



Aqua Matic XL Compact/Modular 2200-3400

Owner's Manual

New Release - April 2016



SYSTEM MODELS

SRC Aqua Matic 2200

SRC Aqua Matic 2600

SRC Aqua Matic 2800

SRC Aqua Matic 3400

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Aqua Matic XL 2200 - 3600

About this Manual

About Sea Recovery

Since 1981, Sea Recovery Corporation has produced water desalination systems, used in various applications, for customers around the world. Currently, Sea Recovery Corporation stands apart as a leader in advanced water desalination systems for leisure marine applications.

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Purpose

This manual is intended for Sea Recovery's system technicians, technical support and training personnel. It contains technical information and instructions for the installation, operation, maintenance and troubleshooting of the Aqua Matic XL. Sea Recovery's RO desalination systems are designed and engineered to function as complete, working units and are subject to cascading failure if installation, operation and maintenance instructions are not followed correctly. Thus, the intent of this manual is to familiarize you, or other installer(s) and/or operator(s) with each system component. With a core understanding of the function, importance and normal operation of each subsystem component, you will be equipped to diagnose minor problems, which, if detected early on, are typically correctable. Note that if a minor component problem is left uncorrected, it can affect the rest of the system and lead to more extensive issues and/or damage.



Important: Sea Recovery encourages you to read the Aqua Matic XL manual thoroughly before attempting installation or operation, as well as to keep the manual for future reference. By gaining a better understanding of your system, you will be equipped with the knowledge to achieve optimum performance and a longer service life.

Updates

From time to time, Sea Recovery Corporation may make programming changes to the control logic. Other physical production changes may also be made, and are tracked by Sea Recovery Corporation through the System's serial number.



Remember: Troubleshooting and repair method results can vary depending on the information that is displayed on the **SYSTEM INFORMATION** screen.

- **SERIAL NUMBER:** Helps Sea Recovery Corporation to determine the latest physical version and configuration of your System, ensuring that you are provided with correct part information.
- **TYPE:** Tells Sea Recovery Corporation the production capacity of your System, which provides a bench mark in diagnosing product water flow and pressure concerns.
- **VERSION:** Allows Sea Recovery Corporation to determine the specific sequential operation of the System based on the programming control logic version.



Depending on the issue, Sea Recovery Corporation may also request the System's operating Voltage, cycles and phase.

References

All references in this manual refer to sections within this manual, unless otherwise specified.

Graphics

Graphics used in this manual are for reference and illustration purposes only, and may not represent the actual part or arrangement of parts in a customized system.

Notice of Liability

The information contained in the manual is distributed on an "as is" basis, without warranty. While every effort has been taken in the preparation of this manual, Sea Recovery Corporation shall not be held liable with respect to any liability, loss or damage caused by the instructions contained in this manual. The information contained in this manual is subject to change without notice.

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Terms and Conditions

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Revision History

Rev #	Date	Affected Pages	Description
0	9 May 2016	-	Initial release of 2016 models

Chapter 1

Introduction

Welcome

Congratulations on your purchase of a new Sea Recovery Aqua Matic XL Reverse Osmosis (RO) Desalination System! The revolutionary Aqua Matic XL is engineered to be easier to use and more reliable than conventional watermakers. Featuring the latest technology, the Aqua Matic XL is able to regulate and monitor system functions without the need of an operator. With one touch, the Aqua Matic XL will start and finish water production automatically.



Inside this manual, you will find detailed technical information and instructions for the installation, operation, maintenance and troubleshooting of your Aqua Matic XL.

✓ **Note:** The term "System" refers to the Aqua Matic XL and will be used throughout this manual.

Models

The Aqua Matic XL Compact series is available in the following six models: 2200, 2600, 2800 and 3600. Please note that your System also includes a system tag that lists the product name, model number and serial number.



Parts Warning

The major documented cause of failures and problems are from the use of third-party, non-Sea Recovery parts; improper installation; and improper operation. **Do not use parts, components from any source other than Sea Recovery!** The use of third-party, non-Sea Recovery parts is *strongly discouraged* and will result in the following consequences:

- The use of third-party, non-Sea Recovery components, spares and assemblies will damage the Sea Recovery System and/or specific components within the System.
- The use of third-party, non-Sea Recovery components, spares and assemblies will void any and all warranty of the System and/or void the affected component within the System.



Important: Sea Recovery Corporation maintains inventory for immediate shipment and our Service Dealers throughout the world maintain stock of Sea Recovery parts. Always insist on Sea Recovery supplied parts in order to avoid failures, eliminate problems, and maintain your warranty.

Warranty and Registration

Sea Recovery Corporation guarantees its product, components and replacement parts, and strongly advises that customers use only Sea Recovery parts. The majority of problems derive from premature failure of unauthorized third party replacement parts.



Attention: Using unauthorized parts will void the Sea Recovery Corporation warranty! Use of non Sea Recovery Corporation supplied parts and accessories, including but not limited to, maintenance parts, pre-filter elements, cleaning and storage chemical, spare parts, replacement parts, system components, installation components and/or system accessories, shall void all warranty expressed or implied.

Limited Warranty

Sea Recovery warrants that the performs according to specifications for a period of 12 months from the date of shipment. Sea Recovery's liability under this warranty is limited to repair or replacement of the at Sea Recovery Corporation's discretion. Under no circumstances is Sea Recovery Corporation liable for consequential damages arising out of or in any way connected with the failure of the system to perform as set forth herein. This limited warranty is in lieu of all other expressed or implied warranties, including those of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose. The warranty period starts from the date of original shipment by Sea Recovery Corporation, or with proof of purchase from the date of sale to the original retail purchaser. The following warranty periods apply:

- System and accessories: One (1) year
- Repairs made by Sea Recovery Corporation after the original warranty period has expired: Three (3) months
- Normal, reoccurring user maintenance on the following is not covered by this or any Sea Recovery Corporation limited warranty: Sea Strainer Element, fuses, instrument calibration, cartridge filter elements and/or the centrifugal pump seal assemblies

The implied warranties, which the law imposes on the sale of this product, are expressly **LIMITED** in duration to the time period above. Sea Recovery Corporation shall not be liable for damages, consequential or otherwise, resulting from the installation, use, and/or operation of this product or from the breach of this **LIMITED WARRANTY**.



Attention: The Sea Recovery Corporation limited warranty does not cover third-party installation components. Improper installation resulting in System or component failure/performance decline is not covered by this or any Sea Recovery Corporation limited warranty. The limited warranty does not extend to any system or system component which has been subjected to alteration, misuse, neglect, accident, improper installation, inadequate or improper repair or maintenance or subject to use in violation of instructions furnished by Sea Recovery Corporation, nor does the warranty extend to components on which the serial number has been removed, defaced, or changed.

Cleaning

The is guaranteed to be cleanable for a minimum of one (1) year from date of shipment, providing cleaning periods are adhered to, and fouling is acid soluble metal hydroxides and calcium carbonates or alkaline soluble organic, inorganic substances and microbiological slimes. The Sea Recovery RO Membrane Element is not guaranteed against iron fouling (rust), chemical or petroleum products attack, extreme temperatures [over 120°F (49°C) under 32° F (0° C)], drying out, or extreme pressures [over 1000 psig (69 bar)]. In the event of a defect, a malfunction, or failure specifically covered by this warranty and during the warranty period, Sea Recovery Corporation will repair or replace, at its option, the product or component therein which upon examination by Sea Recovery Corporation appears to be defective.

Product Changes

Sea Recovery Corporation reserves the right to make changes or improvements in its product, during subsequent production, without incurring the obligation to incorporate such changes or improvements on previously manufactured equipment.


Obtaining Warranty Service

To obtain warranty service, the defective product or part must be returned to an authorized Sea Recovery Corporation Service Center or direct to Sea Recovery Corporation. An updated listing of Sea Recovery Corporation Factory Service Centers can be found on the Sea Recovery Corporation web site at <http://www.searecovery.com>. The purchaser must pay any transportation or labor expenses incurred in removing and returning the product to the service center or to Sea Recovery Corporation.

Registration

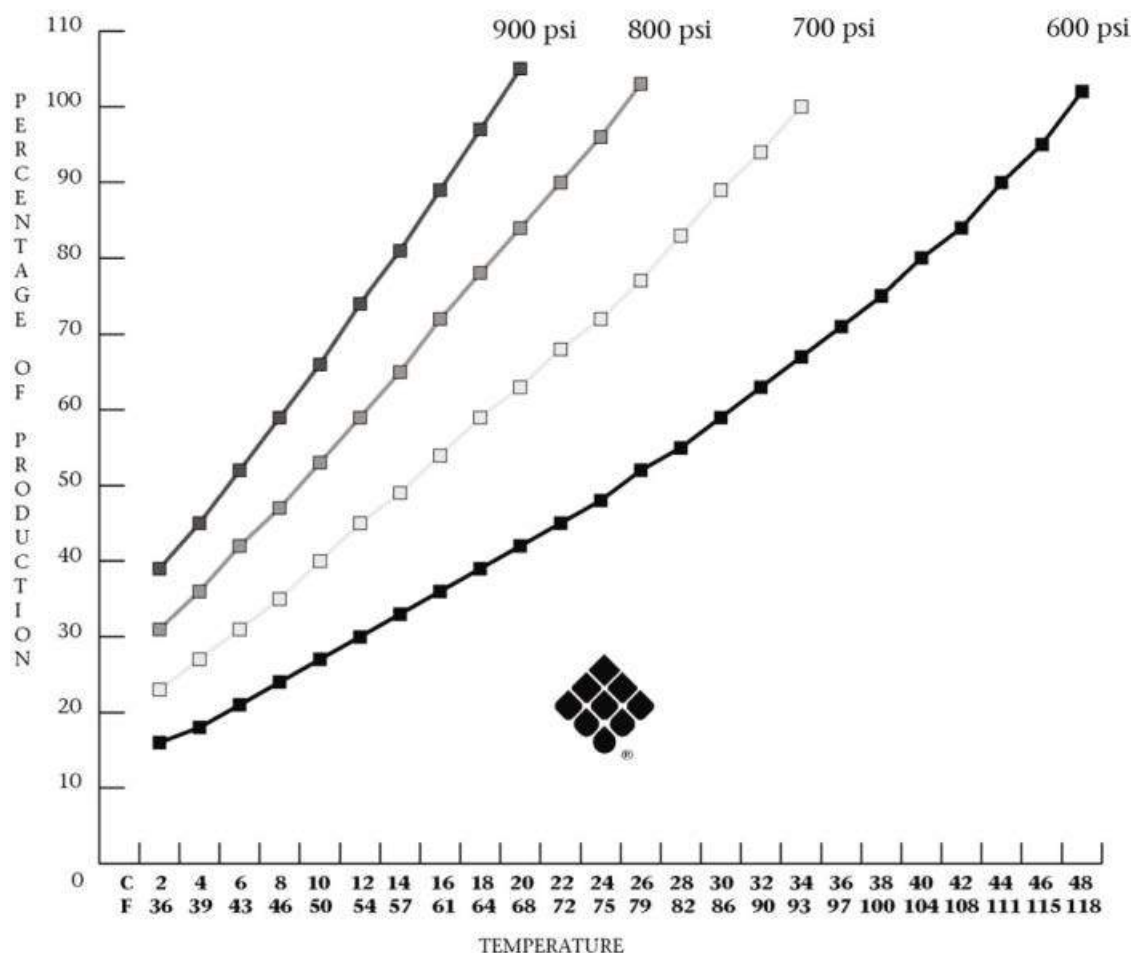
Sea Recovery Corporation recommends that all customers register their System immediately after delivery to ensure and guarantee product technical support and warranty.

Temperature and Pressure Effects

 **Note:** Do not use this chart for brackish water systems and applications

As the sea water temperature gets higher, the pressure must be adjusted so that the System does not exceed 100% of its rated product water flow. Product water flow that is greater than 100% of rated capacity causes premature fouling of the RO Membrane Element, which *voids the RO Membrane Element warranty*. The System will also require more frequent cleaning. Please refer to the chart below for pressure adjustments.

DO NOT EXCEED 100% OF RATED PRODUCTION!!!



Safety

Parties responsible for the installation, operation, and maintenance of the must read this manual thoroughly and comply with the instructions and safety requirements at all times.

Disposal

If System disposal is necessary, you must comply with all federal and state environmental regulations.

Compliance

- Sea Recovery's Reverse Osmosis Desalination Systems are Type Accepted by the American Bureau of Shipping, ABS.
- Sea Recovery's Reverse Osmosis Desalination Systems comply with FCC § 15.105
- Sea Recovery's Reverse Osmosis Desalination Systems have been independently tested and determined to be in compliance with European CE (Conformité Européenne).

Please refer to the Appendix for copies of compliance certificates.

Chemical Warnings

Sea Recovery SRC SC Storage Chemical

WARNING! CONTAINS SODIUM METABISULFITE. HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED, AVOID BREATHING DUST & FUMES. CAUSES IRRITATION TO EYES & MUCOUS MEMBRANES. DO NOT TAKE INTERNALLY. KEEP AWAY FROM FOOD.

FIRST AID: IF SWALLOWED, CALL A PHYSICIAN, GIVE TAP WATER & INDUCE VOMITING. IN CASE OF CONTACT IMMEDIATELY FLUSH EYES WITH WATER FOR 15 MINUTES & GET IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION. THOROUGHLY WASH AFFECTED SKIN AFTER HANDLING PRODUCT.

MEDICAL PERSONNEL FAMILIAR WITH Sea Recovery "SRC SC", SYSTEM & MEMBRANE STORAGE CHEMICAL, ARE AVAILABLE 24 HOURS A DAY, 7 DAYS A WEEK, U.S.A. TOLL FREE MEDICAL EMERGENCY NUMBER: 1-800-228-5635.

FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY.

Use with adequate ventilation. Prevent breathing dust and prevent contact with eyes. Thoroughly wash contacted parts after handling. Do not allow powder to become wetted with small amounts of water. Adding small amounts of water to powder may liberate irritating sulfur dioxide gas. Add powder to above specified amount of water only. Do not mix with other chemicals or cleaners. If spilled, sweep up as much as possible then flush with water to drain.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

NET CONTENTS 1.5 POUNDS (.68 Kg)

Sea Recovery SRC MCC-1 Membrane Cleaning Chemical

WARNING: CONTAINS SODIUM METASILICATE. HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED. MAY CAUSE BURNS. AVOID CONTACT WITH EYES. AVOID PROLONGED CONTACT WITH SKIN. DO NOT TAKE INTERNALLY. KEEP AWAY FROM FOOD.

FIRST AID: IF SWALLOWED, CALL A PHYSICIAN, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING, GIVE ONE GLASS OF TAP WATER OR MILK. IN CASE OF CONTACT IMMEDIATELY FLUSH EYES WITH WATER FOR 15 MINUTES & GET IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION. THOROUGHLY WASH AFFECTED SKIN AFTER HANDLING PRODUCT. CONTACT A PHYSICIAN IF IRRITATION PERSISTS.

MEDICAL PERSONNEL FAMILIAR WITH Sea Recovery "SRC MCC1", R.O. MEMBRANE ELEMENT ALKALINE DETERGENT CLEANING CHEMICAL, ARE AVAILABLE 24 HOURS A DAY, 7 DAYS A WEEK, U.S.A. TOLL FREE MEDICAL EMERGENCY NUMBER: 1-800-228-5635.

FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY.

Use with adequate ventilation. Prevent breathing dust & prevent contact with eyes. Thoroughly wash contacted parts after handling. Do not allow powder to become wetted with small amounts of water. Add powder to above specified amount of water only. Do not mix with other chemicals or cleaners. If spilled, sweep up as much as possible then flush with water to drain.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

NET CONTENTS 1.5 POUNDS (.68 Kg)

Sea Recovery SRC MCC-2 Membrane Cleaning Chemical

DANGER: CONTAINS SULFAMIC ACID. CAUSES BURNS, EYE & SKIN IRRITATION. HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED. AVOID BREATHING DUST. DO NOT TAKE INTERNALLY. KEEP AWAY FROM FOOD.

FIRST AID: IF SWALLOWED, CALL A PHYSICIAN, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING, GIVE ONE GLASS OF TAP WATER OR MILK. IN CASE OF CONTACT IMMEDIATELY FLUSH EYES WITH WATER FOR 15 MINUTES & GET IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION. THOROUGHLY WASH AFFECTED SKIN AFTER HANDLING PRODUCT. CONTACT A PHYSICIAN IF IRRITATION PERSISTS.

MEDICAL PERSONNEL FAMILIAR WITH Sea Recovery "SRC MCC2", R.O. MEMBRANE ELEMENT ACID CLEANING CHEMICAL, ARE AVAILABLE 24 HOURS A DAY, 7 DAYS A WEEK, U.S.A. TOLL FREE MEDICAL EMERGENCY NUMBER: 1-800-228-5635.

FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY.

DO NOT MIX WITH CHLORINATED SOLUTIONS OR COMPOUNDS. Use with adequate ventilation. Prevent breathing dust & prevent contact with eyes. Thoroughly wash contacted parts after handling. Do not allow powder to become wetted with small amounts of water. Add powder to above specified amount of water only. Do not mix with other chemicals or cleaners. If spilled, sweep up as much as possible then flush with water to drain.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

NET CONTENTS 1.5 POUNDS (.68 Kg)

Sea Recovery SRC MCC-3 Membrane Cleaning Chemical

WARNING: CONTAINS SODIUM METABISULFITE. HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED. AVOID BREATHING DUST AND FUMES. CAUSES IRRITATION TO EYES AND MUCOUS MEMBRANES. DO NOT TAKE INTERNALLY. KEEP AWAY FROM FOOD.

FIRST AID: IF SWALLOWED, CALL A PHYSICIAN, GIVE TAP WATER AND INDUCE VOMITING. IN CASE OF CONTACT IMMEDIATELY FLUSH EYES WITH WATER FOR 15 MINUTES & GET IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION. THOROUGHLY WASH AFFECTED SKIN AFTER HANDLING PRODUCT. CONTACT A PHYSICIAN IF IRRITATION PERSISTS.

MEDICAL PERSONNEL FAMILIAR WITH Sea Recovery "SRC MCC3", R.O. MEMBRANE ELEMENT RUST REMOVER CLEANING CHEMICAL, ARE AVAILABLE 24 HOURS A DAY, 7 DAYS A WEEK, U.S.A. TOLL FREE MEDICAL EMERGENCY NUMBER: 1-800-228-5635.

FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY.

Use with adequate ventilation. Prevent breathing dust & prevent contact with eyes. Thoroughly wash contacted parts after handling. Do not allow powder to become wetted with small amounts of water. Adding small amounts of water to powder may liberate irritating sulfur dioxide gas. Add powder to above specified amount of water only. Do not mix with other chemicals or cleaners. If spilled, sweep up as much as possible then flush with water to drain.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

NET CONTENTS 1.5 POUNDS (.68 Kg)

Patent Information

Certain aspects of the are protected by U.S. and International Patent Laws.

Chapter 2

System Description

Pre-Installation Safety Checks


Ensure that you—as the Installer, Operator or both—read and understand the prerequisites, warnings and important notes within this topic.

Storage Prior to Uncrating

You must adhere to the following crate markings:


- **DO NOT** store in direct sunlight
- **DO NOT** store above 120°F (50°C)
- **DO NOT** allow the System to freeze (do not store below 32°F (0°C))
- **DO NOT** store longer than four (4) months without flushing with storage chemical
- Store only on base with **ARROWS UP**
- Keep the RO Membrane Element wet at all times

Chemical Precautions


 **Danger:** The RO Membrane Element is susceptible to chemical attack. Take extreme caution in handling and storing! Do not expose your Aqua Matic XL to feed water containing chemicals not approved in writing by Sea Recovery Corporation.

Do not connect a water line to your Aqua Matic XL that may contain any of the following chemicals:

- Hydrogen peroxide chloramines-T
- Chlorine dioxide chlorine
- Bromine phenolic disinfectants
- Chloramines N-chloroisocyanurates
- Hypochlorite iodine
- Bromide petroleum products

 **Important:** The use of non-authorized and/or the *misuse* of authorized chemicals will void your Sea Recovery Corporation warranty! For example, **DO NOT** connect the Aqua Matic XL's inlet to your ship's potable water system if it contains chlorinated or brominated water. These chemicals destroy the copolymer components and the oxidants will damage the RO Membrane Element. In this situation, you can use the *optional* **Sea Recovery Fresh Water Flush Accessory** to remove the chlorine and bromine from your ship's potable water system before connecting the Aqua Matic XL.

System Safety Check

 **Danger:** Do not perform installation, maintenance or troubleshooting procedures until you have verified the following conditions:

- The System's Feed Water Sea Cock Valve is closed.
- The System's main electrical disconnect switch is **OFF**, **LOCKED** and **TAGGED**.












Installer Minimum Qualifications

The System's Installer must have technical expertise in the following areas:

- Electrical, Electronic, Electric Motors and Circuits
- Electromechanical and Mechanical Systems
- Hydraulic and Liquid Pressure and Flow Systems
- Piping and Plumbing Systems
- Water Suction and Pressure Lines
- Thru-Hull Fitting below and above water level

Do not attempt maintenance and repair if you are not proficient in the aforementioned fields of expertise.

Warnings

-  **Danger: ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD** The Aqua Matic XL installation procedures expose the installer to high voltage and potential electrical hazards. Technicians should only attempt installation if (1) they are qualified electricians and (2) surrounding conditions are safe.
-  **Caution:** Do not attempt Installation, commissioning, troubleshooting, or repair of the Aqua Matic XL unless you are proficient in the fields/functions listed within the section [Installer Minimum Qualifications](#) on page 18.
-  **Caution:** The RO Membrane Element is stored in sodium bisulfite. Avoid skin and eye contact with this packaging solution. If skin contact occurs, rinse skin thoroughly with water. If eye contact occurs, flush eyes repeatedly with water and notify a physician immediately.
-  **Caution:** Never mount the liquid holding component above any electrical or electronic device. Extensive damage to the electronic device will result if liquid enters device during maintenance and/or component failure.
-  **Important:** Do not over-tighten PVC fittings. If threaded pipe fittings leak after installation, remove the fitting, clean the mating threads, apply three (3) to four (4) wraps of Teflon tape to the male threads, apply liquid Teflon pipe sealer sparingly, and thread the parts back together. PVC fittings should be hand tightened, without the use of a wrench.
-  **Important:** The Sea Cock Valve, Inline Pressure Gauge, Sea Strainer, Rinse Clean Inlet Valve, and Booster Pump should be installed below water level. This will aid the Booster Pump in priming.
-  **Important:** Always allow hoses and tubes to enter and exit straight from the connection *for a minimum of 1 in. prior to a bend*. If stress is placed on the fitting due to a tight bend, the fitting will leak and may break.
-  **Important:** All connection lines should be as short and straight as possible using minimum fittings. Ensure that they are not “kinked”.
-  **Important:** The Electrical Control Touch Panel must be accessible for operation and monitoring of the system.
-  **Important:** Ensure that the power source is sufficiently sized to provide the correct voltage and cycles during System start up and operation.
-  **Remember:** Install the system and its supporting components in an accessible manner.

System Specifications

Specifications by Model

Model	Vessel Size	Weight	# of membranes
A300C-2200GPD	3" Membrane	413 lbs/187 kg	3x700
A300C-2600GPD	3" Membrane	413 lbs/187 kg	3x900
A300C-2800GPD	3" Membrane	428 lbs/194 kg	4x700
A300C-3400GPD	3" Membrane	439 lbs/199 kg	4x900
A310M-2200GPD	3" Membrane	390 lbs/176 kg	3x700
A310M-2600GPD	3" Membrane	400 lbs/181 kg	3x900
A310M-2800GPD	3" Membrane	428 lbs/194 kg	4x700
A310M-3400GPD	3" Membrane	432 lbs/196 kg	4x900

Model	Gallons	Liters/hr	Gallons/day	Liters/day
A300C-2200GPD	92	347	2200	8328
A300C-2600GPD	108	410	2600	9842
A300C-2800GPD	117	442	2800	10,599
A300C-3400GPD	150	568	3600	13,627
A310M-2200GPD	92	347	2200	8328
A310M-2600GPD	108	410	2600	9842
A310M-2800GPD	117	442	2800	10,599
A310M-3400GPD	150	568	3600	13,627

Specification	Value
Salt rejection (Chloride Ion)	99.4%
Product water temperature	Ambient to feed water temperature
Salinity monitoring	Automatic computer controlled electronic monitoring. The salinity monitoring components of the system give a continuous readout in micromhos per cubic centimeter, are temperature compensated and of a fail-safe design.
Salinity range of feed water	Seawater up to 50,000 PPM TDS (NaCl) (typical seawater salinity is 35,000 PPM)
Temperature range	Maximum 122°F / 50°C, Minimum 33°F / 0.5°C
Feed water flow per hour	225 U.S. Gallons / 852 Liters (AC 50 Hz); 270 U.S. Gallons / 1022 Liters (AC 60 Hz)
Reverse Osmosis (RO) membrane	Specifically selected High Rejection / High Yield aromatic tri-polyamide, thin film composite, spiral wound, single pass Reverse Osmosis membrane element.
Chlorine tolerance	0.1 PPM
pH range	3-11 (typical seawater pH is 8)

Feed Water and Operating Pressure

Minimum feed water pressure

6 psi	0.42 kg/cm ²	41.4 kPa
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Maximum feed water pressure

40 psi	2.8 kg/cm ²	275.8 kPa
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Nominal operating pressure (seawater @ 35,000 PPM, 77°F / 25°C)

800 psi	56.25 kg/cm ²	5516 kPa
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External Installation Water Connections

Pipe sizes to be supplied by the Installer for connection of the Sea Recovery supplied components

- Feed Inlet - $\frac{3}{4}$ in. (19 mm) MNPT Male National Pipe Thread U.S. Standard
- Brine Discharge - $\frac{3}{4}$ in. (19 mm) MNPT Male National Pipe Thread U.S. Standard
- Product - $\frac{1}{2}$ in. (12.7 mm) FNPT Female National Pipe Thread U.S. Standard

Installer-supplied Components

The components described in this topic are to be supplied by the Installer, based on the criteria provided by Sea Recovery Corporation.



Important: All fittings, valves and piping installed prior to, during, and after the Aqua Matic XL installation *must not contain iron*. Should *iron* fittings, valves and/or piping be installed, then the resulting failure of the RO Membrane Element will be attributed to improper installation, and will be the liability of the Installer.

Water Connections

- Feed Inlet at the Sea Cock Valve: $\frac{3}{4}$ in. (19 mm) MNPT¹
- Brine Discharge at the Thru Hull Discharge fitting: $\frac{3}{4}$ in. (19 mm) MNPT
- Product at the Product Water Connector: $\frac{1}{2}$ in. (12.7 mm) FNPT²
- Pressurized Fresh Water at the Cleaning Bucket: $\frac{3}{8}$ in. (9.5 mm) FNPT

Inlet Thru Hull Fitting (with Forward-facing Scoop)

The Inlet Thru Hull Fitting must be a minimum $\frac{3}{4}$ in. (19 mm), and be dedicated to the Aqua Matic XL. The Installer must utilize a forward-facing scoop, so that the system receives positive water flow when the ship is moving. The fitting must be installed on the ship's hull, in a position that provides a continuous, air-free supply of Feed Water.



Important:

- The Aqua Matic XL must receive an uninterrupted supply of Feed Water without air.
- The Aqua Matic XL must not be tied into an existing auxiliary water line that is already supplying another accessory on the ship.
- If the Aqua Matic XL is connected to a Sea Chest or Stand Up Pipe, do not plumb the System's feed line to the "top" of either component. Plumb the System to the "bottom" of such feed water arrangements to ensure a continuous, air-free supply of Feed Water into the System.

MNPT Connections

- Inlet Sea Cock Valve Quarter turn ball valve (minimum $\frac{3}{4}$ in. (19 mm) MNPT connection) for mating to the supplied $\frac{3}{4}$ in. (19 mm) FNPT Inlet Connection fitting.
- Brine Discharge Thru Hull Fitting (minimum $\frac{3}{4}$ in. (19 mm) MNPT connection) for mating to the supplied $\frac{3}{4}$ in. (19 mm) FNPT Brine Discharge Connector fitting.



Caution: The Brine Discharge Thru Hull fitting must be installed above water level. Do not install any valve in the Brine Discharge line. A blockage or closed valve will cause damage to the System.

FNPT Connections

- The connection of the Product Water Line to the ship's *UNPRESSURIZED* Potable Water Storage Tank requires a $\frac{1}{2}$ in. (12.7 mm) FNPT connection for mating to the supplied $\frac{1}{2}$ in. (12.7 mm) MNPT Product Water Connector fitting. In order to avoid problems such as reverse flow (osmosis) from the tank to the System, as well as a chlorination attack on the RO Membrane Element, the fitting must terminate above the maximum water level. No

¹ Male National Pipe Thread U.S. Standard

² Female National Pipe Thread U.S. Standard

valves should be installed in this line. A blockage or closed valve in the Product Water Line will cause damage to the System and the RO Membrane Element.

- The connection of the Fresh Water Flush sub-assembly to the ship's *PRESSURIZED* Potable Water Line requires a ¾ in. (19 mm) FNPT connection for mating to the ¾ in. (19 mm) MNPT fitting (which is supplied with the Fresh Water Flush subassembly).

Circuit Breaker

Circuit Breaker with appropriate amperage rating. Please refer to the topic [Electric Motor Specifications](#) on page 30 for details.

Properly-sized Cables

Properly-sized power cables. Please refer to the topic [Electric Motor Specifications](#) on page 30 for details.

Electrical Power Source


An electrical power source capable of delivering the required constant voltage and cycles during System start up and operation. Please refer to the topic [Electric Motor Specifications](#) on page 30 for details.

Piping and Interconnect Diagrams

Please refer to the [Appendix](#) on page 89 for diagrams (which include both *standard* and *optional* accessory configurations). In addition, diagrams depicting several pre-filtration configurations have been provided. Please follow the steps below when installing your System.

1. Determine pre-filtration and post-filtration components that must be installed.
2. Locate the appropriate diagram (see [Appendix](#) on page 89).
3. Connect the components based on the corresponding diagram.

RO Membrane Element(s)

 **Important:** At times, Sea Recovery Corporation will ship an Aqua Matic XL **WITHOUT** an RO Membrane Element installed. This is for the purpose of accommodating ship builders who want to install the System in advance of commissioning the ship.

To determine whether or not a RO Membrane Element has been installed, check the High Pressure Vessel(s) for a RO Membrane Element Serial Number tag (illustrated below).



If the RO Membrane Element Serial Number tag is missing or does not contain a serial number and date, then the RO Membrane Element(s) are not installed. If the RO Membrane Element(s) are not installed, and you wish to install them at this time, then please contact Sea Recovery Corporation and supply us with your original Purchase Order Number, your Sea Recovery Corporation Invoice Number, and your System's Serial Number.



Important: If the RO Membrane Element is not to be installed at this time, ensure that you leave a visible note at the system controller and at the front of the control panel informing the end user that: The RO Membrane Element(s) are not installed; to contact the factory for the RO Membrane Element(s); and DO NOT operate the system without the RO Membrane Element(s) installed.



Caution: Extensive damage will occur if the system is operated without at least one RO Membrane Element installed. Damage to the system caused by the operation of the system without RO Membrane Element will be treated as follows:

- It will **NOT** be covered by the Sea Recovery Corporation warranty.
- It will be the Installer's liability, if he/she did not notify the System Owner.
- It will be the System Owner's liability if the Installer properly notified he/she that the RO Membrane Element(s) were not installed and to not operate the system without the RO Membrane Element(s) installed.

Component Descriptions

All components supplied by Sea Recovery Corporation (both *standard* and *optional*) are described in this section, along with items required or optionally supplied by the Installer. The location, operation and purpose of each major component are briefly explained in this section. Remember, the major documented cause of failures and problems are from the use of third-party, non-Sea Recovery parts; improper installation; and improper operation. **Do not use parts, components from any source other than Sea Recovery!** Sea Recovery Corporation maintains inventory for immediate shipment and our Service Dealers throughout the world maintain stock of Sea Recovery parts. Always insist on Sea Recovery supplied parts in order to avoid failures, eliminate problems, and maintain your warranty. The use of third-party, non-Sea Recovery components, spares and assemblies will result in the following:

- Damage to the Aqua Matic XL and/or damage to specific components within the System.
- Voiding the Aqua Matic XL's warranty and/or voiding the affected System component's warranty.

Pre-filtration Components

The *Pre-filtration* section of your Aqua Matic XL filters and delivers feed water. The raw feed water is filtered to remove suspended solids larger than 5 Microns (5/1,000,000 of a meter). Pre-filtration protects the High Pressure Pump from premature wear, and the Reverse Osmosis Membrane Element from premature fouling.

1. Inlet Thru Hull Fitting with Forward Facing Scoop

The point at which the Feed Water enters the system. The System's Installer must use a forward-facing scoop so that the System receives positive water flow as the ship is moving.



Caution: A flush Inlet Thru-hull Fitting will create a vacuum as the ship is moving, thus causing loss of Feed Water flow and cavitation of the Booster and High Pressure Pump. This will result in continuous system shut down.



Caution: The Installer must utilize a forward-facing scoop, so that the system receives positive water flow when the ship is moving. The fitting must be installed on the ship's hull, in a position that provides a continuous, air-free supply of Feed Water.



Caution: The resulting failure of the System to remain in operation is attributed to improper installation. Thus, it is the Installer's liability, and will not be covered by the Sea Recovery Corporation warranty.

2. Sea Cock Valve

Used (for safety reasons) to close the Feed Water line during repair, maintenance and disuse of the system.

3. Sea Strainer

Filters out large particulate matter and suspended particles that would otherwise damage the Booster Pump and prematurely foul the cartridge Pre-filter Element. The Sea Strainer has a clear bowl with a bronze body filter housing, that contains a cleanable, monel filter screen.

4. Booster Pump

Supplies positive pressure to the Pre-filters and onward to the High Pressure Pump. The Booster Pump has a performance curve of 85 Feet Head or 35 PSI (2.41 BAR) @ 60 Hz with a Feed Water flow of 4.5 GPM (17 LPM). The resulting pressure at the High Pressure Pump depends on the final installation configuration and condition of the Pre-filtration elements.

5. **Low Pressure Transducer #1**

Booster Pump Outlet / first Pre-filter Inlet for line pressure pick up from the outlet of the Booster Pump to the first Pre-filtration component.

6. **Plankton Filter** *(optional)*

Contains a cleanable, ultra-fine monel mesh screen. The mesh screen removes suspended solids or biological growth, such as plankton. It also provides longer life to the Pre-filter elements and, in turn, lowers system maintenance costs. The Plankton Filter is available as a single housing or dual housing. For additional information on obtaining this optional accessory, please contact Sea Recovery Corporation.

7. **Multi Media Filter** *(optional)*

Contains a back-washable bed of sand and gravel. The sand traps suspended solids larger than 30 microns, which provides longer life to the pleated cartridge, Pre-filter elements. As a result, maintenance intervals, maintenance labor and filter element costs will be reduced. For additional information on obtaining this optional accessory, please contact Sea Recovery Corporation.



Caution: Do not use third-party pre-filtration components! Use only Sea Recovery Corporation pre-filtration components. Third-party pre-filtration components do not fit properly, thus causing the seams to fall apart. They also allow bypass, which results in extensive damage to the High Pressure Pump, as well as to premature fouling of the RO Membrane Element.

8. **Dual Pre-Filter** *(optional)*

Removes suspended solids in two stages. The feed water passes first through a 20 micron cartridge then a 5 micron cartridge. By stepping the filtration, both pre-filter elements gain longer life and require less maintenance labor and pre-filter element replacement cost. For additional information on obtaining this optional accessory, please contact Sea Recovery Corporation.

9. **Commercial Pre-filter** *(optional)*

Takes the place of the Dual Pre-filter. The 5 micron Commercial Pre-filter cartridge element contains 37.5 sq. ft. (3.5 square meters) of filtering surface area. This oversized cartridge offers a longer filter-element life, which in turn, extends the time interval between required maintenance, as well as reduces maintenance labor and pre-filter element replacement costs. For additional information on obtaining this optional accessory, please contact Sea Recovery Corporation.

10. **T-Connector Pressure Differential Pick-up** *(optional)*

Included with the Pressure Differential Transducer for the line-differential pressure pick-up between the *optional* Pre-filtration components to the Low Differential Pressure Transducer. Depending on the Pre-filtration and System configuration, this T-Connector may not be necessary and only one of the two Pressure Pick-Up Tee styles may be used.

11. **Pressure Differential Transducer** *(optional)*

Used for line differential pressure across pre-filtration components. Allows the operator to determine which pre-filtration component requires servicing. For additional information on obtaining this optional accessory, please contact Sea Recovery Corporation.

12. **Oil/Water Separator Filter**

Removes oil present in the feed water.



Caution: Do not use third-party pre-filtration components! Use only Sea Recovery Corporation pre-filtration components. Third-party pre-filtration components do not fit properly, thus causing the seams to fall apart. They also allow bypass, which results in extensive damage to the High Pressure Pump, as well as to premature fouling of the RO Membrane Element.



Caution: Oil permanently destroys the RO Membrane Element. It is recommended that you avoid operating the Aqua Matic XL in oil-polluted waters if the Oil/Water Separator Filter is not installed.

13. **Low Pressure Transducer #2** *(optional)*

Measures line pressure after pre-filtration has occurred (but prior to the inlet of the High Pressure Pump).

14. Low Pressure Transducer Manifold

Supports the Low Pressure and Differential Pressure Transducers.

Pressurization Components

The *Pressurization* section of your Aqua Matic XL provides the necessary pressure to force the Product Water through the RO Membrane Element.

1. High Pressure Pump and Motor Assembly

A positive-displacement Plunger Pump made of high-grade, stainless steel material. It is specifically designed for sea-water reverse-osmosis applications.

2. High Pressure Hose, HP Pump Outlet to RO Membrane Element, and Vessel Assembly Inlet

Transfers pressurized sea water from the High Pressure Pump to the RO Membrane Element inlet.

3. RO Membrane Element and Vessel #1

The RO Membrane Element allows potable water molecules to pass through, while rejecting salt ions. Depending on your System model, 7-28% of the seawater feed water will become freshwater. The remaining feed water transports the rejected salt ions out of the RO Membrane Element (in a concentrated brine stream). Note that your Aqua Matic XL may have one or two RO Membrane Element(s) and Vessel(s) in series, depending on your specific model and System capacity.

