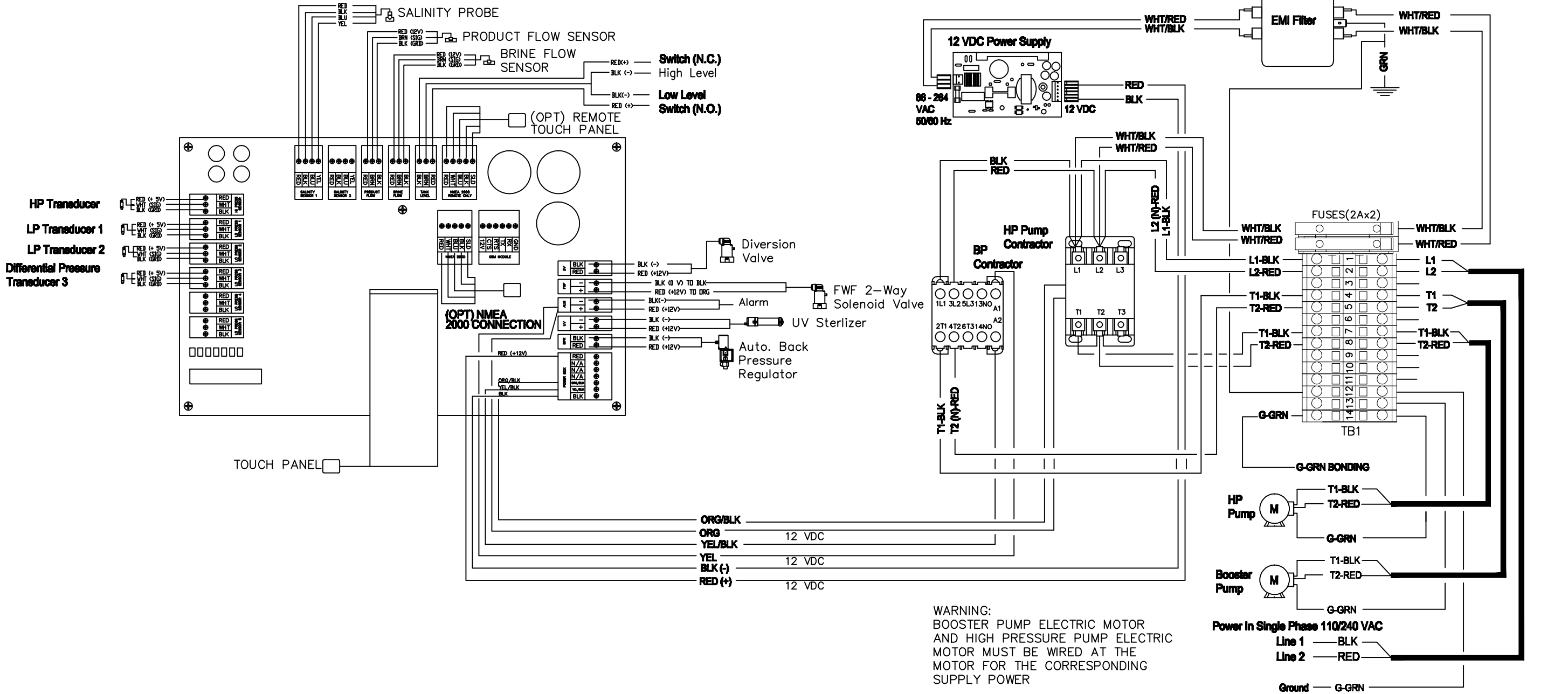
Note: Illustration shows the optional HP Pump.



Note: Illustration shows the optional HP Pump.