4. RO Membrane Element and Vessel #2

Connected in series with the first RO Membrane Element and Vessel. The Sea Recovery R.O. System will have either one or two RO Membrane Element and Vessel depending on the model. The 2nd RO Membrane Element and Vessel may be added at any time to a system with only one. Adding the 2nd RO Membrane Element and Vessel will double the System's production.

5. High Pressure Hose / RO Membrane Element and Vessel Assembly Outlet to High Pressure Manifold Inlet

6. High Pressure Transducer

Measures the System operating pressure from the outlet of the High Pressure Pump to the RO Membrane Element(s) and Vessel(s).

7. Back Pressure Regulator

Controls the System operating pressure applied to the RO Membrane Element(s).

8. High Pressure Manifold

Connects the High Pressure Hose, High Pressure Transducer, High Pressure Gauge and Back Pressure Regulator.

Brine Discharge Components

The *Brine Discharge* section carries the Brine Discharge water (exiting from the RO Membrane Element) back to the feed source.

1. Brine Discharge Flow Meter

Measures the brine water flowrate from the RO Membrane Element in gallons or liters per hour. By adding the amount of Product Water flow to the Brine Discharge flow, the operator can determine the total Feed Water flow.

2. Brine Discharge T-Connector

Collects the Brine Discharge water and unpotable Product Water.

3. Brine Discharge Connector

Attaches to the overboard thru-hull fitting for connecting to the Brine Discharge Hose.

4. Multi Media Filter Waste "T"

A component that is included with the *optional* Multi Media Filter. The Waste T is installed within the line (at the Brine Discharge fitting) for the purpose of discharging (1) waste from the Multi Media Filter (during backwash and rinse operations), and (2) Brine Water from the System.

5. Thru Hull Brine Discharge Fitting

To be provided by the Installer. This fitting must be installed above water level for Brine Water discharge from the system.

Product Water Components

The *Product Water* section provides a visual indicator for the clarity, quantity and quality of the Product Water. Post-filtration is the final step in Product Water quality control. The Post-filtration Subsystem is designed to limit unpleasant odor and taste, adjust the pH to neutral and sterilize biological matter (which may have passed through the RO Membrane Element).

1. Product Water T-Connector

Combines the Product Water from two RO Membrane Elements.

2. Temperature Compensated Salinity Probe

Electronically determines whether the salinity content of the Product Water is acceptable. The Salinity Probe is temperature-compensated and provides an accurate measurement of Product Water quality.

3. Product Water Flow Meter

Electronically measures the Product Water flow rate in gallons or liters per hour.

4. 3-Way Product Water Diversion Valve (Electric Solenoid Actuated)

This valve is energized (by the Controller) into the potable position when the System produces water that meets the low salinity requirement. If the produced Product Water is un-potable (i.e., high in salinity), then no signal is sent to the valve and it remains in the normal-open position. The "fail-safe," normal-open position then diverts the un-potable Product Water to discharge.

5. Charcoal Filter

Removes foul odors from the Product Water. Sulfurous odor (i.e., "rotten-egg smell") is caused when biological matter dies and decays in the Feed Water section. Flushing the System with fresh water helps to minimize this odor.

6. pH Neutralizer Filter

Dissolves calcium carbonate into the Product Water, thus bringing the pH level back to neutral (i.e., at approximately pH 7).



Note: The pH value of pure water is pH 7, which is regarded as neutral. pH values from 0 to ~7 indicate *acidity*, while pH values from 7.25 to 14 indicate *alkalinity*. The Product Water from your Aqua Matic XL will be slightly acidic because most of the naturally occurring, high-pH calcium carbonate has been removed. The Product Water from your System will also be soft (for the same reason mentioned above) at approximately 6.5 pH.

7. Ultra-Violet (UV) Sterilizer (optional)

Sterilizes at least 99.9% of viruses, bacteria and other micro-organisms that may pass through the RO Membrane Element. The UV sterilizer is recommended if the Product Water Storage Tank is not chlorinated or treated in another, similar manner. For additional information on obtaining this optional accessory, please contact Sea Recovery Corporation.

8. Product Water Connector

Connects the Potable Water Un-pressurized Tank to the Product Water Hose.

Fresh Water System Components

The Fresh Water system represents the ship's Fresh Water Pressurized System. Pressurized Fresh Water is required to supply the System Fresh Water Flush.

1. Potable Water Storage Tank

To be supplied by the System's Owner. This can be any container or existing storage tank that is suitable for storing Potable Water.

2. Fresh Water Pressure Pump

To be supplied by the System's Owner. Delivers Fresh Water throughout the ship.



Important: To provide the required water flow to the System during the Fresh Water Flush cycle, the pump must deliver up to 0.5 U.S. Gallons (1.9 Liters) per minute at 25 to 60 PSI (172 to 414 kPa).

3. Air Entrainment Tank

To be supplied by the System's Owner. This tank (also known as an accumulator) is sometimes installed into a ship's Fresh Water line to eliminate pulsations from the Fresh Water Pressure Pump, as well as to reduce the demand on the pump. The tank stores pressurized Fresh Water for delivery to the ship's fresh water piping.

Fresh Water Flush Components

The Fresh Water Flush section includes a Carbon Filter and an automatic, motor-actuated Ball Valve that automatically flushes the System with Fresh Water. This process occurs automatically every time the System shuts down, and repeats on a preset frequency (in days). Fresh Water Flushing replaces the sea water in the System with less corrosive fresh water, which also reduces the biological growth and subsequent decay that naturally occurs if the sea water is not flushed from the System with fresh water. For additional information on obtaining this optional accessory, please contact Sea Recovery Corporation.

1. **Fresh Water Flush 2-way Solenoid Valve**

Automatically actuates at System shut down (and at a preset frequency, in days) to flush the system with Fresh Water.

2. **Fresh Water Flush Check Valve**

Prevents Feed Water from entering the fresh water line.

3. **Fresh Water Flush Charcoal Filter**

Removes chlorine (if present) in the Fresh Water, prior to flowing through the RO Membrane Element.

4. **Cleaning Bucket**

To be supplied by the System's Owner. Can be any non-ferrous container capable of holding at least 10 U.S. Gallons (37.8 Liters) of water. This container is used during the RO Membrane Element cleaning, storing, or winterizing process.

5. **Rinse Clean Valves (optional)**

Mounted separately on singular individual plates or together on a double plate. The Rinse Clean Inlet Valve (used in conjunction with the Rinse Clean Outlet Valve) simplifies the storage and cleaning procedures by allowing the Operator to turn a valve, rather than disconnect a hose. Also used for manual Fresh Water Flush if the Automatic Fresh Water Flush System is not installed. Note that the Rinse Clean Valves are available on single or double valve mounting plates.

Electronic Components

The *Electronics* section measures water quality, controls the direction of Product Water flow, starts/stops the pumps, and contains the System's central electrical connection point. It also ensures that only potable Product Water passes into the Product Water Storage Tank.

1. **System Touch Panel**

Provides access to all System functions. Features an intuitive touch-screen and displays all operating conditions that are being monitored.

2. **Electrical Control Box**

Contains all electrical and electronic components that control the System.

3. **Remote Control Touch Panel (optional)**

Allows for remote control, operation, and monitoring of the system. For additional information on obtaining this optional accessory, please contact Sea Recovery Corporation.

4. **Soft Start (optional)**

Used only in AC Single Phase systems, this component reduces the initial start-up amperage that is required to turn on the High Pressure Pump Motor. Thus, a smaller KW generator can be used to start the system. Note that start-up amperage is reduced by 40% with the Soft Start installed. For additional information on obtaining this optional accessory, please contact Sea Recovery Corporation.

Miscellaneous Components

Note that the controller supports one tank-level switch. Please select either the low-level or high-level as described below.

1. **Fresh Water Tank Low Level Switch**

To be supplied by the System's Owner. Provides an optional feature to the System Control Logic that works in conjunction with the Automatic Fresh Water Flush option. When the Fresh Water Tank is empty, the switch is open. As water rises in the tank, the switch closes, which informs the System Control Logic that there is sufficient Fresh Water to perform the Automatic Fresh Water Flush Cycle.



Note: When installed and connected to the Main Printed Circuit Board, the Fresh Water Tank Low Level Switch must be connected as a Normally Open (NO), One Pole Single Throw (PST) switch.

2. Fresh Water Tank High Level Switch

To be supplied by the System's Owner. To be supplied by the System's Owner. Provides an optional feature to the System Control Logic that shuts off the System automatically Fresh Water Tank High Level Switch when the Fresh Water Tank is full (Note: System has to be operating in Automatic mode). Additionally, the System will not start in Automatic mode when the Fresh Water Tank High Level Switch signals the System Control Logic that the Fresh Water Tank is full. When the Fresh Water Tank is below the full mark, the switch is closed. As water rises and reaches the top of the full mark, the switch opens. This informs the System Control Logic that the Fresh Water Tank is full. If System operation is desired when the Fresh Water Tank Switch signals the System Control Logic that the Fresh Water Tank is full, then the System may be operated in Manual mode.



Note: When installed and connected to the Main Printed Circuit Board, the Fresh Water Tank High Level Switch must be connected as a Normally Closed (NC), One Pole Single Throw (PST) switch.

Chapter 3


Electrical Specifications

Electrical Requirements and Specs

The topics within this chapter address electrical requirements, safety information and specifications for the Aqua Matic XL. For electrical schematics, please refer to the following diagrams in the Appendix:


- [Single-Phase Electrical Motor Wiring](#) on page 93
- [Three-Phase Electrical Motor Wiring](#) on page 94
- [Three Phase Transformer Wiring](#) on page 95


System Safety Check

 **Danger:** Do not perform installation, maintenance or troubleshooting procedures until you have verified the following conditions:

- The System's Feed Water Sea Cock Valve is closed.
- The System's main electrical disconnect switch is **OFF**, **LOCKED** and **TAGGED**.

Hazard Warning

 **Danger: ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD** The Aqua Matic XL installation procedures expose the installer to high voltage and potential electrical hazards. Technicians should only attempt installation if (1) they are qualified electricians and (2) surrounding conditions are safe.

 **Danger:** Always allow slack in electrical cables. The cable must be able to enter and leave the strain relief in a straight manner to ensure proper connection; relieve stress on the cable and fitting; and to allow ease of detachment and re-attachment (for maintenance and/or replacement). If electrical cables are pulled tight and bent at the strain relief, then they may detach [from the strain relief]. The result is (1) a dangerous electrical-shock condition; wire breakage; and loss of the strain relief's water-tight integrity.

Amperage Notes

The electric motors within the Aqua Matic XL start in series, with the time delay between each motor starting after the Touch Screen “Start” Switch is pressed.

1. First, the Booster Pump starts, then the main High Pressure Pump Electric Motor. Alternatively, the Booster Pump and High Pressure Pump may be started manually by accessing *manual operation mode* from the Touch Screen.
2. During start up, the Booster Pump Electric Motor's current surges to “Locked Rotor” amperage for a fraction of a second, after which, the current drops to a normal-running load. Then, the High Pressure Pump Electric Motor starts and surges to “locked Rotor” amperage for a fraction of a second, after which, the current drops to normal-running load.

Thus, the *maximum surge current* equals the **Booster Pump Electric Motor's** normal-running amperage *plus* the **High Pressure Pump Electric Motor's** starting amperage. *Normal-operational amperage* equals the **Booster Pump Electric Motor's** normal-operating amperage *plus* the **High Pressure Pump Electric Motor's** normal-operating amperage.

Pump Motor	Voltage VAC	Hz	Phase	Normal Operating Amps	Start Up Current
Booster 1.5/2	190 / 380 // 230 / 460	50 // 60	3	5.2 / 2.6 // 5.8 / 2.9	24 / 16 // 27 / 14
Booster 2	230	60	1	11.5	45

Power Source Requirements

Check line voltage and frequency to ensure that it agrees with system nameplate. Grounding and circuit protection should be done in accordance with National Electrical Code. See connection diagram on nameplate of motor or refer to the diagrams within this manual.

Motor Rotation

Refer to Booster Pump and High Pressure Pump markings to determine proper rotation. For three-phase systems, you may ensure proper rotation by jogging each motor from manual operation mode.

Electric Motor Specifications

Circuit Breaker Amp Rating	HP	AC Voltage	Normal Operating Amps	HZ	Phase	Start Up Current	Circuit Breaker Amp
2200-2600 GPD	5	190 / 380	15.6 / 7.8	50	3	55 / 30	60 / 50
2200-2600 GPD	5	230 / 460	13.4 / 6.7	60	3	49 / 26	60 / 50
2200-2600 GPD	5	230	23	60	1	69	80
2800-3400 GPD	5	190 / 380	15.6 / 7.8	50	3	55 / 30	60 / 50
2800-3400 GPD	5	230 / 460	13.4 / 6.7	60	3	49 / 26	60 / 50

Chapter 4

Installation

⊘ Caution: All mounting surfaces must be flat in order to avoid bracket and frame warping. Damage caused by attaching the System (or its components) to an uneven surface *will be attributed to improper installation; is the liability of the Installer; and is not covered* by the Sea Recovery Corporation warranty. Grind mounting surfaces flat, or use appropriate shims on uneven surfaces, to ensure that System component mounting does not cause bending or warping.

System Frame

The System frame must be placed in a location that allows the following:

- Safe and convenient operation and maintenance access.
- Sufficient room for Filter Bowl removal.
- Safe and convenient access to the right side of the frame for electrical wire attachment.
- Touch-pad access (i.e., it is both reachable and readable).

✓ Note: The System frame is mounted in-place by four (4) rubber-isolation mounts (supplied). Four (4) threaded bolts and four (4) sheet-metal screws are provided for attachment.

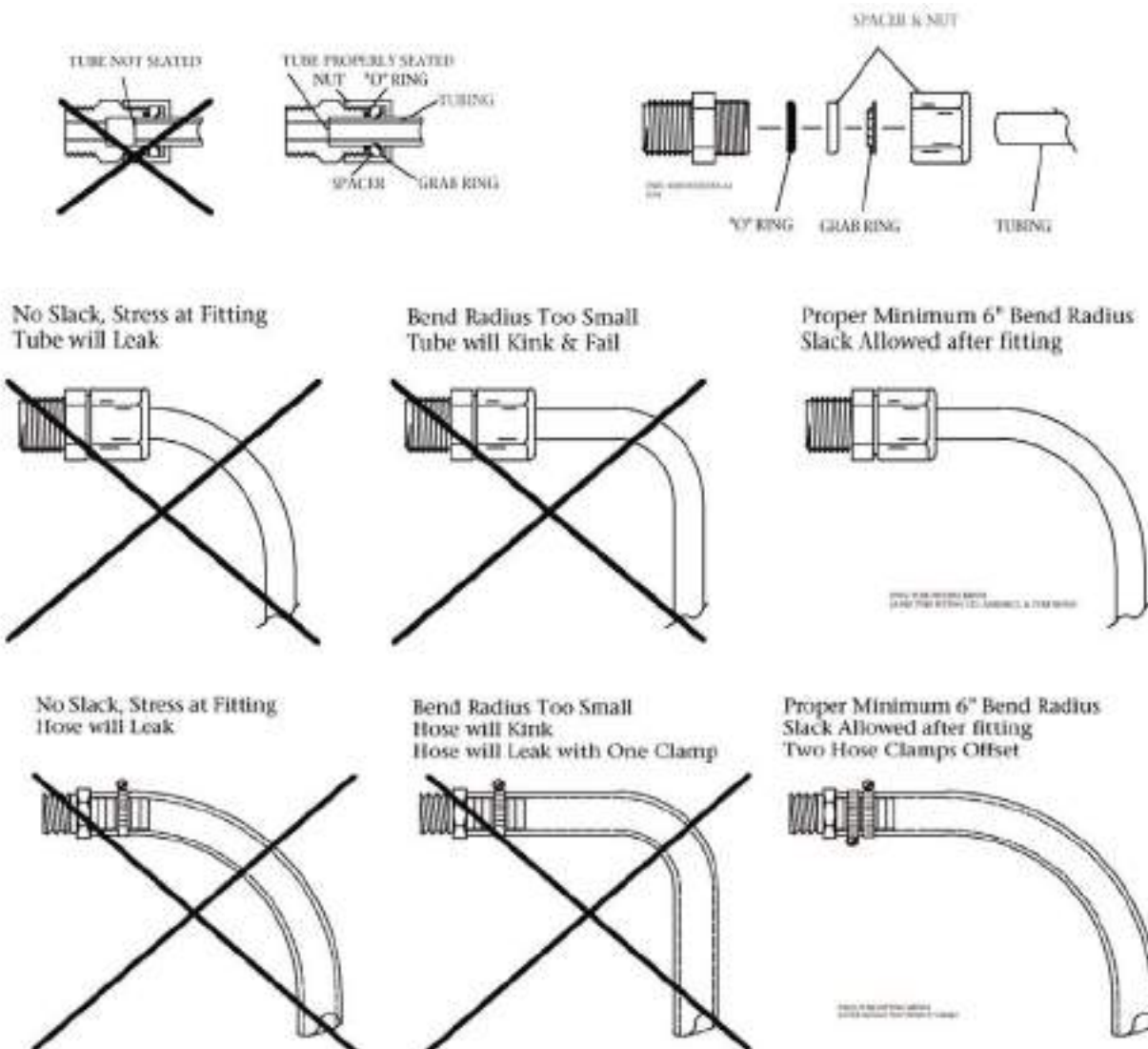
1. Lay the System frame on a flat surface and mark the mounting holes.
2. Temporarily move the System frame, and drill the appropriate holes (depending on the hardware that you are using).
3. Place the System frame over the drilled holes and attach the rubber isolation grommet under the frame at each of the four (4) mounting points.
4. Place the mating, rubber-isolation grommet on top of the frame hole, and attach it with the appropriate supplied washers, bolts and screws.

Tube-Fitting Assembly

The following tasks provide guidance on tube-fitting assemblies. A general diagram is displayed below.



⊘ Caution: If water lines are pulled tight and, thereby, bent at the fitting, they can leak, allow air to enter, fail prematurely, and/or break the attached fitting. Always allow slack in tube and hose lines. Never cause a bend in the tube or hose to at the fitting. The line must enter or leave the fitting in a straight manner for several inches to ensure proper connection, relieve stress to the fitting and tube/hose, and allow easy detachment and re-attachment during maintenance or repair.



1. Cut tube-end squarely and cleanly.
2. Loosen nut by three turns on the fitting.
3. Insert tube into the fitting until it bottoms.
4. Loosen nut completely and remove tube with attached parts from body.
5. Check that the O-Ring is seated under the tube's spacer, and not pinched into its body.
6. Insert tube with attached parts into the body and tighten nut finger-tight.

Interconnecting Components with Supplied Hose

Note: ¼ in. (6.35 mm) OD, nylon tubing is supplied with applicable components for connecting pressure pick-up points to the Low Pressure Transducers. Use of this tubing is dependent upon the optional Pre-filtration components installed in your System.

Important: If the RO Membrane Element and Pressure Vessel Assembly are mounted remotely, ensure that all high-pressure hoses have sufficient slack and are not pulled tightly into a sharp or immediate bend.

1. Using the supplied ¾ in. (19 mm) ID, clear, braided hose, connect the Suction Line components, Low Pressure line components and Brine Discharge Line components. Secure connections with the supplied hose clamps. Ensure that all Suction Hose connections use two (2) hose clamps that have been rotated 180°, with the screw

heads facing the same direction. Using fine sandpaper, remove any flash from the hose-barb fittings. If your System is not supplied with one or more of the optional components mentioned, then skip it and make a connection to the next supplied component.

- Using the supplied 50 feet (15 meters) of ½ in. (12.7 mm) ID, clear, braided hose, connect the Product Water Line components. Secure each connection with the supplied hose clamps, placing one (1) hose clamp onto each hose-barb fitting.

Component Interconnect Chart

Component Outlet	To Component Inlet
Inlet Connection	Sea Strainer
Sea Strainer	Rinse Clean Inlet Valve left or right port
Rinse Clean Inlet Valve unused left or right port	Rinse/Clean Container
Rinse Clean Inlet Valve center port	Booster Pump
Booster Pump	Pre-filtration Options
Pre-filtration Options	LP Manifold
Brine Discharge Tee	Rinse Clean Discharge Valve
Rinse Clean Discharge Valve	Cleaning Bucket
Rinse Clean Discharge Valve	Brine Discharge Connector
Multi Media Filter Waste Line (if used)	Multi Media Filter Discharge Fitting separate Thru-Hull or Tee at Brine Discharge Connector
pH Neutralizing Filter	Ultra Violet (UV) Sterilizer
Ultra Violet (UV) Sterilizer	Potable Water Storage Tank or Cistern

Remote Touch Screen

The Remote Touch-Screen Enclosure Assembly is supplied with an 80 ft (24.4 m) long, NMEA-200 cable for connection to the Main Control Panel. Place and install the Remote Touch-Screen Enclosure in a location that meets the following criteria:

- Away from water lines and hoses.
- Away from locations that could be sprayed with water.
- In an accessible and viewable location.
- Within 80 ft (24.4 m) of the Main Control Panel.

Water Tank and Optional Components



Note: These optional components are installed inside the Fresh Water Tank. The high- and low-level tank switches are not mandatory for System operation; however, they do add features when the System is in Automatic mode. The choice of make, model and style are left up to the Installer and/or Owner. The switches must meet the electrical requirements and operations described below. The Installer may also connect an *optional*, external alarm to the System, which will alert the Operator when the System shuts down.

Optional Component (Owner/Installer-supplied)	Description
Fresh Water Tank Low Level Switch	Provides an <i>optional feature</i> to the System Control Logic that works in conjunction with the Automatic Fresh Water Flush option. When installed and connected to the Main Printed Circuit Board, the Fresh Water Tank Low-Level Switch must be connected as a Normally Open (NO), One Pole Single Throw (1PST) switch. When the Fresh Water Tank is empty, the switch is open. As water rises in the tank, the switch closes. This informs the System Control Logic that there is sufficient Fresh Water to perform the Automatic Fresh Water Flush Cycle.
Fresh Water Tank High Level Switch	Provides an <i>optional feature</i> to the System Control Logic that allows the System to shut off automatically when the Fresh Water Tank is full (as long as the System is operating in Automatic

Optional Component (Owner/Installer-supplied)	Description
	mode). Additionally, the System will not start when the Fresh Water Tank High Level Switch signals to the System Control Logic that the Fresh Water Tank is full. When installed and connected to the Main Printed Circuit Board, the Fresh Water Tank High Level Switch must be connected as a Normally Closed (NC), 1PST switch. When the Fresh Water Tank is below the full mark, the switch is closed. As water rises and reaches the top of the full mark, the switch opens, which informs the System Control Logic that the Fresh Water Tank is full. The System shut downs if operating in Automatic mode, and will not start if operating in Automatic mode. If System operation desired when the Fresh Water Tank Switch signals to the System Control Logic that the Fresh Water Tank is full, then the System may be operated in Manual mode.
Alarm	Provides an <i>optional feature</i> to the System Control Logic that audibly or visually signals to the Operator that the System has stopped running. The alarm circuit output from the Main Printed Circuit Board is 12 VDC with MAXIMUM allowable current consumption of one (1) Ampere. This alarm will signal if a fault occurs. It will not signal with a normal shut down (i.e., one that was not associated with a fault).

UV Sterilizer

The following steps describe the assembly and installation process for the Ultraviolet (UV) Sterilizer component. The SP-Series UV unit is shipped with a UV lamp, quartz sleeve, fittings, and O-rings, and must be assembled before it can be used with your Aqua Matic XL. The UV Sterilizer unit must be installed in accordance with the following conditions/parameters:

- Install the unit in a sheltered, well-ventilated area.
- Install the unit as close as possible to the point-of-use, in order to avoid potential contamination discharge from pipes, fittings, etc.
- Mount the unit on a stable support to avoid straining or warping.
- Allow sufficient clearance around the unit for servicing.
- Ensure the installation location is free from vibration.
- Properly ground the unit to ensure safe operation. **Failure to properly ground the UV unit automatically voids all unit warranty.**
- Ensure that the line voltage is between 10.56V and 16.50V. Voltage outside this range will compromise the unit's performance.
- Ensure that the operating pressure does not exceed the maximum operating pressure of 50 psig (8.24 bar).
- All piping, tubes and hoses leading to the UV unit's connection points must be leak-free. Please verify before performing the assembly/installation procedures.
- The UV unit may be installed horizontally or vertically. For vertical installation, ensure that the inlet port is positioned at the bottom.



Caution: Do not assemble or install damaged parts! Quartz sleeve and UV lamp are fragile and must be handled with care.

Install Fittings

Perform the procedure below to prepare the UV unit for installation.

1. Inspect each port and fitting to ensure that the threads are free of dirt, burrs and excessive nicks. If threads are badly nicked, replace the fitting.
2. Wrap ¼ in. (6.35 mm)-wide, PTFE tape counter-clockwise (2 to 3 turns) around the male threads of the ¼ in. (6.35 mm) fitting. **DO NOT** wrap tape around the first thread.
3. Finger-tighten the fitting into the cylinder ports to achieve desired alignment.

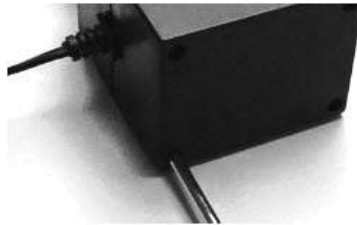


Important: Do not back-off fitting. Do not over-tighten fitting. Over-tightening could strip the fitting threads and cause a leak.

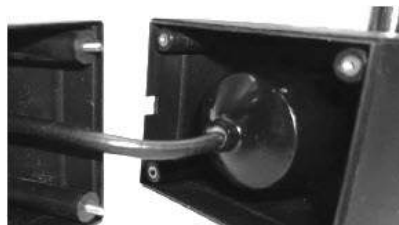
Install Quartz Sleeve

Important: Perform this procedure only when water piping for UV unit is in-place and ready for service.

1. Visually inspect quartz sleeve for cracks and damages.
2. Remove the ballast box cover. Remove the four (4) screws holding the ballast box cover, then remove the cover.



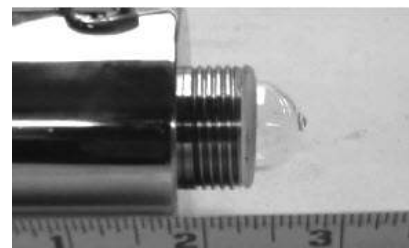
3. Remove the rubber boot and pull out the 4-point lamp connector.



4. Remove the compression nuts.




5. Insert the quartz sleeve. Place the closed end of the quartz sleeve into the cylinder through the ballast-box pass-thru. Leave $\frac{1}{2}$ in. (12.7 mm) of the quartz sleeve to expose on the viewport pass-thru.

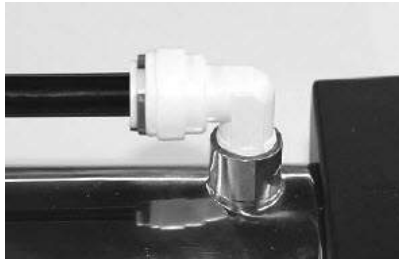


6. Lubricate the tips of the quartz sleeve with clean water and insert new O-Ring. Ensure that the O-Ring makes all-around contact with the cylinder pass-thru.
7. Tighten the compression nut while ensuring that the nut does not contact the quartz sleeve. Adjust O-Ring position as necessary. The compression nut should be snug and tight, not over-torqued.
8. Repeat the previous two Steps 6 and 7 on the ballast-box compression nut.

Connect Plumbing

 **Important:** Tube or hose ends must be cut squarely and cleanly, without rough edges. The quick-fit elbow fitting has a C-clamp that will lock the tube in place, once inserted.

1. Insert the supply pipe into one (1) cylinder port and label the port “Inlet.”
2. Insert the temporary pipe into the other cylinder port to direct water into a container.




3. Slowly fill the cylinder with water and flush cylinder for one (1) minute.




4. Remove temporary pipe and insert the return pipe into the cylinder port, then label the port “Outlet.”
5. Slowly pressurize the UV unit by filling the cylinder with water while checking for leaks.
6. If leaks are found on the compression nuts, depressurize the unit and slightly tighten the leaking compression nut.
7. Retest until a leak-free installation has been verified.

Once the UV unit is leak-free, the quartz sleeve installation is complete. The UV lamp can now be installed.

 **Note:** To remove the tube from the fitting, first remove the C-clamp, then push the fitting sleeve downward. Once the fitting sleeve is down, pull the tube out of the fitting.



Install Ultraviolet Lamp

 **Important:** Perform this procedure only after the quartz sleeve installation and leak-tests are completed successfully.


1. Connect the UV lamp to the 4-point receptacle. **If the lamp is not installed properly, lamp breakage will occur.**



2. Insert lamp into quartz sleeve through compression-nut pass-thru.



3. Install rubber boot over compression nut.
4. Connect unit power cable to power source.
5. Tighten the four (4) screws to secure the ballast box cover.
6. Prior to energizing the lamp, ensure that there is no water leaking from the quartz sleeve compression nuts. Then, turn power **ON**.


 **Caution:** Rapid successive cycling of the power to the ballast can cause premature failure of the unit.


7. Verify UV lamp operation from the viewport. Use the viewport to verify the proper operation of the UV lamp. Allow one minute for the UV lamp to warm up prior to flowing water through the UV unit.


Mounting the Unit


Once the UV unit is assembled and tested successfully, it can be mounted onto its permanent operational location. The unit must be mounted in a manner that will prevent excessive vibration and warping (which will damage the quartz sleeve). Ensure that the following conditions are met when mounting/operating the unit:


- Release the pressure in the UV treatment chamber before breaking the compression nut seals.
- Disconnect all power to the UV unit before servicing.
- Do not allow the inlet water temperature to drop below 35°F (2°C).
- Do not allow the flow rate to exceed 2 GPM (7.5 LPM).
- Do not cycle the UV unit more than three “ON/OFF” cycles in one 24-hour period.
- Ensure all plumbing connections are tightly sealed before applying pressure.
- Before connecting the return tube, flush the unit to rinse out any debris left from the installation process.

 **Danger:** UV light exposure can severely burn and damage eyes and skin

 **Danger:** DO NOT look at the blue UV light. DO NOT operate the UV lamp outside of the UV treatment chamber.

 **Danger:** The unit operates on high voltage and must be serviced by qualified personnel only.

 **Caution:** Cycling more than 3 cycles will reduce the end-of-life (EOL) output and/or cause premature lamp failure.

 **Important:** Standard flow rates are based on a water temperature of 35°F to 100°F (2°C to 38°C) . If the inlet water temperature exceeds 100°F (38°C), please contact your local CSR.

Chapter 5

Commissioning



Important: These procedures **must** be carried out for the initial start-up of a **new** system. Failure to follow these instructions can lead to System and component damage.

Check the Installation

Verify that the System has been installed properly, based on the checkpoints below. In addition, complete the [New System Initial Readings Form](#) on page 96 and retain it with your Owner's Manual.



Remember: Damage caused to the system due to operation of an improperly installed system is the liability of the Installer and the Operator, and is not covered by the Sea Recovery Corporation warranty.

- Check each water connection to the System to ensure that the Installer has properly connected and routed each tube. Improper routing and/or line blockage will cause System damage. Improperly connected and/or loosely connected lines that result in leaks and/or damage are the liability of the Installer and the Operator, and are not covered by the Sea Recovery Corporation warranty.
- Do not assume and do not rely on the Installer's word; check the System installation yourself.
- Ensure that the Electrical Power Source and the ship's System circuit breaker is switched **OFF** position.
- Open the Electrical Control Box and verify all electrical and electronic connections. Check for proper wiring and attachment. After checking all wiring for proper attachment, close the Electrical Control Box.
- Switch the Electrical Power Source and the ship's System circuit breaker to the **ON** position.

Check RO Membrane(s)



Important: At times, Sea Recovery Corporation will ship an Aqua Matic XL **WITHOUT** an RO Membrane Element installed. This is for the purpose of accommodating ship builders who want to install the System in advance of commissioning the ship.

Verify that the RO Membrane Element(s) have been installed properly within the Pressure Vessels. If the RO Membrane Element has been installed, there will be an RO Membrane Element Serial Number tag attached to the High Pressure Vessel. If the RO Membrane Element Serial Number tag is missing or does not contain a serial number and date, then immediately contact the company that sold the System to you, the Installer, or Sea Recovery Corporation.



Caution: DO NOT attempt to operate the System without an RO Membrane Element installed, otherwise *extensive damage* will result. Damage caused to the System due to an incorrectly installed RO Membrane Element(s) is the liability of the Installer and the Operator, and is not covered by the Sea Recovery Corporation warranty.

System Valve Positions



Note: The Inlet Thru-Hull Sea Cock Valve is in the **OPEN** position. It is recommended (for ship safety) that you close the Sea Cock Valve whenever the System is not in use. This will protect the ship from flooding, should a hose or component fail.

Valve	Position
Inlet Sea Cock Valve	Full Open
Rinse Clean Inlet Valve	From Sea Strainer to Fresh Water Flush Valve
Rinse Clean Outlet Valve	From System brine discharge to Thru Hull Discharge Fitting
Multi Media Filter Valves	Normal Operation
ANY auxiliary valve in the Feed Line, Brine Discharge Line or Product Water Line	Full Open

Caution: If an auxiliary valve is installed within these lines and is closed during System start and/or operation, it will damage the System. The resulting damage is the liability of the Operator and is not covered by the Sea Recovery Corporation warranty.

Controller Setup

The controller is set by Sea Recovery Corporation prior to shipping, based on the ordered System features and optional equipment. The addition of the Fresh Water Flush to the System after it has shipped from Sea Recovery requires updates to the computer logic setup. The addition of, removal of, or changes to the length of the RO Membrane Element / Pressure Vessel Assembly requires updates to the control logic setup. Please refer to the *Programming Kit Manual* for details. The information below is an explanation of Operator-programmable features. Each feature must be set properly in order to gain maximum System performance. Only pre-installed features will be displayed on the screen.



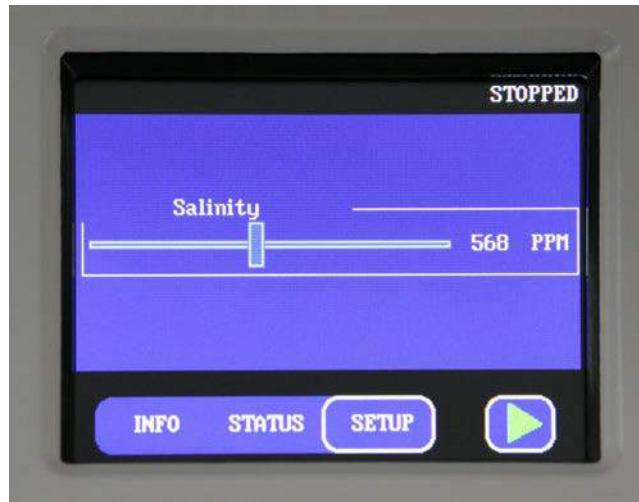
1. **Manual Mode:** Enables user to control the Booster Pump, HP Pump, Diversion Valve and Pressure.



- Manually start and stop the Booster Pump.
 - Manually start and stop the High Pressure Pump.
 - Manually energize the 3-Way Product-Water Diversion Valve at a specific product-water quality, in Parts per Million (PPM). The factory setting is 800 PPM Total Dissolved Solids (TDS), expressed as NaCl (i.e., Sodium Chloride, or salt).
 - Manually control the System pressure by increasing or decreasing the back point pressure regulator set point.
2. **Display:** Change the Touch Screen's color contrast for better viewing.



3. **Accepted Salinity Level:** Change the accepted salinity level by adjusting the PPM level.



4. **Back Wash Time:** Change the interval for automatic back washing by adjusting the number of days.



5. **Language:** Change the current controller language by selecting new language option.



6. **Unit:** Toggle the measurement standards between U.S. Standard and Metric Standard.



- a) *Pressure*: U.S. Standard = PSI (Pounds Per square Inch); Metric Standard = kPa (kilo Pasquel)
- b) *Flow*: U.S. Standard = GPM (Gallons Per Minute) or GPH (Gallons Per Hour); Metric Standard = LPM (Liters Per Minute) or LPH (Liters Per Hour)

Manual System Check

1. Ensure that the manual bypass lever on the 3-Way Product Water Diversion Valve is positioned outward (away from the coil body).
2. Open any auxiliary valve within the incoming Feed Line, Outgoing Brine Discharge Line and Outgoing Product Water Line.

⊘ Caution: If an auxiliary valve is installed within these lines and is closed during System start and/or operation, it will damage the System. The resulting damage is the liability of the Operator and is not covered by the Sea Recovery Corporation warranty.

3. Position Rinse-Clean Inlet Valve to normal operation towards the Sea Strainer.
4. Position Rinse-Clean Outlet Valve to normal operation towards the Thru Hull Discharge Fitting.
5. Check all filter housings to ensure that they contain the proper filter element.
 - a) *Sea Strainer*: Check for monel screen.
 - b) *Plankton Filter (if installed)*: Check for monel fine-mesh screen filter element.
 - c) *Multi Media Filter (if installed)*: Check for media (#20 silica sand).
 - d) *Dual Pre-filter or Commercial Pre-filter*: Check for pleated cartridge filter elements.
 - e) *Oil/water Separator*: Check for Oil/Water Separator filter element.
 - f) *RO Membrane Element(s)*: Check for Sea Recovery Serial Number and date on the label that is attached to each pressure vessel.
 - g) *Charcoal Filter*: Check for charcoal filter element.
 - h) *pH Neutralizer*: Check for pH Neutralizer cartridge.
 - i) *Fresh Water Flush Carbon Filter*: Check for Carbon element.
6. Perform function tests on electric components. Prior to assuming that an electrical component is broken or non-functional, perform a function test to determine if it is operable. Function tests should be performed manually for the following components, as part of the commissioning procedures:
 - Booster Pump Electric Motor
 - High Pressure Pump Electric Motor
 - Diversion Valve Energize Solenoid
 - Fresh Water Flush Valve Energize Solenoid
 - Back Pressure Regulator Electric Motor Actuator
 - UV Sterilizer Ballast and Lamp

- a) Perform a rotational check on the electric motor. Ask an assistant to view the fan section of the Booster Pump Motor and High Pressure Pump Motor, while you “Jog” the electric motors. Rotation is clockwise when viewing the back of the electric motor (fan) and counter-clockwise when viewing the front of the pump.
- b) Check the function of the following and correct any abnormalities:
 - *Diversion Valve*: 3-Way Product Diversion Valve Solenoid will energize momentarily. The valve should click when repositioning.
 - *FWF Valve*: Fresh Water Flush Solenoid Valve will actuate to the Fresh Water Flush position. Pressing the switch a second time will cause the Fresh Water Flush Solenoid Valve to revert to the Normal Feed position. The valve should click when repositioning.
 - *BPR In*: Back Pressure Regulator Motor Actuator will rotate clockwise momentarily. The motor actuator will not rotate in if the valve is less than one turn open.
 - *BPR Out*: Back Pressure Regulator Motor Actuator will rotate counter-clockwise momentarily. The motor actuator will not rotate out if the valve is greater than eight (8) turns open.
 - *UV Sterilizer*: UV Sterilizer will flicker. Check for illumination from the UV Sterilizer viewport.
7. Prime the System. To save time and make the initial System start easier, fill the feed water lines and each component in the Pre-filtration section with either feed water or fresh water. This will prime the feed water section, including the Booster Pump, so that it will be able to pick up and continue delivering feed water.

Multi Media Filter Backwash and Rinse

If the System is equipped with a Multi Media Filter, then it must be back-washed and rinsed to remove contaminants. Please refer to the figure on the next page for valve positioning.

1. Open the Inlet Sea Cock Valve.
2. Position the Rinse Clean Inlet Valve to the normal operating position towards the Sea Strainer.
3. Position the Rinse Clean Outlet Valve to the normal operating position towards the Multi Media Filter / Brine Discharge Thru-Hull Fitting.
4. Position the Multi Media Filter valves to backwash.
5. Set the controller into the Manual mode of operation, and operate only the Booster Pump.
6. After 10 minutes of back washing, stop the Booster Pump.
7. Position the Multi Media Filter valves to rinse.
8. In the Manual mode of operation, operate only the Booster Pump.
9. After five (5) minutes of rinsing, stop the Booster Pump.
10. Position the Multi Media Filter valves to Normal Operation.

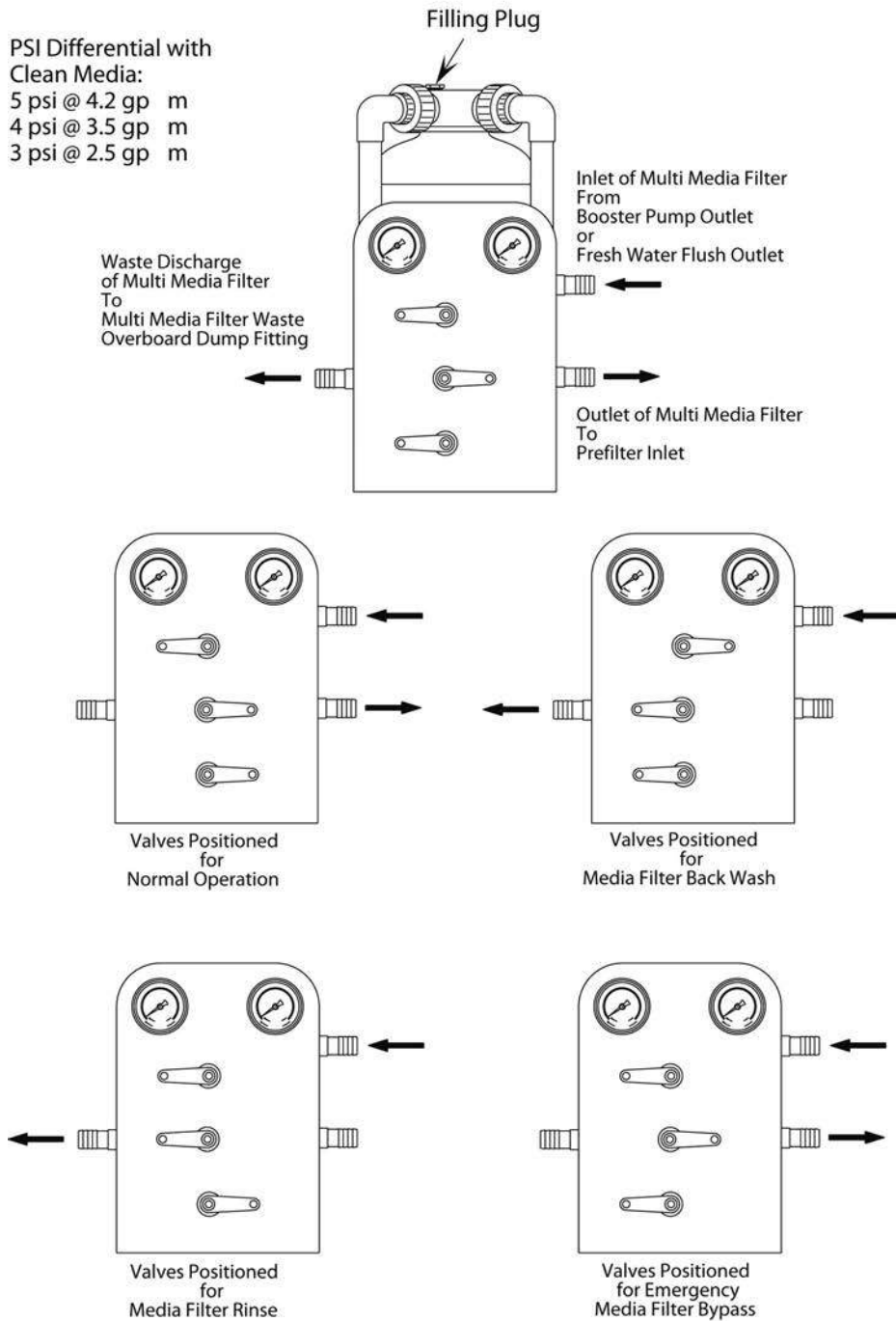
VALVE POSITIONING OF THE MULTI MEDIA FILTER DURING 4 SEPARATE MODES OF OPERATION

PSI Differential with
Clean Media:

5 psi @ 4.2 gp m

4 psi @ 3.5 gp m

3 psi @ 2.5 gp m



Chapter 6

General Operation



Important Notes

Please read the following operation notes carefully before turning on your System.





New Systems

A new System may take up to 30 minutes to purge the RO Membrane Element of the storage chemical and produce potable water. Although the system is producing "Product Water" after the storage chemical has been purged, the Product Water may not be potable (i.e., drinkable) for up to 30 minutes. The salinity of the Product Water diminishes gradually, until it reaches the factory setting. When the Product Water is potable, it will be diverted by the 3-way Product Water Diversion Valve to the **Potable** position and into the Post Filtration components, then onward to the ship's Storage Tank. At this point, the UV Sterilizer (if installed) will illuminate.

Freezing Temperature Warning

-  **Caution:** The System must be protected from freezing if it will be exposed to temperatures below 32°F (0°C). Freezing temperatures will cause extensive damage to the System as the water expands during the freezing process. Resulting damage to the System caused by freezing temperatures is the liability of the Operator.
-  **Caution:** DO NOT subject the System to temperatures below 32°F (0°C), unless the System has been rinsed with a solution of Product Water with 20% food-grade Glycerin (Propylene-Glycol).

RO Membrane Element Warning

-  **Caution:** Never store the RO Membrane Element or Membrane/Vessel Assembly in direct sunlight. Never expose the RO Membrane Element or Membrane/Vessel Assembly to storage temperatures above 120°F (50°C) or below 32°F (0°C). High temperatures may cause irreversible damage and up to 40% production loss in the RO Membrane Element. Freezing temperatures cause mechanical System damage, as well as irreversible damage to the RO Membrane Element.
-  **Caution:** The RO Membrane Element must remain wet at all times. Never allow the RO Membrane Element to dry out, as drying out may cause up to 40% production loss, as well as irreversible damage. Some, but not all, production may be restored by saturating the RO Membrane Element in Product Water for several days, and then operating the System by feeding Product Water into the System for a continuous 48-hour period.
-  **Caution:** Never expose the RO Membrane Element to chemicals other than those supplied by Sea Recovery Corporation. Use caution when operating the system in harbors that may be polluted with chemicals, oil or fuel, as these chemicals may damage the RO Membrane Element beyond repair.
-  **Caution:** Protect the RO Membrane Element from biological fouling, as it may cause significant production loss. Some, but not all, production may be restored after cleaning. The System must be protected from biological fouling if it will not be operated over a period of two (2) weeks or more.



Important: Third-party chemicals will destroy the RO Membrane Element! Only use Sea Recovery Corporation-supplied chemicals. **Never use third-party chemicals**, as they are incompatible with various System materials and will dissolve the co-polymer parts. Damage to the System or its components as a result of using third-party chemicals is not covered by the Sea Recovery Corporation Warranty.

Fresh Water Flush Warning

There must be sufficient Fresh Water in the Potable Water Storage Tank. In order to provide the required water flow to the System during the Fresh Water Flush cycle, the ship's fresh-water pressure system must deliver a minimum of 1 U.S. Gallons (3.8 Liters) per minute at minimum 25 PSI and maximum 60 PSI (minimum 172 kPa and maximum 414 kPa).

- If the Minimum of 1 U.S. Gallons (3.8 Liters) per minute at minimum 25 PSI (minimum 172 kPa) is not achieved, then the System may not fully flush the System with enough fresh water to displace the Feed Water (i.e., sea water).
- If the Maximum 60 PSI (maximum 414 kPa) is exceeded, then the System will shut down and revert to a *fault* mode due to excess pressure. In this event, the Owner or Installer must install a Pressure Reduction Valve from the ship's Pressurized Fresh Water Line prior to the inlet of the System Fresh Water Flush Charcoal Filter Inlet.

System Storage

If the System is not equipped with the Automatic Fresh Water Flush option or it will not be operated for an extended period of time (i.e., three months or longer), then you must perform a manual fresh water flush. Please refer to the topic [System Short- and Long-Term Storage](#) on page 51.

Powering the System ON

1. Switch the Electrical Power Source or ship's circuit breaker to System **ON**.



Note: Operating Screens *will not* include the Automatic Fresh Water Flush components if the Fresh Water Flush Option was not installed (i.e., the control logic has not been updated to include the Fresh Water Flush Option).

2. After the control logic has initiated, the default screen will appear indicating that the System is ready to start.



Automatic Mode



Note: Auto Mode is highly recommended for Operators and Owners.

1. From the default screen, touch the **START** button.



Note: All System readings, pressures, flows and salinity will be displayed on the Touch Screen.

2. Although the System is producing product water, it may not be potable (i.e. drinkable) for up to 30 minutes. The salinity of the Product Water diminishes gradually, until it reaches the preset setting. When the Product Water is Potable, the UV Sterilizer energizes. The Potable Water is then diverted by the 3-way Product Water Diversion Valve to the potable position and into the Post Filtration components, onward to the Storage Tank.
3. If an abnormality develops, touch the **STOP** button and correct the problem.
4. During operation, check for the following conditions:
 - a) Constant feed water flow.
 - b) Consistent system pressure.
 - c) Leaks in the System.
 - d) Abnormal noises or other occurrences.
5. Record the System's initial performance readings. Use the [New System Initial Readings Form](#) on page 96.

Manual Mode



Important: Manual Mode is intended for SRC technicians for set up and configuration purposes.



Note: The Remote Touch Screen will be blocked during operation in the Manual Mode.



Caution: When the System is operated in the **MANUAL** mode, safety features will still be controlled by the System Logic; however **AUTOMATED** features will not be controlled by the System Logic and must be controlled by the Operator.

1. From the default screen, touch the **SETUP** tab.
2. On the next screen, touch the **Acceptable Salinity Level** button.
3. On the Salinity Level screen, adjust the salinity to desired level (188 to 370 PPM), then touch the **SETUP** button.
4. On the next screen, touch the **Manual Mode** button.
5. On the next screen, touch the Booster Pump **START** button then wait 5 seconds for booster pump to stabilize.
6. Touch the HP Pump **START** button.
7. Slowly increase the high pressure level meter until the System product flow rate is reached.
 - **PRODUCT SALINITY (RED)** means that the dissolved solids in the Product Water have not yet decreased to an acceptable level. Although the system is producing "Product Water," the Product Water may not be potable (i.e. drinkable) for up to 30 minutes. The salinity of the Product Water diminishes gradually, until it reaches an acceptable level or lower.
 - **PRODUCT SALINITY (GREEN)** means that the dissolved solids in the Product Water have reached the acceptable level and the Diversion Valve can be activated.
8. Activate the Diversion Valve. Touch the Diversion Valve button, which will cause the optional UV Sterilizer to energize, as well as the 3-Way Product Water Diversion Valve to energize. "Potable" (good water) will then be diverted into Post Filtration and onward to the Ship's Storage Tank.



Note: All System readings, pressures, flows and salinity will be displayed on the Main Touch Screen.



Important: If an abnormality develops, touch the **STOP** button in the top right corner of the screen. A warning screen will display. Correct the problem and then repeat Steps 1-8.

9. During operation, check for the following conditions:
 - a) Constant feed water flow.
 - b) Consistent system pressure.
 - c) Leaks in the System.
 - d) Abnormal noises or other occurrences.

10. Record the System's performance readings in the daily log. Please utilize the form for [Daily System Readings](#) on page 97.

Startup Sequence

Before starting the System in Auto Mode, prepare yourself for the sequence of events below. After the System has been started, the following process will occur:

1. Booster Pump electric motor will start.
2. Low Pressure Transducers will signal the System Control Logic, which will look for adequate feed water pressure from the Booster Pump.
3. After 20 seconds, the High Pressure Pump electric motor will start and a screen will indicate that it has started.
4. Feed Water Flow Meter will signal the System Control Logic, which will look for adequate feed water flow through the System.
5. After 20 seconds, the Automatic Back Pressure Regulator will rotate clockwise to build up operating pressure.
6. Product Water Flow Meter will register product water flow, as operating pressure exceeds the osmotic pressure of the feed water. Product Water Flow will take priority to inform the control logic to increase or decrease operating pressure in order to maintain the product water flow specification.
7. Salinity Probe will register the quality of the Product Water. When the salinity of the Product Water lowers to the set point, the UV Sterilizer will energize (if installed).
8. The 3-Way Product Water Diversion Valve will energize, sending the Product Water to the Post-Filtration section. This may take up to 30 minutes, as the Product Water flushes storage chemical from the System.
9. Feed Pressure, Feed Flow, Operating Pressure, Brine Flow, Product Flow and Product Salinity are all being monitored and the values of these readings cause the System Control Logic to perform various tasks to maintain proper functioning of the System.
10. The System may be manually stopped, or it may be programmed to stop at a given volume of Product Water production.
11. When the System is signaled to perform a non-emergency stop, the Automatic Back Pressure Regulator Valve will rotate counter-clockwise to lower operating pressure.
12. The 3-Way Product Water Diversion Valve will revert to non-potable water.
13. The UV Sterilizer will stop.

If the STOP is touched the System will immediately stop all functions. When the System is signaled to perform a non-emergency stop:

- a) The Automatic Back Pressure Regulator Valve will rotate counter clockwise to lower operating pressure.
 - b) The 3-Way Product Water Diversion Valve will revert to unpotable water.
 - c) The UV Sterilizer will stop.
 - d) The High Pressure Pump will stop.
 - e) The Booster Pump will stop.
 - f) If the System does not include the Automatic Fresh Water Flush option this ends the stop sequence.
 - g) If the System includes the Automatic Fresh Water Flush the Automatic Fresh Water Flush Valve will energize to Fresh Water. After 7 to 15 minutes the Fresh Water Flush Valve will de-energize and the Stop sequence is complete.
14. The System will go to a Fresh Water Flush Stand-by mode and count down the days until the next automatic Fresh Water Flush Cycle. The Fresh Water Flush Cycle will automatically initiate until canceled or power is disconnected from the System.

Powering the System OFF

Automatic Mode



Note: Auto Mode is highly recommended for Operators and Owners.



Important: If the Automatic Fresh Water Flush option is installed and if the System Control Logic has been set to perform Automatic Fresh Water Flushing, then the Touch Pad will show the Operator when the automatic cycle is being performed.

1. From the default screen, touch the **STOP** button.

If the Automatic Fresh Water Flush option is not installed or selected in the System Control Logic, pressing the **STOP** button will place the System into the Automatic Shut Down mode. The pressure will reduce; the HP Pump will stop; the Booster Pump will stop; the 3-Way Product Water Diversion Solenoid Valve will de-energize; and the UV Sterilizer will de-energize (if installed).

2. The Automatic Fresh Water Flush cycle starts.

The Fresh Water Flush Solenoid Valve will energize for seven (7) to 15 minutes and then will flush the System with fresh water. After the Fresh Water Flush cycle has completed, the Fresh Water Flush Solenoid Valve will de-energize, and the System will go into **STANDBY** mode. At the end of a preset number of days, the Fresh Water Flush cycle will repeat.



Note: The automatic Fresh Water Flush cycle will stop if the power has been interrupted or if the **CANCEL** button has been touched.

Manual Mode



Important: Manual Mode is intended for SRC technicians for set up and configuration purposes.

1. From the Manual Mode screen, reduce the pressure to 0 psi using the "-" (*negative*) button.
2. Touch the Diversion Valve button to de-activate.
3. Touch the HP Pump **STOP** button.
4. Touch the Booster Pump **STOP** button.



Note: The Automated Fresh Water Flush Cycle will not be performed until the System is operated in the Automatic Mode.

The Automated Fresh Water Flush will NOT activate automatically because operation during the Manual Mode deactivates all Automated features. In order to perform a Fresh Water rinse, follow the directions in the topic [Short-term Shutdown Procedure](#) on page 53.

System Short- and Long-Term Storage

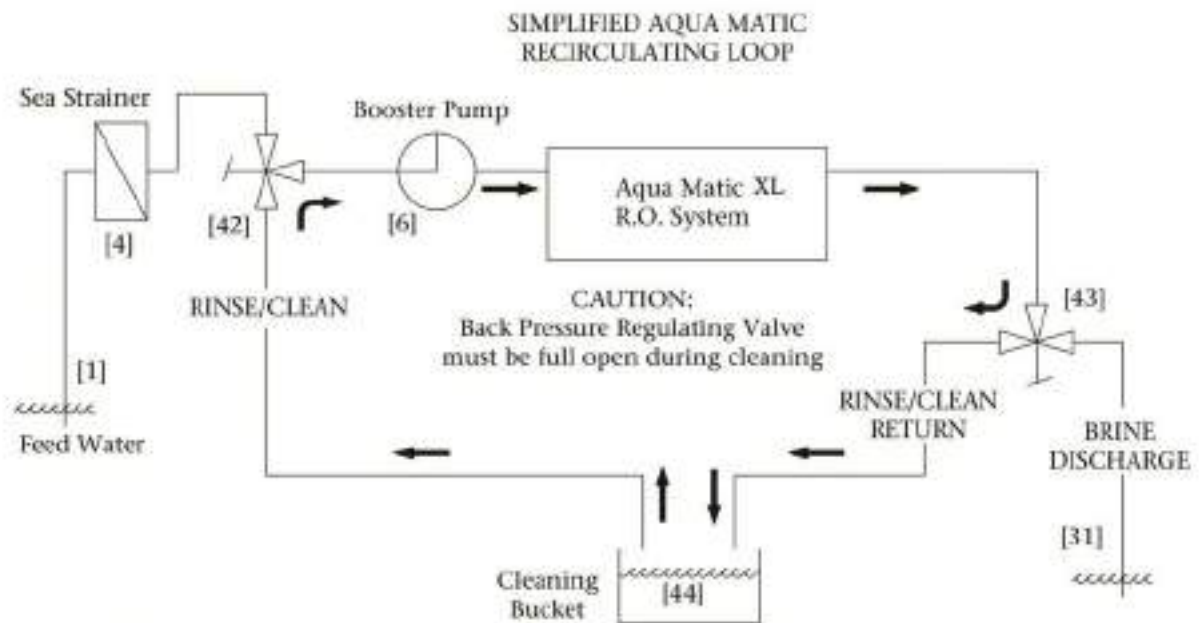
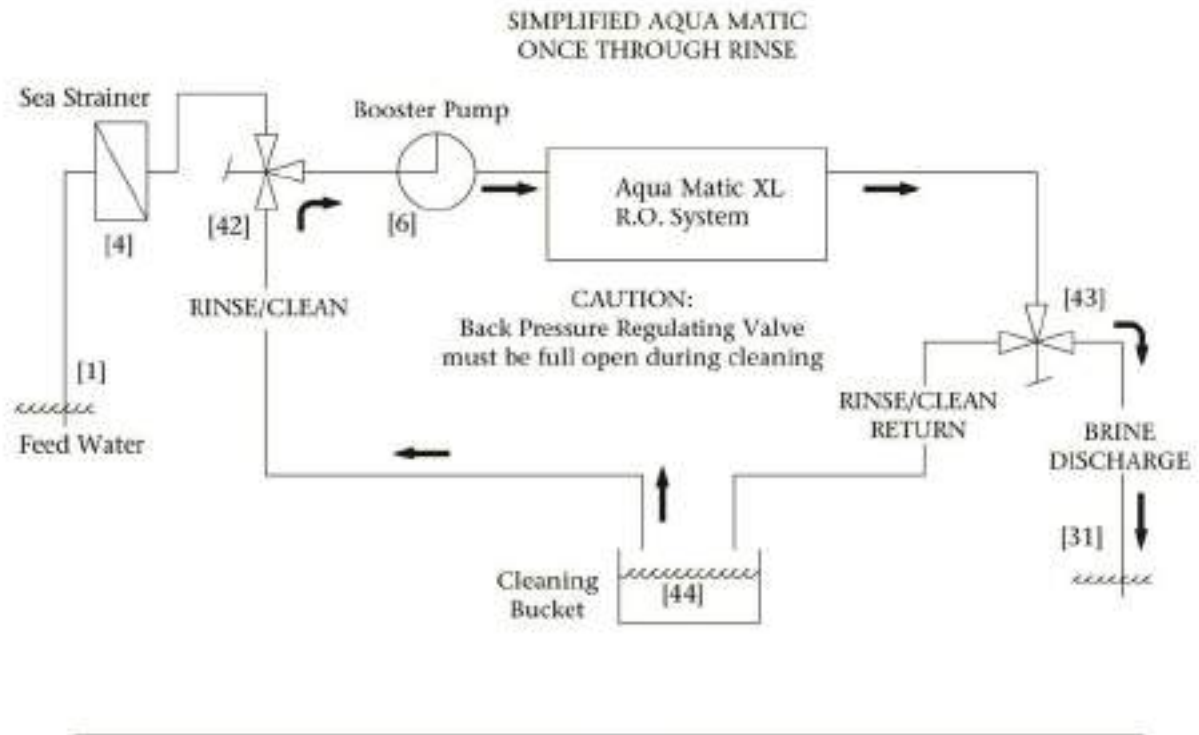
The dark, moist interior of the RO Membrane Element is a breeding ground for micro-organisms. System operation, alone, does not protect the RO Membrane Element from production loss due to biological fouling. Prior to short-term shutdowns, the System must be rinsed (and winterized if the System is / will be exposed to freezing temperatures). Prior to long-term shutdowns, the System must be chemically treated (and potentially winterized), in addition to being rinsed.

Once-through Configuration

1. Configure the Suction line for a Once Through Configuration (as shown in the figure on the next page). Disconnect the outlet line from the Sea Strainer and place it in the Rinse/Clean Bucket or Container. Otherwise, if the system is equipped with the optional Rinse Clean Inlet Valve, then position this valve to draw from the Rinse/Clean Bucket or Container.
2. Configure the Brine Discharge line for a Once Through Configuration (as shown in the figure on the next page). Connect the Brine Discharge Line from the system to the Thru-Hull over board discharge fitting, normal connection for normal operation. Otherwise, if the system is equipped with the optional Rinse Clean Outlet Valve, then position this valve to discharge through the Thru-Hull fitting, normal connection for normal operation.

Closed-loop Configuration


1. Configure the Suction line for a Closed Loop Configuration (as shown in the figure on the next page). Disconnect the outlet line from the Sea Strainer and place it in the Rinse/Clean Bucket or Container. Otherwise, if the system is equipped with the optional Rinse Clean Inlet Valve, then position this valve to draw from the Rinse/Clean Bucket or Container.
2. Configure the Brine Discharge line for a Closed Loop Configuration (as shown in the figure on the next page). Disconnect the Brine Discharge Line from the Thru-Hull over board discharge fitting and place it in the Rinse/Clean Bucket or Container. Otherwise, if the system is equipped with the optional Rinse Clean Inlet Valve, then position this valve to draw from the Rinse/Clean Bucket or Container.




Short-term Shutdown Procedure


Short-term shutdown is defined as a period of up to four (4) weeks, in which the System is not being used. To effectively protect the System and RO Membrane Element(s) during the short-term shutdown, you must perform a Fresh Water Rinse (i.e., a rinse with fresh Product Water from the System). The Fresh Water Rinse prolongs System and RO Membrane Element life by minimizing electrolysis and arresting biological growth. If your System is not equipped with the Automatic Fresh Water Flush option, or if it needs to be winterized against freezing temperatures, follow the procedure in this topic. The procedure provides instructions for displacing the System's

Feed Water with Fresh Product Water (i.e., potable water), adds propylene glycol (if winterizing), and protects the System during shutdown.

 **Caution:** If the System is, or will be, exposed to freezing temperatures, **do not** activate the Automatic Fresh Water Flush; instead, perform the Manual Fresh Water Rinse procedure described in this topic.

 **Note:** 10 gallons (38 liters) of Fresh Product Water is required for the Fresh Water Rinse. Two (2) gallons (7.5 liters) of food-grade glycerin (propylene glycol) is required for winterizing.

1. Close the Inlet Sea Cock Valve.
2. Fill a container with 10 gallons (38 liters) of Fresh Product Water.

 **Important:** If the System is, or will be, exposed to freezing temperatures, add two (2) gallons (7.5 liters) of food-grade glycerin (propylene glycol) to the container of Fresh Product Water. Propylene-Glycol prevents water within the System from freezing.


3. Configure the System for a Once-Through Rinse, as described within the topic [Once-through Configuration](#) on page 51.
4. Operate the System in **Manual Mode**.


 **Note:** System operation will deplete the Fresh Product Water or Fresh Product Water / Propylene-Glycol mixture. You must **STOP** the System before depleting the water or water mixture.

5. Proceed to the topic [Long-term Shutdown Procedure](#) on page 54 if the System will be shut down for more than four (4) weeks.

Long-term Shutdown Procedure

Long-term (or prolonged) shutdown occurs when the System remains unused for over four (4) weeks. Before a long-term shutdown, the System must first be rinsed with Fresh Product Water, and then with Sea Recovery Corporation's *System and Membrane Element Storage Chemical (SRC SC)*. SRC SC inhibits bacterial growth, while maintaining the RO Membrane Element's high flux and salt rejection properties. If the System will be shut down for over four (4) weeks and **is not** equipped with the Automatic Fresh Water Flush accessory, or if it needs to be winterized against freezing temperatures, follow the procedure in this topic. The procedure provides instructions for displacing the System's Feed Water with Fresh Product Water (i.e., potable water), adds propylene glycol (if winterizing), and protects the System during shutdown. If the System **is** equipped with the Automatic Fresh Water Flush accessory, then it is not necessary to read this section, as long as the Automatic Fresh Water Flush cycle remains active, and the System is not exposed to freezing temperatures.

 **Important:** Third-party chemicals will destroy the RO Membrane Element! Only use Sea Recovery Corporation-supplied chemicals. **Never use third-party chemicals**, as they are incompatible with various System materials and will dissolve the co-polymer parts. Damage to the System or its components as a result of using third-party chemicals is not covered by the Sea Recovery Corporation Warranty.

 **Caution:** If the System is, or will be, exposed to freezing temperatures, **do not** activate the Automatic Fresh Water Flush; instead, perform the Manual Fresh Water Rinse procedure described in this topic.

The following items are required in preparing the System for long-term shutdown:

- 20 gallons (75.7 liters) of Fresh Product Water.
- Sea Recovery Corporation's *System and Membrane Element Storage Chemical (SRC SC)*.
- **If winterizing:** Two (2) gallons (7.5 liters) of food-grade glycerin (propylene glycol).

1. Follow the procedures documented in the topic [Short-term Shutdown Procedure](#) on page 53.
2. Fill a container with 10 gallons (38 liters) of Fresh Product Water.
3. Add four (4) oz. of SRC SC to the container of Fresh Product Water.

4. Configure the System for a Recirculating Closed-Loop configuration as described in the topic [Closed-loop Configuration](#) on page 52.
5. Start the System in **MANUAL MODE**.
6. Operate the System in the Recirculating Closed-Loop configuration for 10 minutes. After 10 minutes, **STOP** the System.

Draining Component Water (for Winterizing)

If the System is, or will be, exposed to freezing temperatures, then components within the System's Post-Filtration section must be drained of all Product Water.

1. Drain the Charcoal Filter and replace the element.
 - a) Remove the Charcoal Filter bowl.
 - b) Remove the water from the bowl.
 - c) Replace the Charcoal Filter Element with a new Charcoal Filter Element.
 - d) Place the bowl back onto the lid.
2. Drain the pH Neutralizing Filter.
 - a) Remove the pH Neutralizing bowl.
 - b) Remove the water from the bowl.
 - c) Place the bowl and pH element back onto the lid.
3. Drain the UV Sterilizer.
 - a) Disconnect the Product Water Line from the UV Sterilizer Filter.
 - b) Drain the Product Water.
 - c) Turn the System's power **OFF**.
 - d) **Lock and Tag** the Power Breaker to ensure that the System isn't turned back **ON** (which will displace the Winterizing Mixture with Feed or Fresh Water).
 - e) Discard the Storage Chemical in an environmentally safe manner.

Cleaning the RO Membrane

Throughout its life cycle, the RO Membrane Element requires cleaning; the frequency of which depends on the amount of production and salt-rejection loss (from normal, day-to-day use). At the element's end of life (EOL), biological growth and salt accumulation make replacement necessary. To properly assess the RO Membrane Element's performance changes, Sea Recovery Corporation strongly recommends that you maintain a daily log of readings for comparison. When making performance comparisons, you must consider, and compensate for, the following variables:

- Feed Water Temp
- Feed Water Salinity
- System Operating Pressure

After compensating for the preceding variables, a 10% decline in productivity (measured in GPH Flow), and/or a 10% increase in salt passage, indicate that the RO Membrane Element may need to be cleaned.



Important: If a dramatic drop in productivity is observed *after the System has been in storage*, it may indicate that the RO Membrane Element has dried out and/or fouling has occurred. In this case, attempt to operate the system for 48 (or more) continuous hours to saturate the RO Membrane Element's Product Water Channel. If a dramatic drop in productivity is observed *on a day-to-day basis*, it may indicate non-cleanable fouling (e.g. suspended solids from silt, coral dust, iron (rust), river or inland waterway debris, other small solid matter, etc.). Sewage chemicals and petroleum products will cause irreparable damage to the RO Membrane Element.

About New Systems



Important: Do not arbitrarily clean the RO Membrane Element in a **NEW** System, as it will not be fouled with any substance that is cleanable. Low productivity and/or high salinity indicate problem factors other than fouling.

Low productivity in a **NEW** System may indicate one (or more) of the following conditions: a blockage in the Product Water Line; the Feed Water temperature is too low; the operating pressure is too low; or that the RO Membrane Element has dried out, prior to use. A **NEW** System that yields low productivity should be operated for up to 48 hours continuously to clear and saturate the RO Membrane Element and Product Water Channel. Correlate and compensate for operating pressure, Feed Water temperature and feed water salinity (as charted in [Temperature and Pressure Effects](#) on page 13). If, after 48 continuous operating hours, the **NEW** System still yields low productivity, then please contact Sea Recovery Corporation. If a **NEW** System yields poor Product-Water quality (i.e., that which is high in salinity), it could be attributed to mechanical failure (e.g., broken or missing O-ring). In this case, poor Product-Water quality will be accompanied by high productivity at a low operating pressure.

Reverse Osmosis Water and Cleaning Requirements



Caution: Do not mix cleaning chemicals. Do not use different cleaning chemicals together at the same time. Mix the cleaning chemicals separately and utilize them separately.



Important: Third-party chemicals will destroy the RO Membrane Element! Only use Sea Recovery Corporation-supplied chemicals. **Never use third-party chemicals**, as they are incompatible with various System materials and will dissolve the co-polymer parts. Damage to the System or its components as a result of using third-party chemicals is not covered by the Sea Recovery Corporation Warranty.

- The system must be rinsed with fresh water before and after any cleaning procedure.
- The process of rinsing and cleaning the RO Membrane Element with one (1) cleaning compound requires 30 gallons (113.5 liters) of fresh, non-chlorinated Product Water. If more than one cleaning is performed (using different cleaning compounds), then an additional 20 gallons (75.7 liters) is required per additional cleaning.
- Sea Recovery Corporation's Reverse Osmosis cleaning compounds are designed for moderate fouling scenarios. If your RO Membrane Element is excessively fouled and in-field cleaning is not successful, you may return it to Sea Recovery Corporation or to an authorized Service Dealer for professional chemical cleaning. If your RO Membrane Element requires professional cleaning, please contact Sea Recovery Corporation for a Return Authorization Number, price quote and return instructions. Professional cleaning is time intensive and complex; thus, in some cases, it will be more cost effective to replace a heavily fouled RO Membrane Element with a new element.
- SRC MCC-1, or Membrane Cleaning Compound “#1,” is an alkaline cleaner designed to clean biological and slight oil fouling. Biological fouling is fairly common and occurs because the System is constantly exposed to seawater. If exposed to seawater while not in operation, the RO Membrane Element can still become fouled. To keep biological fouling at a minimum, rinse the System with fresh water when it is not in use.
- SRC MCC-2, or Membrane Cleaning Compound “#2,” is an acid cleaner designed to clean calcium carbonate and other mineral deposits. Mineral fouling is a slow process that occurs while the System is in use.
- SRC MCC-3, or Membrane Cleaning Compound “#3,” is used for iron fouling and *is not* included in the Membrane Cleaning Chemical kit. If your System's RO Membrane Element is fouled with rust from iron piping, then MCC-3 may be used for its effective removal. Note that a rust-fouled RO Membrane Element may not be recoverable, as rust not only fouls the element, but also damages the element's surface.

Cleaning Procedure

The following table displays the Product Water (in U.S. Gallons) that is required to clean the RO Membrane Element:

Chemical	Rinse water required	Cleaning water required	Cleaning water required	Total water required
MCC-1	10	10	10	30
MCC-2		10	10	20

Chemical	Rinse water required	Cleaning water required	Cleaning water required	Total water required
MCC-3		10	10	20

1. Close the Inlet Sea Cock Valve.
2. If installed, put the Multi Media Filter Valves in the "Multi Media Filter Bypass" position during cleaning. See figure in the topic [Multi Media Filter Backwash and Rinse](#) on page 44 for Multi Media Filter Bypass Valve positioning.
3. Replace the Pre-filtration Cartridge with a new Sea Recovery Corporation-supplied Pre-filtration Element.
4. Fill a 10-gallon (37.8 liters) container with clean, potable water.
5. Configure the System for a Once-Through Rinse, as described within the topic [Once-through Configuration](#) on page 51.
6. Start the System in **MANUAL MODE**.



Note: System operation will deplete the fresh water in the container. Before depleting the water entirely, touch the **STOP** button.

7. Once again, fill the container with 10 gallons (37.8 liters) of clean, potable water.
8. Add 1.5 lbs. (0.68 kg) of Sea Recovery Membrane Cleaning Compound MCC 1, MCC 2 or MCC 3 to the water container and thoroughly mix the solution until the cleaning compound has dissolved.
9. Configure the system for a Recirculating Closed Loop configuration.
10. Start the System in **MANUAL MODE** and operate it in the Recirculating Closed-Loop configuration for 60 minutes. After 60 minutes **STOP** the System.
11. Configure the system for a Once-Through Rinse.
12. Start the System in **MANUAL MODE** to discharge the cleaning chemical to waste.



Note: System operation will deplete the fresh water in the container. Before depleting the water entirely, touch the **STOP** button.

13. For the last time, fill the container with 10 gallons (37.8 liters) of clean, potable water.
14. Configure the system for a Recirculating Closed-Loop configuration.
15. Start the System in **MANUAL MODE** and operate it in the Recirculating Closed-Loop configuration for 10 minutes. After 10 minutes **STOP** the System.
16. Configure the system for a Once-Through Rinse.
17. Start the System in **MANUAL MODE** to discharge the rinse water to waste.



Note: System operation will deplete the fresh water in the container. Before depleting the water entirely, touch the **STOP** button.

The system is now ready for additional cleaning, use or storage. If further cleaning is necessary, repeat Steps 4 to 17 for each additional cleaning.

18. If the System will be exposed to freezing temperatures, please review [Draining Component Water \(for Winterizing\)](#) on page 55.

Chapter 7

Maintenance and Repair

Prerequisites

Ensure that you—as the Installer, Operator or both—read and understand the prerequisites, warnings and important notes within this topic.

System Updates

From time to time, Sea Recovery Corporation may make programming changes to the control logic. Other physical production changes may also be made, and are tracked by Sea Recovery Corporation through the System's serial number.

✓ **Remember:** Troubleshooting and repair method results can vary depending on the information that is displayed on the **SYSTEM INFORMATION** screen.

- **SERIAL NUMBER:** Helps Sea Recovery Corporation to determine the latest physical version and configuration of your System, ensuring that you are provided with correct part information.
- **TYPE:** Tells Sea Recovery Corporation the production capacity of your System, which provides a bench mark in diagnosing product water flow and pressure concerns.
- **VERSION:** Allows Sea Recovery Corporation to determine the specific sequential operation of the System based on the programming control logic version.



Depending on the issue, Sea Recovery Corporation may also request the System's operating Voltage, cycles and phase.


Installer Minimum Qualifications

The System's Installer must have technical expertise in the following areas:

- Electrical, Electronic, Electric Motors and Circuits
- Electromechanical and Mechanical Systems
- Hydraulic and Liquid Pressure and Flow Systems
- Piping and Plumbing Systems
- Water Suction and Pressure Lines
- Thru-Hull Fitting below and above water level


Do not attempt maintenance and repair if you are not proficient in the aforementioned fields of expertise.