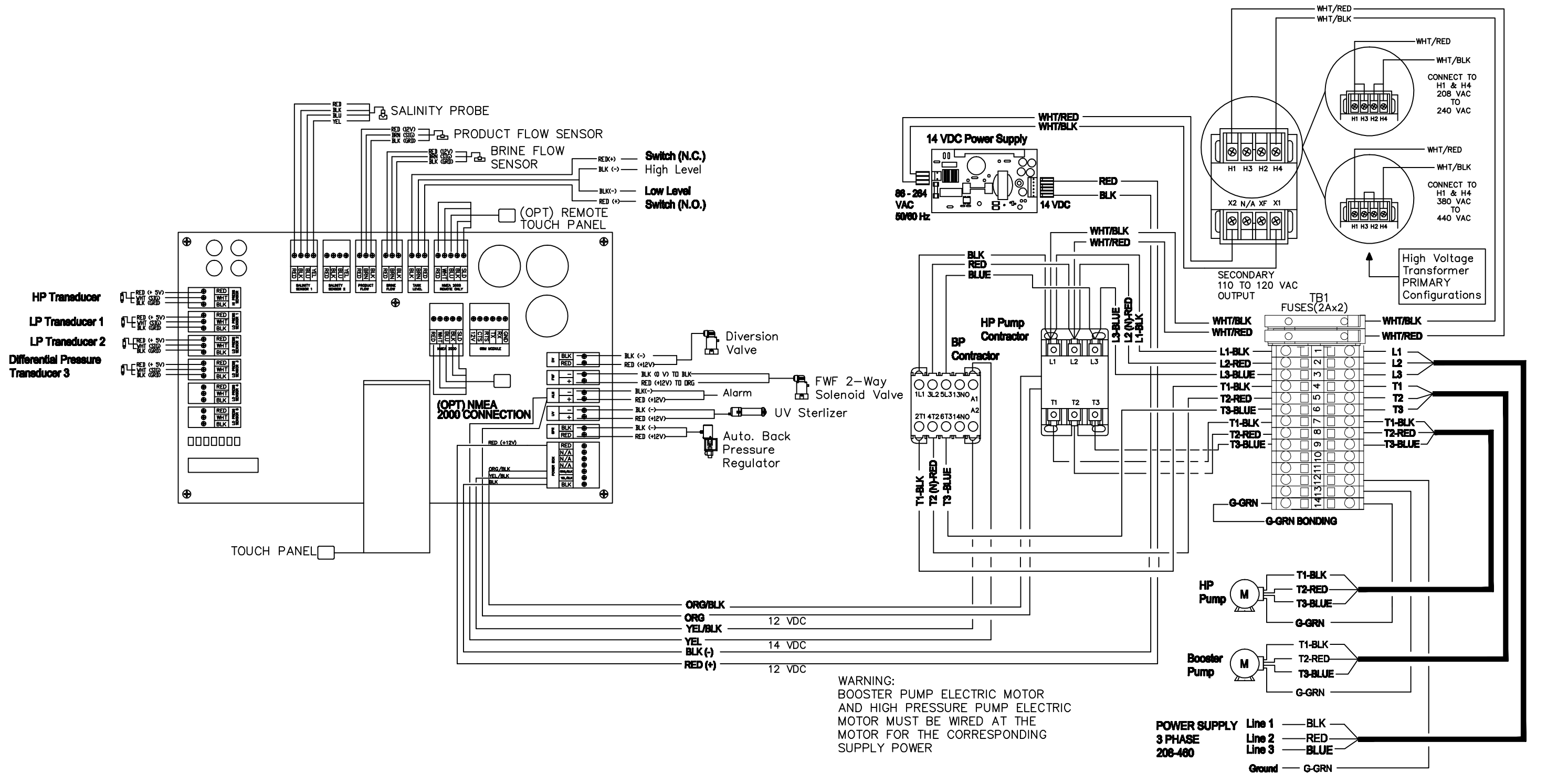
PT-Pressure Transducer
PI-Pressure Indicator
M-Meter
FG-Flow Gauge
TDS-TDS Meter
P-Pump
PLC-Program Logic Controller

Commercial P&ID



NOTES:
1. WIRING DIAGRAM REFERENCES CHASSIS CONTROLLER P/N B619160001 & B619940001.

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										SIZE DWG. NO.		D 941111601C	