System Safety Check

 **Danger:** Do not perform installation, maintenance or troubleshooting procedures until you have verified the following conditions:


- The System's Feed Water Sea Cock Valve is closed.
- The System's main electrical disconnect switch is **OFF**, **LOCKED** and **TAGGED**.

Chemical Precautions

 **Danger:** The RO Membrane Element is susceptible to chemical attack. Take extreme caution in handling and storing! Do not expose your Aqua Matic XL to feed water containing chemicals not approved in writing by Sea Recovery Corporation.

Do not connect a water line to your Aqua Matic XL that may contain any of the following chemicals:


- Hydrogen peroxide chloramines-T
- Chlorine dioxide chlorine
- Bromine phenolic disinfectants
- Chloramines N-chloroisocyanurates
- Hypochlorite iodine
- Bromide petroleum products


 **Important:** The use of non-authorized and/or the *misuse* of authorized chemicals will void your Sea Recovery Corporation warranty! For example, **DO NOT** connect the Aqua Matic XL's inlet to your ship's potable water system if it contains chlorinated or brominated water. These chemicals destroy the copolymer components and the oxidants will damage the RO Membrane Element. In this situation, you can use the *optional Sea Recovery Fresh Water Flush Accessory* to remove the chlorine and bromine from your ship's potable water system before connecting the Aqua Matic XL.

Note on Component Cleaning

If detergents are used to clean the System's internal, wetted components, then you must ensure that the components are rinsed, wiped and dried thoroughly prior to reassembly. After all components have been reassembled, the System's Product Water can be used to remove Feed-Water residue from the components' exterior surfaces.

Warnings

 **Danger: ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD** The Aqua Matic XL installation procedures expose the installer to high voltage and potential electrical hazards. Technicians should only attempt installation if (1) they are qualified electricians and (2) surrounding conditions are safe.

 **Important:** Third-party chemicals will destroy the RO Membrane Element! Only use Sea Recovery Corporation-supplied chemicals. **Never use third-party chemicals**, as they are incompatible with various System materials and will dissolve the co-polymer parts. Damage to the System or its components as a result of using third-party chemicals is not covered by the Sea Recovery Corporation Warranty.

Weekly Quick Check

To proactively address System problems, Sea Recovery Corporation strongly recommends performing the checks below on a weekly basis.

1. Inspect fasteners for tightness (including brackets, screws, nuts and bolts).

 **Note:** Pay special attention to the High Pressure Pump and Electric Motor, as they are exposed to heavy vibrations.

2. Clean salt water or salt deposits from the System with a damp cloth.
3. Check for water leaks throughout the System and supporting water lines.
4. Check tubing and high-pressure hoses for wear and abrasion.



Note: Hoses must not come into contact with heated or abrasive surfaces.

Operator Maintenance Intervals

Maintenance frequency varies from case-to-case and depends on the following factors:

- How often the System is used
- Intake water condition
- How long the System has been exposed to water
- Total running time
- The manner in which the system is installed or operated

Due to the variable factors listed above, the recommended maintenance timetable is based on *estimated* time intervals and may differ based on your individual System. Although the maintenance timetable is based on factual data compiled from actual Aqua Matic XL installations, this schedule should be adjusted to your individual System.



Important: Components, spares, and consumables utilized within the System are specific to Sea Recovery Corporation specifications and are not commercially available from other sources. Other Components utilized within the System are modified by Sea Recovery Corporation for the specific purpose of compatibility and are not commercially available from other sources. Many of these special components may appear similar to Sea Recovery components; however, *extensive* and *expensive* damage to the Aqua Matic XL will occur if incompatible components are used. Please refer to the third-party parts warning below for additional information.

Third-Party Parts Warning

The major documented cause of failures and problems are from the use of third-party, non-Sea Recovery parts; improper installation; and improper operation. **Do not use parts, components from any source other than Sea Recovery!** The use of third-party, non-Sea Recovery parts is *strongly discouraged* and will result in the following consequences:

- The use of third-party, non-Sea Recovery components, spares and assemblies will damage the Sea Recovery System and/or specific components within the System.
- The use of third-party, non-Sea Recovery components, spares and assemblies will void any and all warranty of the System and/or void the affected component within the System.



Important: Sea Recovery Corporation maintains inventory for immediate shipment and our Service Dealers throughout the world maintain stock of Sea Recovery parts. Always insist on Sea Recovery supplied parts in order to avoid failures, eliminate problems, and maintain your warranty.

Component Maintenance and Repair

Inlet Thru Hull Fitting

- *To be supplied by the System's Owner.*
- Keep the Inlet Thru Hull Fitting free and clear of debris and marine growth. A clogged Inlet Thru Hull Fitting results in a low feed pressure condition, which causes System shut off.
- The Inlet Thru Hull Fitting must be clear of blockages in order to allow the System to draw 4.5 U.S. Gallons (17 Liters) of Feed Water per minute. Blockages at the Inlet Thru Hull Fitting will cause low pressure and low flow problems.
- The Installer must utilize a forward-facing scoop, so that the system receives positive water flow when the ship is moving. The fitting must be installed on the ship's hull, in a position that provides a continuous, air-free supply of Feed Water.



Caution: If the Sea Recovery System is connected to a Sea Chest or Stand Up Pipe, do not plumb the Sea Recovery System feed line to the top of these feed water arrangements. If plumbed to the top, the System will intake air and experience continual shut down. The System's resulting failure will thus be attributed to improper installation, will be the liability of the installer, and is not covered by the Sea Recovery Corporation warranty. Ensure that the System is plumbed to the bottom of the feed water arrangements to ensure a continual, air-free supply of Feed Water.

Sea Cock Valve

- *To be supplied by the System's Owner.*
- Packing and connections must be tight and properly sealed.
- Clean the valve cavity of debris, or replace the seal, seat, or entire valve, as required.
- When System is in operation, this section is under vacuum conditions. Loose fittings or a worn seal will allow air to enter the System, thereby causing continual shut down due to low Feed Water pressure.

Inlet Connection

Replace if damaged.

Sea Strainer

Keep the mesh screen free and clear of debris. When mesh screen is clogged, a low-pressure condition results and causes System shut off. When System is in operation, this section is under vacuum conditions. If Sea Strainer's bowl is loose or the O-Ring seal is worn/improperly seated, the System will continually shut down due to low Feed Water pressure.

Electric Motor and Booster Pump Assembly



Note: Centrifugal, counter-clockwise rotation, as viewed from pump's volute (front) end.

Electric Motor

When troubleshooting electric-motor failure, check power, wiring, connections, contacts and the control circuit. A failed electric motor requires repair or replacement. If failure is due to an external source (not the motor itself), attempt to correct the cause to prevent future failure, and/or the need for replacement/repair. Electric motor failure may be due to the following:

Winding failure	Generally caused by power that is outside the voltage range requirements of the system.
Capacitor failure	Generally caused by low power feeding the motor and/or low cycles from the power source. Also caused by rapidly repeating the motor start and stop.



Attention: The Booster Pump *must* rotate in the *counter-clockwise direction*. Rotating the Booster Pump in the clockwise direction will cause extensive damage.



Attention: When switching from 3-Phase Generator power to 3-Phase Shore power, *always* check phases prior to operating the System. Otherwise, reverse rotation (and extensive damage) may occur when the power is out-of-phase.

Electric-Motor Problems (caused by Booster Pump or Electric Motor) and Solutions:

1. The Single Phase (115 or 230VAC) Electric Motor “hums,” pulls starting current (locked rotor) amperage, does not rotate, and trips the supply power circuit breaker when attempting to operate the System. The Single Phase Electric Motor is a capacitor-start motor. If the motor was repeatedly and rapidly started with low voltage or a drop in voltage occurred while starting, the capacitor will short out. Without the aid of a working capacitor, the motor will “hum,” pull starting current (locked rotor) amperage, not rotate, and trip the supply power circuit breaker when attempting to operate the System.
 - a. Check wiring size and connections to, from, and in between the Power Supply and the Electric Motor. Correct wire size or any loose wires.

- b. Check the capacitor on the motor, and replace it if it has shorted out.
 - c. Measure motor voltage during attempt to start it. If voltage drops more than 10%, locate and correct the reason.
 - d. Check the motor starter relay (contactor) for “burnt” contacts.
2. The 3-Phase (230/380/460 VAC) Electric Motor “hums,” pulls starting current (locked rotor) amperage, does not rotate, and trips the supply power circuit breaker when attempting to operate the System. The 3-Phase Electric Motor requires all three power lines (all three phases) to operate, otherwise it will revert to “single phase” (resulting in extensive damage to the motor’s internal windings). Note that low voltage will also cause the same symptom.
 - a. Same troubleshooting steps as that for the Single Phase (115 or 230VAC) Electric Motor, above.
3. The Electric Motor makes an unusual “grinding” sound when operated.
 - a. Check and replace the front and rear bearings, as necessary.
 - b. Check if the fan is rubbing against the fan guard.

Booster Pump

Replace ceramic seal approximately every 2000 hours, or at the sign of leakage.

Disassembly

Remove the four 3/8-16 bolts holding the volute to the motor bracket. To remove the impeller, remove the bearing cap on the motor to expose the screwdriver slot on the motor shaft. Hold the motor shaft with a large screwdriver and remove the impeller by grasping it and turning the impeller counter clockwise. Remove the seal. Two screwdrivers wedged into the seal at 180° apart serve as tools to wedge the seal out. The ceramic seat is removed by removing the end-bell gasket.

Reassembly

Clean the motor shaft and the bracket of any corrosion or salt deposits. Replace the end bell gasket and the tap seat portion into the bracket cavity. Use a new gasket. Place the ceramic seat into the cavity over the shaft. Make sure that the polished side is toward the end of the shaft. Tap into place evenly using a hollow piece of wood or plastic tool. If a metal tool is used to tap into place, protect the seat with cardboard or a clean cloth. Lubricate the shaft with water and soap or a light oil and slip the rotating portion of the seal over the shaft with the carbon element toward the ceramic. Slide it down onto the shaft as far as possible. Apply blue Loctite to the motor shaft threads. Hold the motor shaft and reinstall the impeller. Tighten the impeller by turning it clockwise until it is snug. Reinstall the volute. Tighten the bolts evenly. Thoroughly prime the pump.

Some Electric Motors supplied by Sea Recovery have permanently sealed and lubricated bearings. Others require lubrication from time to time. If your Electric Motor has grease jerks at each end of the motor (over the front and rear bearings), the bearings require lubrication every six months. Give three pumps of high temperature motor bearing lubricant into each grease jerk. Use a Polyurea Base Grease such as Chevron SRI (Polyurea Base) or Shell Dolium R (Polyurea Base). **DO NOT USE LITHIUM OR SILICONE BASE GREASE.**

T-Connector Pressure Pick-Up

Replace kinked hoses or tubes. Disconnect each end of the hose/tube and blow air through it to ensure that it is not blocked. Replace if damaged.

Pressure Transducers

Pressure Transducers are irreparable and cannot be calibrated. If inoperable, check connections at the transducer and printed circuit board to ensure that there is no visible corrosion, or loose connections.

Plankton Filter Element (Cleaning)

1. Unscrew the bowl counter-clockwise.
2. Remove the Plankton Filter Elements from the bowl.
3. Remove the O-Ring from the top of the bowl.
4. Clean the mesh screen filter elements with a bristle brush and water spray.
5. Wipe the O-Ring with a damp cloth.

6. Lightly lubricate the O-Ring.
7. Place the O-Ring back onto the bowl.
8. Insert the cleaned or new plankton filter elements into the bowls.
9. Screw the bowls on clockwise.
10. Hand tighten to seal the O-Ring. Do not use a wrench or other tool to tighten and do not over tighten. Over tightening transfers stress to the lid and bowl threads, causing the lid or bowl to fail (e.g. crack or break) and makes subsequent disassembly difficult.

Multi Media Filter Backwash

The Multi Media Filter contains fine gravel and #20 silica sand. This silica sand traps suspended solids larger than 20 micron. The top layer of the silica sand becomes packed with suspended solids and restricts flow through it. When the silica sand becomes packed with suspended solids (as indicated by a loss of pressure), it must then be back washed to waste. The back washing procedure fluffs the silica sand and dislodges the suspended solids from the sand base. During back washing, the suspended solids are discharged to waste through the Multi Media Filter Waste outlet. If replacing the media, the Multi Media Filter requires approximately 15 lbs. (7 kg) of small gravel (1/8 x 1/4 in. (3.27 x 6.35 mm), first on the bottom, then approximately 26 lbs. (12 kg) of #20 silica sand (on top of the small gravel).



Note: New gravel and sand contain contaminants. The Multi Media Filter must be back washed prior to use.

1. Open the Inlet Sea Cock Valve.
2. Position the Rinse Clean Inlet Valve (if installed) to the normal operating position towards the Sea Strainer.
3. Position the Rinse Clean Outlet Valve (if installed) to the normal operating position towards the Brine Discharge Thru-Hull Fitting.
4. Position the Multi Media Filter valves to Backwash.
5. In the Manual mode of operation, operate only the Booster Pump.
6. After 10 minutes of back washing, stop the Booster Pump.
7. Position the Multi Media Filter Valves to Rinse.
8. In the Manual mode of operation, operate only the Booster Pump.
9. After 5 minutes of rinsing, stop the Booster Pump.
10. Position the Multi Media Filter Valves to Normal Operation.

Commercial or Dual Pre-filter Element Replacement

The Commercial or Dual Pre-filter Pleated Cartridge Element may be cleaned with water spray once or twice. After cleaning, the expected life will be reduced in half. Attempts to clean the element more than twice will result in damage and failure. Change the element after the second cleaning. Clean or replace when blockage occurs (i.e., the pressure into the High Pressure Pump is equivalent to 10 PSI (69 kPa) or less. At slightly below 6 PSI (41 kPa), the System will turn off and display a fault screen.



Caution: Do not use third-party pre-filter elements; use only Sea Recovery Corporation pre-filter elements. Debris bypass through third-party elements will damage the High Pressure Pump and prematurely foul the RO Membrane Element. Use of third-party pre-filter elements voids any and all warranty on the High Pressure Pump and the RO Membrane Element.



Caution: Do not use “string wound” or “fiber” pre-filter elements. These elements are designed for the Photographic Film Developing industry. When used in sea water, they will plug rapidly.



Attention: *DO NOT ACCEPT THIRD-PARTY PRE-FILTER ELEMENTS FROM ANY MARINE DEALER. USE ONLY SEA RECOVERY SUPPLIED PRE-FILTER ELEMENTS.* The System's resulting failure, and/or damage to the System caused by third-party pre-filter elements, is attributed to improper maintenance and operation, is the liability of the operator and owner, and is not covered by the Sea Recovery Corporation warranty.

To replace the Commercial Pre-filter Element or Dual Pre-filter Element, follow the instructions below:

1. Unscrew the lid-locking ring or bowl counter-clockwise.
2. Remove and discard the used Pre-filter Pleated Cartridge Element from the housing or bowl.
3. In the case of the dual pre-filter element, remove the O-Ring from the top of the bowl.
4. Thoroughly clean the inside of the bowl. The High Pressure Pump is manufactured to a very tight tolerance spacing between moving parts. The pre-filter will catch debris and protect the High Pressure Pump. Use caution when changing filter elements and do not allow any debris from the pre-filter element to enter the outlet port of its housing.
5. Inspect the O-Ring and wipe with a damp cloth (or replace).
6. Sparingly lubricate the O-Ring with O-Ring lubricant.
7. In the case of the dual pre-filter element, place the O-Ring back into the bowl.
8. Insert the cleaned or new Sea Recovery Corporation Commercial or Dual Pre-filter Pleated Cartridge Element into the bowl.
9. Place the lid or bowl on top of the housing. For the Commercial Pre-filter element, replace the lid-locking ring as well. Tighten into place with hands. Do not use a wrench or other tool to tighten. Do not over tighten, as over tightening causes stress to the bowl and lid-lock ring threads, leading to cracks, breakage, and difficult disassembly at the next filter change.
10. In the case of the Commercial Pre-filter, open the Sea Cock Valve and the air bleed valve located on the lid. Bleed any air from the Commercial Pre-filter Housing. After water appears, close the air bleed valve. It may be necessary to operate the Booster Pump manually in order to purge the Commercial Pre-filter housing of air.



Caution: ALWAYS purge air from the pre-filter housing.

Oil/Water Separator Filter Element Replacement

The Oil/Water Separator Coalescing Filter Element cannot be cleaned. Clean or replace when blockage occurs (i.e., the pressure into the High Pressure Pump is equivalent to 10 PSI (69 kPa) or less. At slightly below 6 PSI (41 kPa), the System will turn off and display a fault screen.

1. Unscrew the lid-locking ring counter-clockwise.
2. Remove and discard the used Oil/Water Separator Filter Element.
3. Thoroughly clean the inside of the bowl. The High Pressure Pump is manufactured to a very tight tolerance spacing between moving parts. The pre-filter will catch debris and protect the High Pressure Pump. Use caution when changing filter elements and do not allow any debris from the pre-filter element to enter the outlet port of its housing.
4. Inspect the O-Ring attached to the lid. Replace if damaged or if the lid leaks water.
5. Wipe the O-Ring with a damp cloth.
6. Sparingly lubricate the O-Ring with O-Ring lubricant.
7. Insert the new Sea Recovery Corporation Oil/Water Separator Filter Element into the bowl.
8. Place the lid on top of the housing.
9. Replace the lid-locking ring. Tighten into place with hands. Do not use a wrench or other tool to tighten. Do not over tighten, as over tightening causes stress to the bowl and lid-lock ring threads, leading to cracks, breakage, and difficult disassembly at the next filter change.
10. Open the Sea Cock Valve and the air bleed valve located on the lid. Bleed any air from the Oil/Water Separator Filter Housing. After water appears, close the air bleed valve. It may be necessary to operate the Booster Pump manually in order to purge the filter housing of air.

Transducer Manifold

The transducer manifold is irreparable. If broken or leaking, replace it.

Electric Motor and High Pressure Pump

Electric Motor

Refer to the topic [Electric Motor](#) on page 62 for electric motor troubleshooting instructions. If the High Pressure Pump electric motor fails to operate, follow the steps below to isolate the problem.

1. Check that the System is receiving the requisite power from the power source.

2. Press the **Start** button to start the system. It takes approximately 2 seconds before the High Pressure Pump Motor starts. Do not press any other switch.
3. Measure the AC voltage between terminals (AC Systems) or (DC systems) on the main terminal strip.
4. If the measured voltage measured the System voltage, then the problem may be in the power cable attached to the motor, or the motor's internal wiring/windings.
5. If low or no voltage is present, then check for proper operation of the High Pressure Pump contactor. To deactivate the contactor, press the **Stop** button. To activate the contactor again, press the **Start** button.
6. If the contactor is mechanically operating, but no voltage is present at the motor terminals, then the High Pressure Pump Motor contactor may be at fault.
7. If the contactor does not operate mechanically, then measure the DC voltage between A1 and A2 terminals on the High Pressure Pump Motor contactor coil. It should read 12V DC when activated.
8. If the contactor coil is receiving 12V DC but inoperative then the contactor's coil may be bad. Replace the contactor.
9. If 12V DC is not present when the High Pressure Pump is activated, trace the wires to the main circuit board and measure the DC voltage at the terminals. It should read 12V when activated.
10. Confirm that the HP Pump **Stop** button is illuminated on the Touch Screen when the High Pressure Pump is activated. When the HP Pump **Stop** button is illuminated, the HP terminals on the Control Printed Circuit Board should be receiving 12 VDC. If this is not the case, then replace the main circuit board.

High Pressure (HP) Pump

The HP pump is a positive displacement plunger pump made of high-grade duplex material specifically designed for sea water Reverse Osmosis applications. This pump is not commercially available and is specifically manufactured to Sea Recovery Corporation specifications.

- As with all positive displacement pumps, the HP pump must receive a minimum amount of water at a positive pressure. A vacuum at the inlet of the pump will cause cavitation and damage.
- This pump is manufactured to very tight tolerance spacing between moving parts. Any debris entering the pump will cause extensive and expensive damage to the internal parts. The Sea Recovery Pre-filter will stop any debris and protect the High Pressure Pump. Use caution when changing filter elements and do not allow any debris from the pre-filter element to enter the outlet port of its housing.
- If this pump requires maintenance within the warranty period, and--if after examination by Sea Recovery Corporation--is found to be non-operational due to a warranty failure, it will be repaired or replaced with a rebuilt pump at Sea Recovery Corporation's discretion. If the pump requires maintenance outside of the warranty period or is damaged due to non-warranty reasons, then it will be repaired or replaced (for a fee) with a rebuilt pump depending on the severity of damage. For repair or replacement, contact Sea Recovery for a Material Return Authorization and shipping instructions.


High Pressure Pump Problems and Solutions:


1. High Pressure Pump flow is normal when the System's operating pressure is below 100 PSI, but the flow drops or becomes erratic and pulsates as pressure is applied.
 - a. Worn High Pressure seals from normal use require replacement.
 - b. Worn High Pressure Pump's valves, valve seats, valve springs and or valve seat O-rings are broken or worn due to normal use and are allowing internal bypass. Repair the pump with a valve and seal kit.
2. High Pressure Pump is noisier than usual and pulsations are observed in hoses and gauges.
 - a. Worn or broken valve, valve spring or valve seat. Repair the pump with a valve and seal kit.
 - b. Pump is experiencing cavitation and is not receiving sufficient feed water at its inlet due to a blockage prior to the pump's inlet port. Clear the blockage in the feed water line.
3. High Pressure Pump Leaks Oil
 - a. Determine source of leak and replace appropriate associated seal.
4. High Pressure Pump leaks water between manifold and drive end.
 - a. Inlet Packings may be worn due to normal use; due to operation under a vacuum condition; or because pump has been operated dry, without inlet feed water.
 - b. Repair the pump with a seal kit.


High Pressure Hose

The High Pressure Hose has been assembled with crimp fittings. The High Pressure Hose is *NOT* repairable. Should leaks, damage, or failure develop, order a replacement hose from Sea Recovery Corporation.

Reverse Osmosis Membrane and Pressure Vessel Assembly

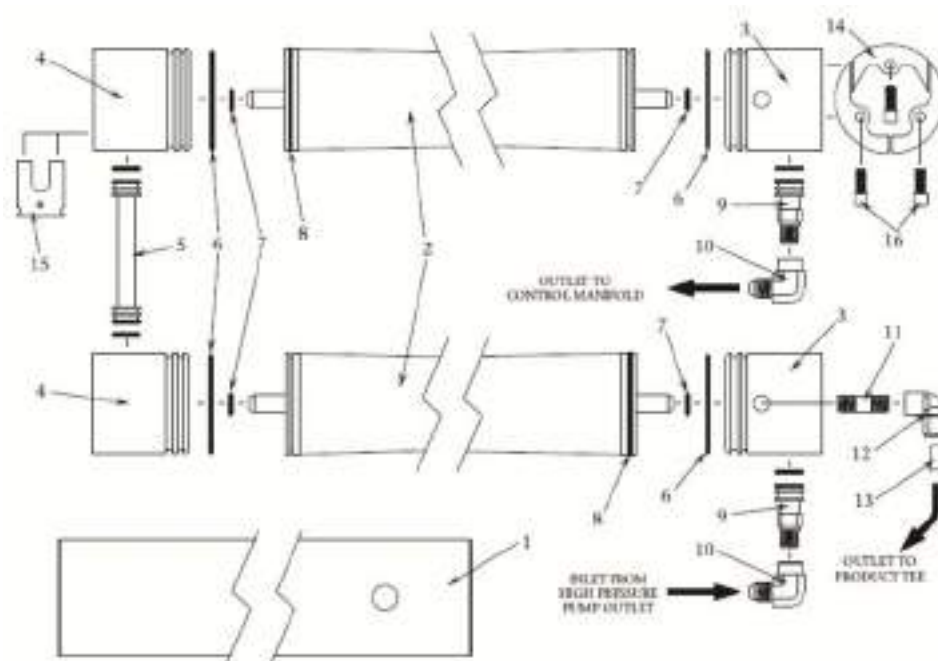
 **Note:** The System's RO Membrane Element is accessible with the vessel attached to the frame, provided that there is sufficient room to remove the element. You will need to replace all brine and product water O-Ring that are attached to the end plugs within the High Pressure Vessel Assembly each time the RO Membrane Element is removed or replaced. Ensure that the O-Rings are on-hand prior to repair. Refer to the instructions below, as well as the proceeding diagram, to disassemble the RO Membrane Element and Vessel Assembly. In this section, the numbers in brackets [#] refer to the reference numbers in the diagram.

 **Note:** RO Membrane Element must be installed and removed from the *INLET* end of the High Pressure Vessel.

 **Caution:** At each end of the RO Membrane Element is a product water tube, approximately $\frac{3}{4}$ in. (1.9 cm) diameter by 1 in. (2.5 cm) long. The outside diameter surface of the product water tube is a sealing surface, which isolates the product water from the feed water. The surface of the Product Water Tube must be scratch free. Never use pliers or other grabbing tools on the Product Water Tube. Do not drop the RO Membrane Element onto a hard surface, as the Product Water Tube may be damaged.

1. Disconnect the High Pressure Hose from each end of the High Pressure Vessel Assembly.
2. Using a 5/16" Allen wrench, remove the three Socket Head Cap Screws (#16) from the three-piece Segment Rings [14] located at each end of the Pressure Vessel.
3. Push inward on the End Plug [3 and 4] and remove the three-piece segment ring [14] from one end. Repeat for the other end.
4. Remove the Port Retainer [15] from each end.
5. Remove the High Pressure Port [5 and 9] from each end.
6. Remove the product water tube [13] from the product water tube fitting [12].
7. Remove the product water tube fitting [12] and nipple [11] from the end plug.
8. Insert the three Socket Head Cap Screws [16] (finger tightened) into the End Plug [3 and 4]. These screws are used as a grip to remove the End Plug.
9. Grasp one or more of the Socket Head Cap Screws with a pair of pliers and pull slowly outward to remove the End Plug. There is some resistance due to the two Brine O-Rings exerting friction against the Vessel wall. With the End Plug removed from the High Pressure Vessel, the RO Membrane Element is visible.
10. Remove and discard the brine O-Ring [6] from each end plug.
11. Remove and discard the Product Water O-Ring [7] from each end plug.
12. Clean end plugs with a cloth and inspect for any sign of wear, cracks or damage.
13. Sparingly and lightly, lubricate a *NEW* Brine O-Ring and *NEW* Product Water O-Ring.
14. Place the *NEW* product water O-Ring into the product port inner O-Ring groove (within each end plug).
15. Place the *NEW* brine O-Ring onto the outer brine O-Ring grooves (within each end plug).
16. With your fingers, grasp the Product Water Tube (attached to the RO Membrane Element) from the *INLET* end of the Pressure Vessel and pull outward. If resistance is met, then cup the *INLET* end of the High Pressure Vessel with one hand and shake downward to dislodge the RO Membrane Element. The RO Membrane Element may also be pushed from the *OUTLET* end of the vessel towards the *INLET* end.
17. Run a rag through the High Pressure Vessel to remove biological film or debris from the inside of the vessel.
18. A new Sea Recovery Corporation RO Membrane Element includes a "U" cup Brine Seal (#8) at one end of the element. The Brine Seal must be positioned at the *INLET* end of the Pressure Vessel.
19. Install a new RO Membrane Element, with attached "U" cup Brine Seal, into the Pressure Vessel. Place the end of the RO Membrane Element (that which **DOES NOT** have the Brine Seal attached) into the *INLET* end of the Pressure Vessel, and slide it into the Pressure Vessel.
20. Insert the downstream end (i.e., the end without a brine seal) of the RO Membrane Element into the upstream inlet end of the High Pressure Vessel.

21. Slide the RO Membrane Element into the High Pressure Vessel (past the brine seal), until the membrane element's product water tube is 4 in. (10.2 cm) past the end lip of the High Pressure Vessel.
22. Insert the End Plug (with newly attached O-Rings) into the High Pressure Vessel, while aligning the High Pressure Port and Product Water Port to the respective holes in the High Pressure Vessel. Continue pushing inward on the End Plug until the exposed end travels just past the Segment Ring Groove within the Pressure Vessel. Ensure that the End Plug's ports are aligned with the Port Holes of the High Pressure Vessel.
23. Insert the High Pressure Port Fitting with attached O-Rings into the High Pressure Port.
24. Replace the Port Retainer.
25. Insert the three-piece Segment Ring Set into the Segment Ring Groove of the High Pressure Vessel. Align the Segment Ring Set with the tapped holes in the End Plug for insertion of the three Socket Head Cap Screws.
26. Attach the three Socket Head Cap Screws and tighten.
27. Connect the High Pressure Hoses to the respective fitting on the Pressure Vessel.



High Pressure Manifold

Replace the High Pressure Manifold if it is visibly cracked, broken and leaking. Replace the High Pressure fitting O-Rings if damaged, worn, or leaking.


High Pressure Transducer


Pressure Transducers are irreparable and cannot be calibrated. If inoperative, check connections at the transducer and at the Printed Circuit Board to ensure that there is no visible corrosion or loose connections.

Automatic Motor Actuated Back Pressure Regulator

The Motor Actuator and Gear Assembly are irreparable. If the motor has been confirmed to be non-operational, then it must be replaced.


Caution: If the valve stem and or Motor gear shaft is rotated separately from the other they must be replaced. If the coupler set screws have become loose allowing the shafts to rotate independently, or if repair has been performed where in the valve has been separated from the coupler or the motor gear shaft, then the motor gear shaft and the valve stem **MUST BE REPLACED**. If the valve stem has rotated separately from the motor gear shaft the control logic will not be able to maintain and control the system operating pressure.


 **Caution:** Do not bench test the Electric Motor Actuator! **DO NOT APPLY DIRECT VOLTAGE TO THE ACTUATOR.** Bench testing of the motor can cause physical damage to the positioning signal device located within the Actuator assembly.

 **Important:** Be sure to perform a function test on the Electric Motor Actuator as described in the topic [Manual System Check](#) on page 43.

Valve Packing Leak

If the Back Pressure Regulator valve leaks from the valve stem, lightly tighten the packing gland nut located below the valve stem. Should adjustment fail to stop the leak, replace the entire valve.

 **Caution:** Do not over tighten the packing gland. Over tightening will cause premature wear and failure of the packing and stem.

 **Important:** Over tightening can cause excessive drag, increasing the torque requirement of the valve's electric motor. Excessive drag resulting in an increased torque requirement will cause the valve motor to draw high current. When the valve's motor draws high current, the system's Control Logic will force the System to stop and the touch screen will display an error message.

When the actuator motor starts, it momentarily draws high current (this is normal). Once the motor begins to rotate (with no restrictions), the current lowers to normal running current. The motor, in turn, rotates the gear box, sensing POT (potentiometer) and valve stem. If motor movement is blocked or restricted, and does not rotate, it will draw high current and the sensing POT will not rotate. The System Control Logic receives a high current signal and ceases to sense POT movement. As a result, the System will stop and the touch screen will display an error message. To diagnose the restriction, perform the following steps:

1. Check the brass coupling that connects the valve stem and gear box shaft to ensure it allows free movement and turning.
2. Check for external signs of corrosion or water intrusion into the Actuator housing.
3. Ensure that the Valve Stem packing nut is not over tightened causing friction and resistance.

Brine Discharge and Product Water Flow Meters

The System's electronic flow meters are irreparable. If a flow meter generates inaccurate readings, then it must be replaced.

Brine Discharge T-Connector

The Brine Discharge T-Connector is irreparable. If it breaks or develops a crack, then it must be replaced.

Brine Discharge Connector

This connector is a 90 degree elbow fitting that attaches to the over board thru-hull fitting for connecting the brine discharge hose. If it breaks or develops a crack, then it must be replaced.

Multi Media Filter Waste and Brine Discharge Tee

This tee is a 90 degree elbow fitting that attaches to the over board thru-hull fitting for connecting the brine discharge hose. If it breaks or develops a crack, then it must be replaced.

Thru-Hull Discharge Fitting

Not reparable; if it breaks or develops a crack, then it must be replaced.

Product Water T-Collector

Not reparable; if it breaks or develops a crack, then it must be replaced.

Salinity Probe

The salinity probe requires cleaning when debris builds up on the monel probes. Clean the probes once a year according to the procedures below.

1. Unscrew the black tube fitting nut (below the probe) to disconnect it from the control manifold.
2. Using a soft bristle brush, scrub the probes to remove any built up debris.
3. Thoroughly dry the probe area.
4. Should the salinity reading become inaccurate, replace the probe.

3-way Product Water Diversion Solenoid Valve



Note: Do not assume that the valve's solenoid is non-operational. Check it by performing a function test as described in the topic [Manual System Check](#) on page 43.



Caution: Over tightening the tube fittings can cause the diversion valve's internal ports to move out of the proper position, thereby causing internal blockage or bypass.

Follow the steps below to check the diversion valve for problems.

1. Remove Diversion Valve from the system.
2. Position the **Manual Override** button *OUTWARD* (to the normal position) by first pushing the button inward and then rotating counter clockwise, allowing it to spring outward and away from the coil body.
3. With your mouth, blow into port "P." Air should expel from port "B," which is the "normally open" or "bad water" port.
 - a. If you encounter significant resistance when attempting to expel air from port "B" (or if no air expels from port "B"), then replace the valve.
4. Blow into port "P" again, while plugging port "B" with your fingertip. No air should expel from port "A."
 - a. If air expels from port "A", then replace the valve.
5. Position the **Manual Override** button *INWARD* (to the manual override position) by first pushing the button inward and then rotating it clockwise, allowing it to lock inward (close to the coil body).
6. With your mouth, blow into port "P." Air should expel from port "A," which is the "normally closed" or "good water" port.
 - a. If you encounter significant resistance when attempting to expel air from port "A" (or if no air expels from port "A"), then replace the valve.
7. Blow into port "P" again, while plugging port "A" with your fingertip. No air should expel from port "B."
 - a. If air expels from port "B," then replace the valve.

Follow the steps below to check the condition of the Diversion Valve solenoid coil.




Note: The 3-way Product Diversion Valve Solenoid operates from 12 VDC.


1. While the System is operating and producing potable water, use a voltmeter (set to DC) to check the voltage at the din connector terminals (top of solenoid).
2. If 12 VDC is present at the din connector terminals, then the control circuit is operating normally; however, the 3-way Diversion Valve Coil may be shorted or open. Check the solenoid coil continuity. Note that this check can only be performed when the solenoid is electrically disconnected from the Control Board.
3. Remove the din connector from the solenoid. Using an Ohm meter, measure the continuity of the solenoid coil as shown below.
4. If an open circuit exists, or if the resistance is much greater than (or less than) 12 to 15 ohms, then replace the solenoid coil or the entire valve.
5. If 12 VDC is not present at the din connector terminals, then the cable connections may be loose, the cable may be broken, or the control circuit may be inoperable. Check these components.

6. Check for 12 VDC at the connection points of the Diversion Valve Solenoid Coil on the Control Printed Circuit Board terminals.
7. If 12 VDC is present while system is operating, then the Diversion Valve cable is loose at one of the connections or the cable is defective.
8. If there is no voltage present while system is operating, then troubleshoot the Control Printed Circuit Board.

Charcoal Filter

A sulfurous (rotten eggs) odor from the product water indicates that the Charcoal Filter element must be replaced. Otherwise, the Charcoal Filter element must be replaced every three to four months (it cannot be cleaned).

 **Caution:** Do not use third-party charcoal or carbon filter elements! Use only Sea Recovery Corporation Filter Elements. Many third-party Filter Elements fit improperly; the seams fall apart; and they allow bypass. They are also designed for low flow rates, causing extensive damage (due to pressure build-up on the product water line) if used in the System. Excessive pressure resulting from third-party Charcoal or Carbon Filter Elements will damage the following System components: the RO Membrane Element, the Product Water Flow Meter, the 3-Way Product Water Diversion Valve, the Charcoal Filter Housing and the Product Water Line.

 **Important:** *DO NOT ACCEPT THIRD-PARTY CHARCOAL FILTER ELEMENTS FROM ANY MARINE DEALER. USE ONLY SEA RECOVERY SUPPLIED CHARCOAL OR CARBON FILTER ELEMENTS.* The System's resulting failure, and/or damage to the System caused by third-party pre-filter elements, is attributed to improper maintenance and operation, is the liability of the operator and owner, and is not covered by the Sea Recovery Corporation warranty.

To replace the Charcoal Filter Element, follow the procedures below.

1. Unscrew the bowl counter-clockwise.
2. Remove the Charcoal Filter Element from the bowl.
3. Remove the O-Ring from the top of the bowl.
4. Replace the Charcoal Filter Element with a new Sea Recovery Corporation element.
5. Wipe the O-Ring with a damp cloth.
6. Sparingly lubricate the O-Ring with O-Ring lubricant.
7. Place the O-Ring back onto the bowl.
8. Insert the new, Charcoal Filter Element into the bowl.
9. Screw the bowl on clockwise.
10. Hand turn to seal the O-Ring. Do not use a wrench or other tool to tighten, and do not over tighten. Over tightening causes stress to the lid and bowl threads, which can result in damage, breakage, or cracks, as well as difficulty removing it in the future.

pH Neutralizing Filter

The pH Neutralizing cartridge requires replacement when the calcium carbonate (within the cartridge) has dissolved. To replace the pH Neutralizing Cartridge, follow the procedures below.

1. Unscrew the bowl counter-clockwise.
2. Remove the pH Neutralizing Cartridge from the bowl.
3. Remove the O-Ring from the top of the bowl.
4. Replace the pH Neutralizing Cartridge with a new Sea Recovery Corporation cartridge.
5. Wipe the O-Ring with a damp cloth.
6. Sparingly lubricate the O-Ring lightly with O-Ring lubricant.
7. Place the O-Ring back onto the bowl.
8. Insert the new, Sea Recovery pH Neutralizing Cartridge into the bowl.
9. Screw the bowl on clockwise.
10. Hand turn to seal the O-Ring. Do not use a wrench or other tool to tighten, and do not over tighten. Over tightening causes stress to the lid and bowl threads, which can result in damage, breakage, or cracks, as well as difficulty removing it in the future.

Ultraviolet Sterilizer

The UV Sterilizer lamp emits low frequency light. The light degrades and loses intensity, as well as its ability to sterilize biological matter over approximately 8000 hours of use. Therefore, the lamp may remain lit, but requires replacement every 4400 to 8000 hours.



Danger: UV light is harmful to eyes and skin! Check that system power is turned **OFF** before beginning sterilizer maintenance.

Lamp Replacement

1. Remove the four screws on the ballast box.
2. Remove lid.
3. Remove rubber boot and carefully pull lamp out of quartz sleeve.
4. Replace the lamp.



Note: During lamp replacement, clean the quartz sleeve as well. The quartz sleeve should be clear. If discolored, it must be cleaned or replaced.

Quartz Sleeve Cleaning

1. Remove the four screws on the ballast box.
2. Remove lid.
3. Remove rubber boot and carefully pull lamp out of the quartz sleeve.
4. Unscrew and remove two compression nuts (ballast box and view port).
5. Remove the O-ring on the view port side only.
6. Carefully pull the quartz sleeve out from the ballast box side.
7. Clean the quartz tube with water and a bottle brush without moving the O-ring. Dry with a soft cloth. Handle the quartz sleeve carefully.

Reassembly

1. Replace old O-rings with new O-rings.
2. Insert the quartz sleeve (close-end first) through the ballast box pass thru until O-ring contact pass thru. Screw on the ballast box compression nut. Insert view port O-ring and screw on view port compression nut.
3. Attach a new UV Lamp into the plug.
4. Slide the lamp into the Quartz Sleeve and install rubber boot over the compression nut.
5. Replace the three 1/4-20 cap head screws.

Fresh Water Flush Carbon Filter Element

The Carbon Filter Element in the Fresh Water Flush must be replaced every three months. The Fresh Water Flush will automatically flush the system with Fresh Water every preset number of days. The duration of the flush cycle will be 90 seconds for a system connected to 60 Hz power and to 120 seconds for systems connected to 50 Hz power. To replace the Carbon Filter Element, follow the procedures below.

1. Unscrew the bowl counter-clockwise.
2. Remove the Carbon Filter Element from the bowl.
3. Remove the O-Ring from the top of the bowl.
4. Replace the Carbon Filter Element with a new Sea Recovery Corporation element.
5. Wipe the O-Ring with a damp cloth.
6. Sparingly lubricate the O-Ring lightly with O-Ring lubricant.
7. Place the O-Ring back onto the bowl.
8. Insert the new Sea Recovery Carbon Filter Element into the bowl.
9. Screw the bowl on clockwise.







10. Hand turn to seal the O-Ring. Do not use a wrench or other tool to tighten, and do not over tighten. Over tightening causes stress to the lid and bowl threads, which can result in damage, breakage, or cracks, as well as difficulty removing it in the future.

UV Sterilizer Maintenance

Follow the maintenance procedures in this topic to maximize the efficiency, reliability and longevity of the UV Sterilizer. The table below represents the recommended Periodic Maintenance (PM) for the SP Series UV Unit.

Description	Initial	Daily	Monthly	Annual	Other
Quartz Sleeve Cleaning	x				
Quartz Sleeve Replacement ³	x				
Operating Condition	x				
Unit Cleaning	x		x		
Leak Inspection	x	x	x		
UV Lamp Inspection	x	x	x		
UV Lamp Replacement-SP-1				x	4400 hrs
UV Lamp Replacement-SP-2				x	8000 hrs

Before performing any maintenance, you must review the safety requirements below. Failure to comply with these safety requirements can cause injuries to you and others, as well as damages to the UV unit. Above all else, consider your personal safety. Operators must observe Safety Requirements at all times, and only qualified service personnel should perform maintenance on the UV unit.

-  **Danger:** UV light exposure can severely burn/damage eyes and skin! Never look directly at the UV lamp when it is turned **ON**. Never operate the UV lamp outside the stainless steel cabinet.
-  **Danger:** Properly ground the UV unit. Failure to properly ground the UV unit can cause severe electrical shock hazard. Disconnect power before servicing the UV unit. The UV lamp and electrical components operate with high voltage electrical power. Do not attempt to service the UV unit without first disconnecting the power source. Shut off the source of power at the main panel breaker and use appropriate lock-out/tag-out procedures to prevent accidental power-up.
-  **Danger:** Provide watertight piping and compression nut seals. Failure to provide watertight seals can cause damage to electrical components or cause electrical shock hazard.
-  **Caution:** Remove pressure before servicing the UV unit.
-  **Caution:** Never operate the UV unit for more than 30 minutes without water flow. Elevated water temperature can damage the UV unit.
-  **Caution:** Do not exceed three “Start/Stop” cycles per 24-hour period. Exceeding three cycles will subject the lamp filament to excessive thermal stress, leading to premature failure of the UV lamp.

UV Unit Specifications

Type	12 VDC Operating UV Sterilizer for 2 gallon (7.5 liters) per minute of water flow
Ballast Type	Solid State
Bulb Type	16 Watts Single Ended

³ Quartz Sleeve replacement will occur more frequently for systems operating with continuous high flow rate or low water quality water, and less frequently for systems operating with low flow rate or high water quality.

Bulb Life	8000 Hours minimum
Materials	Body: SS304; Ballast Box: PVC
Power Cord	13 ft (4 meters) 2 conductors
Weight	1 lbs (500g) Body
Temperature Range	Operating: 37°F to 104°F (3°C to 40°C); Dry Storage: -4°F to 185°F (-25°C to 85°C)
Operating Voltage Range	10.56V minimum; 16.50V maximum
Current	1.45A maximum @ Standard Test Voltage
UV Dosage	22mJ/cm ² @ 254nm
Operating Pressure	50psi (3.4 bar)
Inlet/Outlet Ports	¼ in. (6.3 mm) NPT Female
Flow Rate	2 gpm (7.5 lpm)
Disinfection Rate	99%

Exterior Surfaces

The exterior surfaces of the UV unit must be kept clean and dry. In most cases, the unit's exterior must be cleaned once per month. Use a soft cloth and soapy water, or any commercial stainless steel cleaner. The ballast box's interior should be inspected for debris. Debris can be removed using vacuum.

Quartz Sleeve

Debris and other matter in the water will settle onto the quartz sleeve and eventually block the UV rays from penetrating into the water. It is necessary to determine a cleaning schedule for the quartz sleeve. The frequency will depend on the specific type of water being processed and the duty cycle of the unit. Inspect the quartz sleeve 30 days after initial installation to assess the amount of contamination collected over the 30-day period. Use the finding to determine a reasonable schedule and frequency for periodic cleaning. Clean-In-Place (CIP) cleaning is sometimes effective in removing debris from the quartz sleeve. Conduct a CIP cleaning test to determine its effectiveness. If CIP cleaning is not effective, then a manual cleaning or replacement is required. When the quartz sleeve is due for cleaning, follow the procedures below.

1. Turn off the water source to the UV unit.
2. Disconnect the power source to the UV unit.
3. Drain the UV treatment chamber.
4. Remove the ballast box cover.
5. Remove rubber boot and carefully pull out the UV lamp through the compression nut pass-thru.
6. Use a channel lock to remove the compression nuts.
7. Remove the Quartz Sleeve.
8. Wash the Quartz Sleeve with mild, soapy water and rinse in clean, hot water.
9. If dirt remains after rinsing, the quartz sleeve must be replaced. Contact your local CSR to order a replacement.

Failure to perform quartz sleeve maintenance may reduce the UV light's effectiveness in treating water within the treatment chamber.

Checking for Leaks

Visual inspect the UV unit's exterior for signs of leakage. Leaks must be repaired immediately. If a leakage is detected, perform the following procedures:

1. Shut off power at the main panel breaker and use appropriate lock-out/tag-out procedures.
2. Depressurize the UV unit.
3. Remove ballast box cover and the rubber boot.
4. Locate the leak.

Repairing Leaks

If both ends of the quartz sleeve are leaking, perform the following procedures on both ends:

1. Use a channel lock to loosen and remove the compression nut.
2. Remove the quartz sleeve O-ring (without pulling the quartz sleeve out).
3. Lubricate the quartz sleeve tip with clean water and place new O-ring. Ensure the O-ring makes consistent contact with the cylinder pass-thru.
4. Replace and tighten the compression nut.
5. Refill the treatment chamber and verify leak-free conditions.

Measuring Performance

Every UV unit must be tested periodically to verify efficiency. Regardless of the intended application or any optional equipment provided with the UV unit, the most accurate procedure is a Post-UV Analysis. The Post-UV Test must be performed in accordance with standard testing methods.

Verifying Lamp Operation

The UV lamp is **ON** when blue light is emitting thru the viewport.

Obtaining Water Samples

The vast majority of unsatisfactory Post-UV Test results are directly related to improper sample-taking techniques. Although several commercial sample collection apparatuses are available, proper manufacturer's procedures must be followed.

1. Use sterile sample bottles (obtained from reliable laboratory) that have been autoclaved and stored in plastic.
2. Use a temporary tube to direct water from the UV unit to a container or drainage.
3. Pressurize the UV unit and flush unit with sample valve that is fully opened for 3.5 minutes. Sea Recovery Corporation recommends using a valve that has a discharge orifice smaller than 1/4" (6mm). After flushing for 3.5 minutes, reduce valve opening to 50% and flush for 3 minutes.
4. Open the sample bottle and keep the inside of the cap face-down.
5. Fill the sample bottle and avoid breathing directly into the bottle or touching the inside of the bottle, cap and neck.
6. Immediately cover and secure the cap after filling the sample bottle.
7. Label the sample bottle and place in a clean plastic bag.
8. Take sample bottle to the laboratory for plating as soon as possible.



Important: Sample processing must begin within three hours after sample collection and must comply with accepted standard methods.

Chapter 8

Troubleshooting

This chapter provides information and procedures for troubleshooting abnormal System behavior. For each symptom, one or more causes are provided, and each includes one or more corresponding tests to help identify the correct cause of the problem and correct it. When diagnosing System issues, eliminate the listed causes one-by-one until the correct cause is found.

Alarm and Error Screens

Alarm and error screens provide information to the Operator on the System's condition. The alarm message (yellow background) or error message (red background) state the problem and recommend possible corrective action(s) to eliminate the system alarm/error.



The following alarm and error messages are possible:

- Fresh Water Tank full.
- Product flow was out of specifications. Check for leaks and wiring connections.
- Conductivity sensor (#) failed measuring. Check wiring.
- Fresh Water Tank was too low. Fresh Water Flush stopped.
- Flow error in the Fresh Water Flush Operation. Check for leaks or blockage in the Fresh Water Supply.
- Product flow is low. Check water temperature and reverse osmosis membrane.
- Unable to communicate with the selected watermaker. Check the water maker.
- The TDS salinity level at the product water line is too high. The system is unable to clean the water. Check for mechanical failure.
- Pressure drop on inlet Filters to excessive. Check filters.
- User initiated emergency break.
- Power has been interrupted while the system was in operation. The system will not restart automatically.
- Inlet Pressure of the High Pressure Pump dropped below specifications. Check Booster Pump and filters.
- Outlet pressure of High Pressure Pump exceeded the specifications. Check Brine Discharge, Product Water lines and Post Filtration.
- Brine Discharge flow was out of specifications. Check for leaks and wiring connections.
- Back Pressure Regulator is stuck. Check for a mechanical failure and wiring connections.
- Warning on the water maker. For detailed information please check warning on the water maker display.
- Alarm on the water maker. For detailed information please check alarm on the water maker display

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- Low Pressure Sensor (#) failed to measure the pressure. Check wiring.
 - High Pressure sensor failed to measure the pressure. Check wiring.
 - Temperature Sensor (#) failed to measure the temperature. Check wiring.

Thru-Hull Inlet Fitting

1. Problem: Flat profile Inlet Thru Hull Fitting

- a. Description: System runs properly at anchor; however, when underway, the System shuts off due to low pressure or low feed water flow. A flat profile Inlet Thru Hull Fitting is causing a vacuum at the System's feed line, thereby cavitating and reducing the efficiency of the Booster Pump. This results in low feed water pressure and low feed water flow.
- b. Solution: Change the flat profile Thru Hull Fitting to a forward facing scoop.

2. Problem: Debris is blocking the Inlet Thru Hull Fitting

- a. Description: System feed water pressure is low and insufficient to keep the System in operation. Marine growth or debris (e.g. a plastic bag or rag) covering the Inlet Thru-Hull Fitting is causing a vacuum at the System's feed line, thereby cavitating and reducing the efficiency of the Booster Pump. This results in low feed water pressure and low feed water flow.
- b. Solution: Clean all marine growth and debris from the Inlet Thru-Hull Fitting.

3. Problem: System is newly installed and operation is being performed for the first time. The feed water pressure is low and insufficient to keep the System in operation.

- a. Description: A new ship, or newly installed System, may have protective shipping tape covering the Inlet Thru-Hull Fitting. A new ship, or newly installed System, may also have manufacturing debris (such as caulking) blocking the Inlet Thru Hull. Lastly, a new Inlet Thru-Hull Fitting may have casting slag (that which has not been machined off) partially covering the "fingers" or inside of the fitting.
- b. Solution: Inspect the Inlet Thru-Hull Fitting and clean all manufacturing debris and casting slag from the fitting.

Sea Cock Valve

1. Problem: The Sea Cock Valve is closed when attempting to start the System.

- a. Description: The System does not register feed-water flow and feed-water pressure when attempting to start. An error screen appears and the System shuts down. When the System is not in use, it is good practice (for the safety of the ship) to close the Sea Cock Valve. Don't forget to open it prior to starting the System.
- b. Solution: Open the Sea Cock Valve.

2. Problem: The Sea Cock Valve seal is worn or the seal is loose, causing air to enter the System Feed Line.

- a. Description: System feed water pressure is low and insufficient to keep the System in operation. This section of the Feed Line is under a vacuum condition when the System is in operation. If the valve's seal is worn or loose, air can enter the feed line causing the System to lose pressure. Look for air bubbles moving through the Sea Strainer or feed line.
- b. Solution: Change the valve seals, tighten them, or replace the valve (if necessary).

Inlet Connection

(Includes all fittings and connections prior to the inlet of the Booster Pump)

1. Problem: One or more fittings/connections is causing air to enter the Feed Line.

- a. Description: System feed water pressure is low and insufficient to keep the System in operation. This section of the Feed Line is under a vacuum condition when the System is in operation. Look for air bubbles moving through the Sea Strainer or feed line.

- b. Solution: Tighten any loose fitting or connection at the Inlet of the Booster Pump or prior to it that is allowing air to enter the feed line. Replace worn or broken seal or O-ring at the Inlet of the Booster Pump or prior to it that is allowing air to enter the feed line. Check positioning of all valves at or prior to the Inlet of the Booster Pump that may be allowing air to enter the feed line.

Inlet Vacuum/Pressure Gauges

1. **Problem: A Vacuum/Pressure gauge needle does not move or does not register proper vacuum or pressure.**
 - a. Description: Vacuum/Pressure Gauges have a narrow orifice at the bottom of the pipe fitting end. This orifice can become plugged with debris or corrosion.
 - b. Solution: Using a small diameter wire, clean the debris from the orifice.

Sea Strainer

1. **Problem: System feed water pressure is low and insufficient to keep the System in operation because the O-Ring is not properly seated, is worn, or is not properly compressed allowing air to enter the Feed Line.**
 - a. Description: This section of the Feed Line is under a vacuum condition when the System is in operation. If the Sea Strainer O-Ring is not properly seated, air will enter the feed line causing the System to loose pressure. Look for air bubbles moving through the Sea Strainer and into the Feed Line.
 - b. Solution: Properly seat or replace the Sea Strainer O-Ring.
2. **Problem: System feed water pressure is low and insufficient to keep the System in operation because the Sea Strainer mesh screen is blocking feed water flow.**
 - a. Description: The Sea Strainer mesh screen element is the first line of defense to trap large suspended solids entering the Feed Line. Depending on Feed Water conditions the screen may plug up rapidly. Marine growth, plastic bags, jelly fish, and other debris can easily enter the feed line and plug up the Sea Strainer mesh screen.
 - b. Solution: Regularly check and clean the Sea Strainer mesh screen. Keep it clear and free of debris.

Booster Pump

The Booster Pump is a centrifugal pump. When mounted at or below feed water level, it is able to draw the feed water and deliver it with pressure into the pre-filtration components and High Pressure Pump. If mounted above feed water level, the Booster Pump may have trouble priming when air enters the feed line. Prior to assuming that the Booster Pump's Electric Motor has failed, perform a Function Test as described in [Manual System Check](#) on page 43.

1. **Problem: The Booster Pump leaks feed water between the pump and motor.**
 - a. Description: The Booster Pump has a ceramic and carbon seal. Ceramic and carbon seals will weep if the pump is not operated for extended periods of time. When used regularly, the seal will give approximately 2000 hours of use. The seal continually wears during use and must be replaced approximately every 2000 hours of use. If left unused for extended periods of time, seal replacement may be required sooner.
 - b. Solution: Replace seal.

T-Connector Pressure Pickup

1. **Problem: Low Pressure Transducer does not register pressure.**
 - a. Description: The ¼ in. (5 mm) O.D. tube connecting the T-Connector to the Low Pressure Transducer Manifold may become kinked or debris may block the tube.

- b. Solution: Replace any hose or tube that is kinked. Disconnect each end of the tube and blow air through the tube to ensure that it is not blocked.

Pressure Transducers



Note: The System's Pressure Transducers send a DC voltage signal to the System Control Logic. The minimum value is 0.5 VDC when no pressure is applied to it, and the maximum value that the System will accept is 4.5 VDC. The variation of voltage output from the transducer is converted to pressure value by the System Control Logic.

1. **Problem: (For Pressure Differential Transducer) Does not display on the Touch Screen.**
 - a. Solution: Refer to [Controller Setup](#) on page 40 to set up and inform the System Control Logic that the Pressure Differential Transducer has been installed and connected.
2. **Problem: The Transducer does not register pressure or the pressure displayed is inaccurate.**
 - a. Description: The connecting tube may become kinked or debris may block the tube.
 - b. Solution: Replace any hose or tube that is kinked. Disconnect each end of the tube and blow air through the tube to ensure that it is not blocked.
3. **Problem: The pressure readings at the Touch Pad are inaccurate.**
 - a. Description: The minimum voltage output is below 0.5 VDC and or the maximum voltage output is above 5 VDC.
 - b. Solution: Check wiring and connections to and from the Transducer. Replace the Transducer.

Plankton Filter

1. **Problem: The Feed Water Pressure into the Plankton Filter is higher than normal, and the Feed Water Pressure into the High Pressure Pump is lower than normal.**
 - a. Description: The pressure differential readings across the Plankton Filter indicate that the element is filled with debris blocking the feed water.
 - b. Solution: Clean the Plankton Filter Element.

Multi Media Filter

1. **Problem: The Feed Water Pressure into the Multi Media Filter is higher than normal, and the Feed Water Pressure into the High Pressure Pump is lower than normal.**
 - a. Description: The pressure differential readings across the Multi Media Filter indicate that the Multi Media Filter requires back washing.
 - b. Solution: Back wash the Multi Media Filter.

Dual Pre-Filter

1. **Problem: The Feed Water Pressure into the Pre-filter is higher than normal, and the Feed Water Pressure into the High Pressure Pump is lower than normal.**
 - a. Description: The pressure differential readings across the Pre-filter indicate that the elements are filled with debris blocking the feed water.
 - b. Solution: Replace the Prefilter Elements.

Commercial Pre-Filter

1. **Problem: The Feed Water Pressure into the Prefilter is higher than normal, and the Feed Water Pressure into the High Pressure Pump is lower than normal.**
 - a. Description: The pressure differential readings across the Pre-filter indicate that the element is filled with debris blocking the feed water.
 - b. Solution: Replace the Pre-filter Element.

Oil and Water Separator

1. **Problem: The Feed Water Pressure into the Oil/Water Separator is higher than normal, and the Feed Water Pressure into the High Pressure Pump is lower than normal.**
 - a. Description: The pressure differential readings across the Oil/Water Separator indicate that the element is filled with debris blocking the feed water.
 - b. Solution: Replace the Oil/Water Separator Element.

Standard HP Pump Assembly

Prior to assuming that the High Pressure Pump's Electric Motor has failed, perform a function test.

1. **Problems: The Single Phase (115 or 230 VAC) Electric Motor “hums,” pulls starting current (locked rotor) amperage, does not rotate, and trips the supply power circuit breaker when attempting to operate the System.**
 - a. Description: The Single Phase Electric Motor is a capacitor start motor. If the motor was started with low voltage, a drop in voltage during starting, and if this was repeated several times in rapid concession the capacitor will short out. Without the aid of a working capacitor the motor will “hum”, pull starting current (locked rotor) amperage, not rotate, and trip the supply power circuit breaker when attempting to operate the System. Low voltage will also cause the same symptom. Low voltage is caused by an undersized power supply or generator, undersized power lead wires to the System or motor, loose power wire, or connection at the motor or within the power supply line, and “burnt” contacts on the motor starter relay (contactor).
 - b. Solutions:
 - a. Check wiring size and connections to, from, and in between the Power Supply and the electric motor. Correct wire size or any loose wires.
 - b. Check the capacitor on the motor, and replace it if it has shorted out.
 - c. Measure voltage at the motor during attempt to start it. If voltage drops more than 10% locate and correct the reason.
 - d. Check the motor starter relay (contactor) for “burnt” contacts.
2. **Problems: The Three Phase (230/380/460 VAC) Electric Motor “hums,” pulls starting current (locked rotor) amperage, does not rotate, and trips the supply power circuit breaker when attempting to operate the System.**
 - a. Description: The Three Phase Electric Motor requires all three power lines (all three phases) to be operative else it will “single phase” causing extensive damage to the motor's internal windings. Low voltage will also cause the same symptom. Low voltage is caused by an undersized power supply or generator, undersized power lead wires to the System or motor, loose power wire, or connection at the motor or within the power supply line, and “burnt” contacts on the motor starter relay (contactor).
 - b. Solutions:
 - a. Check wiring size and connections to, from, and in between the Power Supply and the electric motor. Correct wire size or any loose wires.
 - b. Measure voltage at the motor during attempt to start it. If voltage drops more than 10% locate and correct the reason.
 - c. Check the motor starter relay (contactor) for “burnt” contacts.

- d. Ensure all three phases have power.

3. Problem: The Electric Motor makes an unusual “grinding” sound when operated.

- a. Solutions:
 - a. Check to see if the fan is rubbing against the fan guard.
 - b. Replace motor, as required.

4. Problem: The High Pressure Pump makes an unusual “grinding” sound when operated.

- a. Description: The pump will make a grinding noise if its drive shaft has been forced into the pump body. The Electric Motor and Pump are coupled with a “Flex Coupler” specially designed for use with this specialized pump. Never replace the Flex Coupler with another make or style. ALWAYS leave 3/32 in. (2mm) spacing between the two mating Flex Couplers. ALWAYS ensure that the Safety Bell Housing attached to the electric motor and the pump seats evenly on both ends. Internal spacing of moving components within the High Pressure Pump hold to very tight tolerance. Any debris larger than 10 micron entering the High Pressure Pump will cause abrasion to the pump’s internal parts, and will cause an audible grinding noise. Hard debris, such as sand or metal, will cause the pump to “freeze up” and will cause extensive damage to the internal parts of the pump. If the System incorporates a Multi Media Filter use caution to not allow sand to enter the High Pressure Pump. When changing Prefilter Elements use caution to not allow debris to enter the High Pressure Pump. Damage to the High pressure Pump caused by debris is the responsibility of the person performing maintenance to the System, is the liability of the person performing maintenance to the System, and is not covered by the Sea Recovery warranty.
- b. Solutions:
 - a. Check spacing between the motor’s and pump’s flex coupler. Spacing must be minimum 3/32 in. (2mm) and maximum 1/8 in. (3mm).
 - b. Check Safety Bell Housing to ensure it is flush and secured to both the motor and pump.
 - c. Check Pump for signs of foreign debris entering the inlet.

5. Problem: Decreased Pressure

- a. Description: The High Pressure Pump flow and or pressure have decreased from normal. As with all High Pressure Pumps, over time of operation flow and pressure will decline due to internal wear. Under normal use and care no significant pressure or flow loss will occur for 8,000 hours of operation or longer. Do not confuse low feed water flow and low feed water pressure with a High Pressure Pump problem. All positive displacement pumps must receive a specific flow at a minimum pressure else cavitation will occur. Check to ensure that the Booster Pump is delivering at least 4.5 U.S. Gallons (17 Liters) Per Minute of feed water at 10 to 40 PSI (69 to 276 kPa) at the Inlet of the High Pressure Pump. Note: Systems operating on 50 Hz power will deliver 3.75 U.S. Gallons (14.2 Liters) Per Minute of feed water.
- b. Solution: If Feed Water Flow and Pressure into the High Pressure Pump are within minimum specifications, and if the electric motor is rotating at the proper rotation (the proper cycles are present from the power source) yet the High Pressure Pump has lost Flow and or Pressure then return the High Pressure Pump to Sea Recovery for servicing.

6. Problem: Leaks between Pump and Motor

- a. Description: The High Pressure Pump leaks water between the pump and motor. The HP Pump has a ceramic and carbon seal. Ceramic and carbon seals will weep if the pump is not operated for extended periods of time. When used regularly the seal will give approximately 8,000 hours of use. The seal continually wears during use and must be replaced approximately every 8,000 hours or at the sign of leakage.
- b. Solution: Return the High Pressure Pump to Sea Recovery for service and Seal replacement.

7. Problem: Knocking Noise

- a. Description: The High Pressure Pump makes an unusual and loud “knocking” noise. All positive displacement pumps will make a very loud knocking noise if they do not receive sufficient flow at a positive pressure. This knocking noise results from cavitation which is caused by insufficient feed water flow at an insufficient pressure.

- b. **Solution:** Service the Pre filtration Section (Low Pressure Section) of the System. Check all components between the Inlet Thru-Hull Fitting and the Inlet of the High Pressure Pump to determine what is causing the loss in feed water flow and pressure to the High Pressure Pump.

HP Pump Assembly

1. **Problem: Pulsations at low and high pressure gauges.**
 - a. **Description:** Worn or broken valve, valve spring, valve seat. Debris in valve chamber.
 - b. **Solution:** Check valve chamber for debris, inspect valve seat. Replace valve assembly as necessary.
2. **Problem: Water leaks between the pump manifold and rear crankcase section.**
 - a. **Description:** Worn seals or seals damaged due to running dry.
 - b. **Solution:** Inspect seals and replace if necessary.
3. **Problem: Normal flow when not pressurized but flow drops dramatically when pressurized.**
 - a. **Possible cause:** Worn seals or seals damage due to running dry, broken valve, valve spring, or debris in valve chamber.
 - b. **Solution:** Check seals and valve chambers, clean chamber or replace parts as necessary.

RO Membrane and Assembly

Is your System experiencing one or more of the following issues?

- The System does not produce the correct amount of Product Water (too much or too little)
- The System produces poor quality Product Water, high in salinity
- The System Operating Pressure is excessively higher than 800 PSI (55 BAR) when operating in normal Sea Water at moderate temperatures (77°F or 25°C)
- The System Operating Pressure is excessively lower than 800 PSI (55 BAR) when operating in normal Sea Water at moderate temperatures (77°F or 25°C)

If yes, then first check that the RO Membrane Element has been properly set up.

1. **Problem: Product Water Flow suddenly and dramatically increases and Product Water Salinity increases making the Product Water non-potable.**
 - a. **Descriptions:**
 - a. The Pressurized Feed Water and the un-pressurized Product Water are separated by an O-Ring which seals on the Product Water Tube at each end of the RO Membrane Element and the End Plug at each end of the Pressure Vessel. Should this O-Ring fail, Feed Water will mix with Product Water. If this happens, the Product Water will be very salty, the Product Water Flow will increase dramatically, and the Brine Flow will decrease appropriately (by the increase in Product Water).
 - b. If the end plug develops a crack (between the product water port and the pressurized feed water), a similar increase in Product Water flow and high Product Water salinity will occur.
 - c. At ONE end of the RO Membrane Element, there is a "U" cup seal referred to as the "brine seal." NEVER use two Brine Seals. NEVER place a Brine Seal on both ends of the RO Membrane Element. This will cause an air pocket between the outer surface of the RO Membrane Element and the inner wall of the Pressure Vessel. The air pocket would allow the RO Membrane Element to expand outward during operation, causing irreversible mechanical damage to the RO Membrane Element that results in higher than normal Product Water Flow and High Product Water Salinity.
 - d. Product Water line is blocked. NEVER Block the Product Water Line. NEVER place a valve in the Product Water Line that can close and block the Product Water Line. Blockage of the Product Water line will result in high pressure build up of 950 PSI (66 BAR) within the line and within the product water tube and product water channel of the RO Membrane Element. If the System is shut down while the Product Water Line is blocked, irreversible damage to the RO Membrane Element will occur.
 - e. Chemical attack, one that will dissolve the membrane surface such as an oxidant like Chlorine, has destroyed the RO Membrane Element surface.

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- b. Solutions:
 - a. Replace the O-Ring if wear or damage is present.
 - b. Replace the End Plug if it is damaged or cracked.
 - c. Replace the RO Membrane Element. NEVER place two Brine Seals on one RO Membrane Element.
 - d. Determine what blocked the Product Water Line and correct the condition. Replace the RO Membrane Element.
 - e. Determine the source and correct the situation. Replace the RO Membrane Element.
 - 2. **Problem: Product Water Flow slowly, over months, decreases and Product Water Salinity, slowly over months, increases, quality decreases:**
 - a. Descriptions:
 - a. As the System is exposed to sea water, biological matter will eventually coat the membrane surface, causing a drop in production, loss of product water flow accompanied by an increase in salt passage in the product water. Fresh Water Rinsing will minimize and slow down the biological fouling that naturally occurs. Chemical Cleaning at appropriate intervals will remove the biological fouling and extend the life of the RO Membrane Element.
 - b. As the RO Membrane Element is operated, dissolved solids, *salts or mineral*, will build up on the membrane surface, causing a drop in production and loss of product water flow accompanied by an increased percentage of dissolved solids, *salt*, in the product water. Chemical cleaning at appropriate intervals will dissolve the salt and mineral fouling and extend the life of the RO Membrane Element.
 - b. Solution: Clean or replace the RO Membrane Element.
 - 3. **Problem: Product Water Flow suddenly decreases and Product Water Salinity, suddenly increases, quality decreases.**
 - a. Description: Chemical and oil attacks will cause production to suddenly decrease and product water quality to worsen.
 - b. Solution: Replace the RO Membrane Element(s) if they have been attacked by chemicals or oil.
 - 4. **Problem: Feed Water leaks from the Pressure Vessel.**
 - a. Descriptions: The High Pressure fittings entering the Pressure Vessel are O-Ring sealed at the End Plug that they attach to. Should a leak develop at a High Pressure Fitting inspect the respective O-Ring for signs of wear or damage. OR, the End Plugs seal against the inner surface of the High Pressure Vessel. The O-Ring that creates this seal is the "Brine O-Ring." Should a leak develop between the End Plug and the inside wall of the Pressure Vessel, remove the end plug and inspect the Brine O-Rings for wear or damage. Replace them if wear or damage is present.
 - b. Solution: Replace the O-Ring if wear or damage is present.

Automated Motor-Actuated Back Pressure Regulator

Prior to assuming that the Back Pressure Regulator's Electric Motor Actuator has failed, perform a Function Test.

- 1. **Problem: The Operating Pressure is higher than normal when the System is operated in the Automatic mode.**
 - a. Description: When the System Feed Water is higher than normal in salinity and/or lower than normal in temperature, the operating pressure will automatically increase in an attempt to produce the specified amount of Product Water. Pressure will increase until the Product Water flow is achieved or until the operating pressure reaches 950 PSI (66 BAR).
 - b. Solution: The System is programmed to not exceed 950 PSI (66 BAR) operating pressure. No correction is necessary.
- 2. **Problem: The Operating Pressure is lower than normal when the System is operated in the Automatic mode.**
 - a. Description: The Product Water Flow reading at the Touch Pad indicates that the System is producing the specified amount of Product Water. However, the Operating Pressure is lower than normal. When the System

- Feed Water is lower than normal in salinity and/or higher than normal in temperature the operating pressure will automatically decrease to not exceed the specified amount of product water. Pressure will decrease until the specified product water flow is achieved.
- b. Solution: The System is programmed to not exceed the specified amount of Product Water Flow. No correction is necessary.
3. **Problem: The Operating Pressure does not increase when the System is operated or does not decrease when the System is stopped when operated in the Automatic Mode.**
 - a. Description: The Back Pressure Regulator Valve is controlled by a gear motor arrangement. The Valve is coupled to the gear shaft with a female coupler. The set screws holding the gear shaft or Valve shaft to the coupler may have become loose. The gear shaft is turning but the valve shaft is not. When the System Feed Water is lower than normal in salinity and/or higher than normal in temperature the operating pressure will automatically decrease to not exceed the specified amount of product water. Pressure will decrease until the specified product water flow is achieved.
 - b. Solution: Tighten the set screws to secure the gear shaft and valve shaft to the coupler if they are loose.
 4. **Problem: The gear shaft does not rotate at all.**
 - a. Description: The Electric Motor and or gear assembly may not be functioning.
 - b. Solution: Repair or replace the Back Pressure Regulator.

Brine Discharge Flow Meter

Prior to assuming that the Brine Discharge Water Flow Meter has failed, check the Control Logic model setup.

1. **Problem: The Brine Flow Meter does not register the proper Brine Water Flow at the Touch Pad.**
 - a. Descriptions:
 - a. Debris may be trapped within the flow meter body, causing false readings.
 - b. There may be a water substantial leak prior to the Brine Flow Meter, resulting in a lower than normal reading.
 - c. Feed Water may be exiting the Product Water Line, resulting in lower than normal Brine Water Flow. Abnormalities that would allow Feed Water to bypass into the Product Water Line include the following: the RO Membrane Element is not installed; the RO Membrane Element is damaged allowing brine water to mix with product water; a damaged O-Ring or cracked End Plug is allowing brine water to mix with product water. All of these abnormalities result in higher than normal Product Water Flow reading and lower than normal Brine Flow reading.
 - b. Solutions:
 - a. Remove the Flow Meter from the System. Using a water hose, force water into the outlet of the flow meter to dislodge any trapped debris. You may also replace the Flow Meter.
 - b. Correct and repair any water leaks.
 - c. Ensure that the RO Membrane Element(s) are installed. Replace a damaged RO Membrane Element, Product Water O-Rings or End Plugs.
2. **Problem: The Brine Flow Meter does not register any flow at all at the Touch Pad.**
 - a. Description: There may be a loose wire, loose connection, broken wire or damaged Flow Meter.
 - b. Solution: Check all wiring and plug connections. Replace the Flow Meter if determined to be non-functional.

Salinity Probe

The Salinity Probe electronically measures, with temperature compensation, the salinity content of the Product Water. The Salinity Probe is calibrated at the factory to 800 PPM TDS NaCl at 77°F (25°C). Although the Salinity Probe is temperature compensated, it is not 100% linear across the full range that it must measure. The full range of salinity that the probe must attempt to measure is from 5 to 2000 PPM at 34°F to 122°F (1°F to 50°Celsius). Always reference the probe accuracy and calibration to 800 PPM TDS NaCl at 77°F (25°C).

-
1. **Problem: Debris or biological growth can cause the Salinity Probe to give incorrect measurement of the Product Water Salinity.**
 - a. Solution: Clean the Salinity Probe contact pins annually or at any sign of incorrect reading.
 2. **Problem: The Salinity Probe may have drifted from it's original calibration point.**
 - a. Solution: Replace the Salinity Probe.

Chapter 9

Glossary

Terms

Cascading Failure

A failure in a system of interconnected parts in which the failure of a part can trigger the failure of successive parts.

Boundary Layer

(Also known as Concentration Polarization.) When water permeates through the membrane, nearly all the salt is left behind in the brine channel. In any dynamic hydraulic system, the fluid adjacent to the wall of the vessel is moving relatively slow. Even though the main body of the stream is turbulent, a thin film adjacent to the wall (membrane) is laminar. This thin film is called the boundary layer. At the boundary layer the salts are saturated and can readily adhere to and pack into the RO membrane element surface if the Feed Water Flow is insufficient. For this reason, it is important to maintain sufficient Feed Water flow, to prevent Concentration Polarization, through the RO membrane element.

Brine Velocity

The brine flow over the membrane surface is very important to both product water quality and quantity. At low flows, concentration polarization occurs, causing the water quality to decline. In addition to inferior product water quality, low brine flows can increase the precipitation of sparingly soluble salts which will foul the RO membrane element surface (concentration polarization). If this occurs, the product water flux (production) will decline. The Feed Pump integrated design provide a relatively smooth and continual flow of Feed Water across and through the RO membrane element.

Compaction

Some densification of the membrane structure may take place while operating at elevated pressures, above 1000 PSI. The change is known as compaction and is accompanied by a reduction in the water permeation rate. When the RO membrane element is subjected to elevated pressures beyond 1000 PSI the Product Water Channel becomes squeezed which results in restriction and in turn product water recovery reduction.

Osmotic Pressure

The transfer of the water from one side of the membrane to the other will continue until the head (pressure) is great enough to prevent any net transfer of the solvent (water) to the more concentrated (feed water) solution. At equilibrium, the quantity of water passing in either direction is equal, and the head pressure is then defined as the “Osmotic Pressure” of the solution having that particular concentration of dissolved solids.

Pressure

The operating pressure has a direct affect on product water quality and quantity. Both factors will increase as the system pressure increases (higher quantity and higher quality within design limits). The system must be operated at the lowest pressure required to achieve the designed product water flow rate. This parameter also minimizes compaction, which proceeds at a faster rate at higher pressures as well as at higher temperatures. The System self adjusts its operating pressure to maintain a precise amount of Product Water Flow. However in so doing, at low temperatures and or high salinity feed water conditions the system will operate at higher than normal pressure in maintaining the specified amount of product water flow. This is normal, to be expected, and is due to the design characteristics of the system.

Spiral-Wound Membrane

The spiral-wound membrane consists of multiple membrane envelopes each formed by enclosing a channelized product water carrying material between two large flat membrane sheets. The membrane envelope is sealed on three edges with a special adhesive and attached with the adhesive to a small diameter pipe. A polypropylene screen is used to form the feed water channel between the membrane envelopes. A wrap is applied to the membrane element to maintain the cylindrical configuration. The center tube is also the permeate (product water) collecting channel. Several elements may be connected in series within a single or multiple pressure vessels).