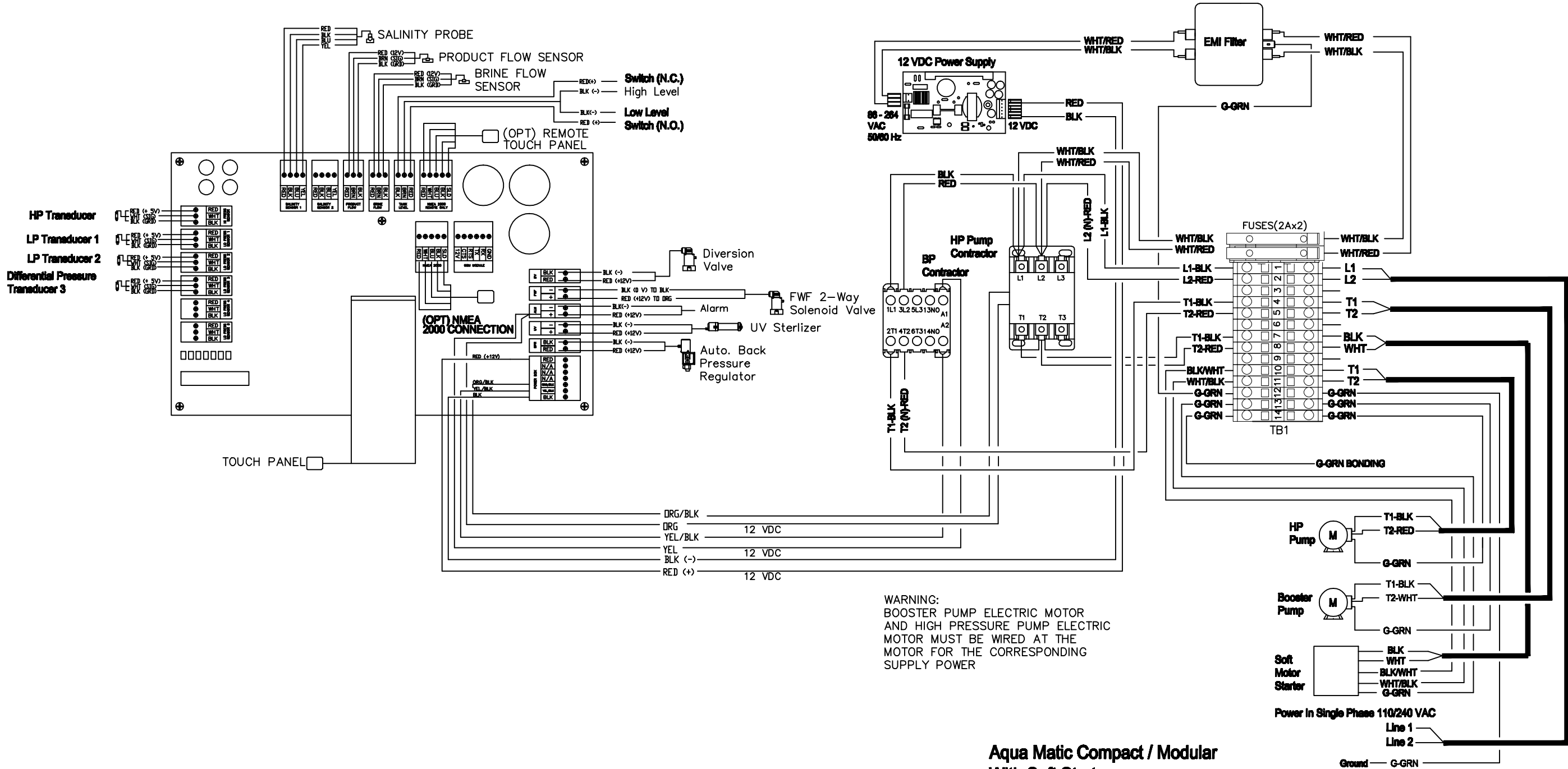


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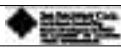
UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED		NAME	DATE
DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES	DRAWN	SH	11/30/11
TOLERANCES:	CHECKED		
FRACTIONAL: ±1/16	ENG APPR.		
ANGULAR: MACH ±.5°	WEG APPR.		
TWO PLACE DECIMAL: ±.01	QA		
THREE PLACE DECIMAL: ±.003	COMMENTS		
INTERPRET GEOMETRIC TOLERANCING PER MATERIAL			
FINISH TBA			
NEXT ASSY	USED ON		
APPLICATION			

TITLE: WIRING DIAGRAM AGM/AQW DX COMPACT / MODULAR		REV
200-460VAC, 3%Hz, 3 PHASE		
SIZE DWG. NO.	941111602D	D
SCALE: 1/4"	WEIGHT:	SHEET 1 OF 1



NOTES:
1. WIRING DIAGRAM REFERENCES CHASSIS CONTROLLER P/N B619160001 & B619940001.

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UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED			NAME	DATE			
DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES			DRAWN	SH			
TOLERANCES			CHECKED	11/30/11			
FRACTIONAL ± 1/16			ENG APPR.				
ANGULAR ± 0.5°			MFG APPR.				
TWO PLACE DECIMAL ± .01					TITLE: WIRING DIAGRAM AQM/AQW DX COMPACT / MODULAR, W/ SOFT START 110-240 VAC, 50/60 HZ, 1 PHASE		
THREE PLACE DECIMAL ± .003							
INTERPRET GEOMETRIC TOLERANCING PER:							
MATERIAL							
FINISH							
NEXT ASSY	USED ON				SIZE DWG. NO.		
D 941111603C							
SCALE: 1:1 WEIGHT: SHEET 1 OF 1							



Part Number: B651930001

Sea Recovery Corporation
P.O. Box 5288 • Carson, CA 90745-5288 • sales@searecovery.com

www.searecovery.com