Water Temperature Effect

The product water flow through the membrane is significantly affected by the water temperature. At any given pressure this flow increases with increasing water temperature and is reduced at lower temperatures. The System over comes this factor by self adjusting the operating pressure to maintain a precise amount of Product Water Flow.

Chapter 10

Appendix

ABS Certificate of Design Assessment



CERTIFICATE NUMBER
16-HS1474584-PDA

DATE
18 Feb 2016

ABS TECHNICAL OFFICE
Houston SED Machinery - Piping
& Electrical Sys.

CERTIFICATE OF DESIGN ASSESSMENT

This is to certify that a representative of this Bureau did, at the request of

PARKER WATER PURIFICATION

assess design plans and data for the below listed product. This assessment is a representation by the Bureau as to the degree of compliance the design exhibits with applicable sections of the Rules. This assessment does not waive unit certification or classification procedures required by ABS Rules for products to be installed in ABS classed vessels or facilities. This certificate, by itself, does not reflect that the product is Type Approved. The scope and limitations of this assessment are detailed on the pages attached to this certificate.

Product: **Desalinator, Reverse Osmosis**

Model: **Aqua Matic**

This Product Design Assessment (PDA) Certificate 16-HS1474584-PDA, dated 18/Feb/2016 remains valid until 17/Feb/2021 or until the Rules or specifications used in the assessment are revised (whichever occurs first).

This PDA is intended for a product to be installed on an ABS classed vessel, MODU or facility which is in existence or under contract for construction on the date of the ABS Rules or specifications used to evaluate the Product.

Use of the Product on an ABS classed vessel, MODU or facility which is contracted after the validity date of the ABS Rules and specifications used to evaluate the Product, will require re-evaluation of the PDA.

Use of the Product for non ABS classed vessels, MODUs or facilities is to be to an agreement between the manufacturer and intended client.

AMERICAN BUREAU OF SHIPPING

Tim Kimble
Engineer/Consultant

NOTE: This certificate certifies compliance with one or more of the Rules, Codes, standards or other criteria of ABS or a statutory, national or manufacturer's standards. It is issued solely for the use of ABS, its customers, its clients or other authorized entities. Any significant changes to the documented product without approval from ABS will result in this certificate becoming null and void. This certificate is given subject to the terms and conditions as contained in ABS Rules 1.1, ABS Terms and Conditions of the Register for Product Type Approval and Agreement (2015).

ABS00116

FCC Compliance



DNV·GL

MANAGEMENT SYSTEM CERTIFICATE

Certificate No:
113173-2012-AQ-USA-RvA

Initial certification date:
30 March, 2012

Valid:
19 March, 2015 - 19 March, 2018

This is to certify that the management system of

Parker Hannifin Corp. - Parker Water Purification

2630 East El Presidio Street, Carson, CA 90810 USA

has been found to conform to the Quality Management System standard:

ISO 9001:2008

This certificate is valid for the following scope:

Design and Manufacture of Water Purification Units

Place and date:
Katy, TX, 03 March, 2015



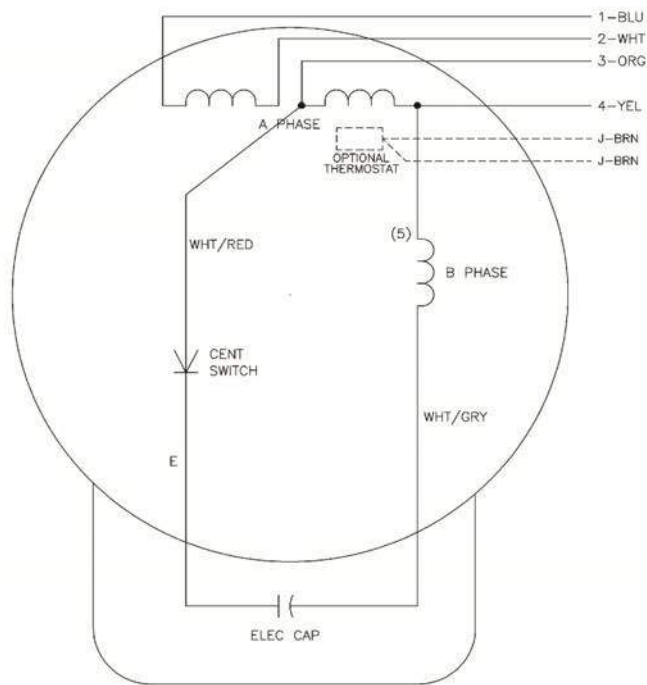
The RvA is a signatory to the IAF MLA

For the issuing office:
DNV GL – Business Assurance
1400 Ravello Drive, Katy, TX,
77449-5164, USA

John C. Stefan
Management Representative

Lack of fulfillment of conditions as set out in the Certification Agreement may render this Certificate invalid.
ACCREDITED UNIT: DNV GL Business Assurance B.V., ZWOLESSEWEG 1, 2004 LB, BARNDRECHT, NETHERLANDS. TEL: +31 10 283 1636.
www.dnvgl.com

Single-Phase Electrical Motor Wiring

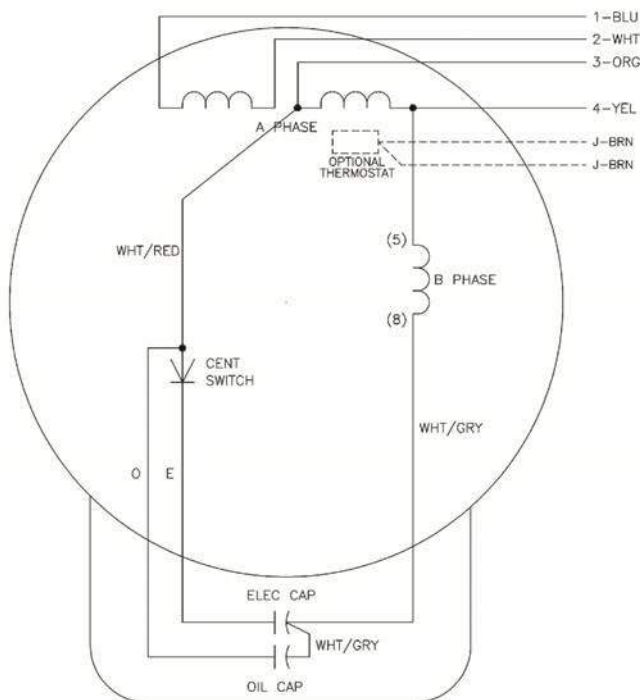


VOLTAGE	LINE A	LINE B	JOIN
220-230 VAC	1	4	2,3
110-115 VAC	1,3	2,4	—

NOTES:

1. CONNECTIONS ARE SHOWN FOR CCW ROTATION FACING END OPPOSITE SHAFT EXTENSION (STD). FOR CW ROTATION, INTERCHANGE 5 AND 8 INTERNALLY.
2. OPTIONAL THERMOSTAT IS PROVIDED WHEN SPECIFIED.
3. MULTIPLE CAPACITORS ARE CONNECTED IN PARALLEL UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
4. LEAD COLORS ARE OPTIONAL. LEADS MUST ALWAYS BE NUMBERED AS SHOWN.

Sea Recovery
BOOSTER PUMP
ELECTRIC MOTOR
WINDINGS DIAGRAM CD0093
SINGLE PHASE
50/60 Hz
110 - 115 VAC // 220 - 230 VAC
RPM @ 50 Hz 2850 - @ 60 Hz 3450



VOLTAGE	LINE A	LINE B	JOIN
220 - 230 VAC	1	4	2,3
110 - 115 VAC	1,3	2,4	—

NOTES:

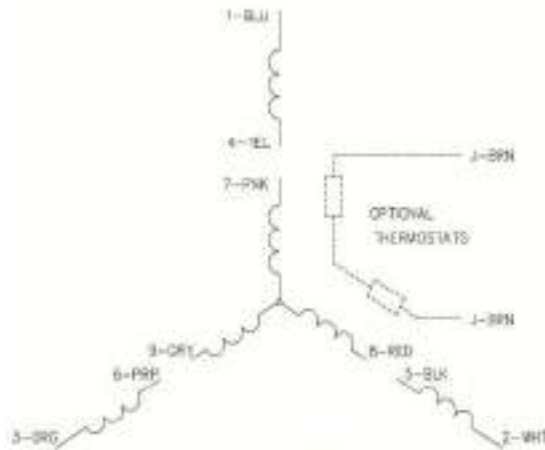
1. CONNECTIONS ARE SHOWN FOR CCW ROTATION FACING END OPPOSITE SHAFT EXTENSION (STD). FOR CW ROTATION, INTERCHANGE 5 AND 8 INTERNALLY.
2. OPTIONAL THERMOSTAT IS PROVIDED WHEN SPECIFIED.
3. MULTIPLE CAPACITORS ARE CONNECTED IN PARALLEL UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
4. LEAD COLORS ARE OPTIONAL. LEADS MUST ALWAYS BE NUMBERED AS SHOWN.

Sea Recovery
HIGH PRESSURE PUMP
ELECTRIC MOTOR
WINDINGS DIAGRAM CD0762
SINGLE PHASE
50/60 Hz
110 - 115 VAC // 220 - 230 VAC
RPM @ 50 Hz 2850 - @ 60 Hz 3450

Three-Phase Electrical Motor Wiring

ELECTRIC MOTOR WINDING / WIRING DIAGRAMS

THREE PHASE, 50/60 Hz, 220 - 230 VAC // 380 - 460 VAC



NOTES:

1. INTERCHANGE ANY TWO LINE LEADS TO REVERSE ROTATION.
2. OPTIONAL THERMOSTATS ARE PROVIDED WHEN SPECIFIED.
3. ACTUAL NUMBER OF INTERNAL PARALLEL CIRCUITS MAY BE A MULTIPLE OF THOSE SHOWN ABOVE.
4. LEAD COLORS ARE OPTIONAL. LEADS MUST ALWAYS BE NUMBERED AS SHOWN.

220 - 230 VAC
LOW VOLTAGE
(2Y)



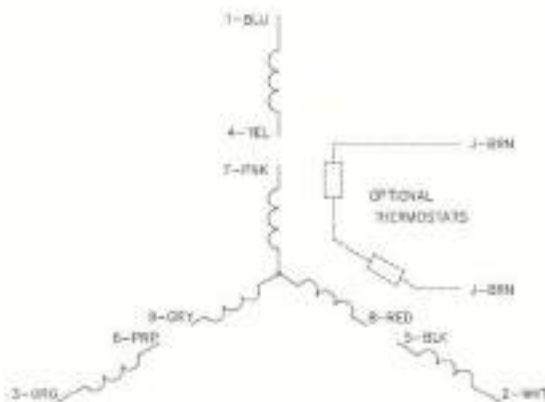
LINE LEADS
220 - 230 VAC

380 - 460 VAC
HIGH VOLTAGE
(1Y)



LINE LEADS
380 - 460 VAC

Sea Recovery
BOOSTER PUMP
ELECTRIC MOTOR
WINDINGS DIAGRAM CD0005
THREE PHASE
50/60 Hz
220 - 230 VAC // 380 - 460 VAC
RPM @ 50 Hz 2850 - @ 60 Hz 3450



NOTES:

1. INTERCHANGE ANY TWO LINE LEADS TO REVERSE ROTATION.
2. OPTIONAL THERMOSTATS ARE PROVIDED WHEN SPECIFIED.
3. ACTUAL NUMBER OF INTERNAL PARALLEL CIRCUITS MAY BE A MULTIPLE OF THOSE SHOWN ABOVE.
4. LEAD COLORS ARE OPTIONAL. LEADS MUST ALWAYS BE NUMBERED AS SHOWN.

220 - 230 VAC
LOW VOLTAGE
(2Y)



LINE LEADS
220 - 230 VAC

380 - 460 VAC
HIGH VOLTAGE
(1Y)



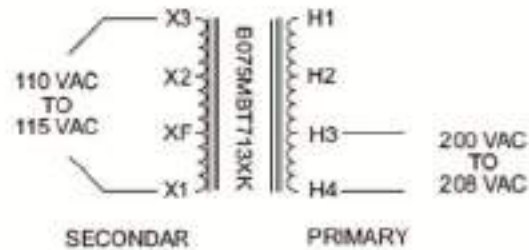
LINE LEADS
380 - 460 VAC

Sea Recovery
HIGH PRESSURE PUMP
ELECTRIC MOTOR
WINDING DIAGRAM CD0005
THREE PHASE
50/60 Hz
220 - 230 VAC // 380 - 460 VAC
RPM @ 50 Hz 2850 - @ 60 Hz 3450

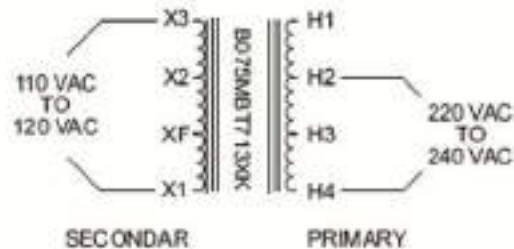
Three Phase Transformer Wiring

Three Phase Power Supplied to the Aqua Matic System
Step Down Transformer Primary and Secondary
(inside the System Control Box)
Wiring and Voltages

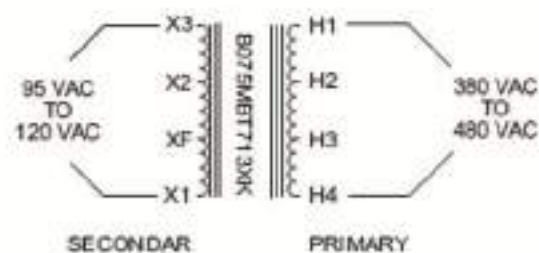
Three Phase Aqua Matic System Voltage
from 200 VAC to 208 VAC



Three Phase Aqua Matic System Voltage
from 220 VAC to 240 VAC



Three Phase Aqua Matic System Voltage
from 380 VAC to 480 VAC



New System Initial Readings Form

NEW SYSTEM INITIAL READINGS

At the time of commissioning the NEW system, record the following information after one hour of continuous proper operation of the system.

Retain this form in this Owner's Manual for the owner and operator's future reference. This information is valuable to the servicing technicians in providing technical support to the owner and future operators of the Aqua-Matic. Provide this information to service technicians when requesting technical assistance.

Date Installed: _____ Date Commissioned: _____

Model Information:

System Serial Number: _____

Style: ☐ Compact ☐ Modular

R.O. Membrane/Vessel Assy Quantity: ☐ 1 (one) ☐ 2 (two)

System Capacity: ☐ 450 GPD ☐ 700 GPD ☐ 900 GPD ☐ 1400 GPD ☐ 1800 GPD

Who Installed the System:

Company _____

Street Address _____

City, State _____

Country, postal code _____ Telephone _____

Name of Installer _____

Who Commissioned the System:

Company _____

Street Address _____

City, State _____

Country, postal code _____ Telephone _____

Name of Installer _____

System Power: _____ Volts AC _____ Hz _____ Phase

Feed Water Temperature: _____ Degrees Fahrenheit or _____ Degrees Celsius

Hour Meter Reading: _____ Hours

PRESSURE READINGS:

Low Pressure Transducer #1 _____ Psi or _____ kPa

Pressure Differential Pressure _____ psi or _____ kPa

Low Pressure Transducer #2 _____ psi or _____ kPa

High Pressure Transducer _____ psi or _____ kPa

WATER FLOW METER READINGS:

Flow Meter Product Water: _____ US Gallons Per Hour or _____ Liters Per Hour

Flow Meter Brine Discharge: _____ US Gallons Per Minute or _____ Liters Per Minute

WATER QUALITY:

Feed Water Salinity: _____ ppm or Location of use: _____

Product Water Salinity: _____ ppm

Problems, Unusual Occurrences, or Unusual Noises: _____

Daily System Readings

DAILY SYSTEM READINGS

Make Copies of this form and fill one in each time the System is operated. Record the following information after one hour of continuous proper operation of the system, or just prior to stopping the System.

Retain these forms in this Owner's Manual for future reference. This information is valuable to the servicing technicians in providing technical support of the Aqua-Matic. Provide this information to service technicians when requesting technical assistance.

Date Installed: _____ Date Commissioned: _____

Model Information:

System Serial Number: _____

Style: ☐ Compact ☐ Modular

R.O. Membrane/Vessel Assy Quantity: 1 (one) 2 (two)

System Capacity: ☐ 450 GPD ☐ 700 GPD ☐ 900 GPD ☐ 1400 GPD ☐ 1800 GPD

System Power: _____ Volts AC _____ Hz _____ Phase

Feed Water Temperature: _____ degrees Fahrenheit or _____ degrees Celsius

Hour Meter Reading: _____ Hours

PRESSURE READINGS:

Low Pressure Transducer #1 _____ psi or _____ kPa

Pressure Differential Pressure _____ psi or _____ kPa

Low Pressure Transducer #2 _____ psi or _____ kPa

High Pressure Transducer _____ psi or _____ kPa

WATER FLOW METER READINGS:

Flow Meter Product Water: _____ US Gallons Per Hour or _____ Liters Per Hour

Flow Meter Brine Discharge : _____ US Gallons Per Minute or _____ Liters Per Minute

WATER QUALITY:

Feed Water Salinity: _____ ppm or Location of use: _____

Product Water Salinity: _____ ppm

Problems, Unusual Occurrences, or Unusual Noises: _____

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Chapter 11

Exploded Parts Views

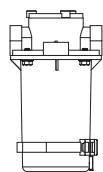
Exploded Parts View

Contents

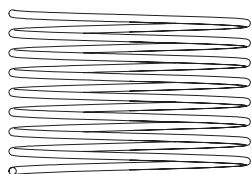
B001300001	INSTALLATION KIT AQMXL.....	3
B006600002	SEA STRAINER ASSY -8.....	5
B016510001	BOOSTER PUMP-MOTOR.....	6
B008800002	PLANKTON FILTER ASSY AW DOUBLE.....	7
B109120001	COMMERCIAL PREFILTER ASSY 32.5 SQ FT SRC AQM.....	9
B111120001	OIL/WATER SEPARATOR ASSY SRC 32.5 SQ FT.....	10
B156300008	HP GP-PUMP MOTOR 5.55GPM 5HP 220V 60Hz 1PH ASSY.....	11
B156300005	HP GP-PUMP MOTOR 5.55GPM 5HP 230-460V 60Hz 3PH ASSY.....	13
B156300005M	HP GP-PUMP MOTOR 5.55GPM 5HP 230-460V 60Hz 3PH ASSY.....	15
B156300006	HP GP PUMP MTR 7.6 GPM 5HP 190-460V 50-60Hz 3PH ASSY.....	17
B156300006M	HP GP PUMP MTR 7.6 GPM 5HP 190-460V 50-60Hz 3PH ASSY.....	19
B196300021	MEMBRANE VESSEL ASSY 2200GPD AQMXL.....	21
B196300037	MEMBRANE VESSEL ASSY 2600GPD AQMXL.....	22
B196300028	MEMBRANE VESSEL ASSY 2800GPD AQMXL.....	23
B196300036	MEMBRANE VESSEL ASSY 3400GPD AQMXL.....	24
B476160004	BPR CONNECTION AQMXL ASSY.....	25
B516300004	PLUMBING CONNECTION ASSY AQMXL.....	26
B502160002	MANIFOLD LP ASSY AQMC AQWDX.....	27
B114150001	POSTFILTER DUAL AQMXL.....	28
B591120001	CLEAN AND RINSE KIT.....	30
B598000009	FRESH WATER FLUSH 10 IN HOUSING.....	31
B114140001	PH NEUTRALIZER / CHARCOAL DUAL AQMC II / MOD.....	33
B595160001	SR AQUAMATIC II CONTROLLER.....	34
B610140004	NMEA 2000 ENABLED.....	35
B610140008	REMOTE KIT DISPLAY 80FT STD AQMII.....	36

B001300001 INSTALLATION KIT AQMXL

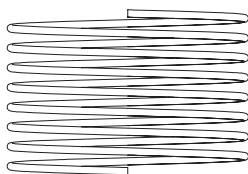
ITEM NO.	QTY.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1	1	0421056739	SEA STRAINER ASSY .75 BRONZE 755 SERIES
2	15 ft.	0312121969	TUBE 1/4 BLK NYL
3	20 ft.	0312123569	TUBE 3/8 BLK NYL
4	75 ft.	0312124269	TUBE 1/2 BLK NYL NO SUBST
5	50 ft.	0328027600	HOSE SPIRAL 1" PVC FLEX
6	1	2020040002	BRACKET CHECK VALVE FWF
7	1	14012118AR	VALVE CHECK 3/4FPT W/VITO
8	2	0101074383	ELB90 0.75 MPT x 1.00 BARB
9	1	01122934DG	RB 3/4MPTX1/4FNPT NYL
10	1	01123737DG	NIP 3/4NPTX3/4NPT NYL
11	1	01124237DG	TEE 3/4FPTXFPTXFPT NYL
12	2	0101653883	ADAPTER 0.75 MPT x 1.00 BARB
13	1	0204092069	CONN 3/4MPTX3/8TU PLASTIC
14	1	0204092669	CONN 3/4MPTX1/2TU PLASTIC
15	1	0204741870	TEE 1/4TUGJX1/4TUGJX1/4FPT
16	1	0501164200	SUPPORT PIPE 1-1/8 (#36)
17	1	0501164500	PIPE SUPPORT 1.25
18	16	05181434AA	CLAMP HOSE 3/4 316SS
19	2	061060026000	NUT HEX 8-32 W/INSERT SS
20	5	061080028000	WASHER FLAT #10 SS
21	16	061100043000	WASHER FLAT OS 1/4 SS
22	2	061161626012	SC PHIL FLAT #8-32X3/4L
23	5	061170628016	SC PHIL PAN "A" #10X1"L 3
24	16	061172143016	SC HEX "A" 1/4X1"L 316SS
25	1	B647800003	KIT OIL PMP 16 oz
26	1	B6513100001	OWNERS MANUAL AQUA MATIC XL



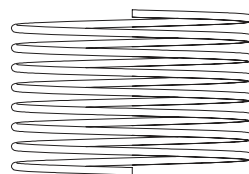
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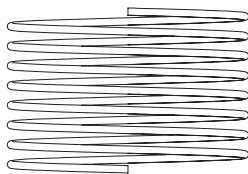
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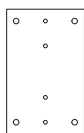
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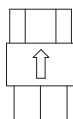
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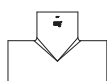
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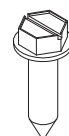
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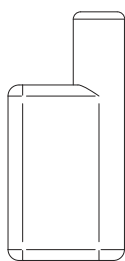
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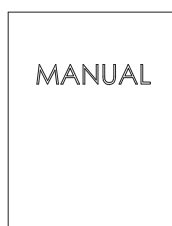
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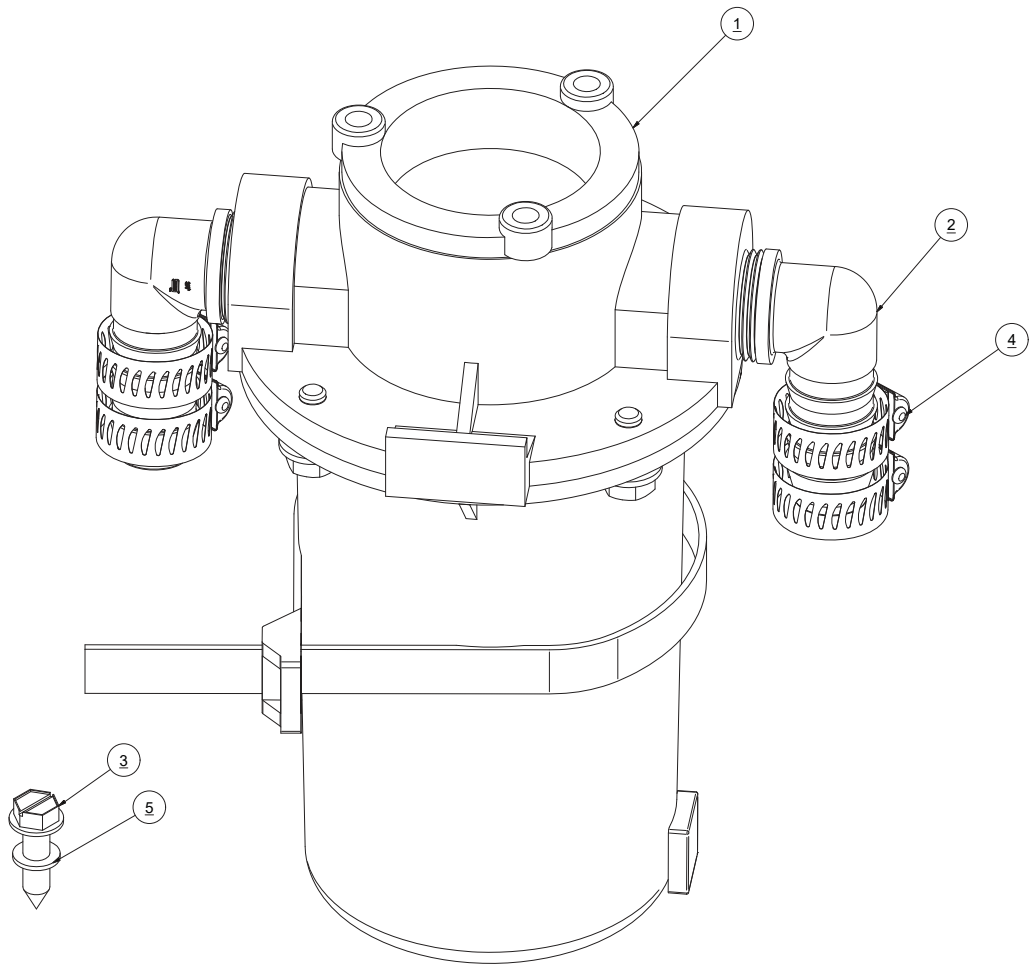
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26

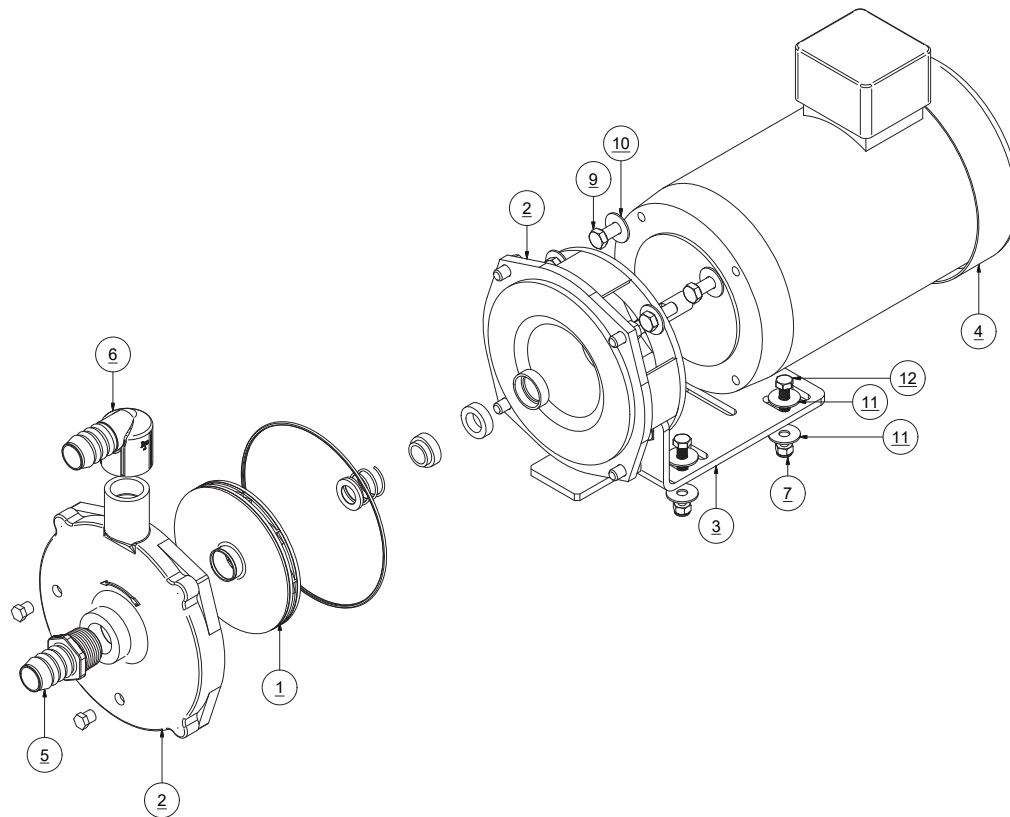
B006600002 SEA STRAINER ASSY -8

ITEM NO.	QTY.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1	1	0421056739	SEA STRAINER ASSY .75 BRONZE 755 SERIES
2	2	0101073783	ELB90 0.75 MPT x BARB
3	1	061172143016	SCREX,HEX A,.25x1.00,SS
4	4	05181434AA	CLAMP,HOSE,SS,3/4"
5	1	061080028000	WASHER FLAT #10 SS



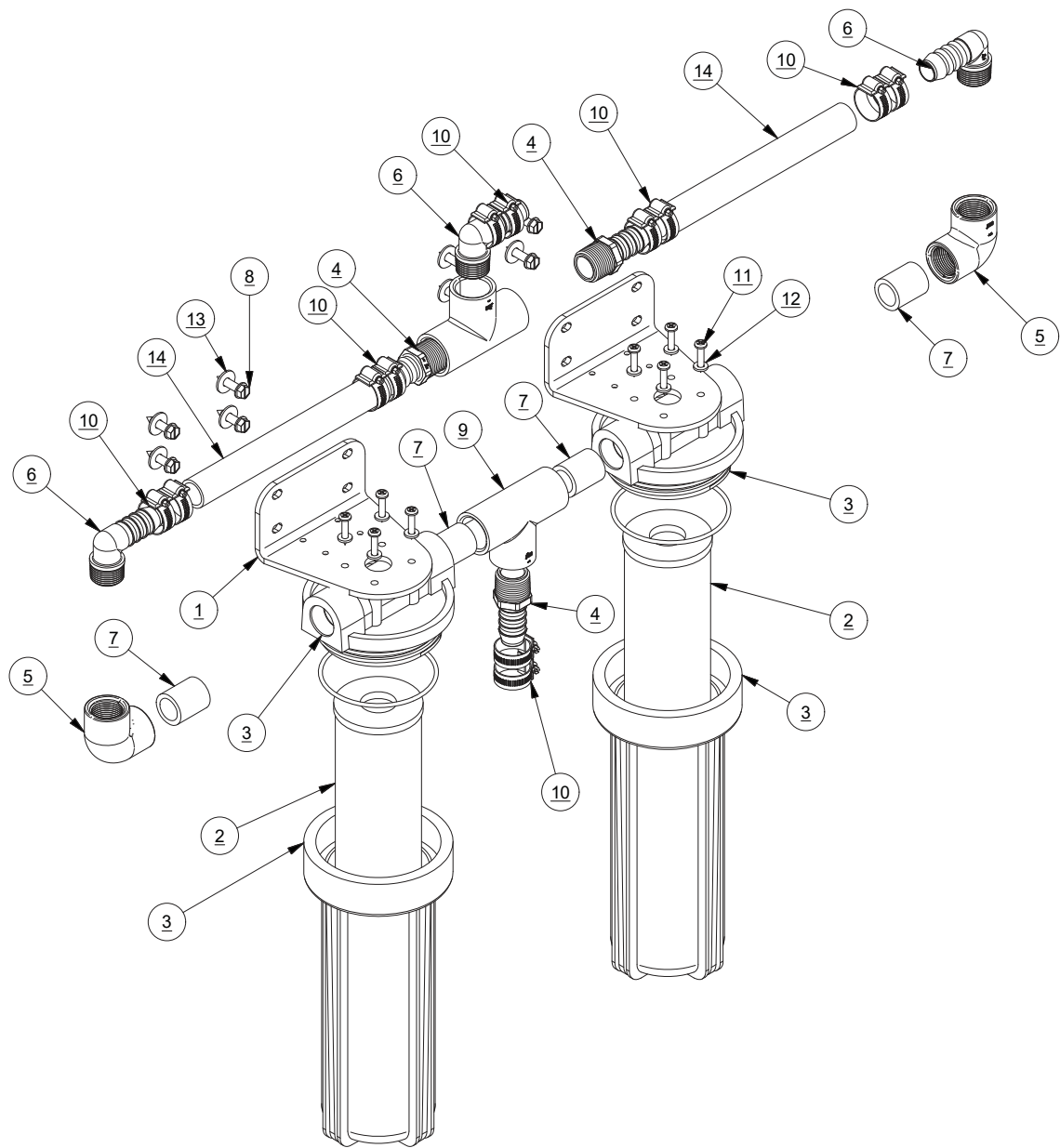
B016510001 BOOSTER PUMP-MOTOR

ITEM NO.	QTY.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1	1	29170355072	IMPELLER 5.50 316 SS HP75
2	1	1217514772	BOOSTER PUMP HEAD HP75 SS
3	1	1221514722-3	BRACKET,MTG,PUMP,BOOSTER
4	1	1544182210	MOTOR,2HP,460-60-3,1.5HP,380-50-3
5	1	0101654483	ADAPTER 1.00 MPT x BARB
6	1	0101064483	ELB90 1.00 FPT x BARB
7	4	061060050000	NUT HEX .31-18 W-INSERT SS
9	2	061142157016	SCREW,HEX HEAD,3/8-16x1",SS
10	2	061100056000	WASHER,FLAT,OS,3/8",SS
11	8	061100049000	WASHER,FLAT,OS,5/16",SS
12	4	061142150020	BOLT HEX .31-18 X 1.25 SS



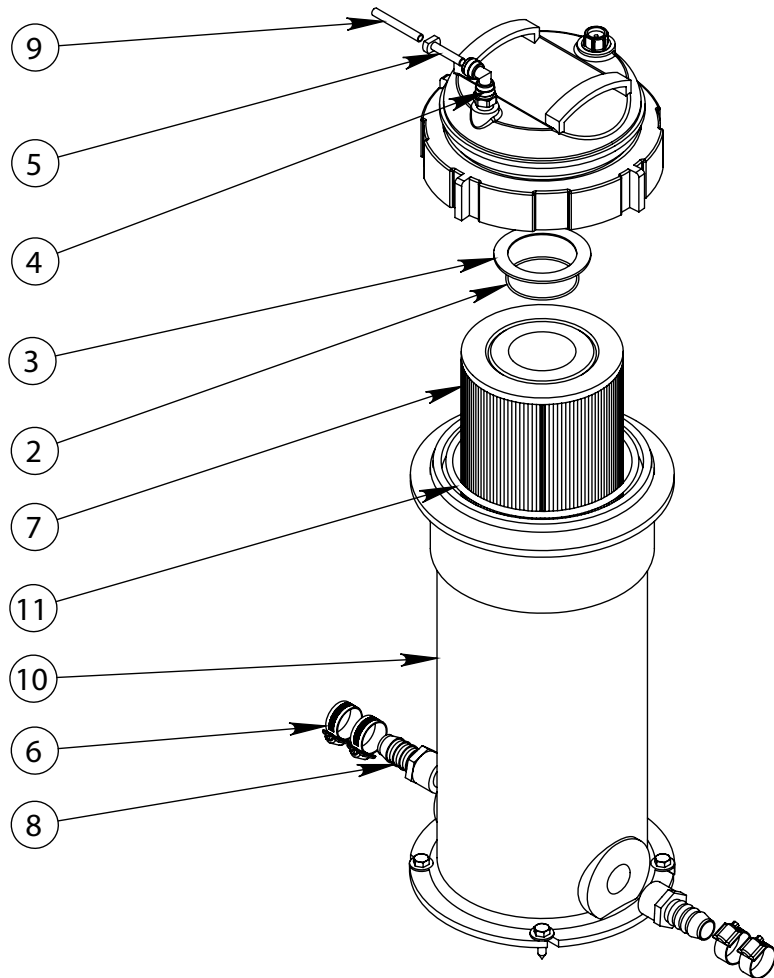
B008800002 PLANKTON FILTER ASSY AW DOUBLE

ITEM NO.	QTY.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1	2	20200402102	BRACKET SINGLE FILTER
2	2	0805823578	ELEMENT PLANKTON
3	2	0713020473	FILTER HOUSING .75 X 10
4	3	0101653783	ADAPTER 0.75 MPT x BARB
5	2	0101013783	ELB90 0.75 FPT x FPT
6	3	0101073783	ELB90 0.75 MPT x BARB
7	4	01013737CL	NIPPLE 0.75 NPT x CL
8	8	061172143016	SCREX,HEX A,.25x1.00,SS
9	2	0101423783	TEE 0.75 FT x FT x FT
10	12	05181434AA	HOSE CLAMP .75 SS
11	8	061170628016	SC PHIL PAN A #10 X 1 SS
12	8	065080028000	WASHER FLAT #10 NYLON
13	8	061100043000	WASHER,FLAT,OS,1/4",SS
14	2	0328066666	HOSE CLEAR BRAID .75



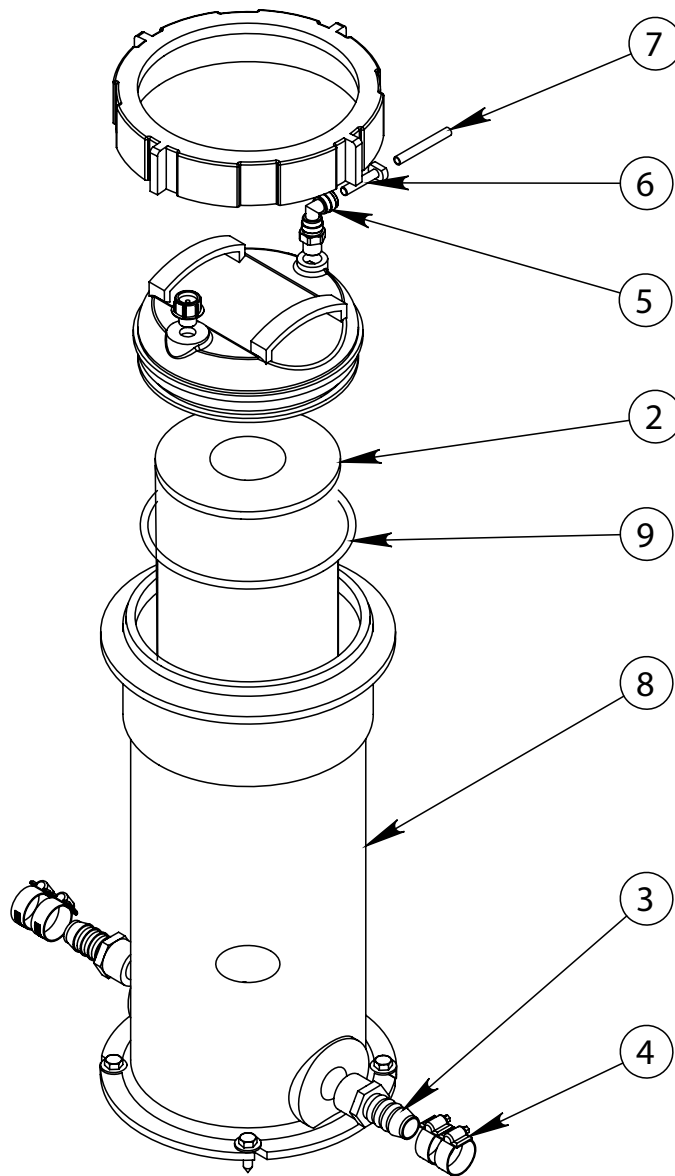
B109120001 COMMERCIAL PREFILTER ASSY 32.5 SQ FT SRC AQM

ITEM NO.	QTY	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1	1	B109120001	COMMERCIAL PREFILTER ASSY 32.5 SQ FT (INCLUDES P/N 2-11)
2	2	2614018969	O-RING 034 FOR COMMERCIAL FILTER
3	2	3901040100	ADAPTER SPACER RING
4	1	0204020100	ELB90 .25 TUBE JQ x .25MNPT
5	1	0204990300	PLUG 1/4 JQ
6	4	05181434AA	HOSE CLAMP 3/4" SS
7	1	0801063357	ELEMENT CPFE 5 MIC 32.5 SQFT
8	2	0101653783	ADAP 3/4 MPT X 3/4 BARB PVC
9	15 FT.	0312121969	TUBE .25 BLK SEMI-RIGID NYLON
10	1	07620310WA	FILTER HOUSING 32.5SQFT >10/01
11	1	07620310WA-06	O-RING LID CPF/OWS 32.5SQFT



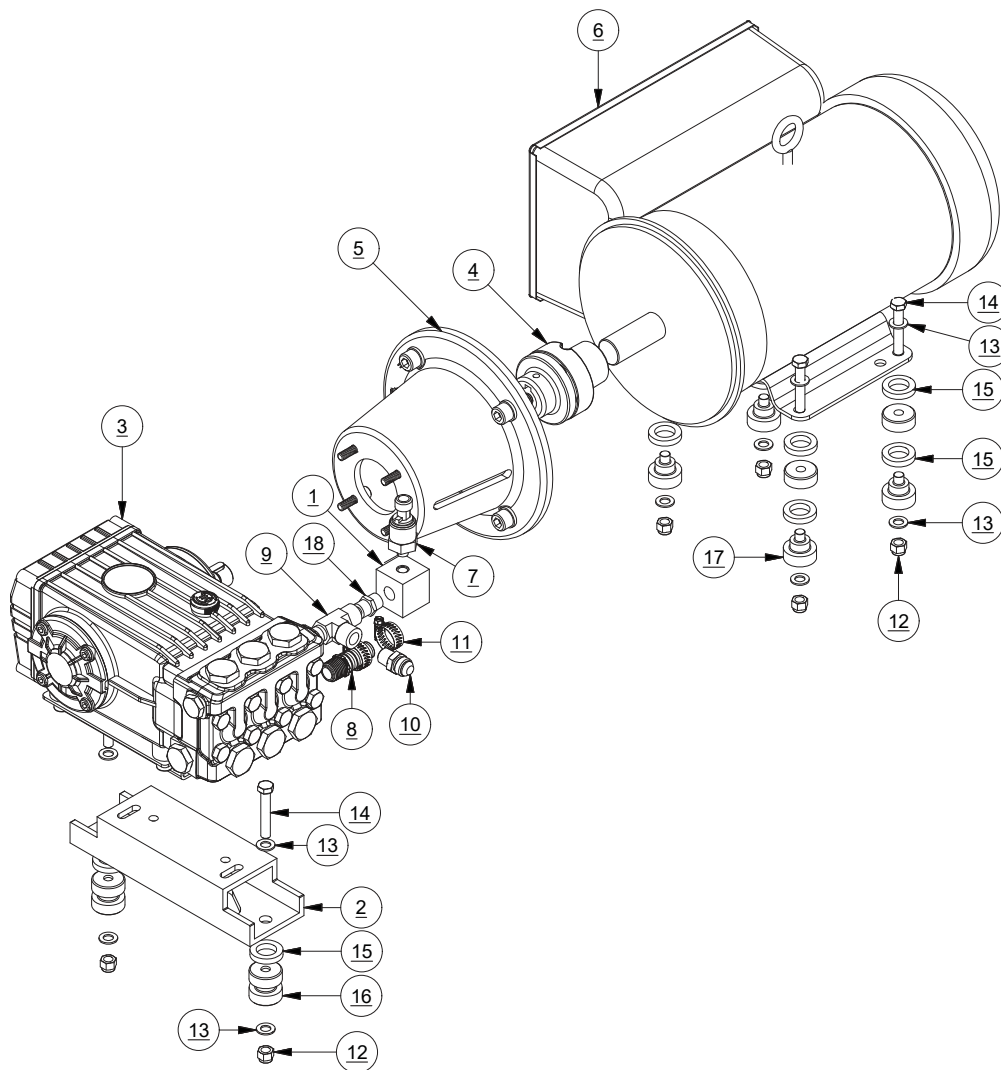
B111120001 OIL/WATER SEPARATOR ASSY SRC 32.5 SQ FT

ITEM NO.	QTY	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1	1	B111120001	OIL / WATER SEPARATOR ASSY SRC 32.5 SQ FT (INCLUDES P/N 2-9)
2	1	08020723KD	ELEMENT OWSE 32.5 SQFT
3	2	0101653783	ADAP 3/4 MPT X 3/4 BARB PVC
4	3	05181434AA	HOSE CLAMP 3/4" SS
5	1	0204020100	ELB90 .25 TUBE JQ x .25MNPT
6	1	0204990300	PLUG 1/4 JQ
7	1	0312121969	TUBE .25 BLK SEMI-RIGID NYLON
8	1	07620310WA	FILTER HOUSING 32.5SQFT >10/01
9	1	07620310WA-06	O-RING LID CPF/OWS 32.5SQFT



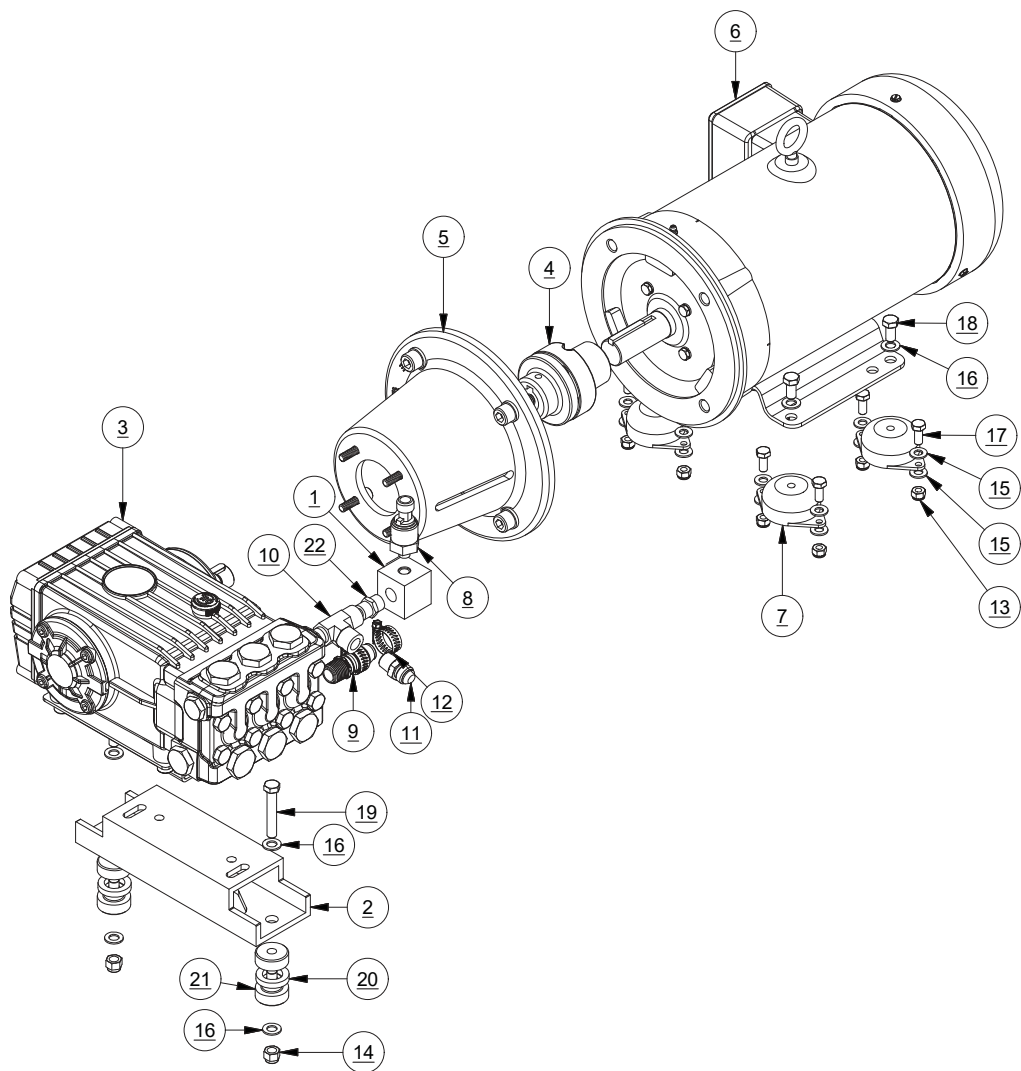
B156300008 HP GP-PUMP MOTOR 5.55GPM 5HP 220V 60Hz 1PH ASSY

ITEM NO.	QTY.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1	1	5353140903	MANIF HP TRANSDUCER AQM
2	1	110120033	MTG, PUMP, 5.5-8.0 GPM, AQMXL
3	1	12170500CO	PUMP,5.55GPM,1750-1450RPM,RALS-IN
4	1	12207603CO	COUPLER,24mm x 1.125in
5	1	1220770104	BELL HSG,5HP
6	1	1566213310	MOTOR,5HP,220V,60Hz,1PH
7	1	2317100300	TRANSDUCER 0-2000 PSI .437 SAE
8	1	0101652683	ADAPTER 0.5 MPT x 0.75 BARB
9	1	01174918PH	TEE RUN 0.38 MT x 0.38 FT x 0.38 FT SS316
10	1	1317092569	CONN -8 FLARE x 0.38 MT SS
11	2	05181434AA	CLAMP,HOSE,SS,3/4"
12	6	061060057000	NUT,HEX,.38-16 W-INSERT SS
13	12	061080056000	WASHER,FLAT,3/8",SS
14	6	061120056000	SCREW,HEX HEAD,3/8-16x2 1/4",SS
15	10	2020043902	SPACER MOTOR MOUNT AQM II
16	2	2115031020	MOUNT,RUBBER,40LB
17	4	2115031700	RUBBER MOTOR MOUNT 90LB AQM
18	1	01173818CL	NIP HEX .375 NPT X CLOSE SS



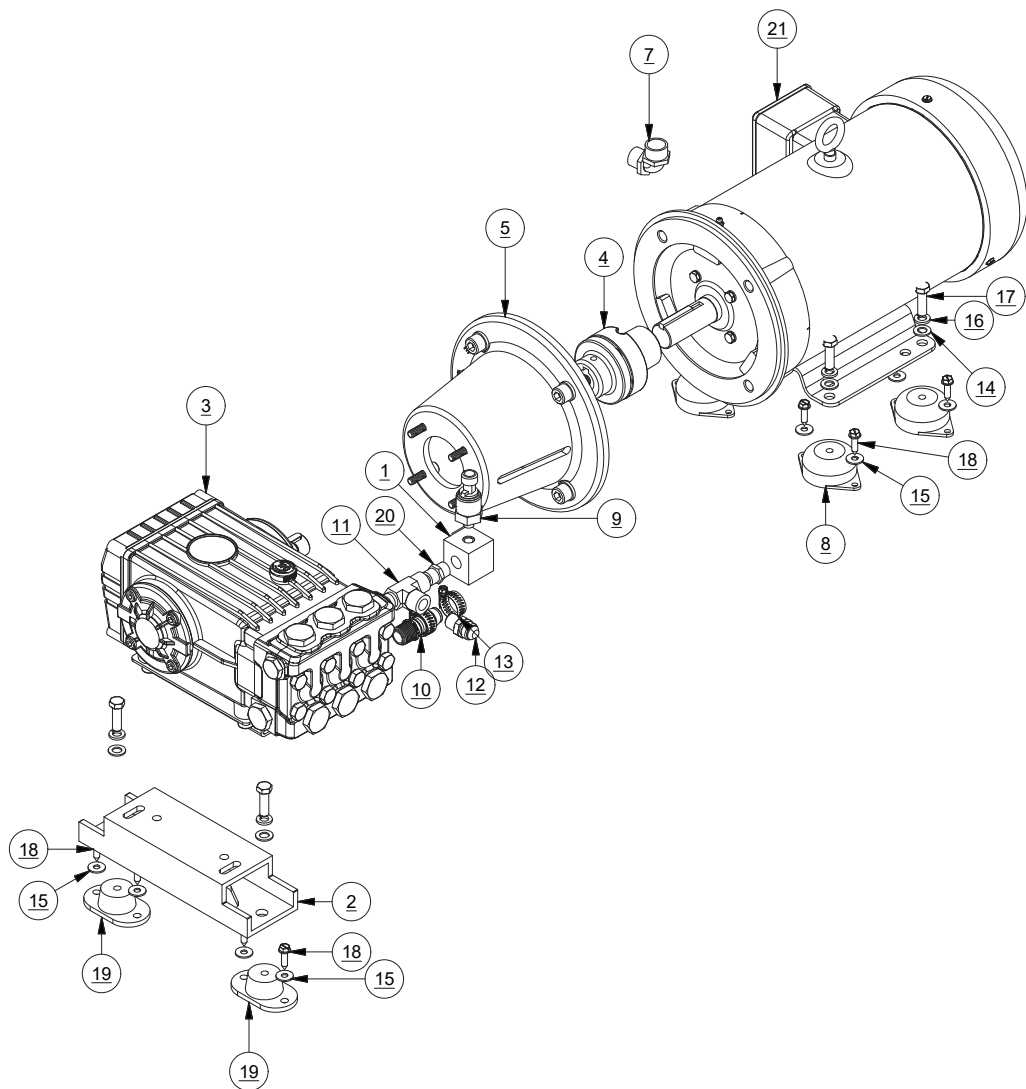
B156300005 HP GP-PUMP MOTOR 5.55GPM 5HP 230-460V 60Hz 3PH ASSY

ITEM NO.	QTY.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1	1	5353140903	MANIF HP TRANSDUCER AQM
2	1	110120033	MTG, PUMP, 5.5-8.0 GPM, AQMXL
3	1	12170500CO	PUMP,5.55GPM,1750-1450RPM,RALS-IN
4	1	12207603CO	COUPLER,24mm x 1.125in
5	1	1220770104	BELL HSG,5HP
6	1	1567283319	MOTOR,5HP,230-460V,60Hz,3PH
7	4	20-2449	ISOLATION MOUNT,.38-16UNC THD NEOPRENE,50 DURO
8	1	2317100300	TRANSDUCER 0-2000 PSI .437 SAE
9	1	0101652683	ADAPTER 0.5 MPT x 0.75 BARB
10	1	01174918PH	TEE RUN 0.38 MT x 0.38 FT x 0.38 FT SS316
11	1	1317092569	CONN -8 FLARE x 0.38 MT SS
12	2	05181434AA	CLAMP,HOSE,SS,3/4"
13	8	061060050000	NUT HEX .31-18 W-INSERT SS
14	2	061060057000	NUT,HEX,.38-16 W-INSERT SS
15	16	061080049000	WASHER,FLAT,5-16 IN,SS
16	8	061080056000	WASHER,FLAT,3/8",SS
17	8	061142150012	SCREW,HEX HEAD,.31-18x0.75,SS
18	4	061142157012	SCREW,HEX HEAD,.38-16x0.75,SS
19	2	061142157044	SCREW,HEX HEAD,3/8-16x2 1/4",SS
20	2	2020043902	SPACER MOTOR MOUNT AQM II
21	2	2115031020	MOUNT,RUBBER,40LB
22	1	01173818CL	NIP HEX .375 NPT X CLOSE SS



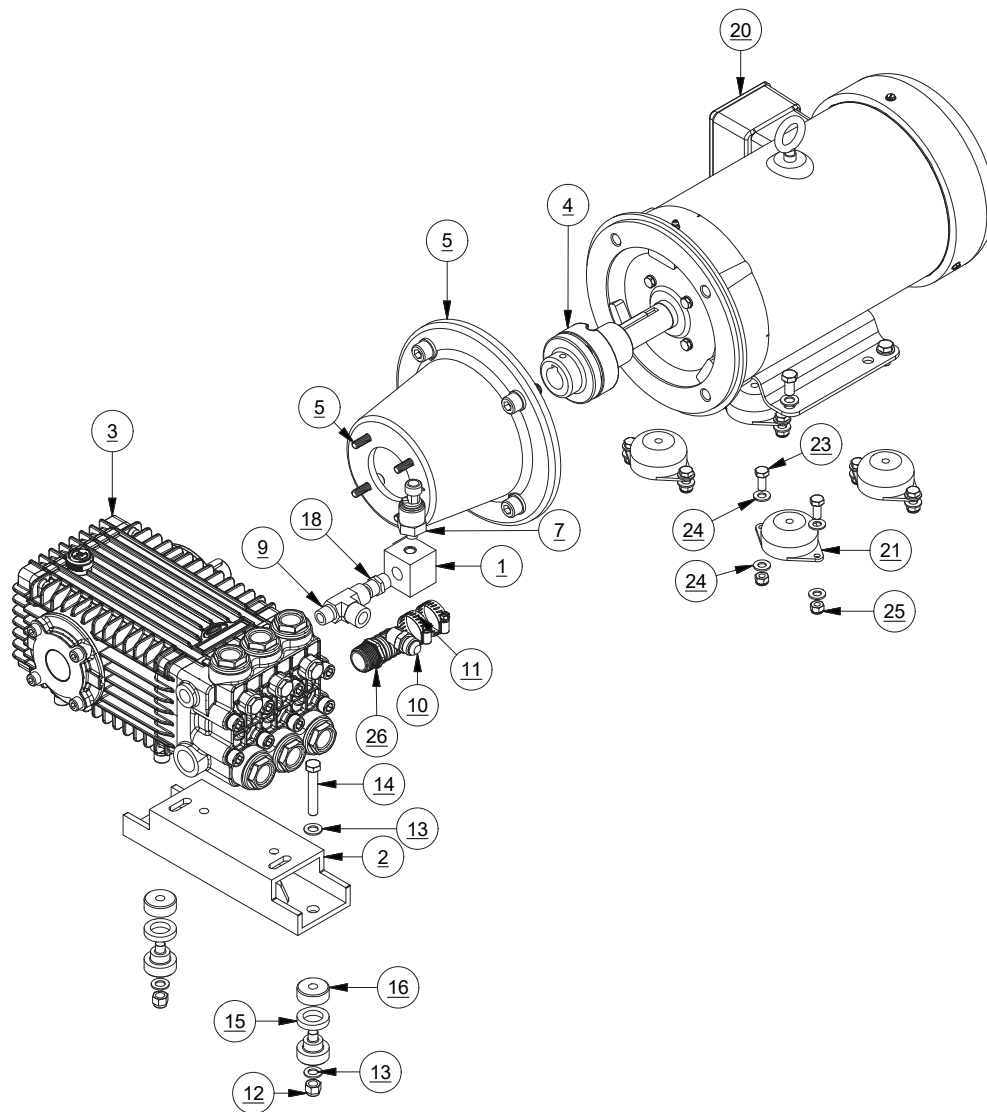
B156300005M HP GP-PUMP MOTOR 5.55GPM 5HP 230-460V 60Hz 3PH ASSY

ITEM NO.	QTY.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1	1	5353140903	MANIF HP TRANSDUCER AQM
2	1	110120033	MTG, PUMP, 5.5-8.0 GPM, AQMXL
3	1	12170500CO	PUMP,5.55GPM,1750-1450RPM,RALS-IN
4	1	12207603CO	COUPLER,24mm x 1.125in
5	1	1220770104	BELL HSG,5HP
7	1	19200257HB	STRAIN RELIEF 90DEG .63-.75 CORD
8	4	20-2449	ISOLATION MOUNT,.38-16UNC THD NEOPRENE,50 DURO
9	1	2317100300	TRANSDUCER 0-2000 PSI .437 SAE
10	1	0101652683	ADAPTER 0.5 MPT x 0.75 BARB
11	1	01174918PH	TEE RUN 0.38 MT x 0.38 FT x 0.38 FT SS316
12	1	1317092569	CONN -8 FLARE x 0.38 MT SS
13	2	05181434AA	CLAMP,HOSE,SS,3/4"
14	6	061080056000	WASHER,FLAT,3/8",SS
15	12	061100043000	WASHER FLAT OS .25 SS
16	6	061120056000	WASHER,LOCK,3/8",SS
17	6	061142157020	SCREW,HEX HEAD,3/8-16x1-1/4",SS
18	12	061172143016	SCREX,HEX A,.25x1.00,SS
19	2	2115030120	RUBBER MOUNT 55 AQUA SERIES
20	1	01173818CL	NIP HEX .375 NPT X CLOSE SS
21	1	1567283319	MOTOR,5HP,230-460V,60Hz,3PH



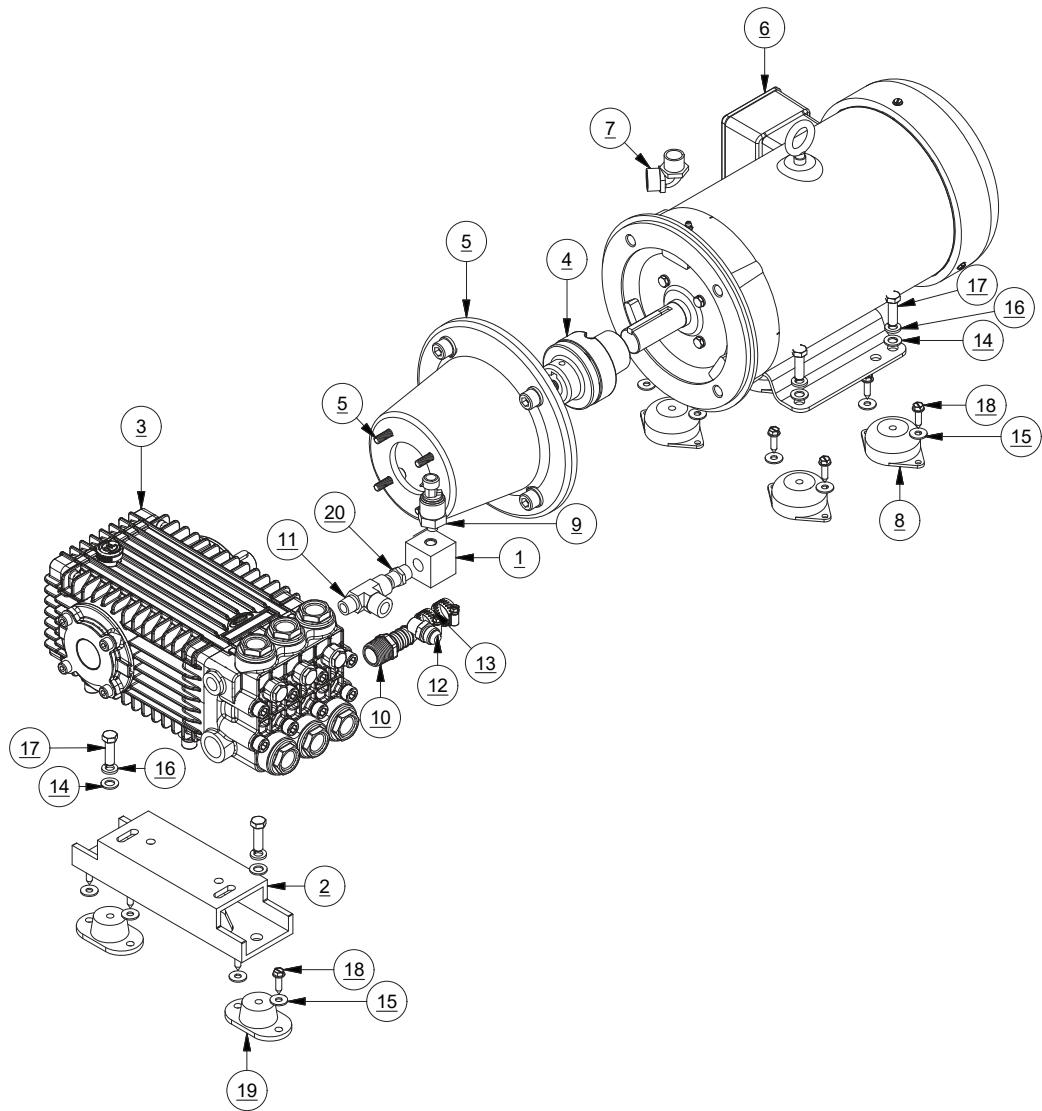
B156300006 HP GP PUMP MTR 7.6 GPM 5HP 190-460V 50-60Hz 3PH ASSY

ITEM NO.	QTY.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1	1	5353140903	MANIF HP TRANSDUCER AQM
2	1	110120033	MTG, PUMP, 5.5-8.0 GPM, AQMXL
3	1	12180523CO	HPP,7.6 GPM,SS
4	1	12207603CO	COUPLER,24mm x 1.125in
5	1	1220770104	BELL HSG,5HP
7	1	2317100300	TRANSDUCER 0-2000 PSI .437 SAE
9	1	01174918PH	TEE RUN 0.38 MT x 0.38 FT x 0.38 FT SS316
10	1	1317092569	CONN -8 FLARE x 0.38 MT SS16
11	2	05181435AA	CLAMP,HOSE,SS,1"
12	2	061060057000	NUT,HEX,.38-16 W-INSERT SS
13	8	061080056000	WASHER,FLAT,3/8",SS
14	2	061142157044	SCREW,HEX HEAD,3/8-16x2 1/4",SS
15	2	2020043902	SPACER MOTOR MOUNT AQM II
16	2	2115031020	MOUNT,RUBBER,40LB
18	1	01173818CL	NIP HEX .375 NPT X CLOSE SS
20	1	1567283319	MOTOR,5HP,230-460V,60Hz,3PH
21	4	20-2449	ISOLATION MOUNT,.38-16UNC THD NEOPRENE,50 DURO
22	4	061142157012	SCREW,HEX HEAD,.38-16x0.75,SS
23	8	061142150012	SCREW,HEX HEAD,.31-18x0.75,SS
24	16	061080049000	WASHER,FLAT,5-16 IN,SS
25	8	061060050000	NUT HEX .31-18 W-INSERT SS
26	1	0101653883	ADAPTER 0.75 MPT x 1.00 BARB



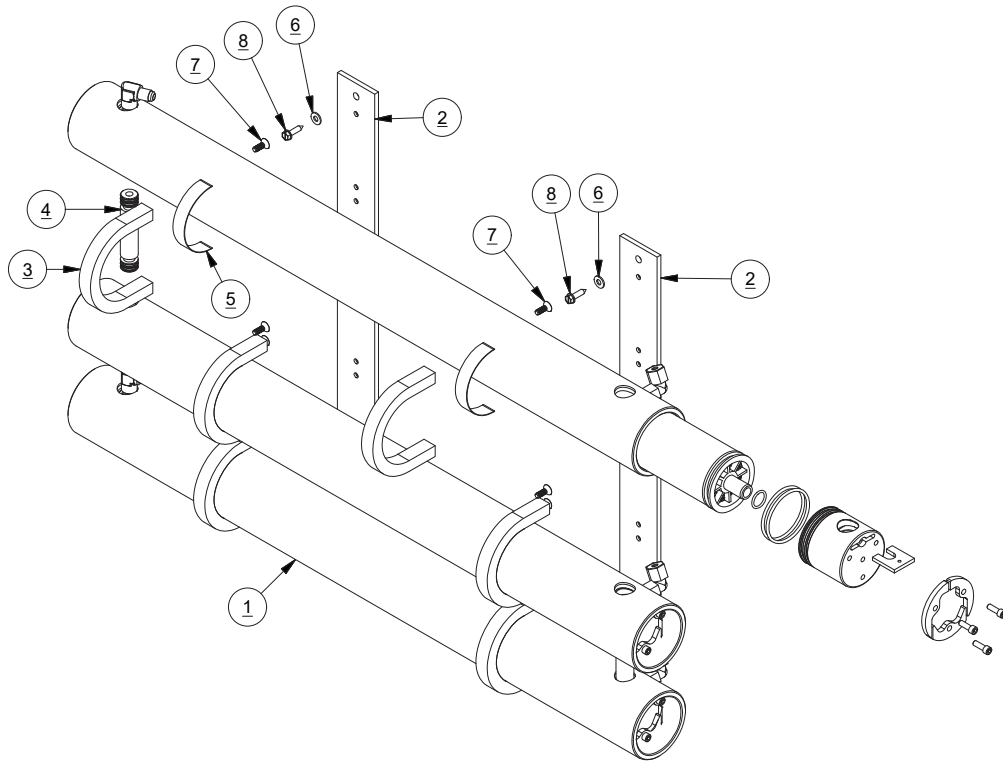
B156300006M HP GP PUMP MTR 7.6 GPM 5HP 190-460V 50-60Hz 3PH ASSY

ITEM NO.	QTY.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1	1	5353140903	MANIF HP TRANSDUCER AQM
2	1	110120033	MTG, PUMP, 5.5-8.0 GPM, AQMXL
3	1	12180523CO	HPP,7.6 GPM,SS
4	1	12207603CO	COUPLER,24mm x 1.125in
5	1	1220770104	BELL HSG,5HP
6	1	1567283319	MOTOR,5HP,230-460V,60Hz,3PH
7	1	19200257HB	STRAIN RELIEF 90DEG .63-.75 CORD
8	4	20-2449	ISOLATION MOUNT,.38-16UNC THD NEOPRENE,50 DURO
9	1	2317100300	TRANSDUCER 0-2000 PSI .437 SAE
10	1	0101653783	ADAPTER 0.75 MPT x BARB
11	1	01174918PH	TEE RUN 0.38 MT x 0.38 FT x 0.38 FT SS316
12	1	1317092569	CONN -8 FLARE x 0.38 MT SS
13	2	05181434AA	CLAMP,HOSE,SS,3/4"
14	6	061080056000	WASHER,FLAT,3/8",SS
15	12	061100043000	WASHER FLAT OS .25 SS
16	6	061120056000	WASHER,LOCK,3/8",SS
17	6	061142157020	SCREW,HEX HEAD,3/8-16x1-1/4",SS
18	12	061172143016	SCREX,HEX A,.25x1.00,SS
19	2	2115030120	RUBBER MOUNT 55 AQUA SERIES
20	1	01173818CL	NIP HEX .375 NPT X CLOSE SS



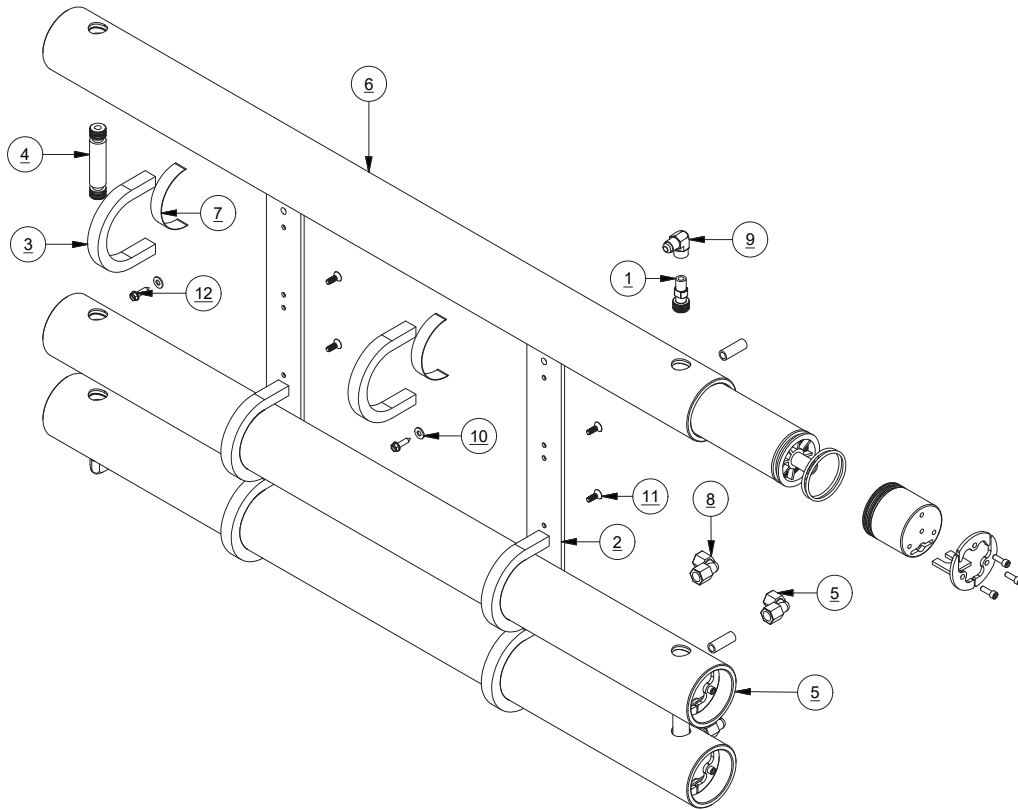
B196300021 MEMBRANE VESSEL ASSY 2200GPD AQMXL

ITEM NO.	QTY.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1	3	B196900002	MEMBRANE VESSEL ASSY 700GPD
2	2	0520052000	PLATE,SUPPORT,VESSEL,3 IN,23.00x2.50x0.25TH
3	6	05202401GR	BRACKET,MVA U-CLAMP,3 IN
4	2	2417430800	INTERCONNECT MVA SS
5	6	2615180100	FELT ADHESIVE 0.125 X 0.75 STRIP
6	4	061080043000	WASHER,FLAT,1/4",SS
7	12	061161845012	SC ALLEN FLAT .25-20 X .75 SS
8	4	061172143016	SCREX,HEX A,.25x1.00,SS



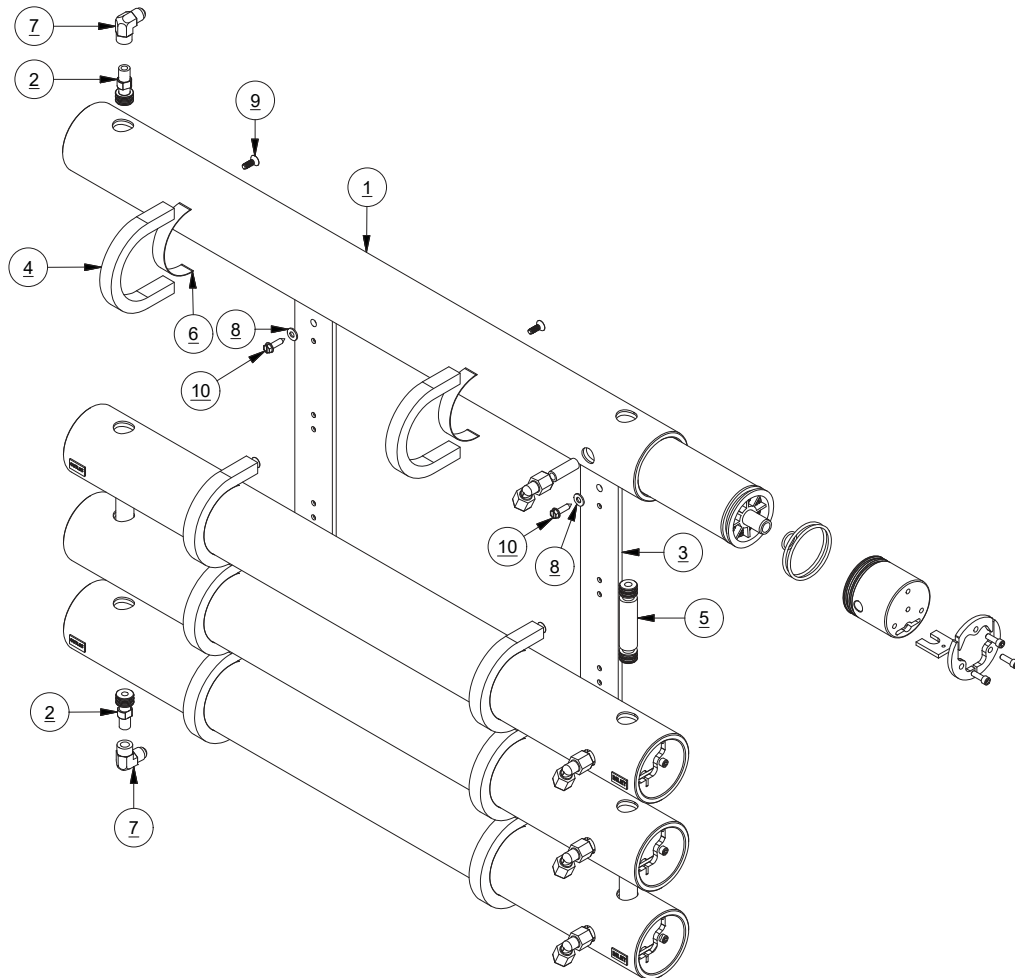
B196300037 MEMBRANE VESSEL ASSY 2600GPD AQMXL

ITEM NO.	QTY.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1	2	0117410800	HP NIPPLE 0.25 MPT
2	2	0520052000	PLATE,SUPPORT,VESSEL,3 IN,23.00x2.50x0.25TH
3	6	05202401GR	BRACKET,MVA U-CLAMP,3 IN
4	2	2417430800	INTERCONNECT MVA SS
5	1	B196900004	900 GPD MEM-VESSEL ASSY (SEAFARI)
6	2	B196900004	900 GPD MEM-VESSEL ASSY (SEAFARI)
7	6	2615180100	FELT ADHESIVE 0.125 X 0.75 STRIP
8	2	0204011769	ELBOW,PP,3/8 ODx1/4 FT
9	2	1317012469	ELB90 -8 FLARE x 0.25 MT SS
10	4	061080043000	WASHER,FLAT,1/4",SS
11	12	061161845012	SC ALLEN FLAT .25-20 X .75 SS
12	4	061172143016	SCREX,HEX A,.25x1.00,SS



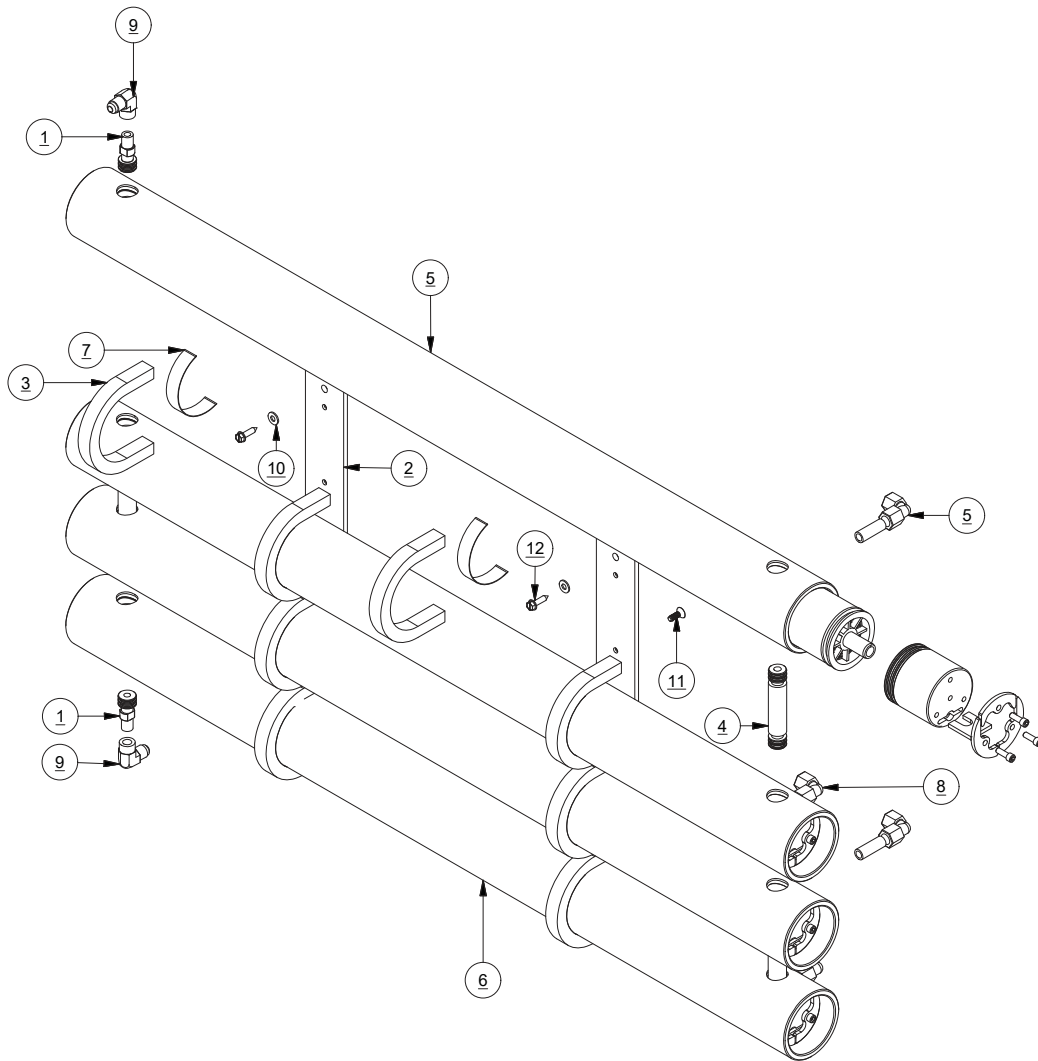
B196300028 MEMBRANE VESSEL ASSY 2800GPD AQMXL

ITEM NO.	QTY.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1	4	B196900002	MEMBRANE VESSEL ASSY 700GPD
2	2	0117410800	HP NIPPLE 0.25 MPT
3	2	0520052000	PLATE,SUPPORT,VESSEL,3 IN,23.00x2.50x0.25TH
4	8	05202401GR	BRACKET,MVA U-CLAMP,3 IN
5	3	2417430800	INTERCONNECT MVA SS
6	8	2615180100	FELT ADHESIVE 0.125 X 0.75 STRIP
7	2	1317012469	ELB90 -8 FLARE x 0.25 MT SS
8	4	061080043000	WASHER,FLAT,1/4",SS
9	16	061161845012	SC ALLEN FLAT .25-20 X .75 SS
10	4	061172143016	SCREX,HEX A,.25x1.00,SS



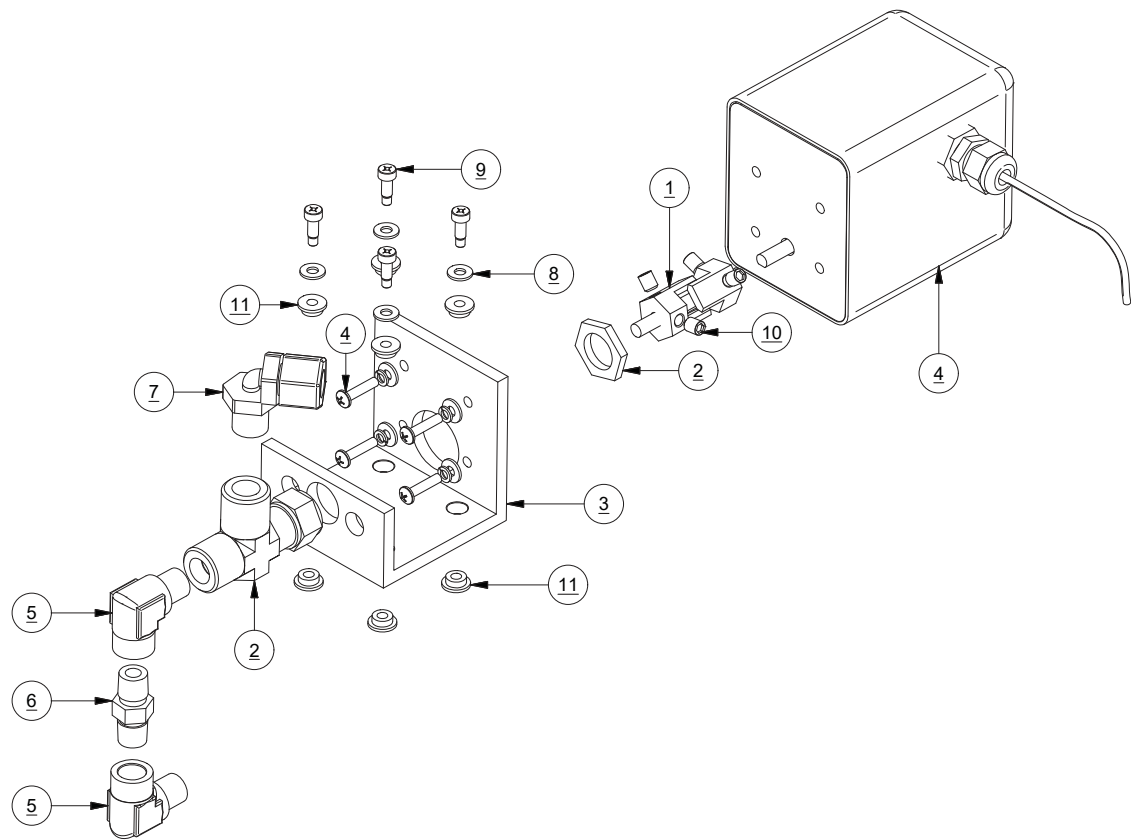
B196300036 MEMBRANE VESSEL ASSY 3400GPD AQMXL

ITEM NO.	QTY.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1	2	0117410800	HP NIPPLE 0.25 MPT
2	2	0520052000	PLATE,SUPPORT,VESSEL,3 IN,23.00x2.50x0.25TH
3	8	05202401GR	BRACKET,MVA U-CLAMP,3 IN
4	3	2417430800	INTERCONNECT MVA SS
5	2	B196900004	900 GPD MEM-VESSEL ASSY
6	2	B196900004	900 GPD MEM-VESSEL ASSY (SEAFARI)
7	8	2615180100	FELT ADHESIVE 0.125 X 0.75 STRIP
8	2	0204011769	ELBOW,PP,3/8 ODx1/4 FT
9	2	1317012469	ELB90 -8 FLARE x 0.25 MT SS
10	4	061080043000	WASHER,FLAT,1/4",SS
11	14	061161845012	SC ALLEN FLAT .25-20 X .75 SS
12	4	061172143016	SCREX,HEX A,.25x1.00,SS



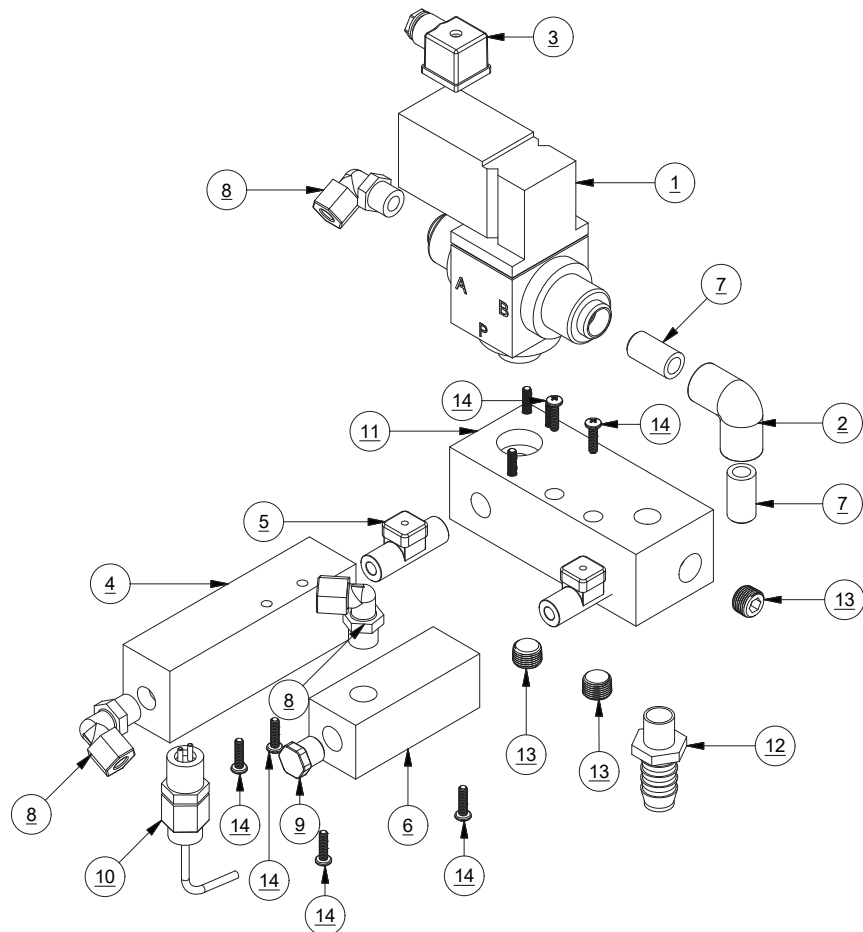
B476160004 BPR CONNECTION AQMXL ASSY

ITEM NO.	QTY.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1	1	3421020100	COUPLER BACK PRESSURE REG-AQM
2	1	1417017896	VALVE,REGULATOR,PRESSURE
3	1	2020043900	BRACKET BPR MOUTING AQUAMATIC II
4	1	B079400004	BRP GEAR ASSY
5	2	0117230819	ELB90 0.25 MPT X 0.25 FPT SS
6	1	0117380869	NIPPLE 0.25 NPT X 1.50 SS316L
7	1	0204021769	ELBOW,PP,3-8 ODx1-4 MT
8	4	061080028000	WASHER FLAT #10 SS
9	4	061162826010	SC,SHLDR,PHIL,#8-32,0.188Dx0.375L,SS
10	2	061222345006	SC ALLEN .25-20 x .375LG
11	8	21010110MC	BUSHING,RUBBER,STD,BLUE,0.189IDx0.500ODx0.175TH



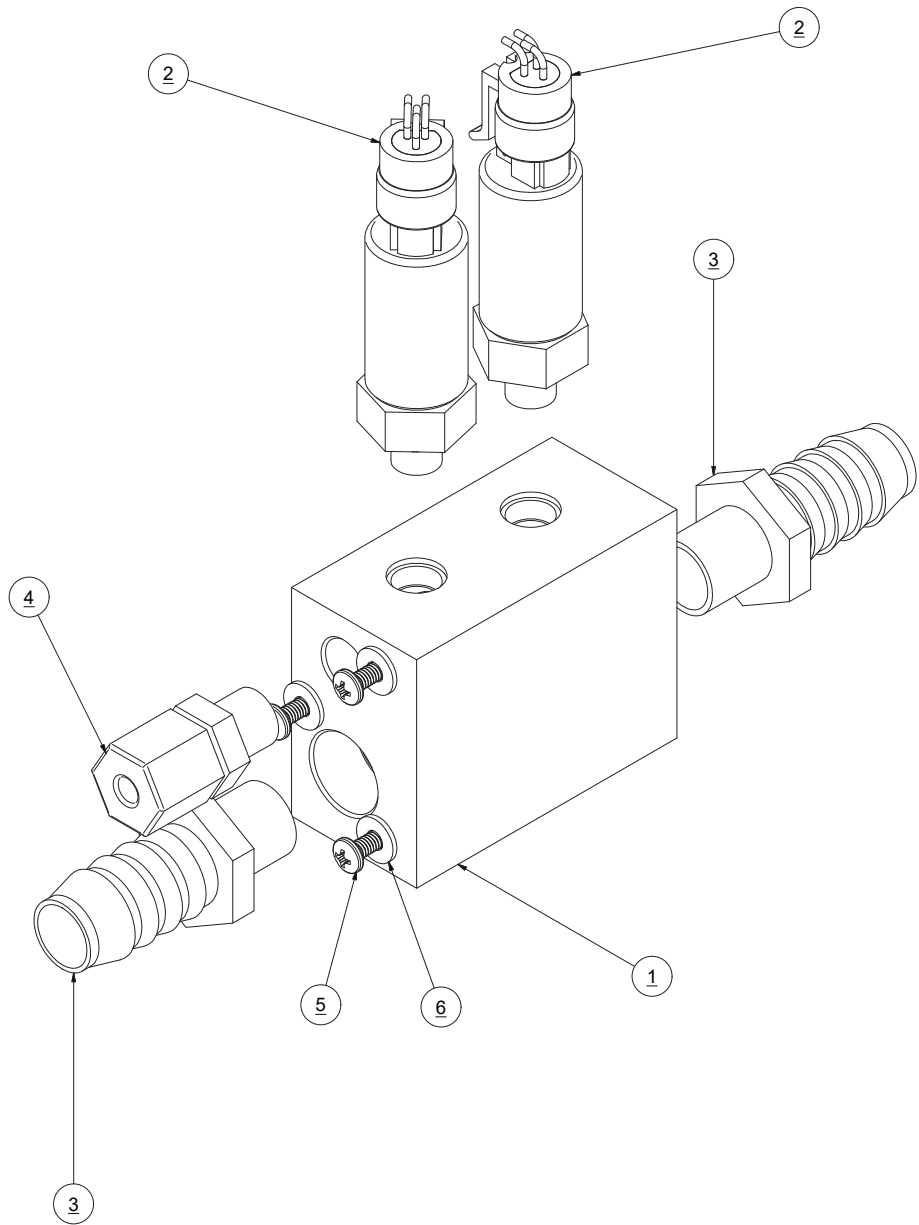
B516300004 PLUMBING CONNECTION ASSY AQMXL

ITEM NO.	QTY	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	1	75012026	VALVE,SOLENOID,12VDC,3W,3-8IN
2	1	0101191800	ELB90 .375 SL X.375 FNPT PVC
3	1	3131680298	PLUG CONNECTOR DIN 3-PIN
4	1	14012006	MANIFOLD, PROB, PVC, PRESS, LOW, 6X1.5X2
5	1	11026820AO	FLOW METER IN-LINE 0.26-4.0GPM
6	1	5360300800	MANIFOLD,BRINE FLOW,PVC,PRESS,LOW,1.5X1.5X4.0
7	2	0101378500	NIPPLE .375 NPT x 1
8	3	0204021869	ELBOW,PP,3/8 ODx3/8 MT
9	1	0101341883	PLUG 0.375 MT
10	1	B511080004	SALINITY PROBE ASSY
11	1	14012005	MANIFOLD, AQMXL 3-8 DV, PVC, PRESS, LOW, 6X2.5X2
12	1	01126526DG	ADAP 0.50 MPT x 0.75 BARB NYLON
13	3	91-3971	PLUG, 38NPT, 316SS, THREADED HEX SOCKET PLUG, 72
14	6	061160630012	SC PHIL PAN 10-24 X .75 SS
15	1	11026920AO	FLOWMETER IN-LINE .53-7.9GPM
16	3	061160631032	SC PHIL PAN #10-32 x 2.00 SS



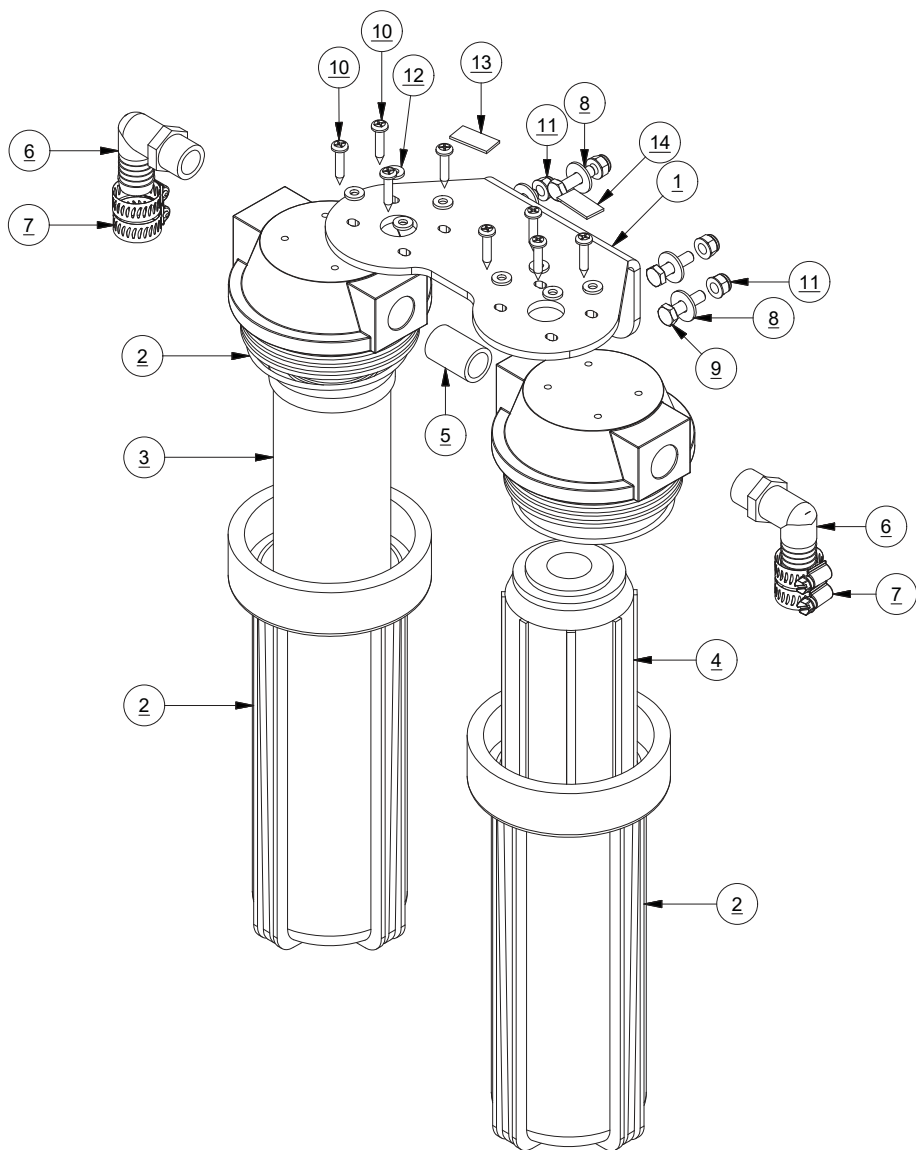
B502160002 MANIFOLD LP ASSY AQMC AQWDX

ITEM NO.	QTY	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	1	5301400802	MANIFOLD LP PICKUP AQM II-REV PR
2	2	2317100200	TRANSDUCER 0-200 PSI .437 SAE
3	2	01126526DG	ADAP .5 MPT X .75 BARB NYLON
4	1	0204090869	FITTING,PP,1/4 ODx1/4 MT
5	3	061160626010	SC PHIL PAN 8-32 X 5/8 SS
6	3	061080023000	WASHER,FLAT,#8",SS



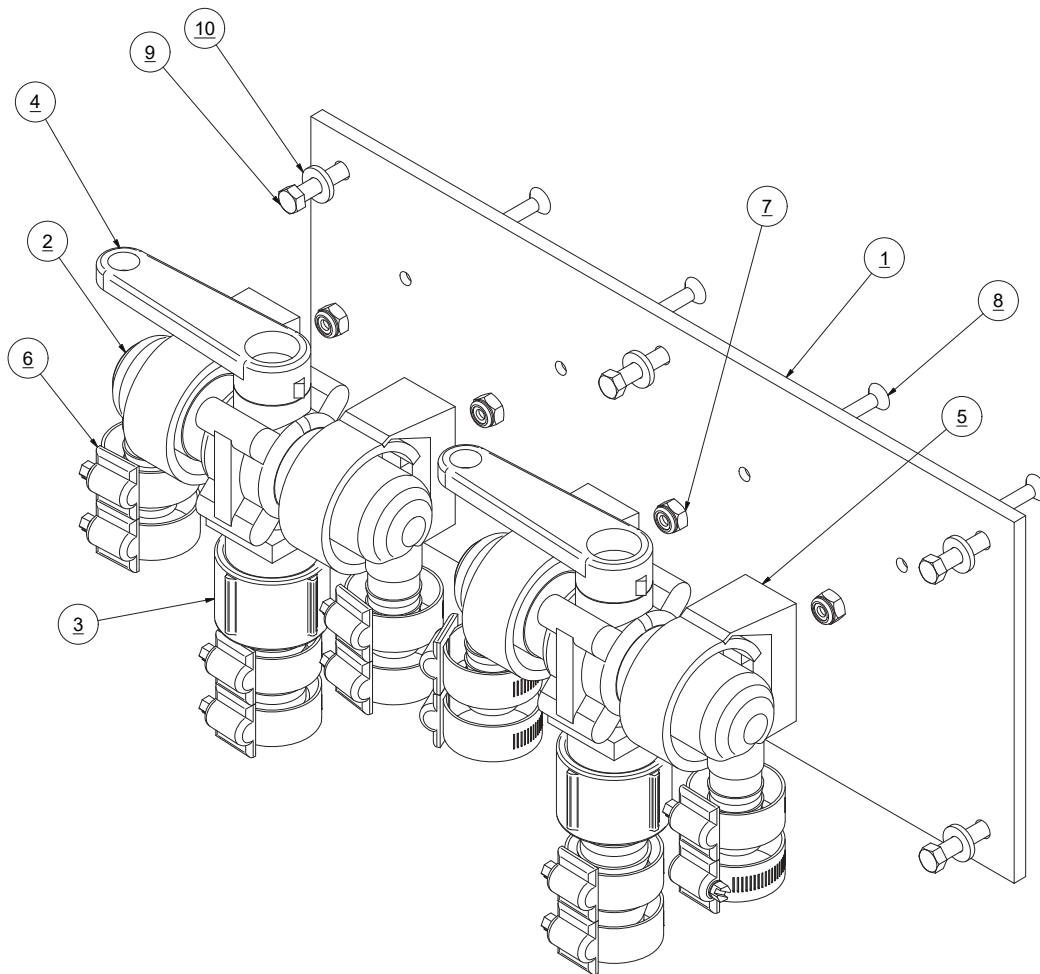
B114150001 POSTFILTER DUAL AQMXL

ITEM NO.	QTY	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	1	20200402101	DUAL BRACKET PREFILTER-CHRCL-PLNKTN Rev A
2	2	0713020873	FILTER HOUSING .50 X 10
3	1	0803004773	ELEMENT CHARCOAL 10.0
4	1	08251950AS	ELEMENT POST FILTER PH 9.75 IN
5	1	01013725CL	NIPPLE 0.50 NPT x CL
6	2	0112072600	ELB90 0.50 MPT x 0.75 BARB NYLON
7	4	05181434AA	CLAMP,HOSE,SS,3/4"
8	4	061100043000	WASHER,FLAT,OS,1/4",SS
9	4	061142145016	SCREW,HEX HEAD,.25-20x1",SS
10	8	061170628016	SC PHIL PAN A #10 X 1 SS
11	4	065070045000	NUT HEX .25-20 FLANGED
12	8	065080028000	WASHER FLAT #10 NYLON
13	1	2234012360	LABEL 25 MICRON PREFILTER -1
14	1	2234012460	LABEL 5 MICRON PREFILTER -2



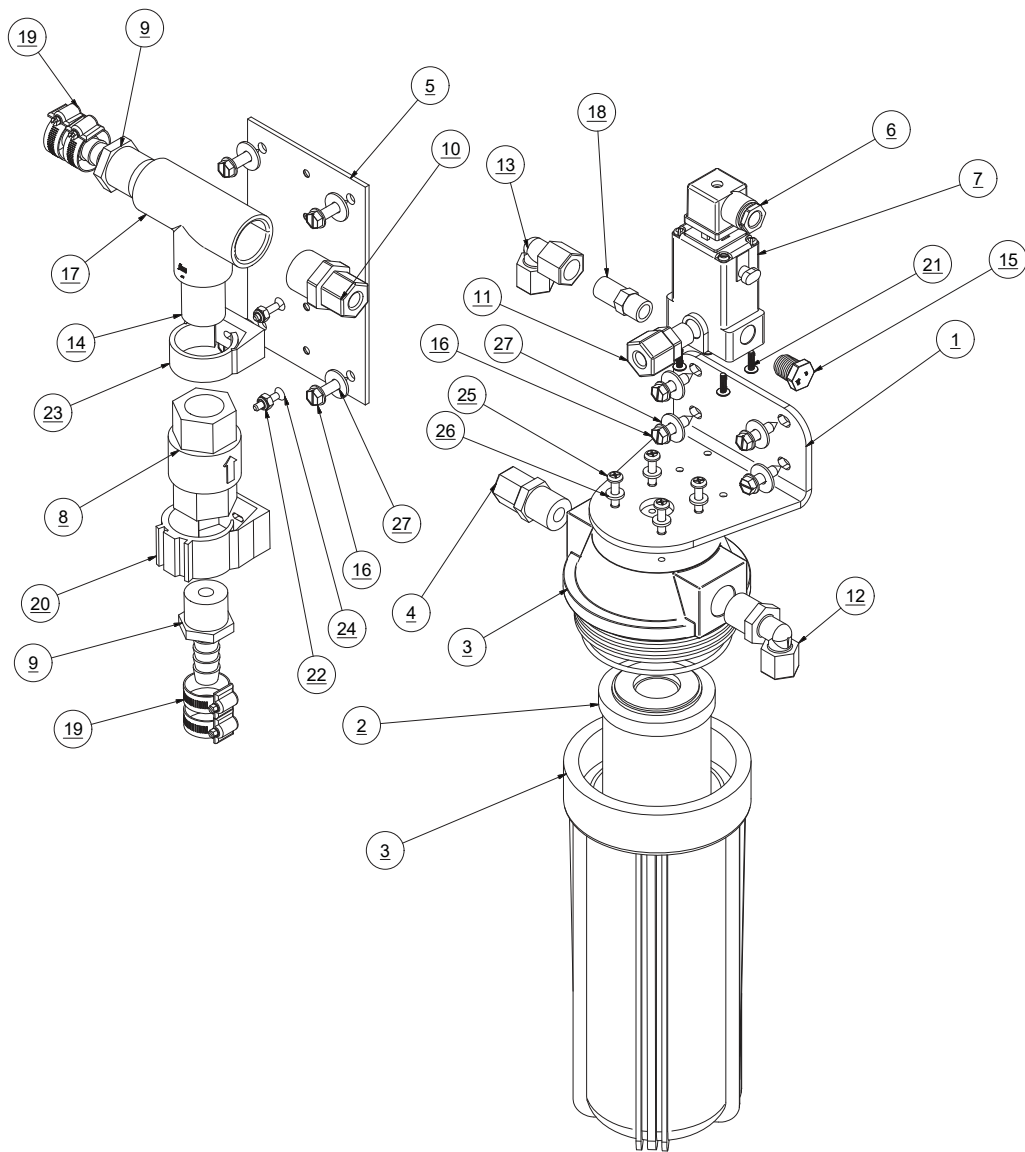
B591120001 CLEAN AND RINSE KIT

ITEM NO.	QTY.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1	1	20200404040	BRACKET-CLEAN AND RINSE KIT
2	4	0101063783	ELB90 .75 FPT X .75 BARB PVC
3	2	0101613783	ADAP .75 FNPT x .75 BARB PVC
4	2	14011334AR	VALVE 3-WAY BALL .75 MPT
5	4	0501164200	PIPE SUPPORT 1.125
6	12	05181434AA	HOSE CLAMP .75 SS
7	4	061060026000	NUT,HEX,8-32 W-INSERT SS
8	4	061161626012	SC PHIL FLAT #8-32 X .75 SS
9	6	061170628016	SC PHIL PAN A #10 X 1 SS
10	6	065080028000	WASHER FLAT #10 NYLON



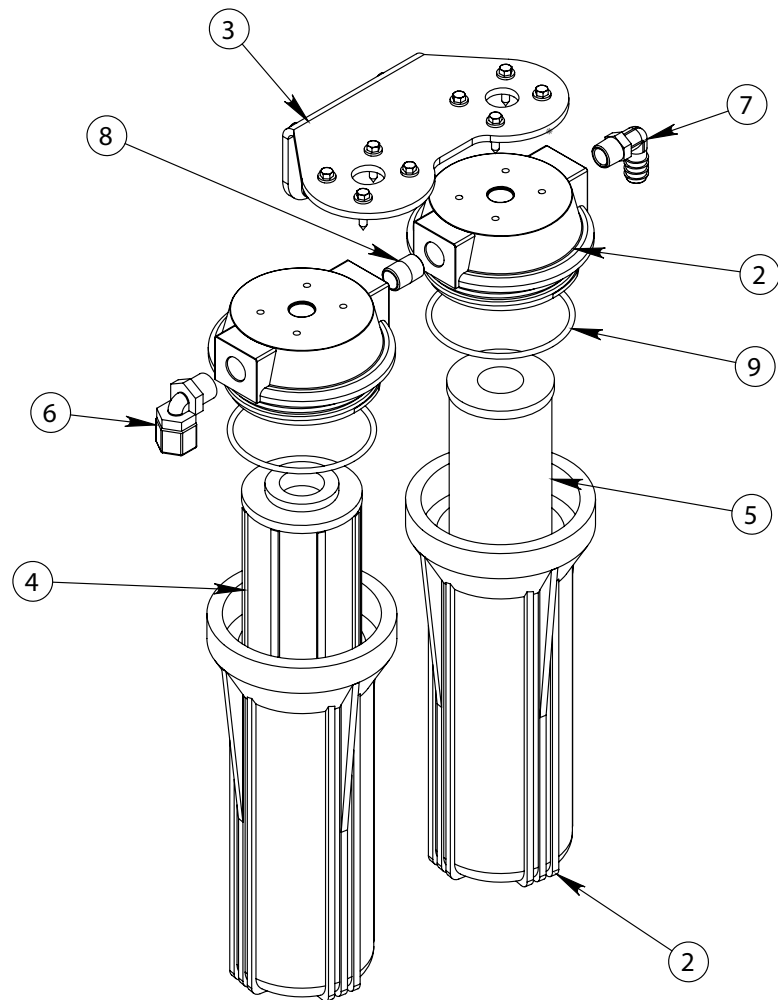
B598000009 FRESH WATER FLUSH 10 IN HOUSING

ITEM NO.	QTY.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1	1	20200402102	BRACKET SINGLE FILTER
2	1	0803004773	ELEMENT CHARCOAL 10.0
3	1	0713020873	FILTER HOUSING .50 X 10
4	1	0204091969	FITTING,PP,3/8 ODx1/2 MT
5	1	2020040002	BRACKET CHECK VALVE FWF
6	1	3131680298	PLUG CONNECTOR DIN 3-PIN
7	1	1401095998	SOLENOID VALVE EXTERNAL PORT
8	1	14012118AR	VALVE CHECK .75 FPT WITH VITO
9	2	0112653600	ADAP .75 MPT X .50 BARB NYLON
10	1	0204092069	CONN .375 TUBE X .75 MPT PLASTIC
11	1	0204091769	CONN .375 TUBE x .250 MT PLASTIC
12	1	0204021969	ELBOW,PP,3/8 ODx1/2 MT
13	1	0204011769	ELBOW,PP,3/8 ODx1/4 FT
14	1	01123737DG	NIP 0.75 NPT X 0.75 NPT NYLON
15	1	0101340883	PLUG 0.25 MT
16	8	061172143016	SCREX,HEX A,.25x1.00,SS
17	1	01124237DG	TEE 0.75 FPT X FPT X FPT NYLON
18	1	14172105AT	VALVE CHECK .25 MPT SS
19	4	05181434AA	HOSE CLAMP .75 SS
20	1	0501164500	PIPE SUPPORT 1.25
21	4	061170623008	SC PHIL PAN B #8 X .50 SS
22	2	061060026000	NUT,HEX,8-32 W-INSERT SS
23	1	0501164200	PIPE SUPPORT 1.125
24	2	061161626012	SC PHIL FLAT #8-32 X .75 SS
25	4	061170628016	SC PHIL PAN A #10 X 1 SS
26	4	065080028000	WASHER FLAT #10 NYLON
27	8	061100043000	WASHER,FLAT,OS,1/4",SS



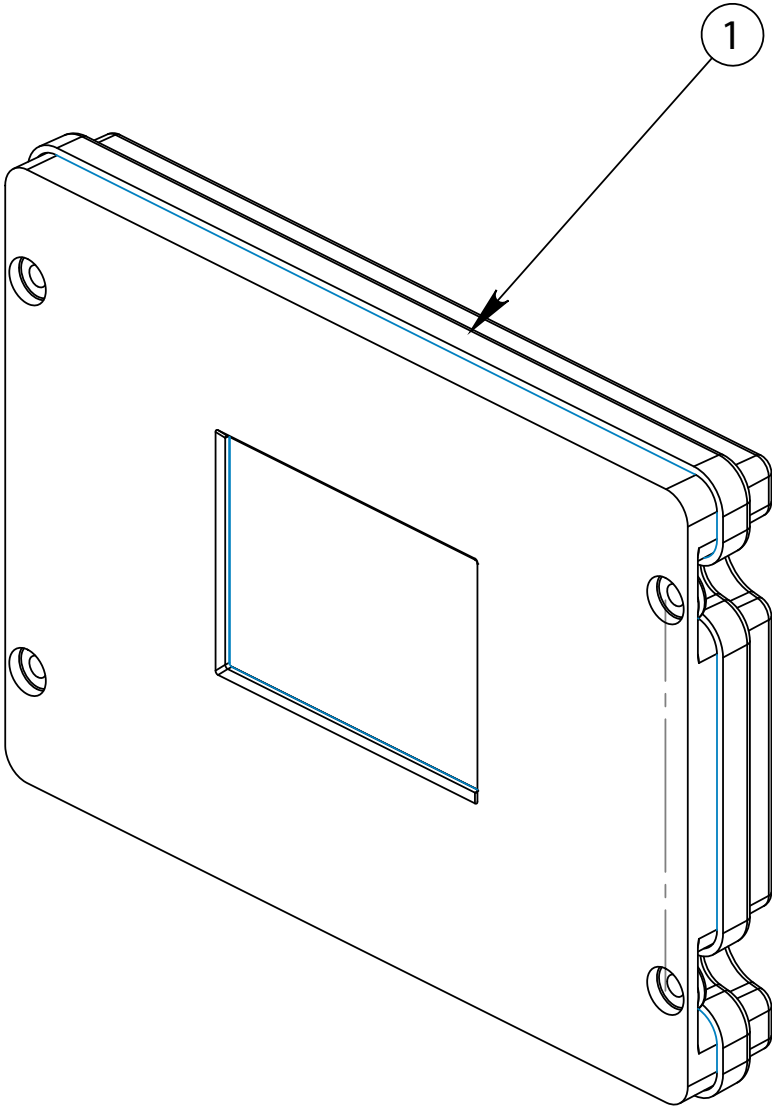
B114140001 PH NEUTRALIZER / CHARCOAL DUAL AQMC II / MOD

ITEM NO.	QTY.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	1	B114140001	PH NEUTRALIZER / CHARCOAL DUAL AQMC II / MOD (INCLUDES P/N 2-9)
2	2	0713020573	FILTER HOUSING/LID 3/8 X 10
3	1	20200402101	DUAL BRACKET, PRE-FILTER, CHRCL/PLNKTN
4	1	08251950AS	ELEMENT PH 9 3/4"
5	1	0803004773	CHARCOAL FILTER 10 IN
6	1	0204021869	ELB90 3/8 TUBE X 3/8 MPT PLASTIC
7	1	0112071900	ELB90 3/8 X 1/2 BARB NYLON
8	1	01013718CL	NIPPLE 3/8 NPT X CLOSE PVC
9	2	2614010473	O-RING 237 BLUE HOUSING



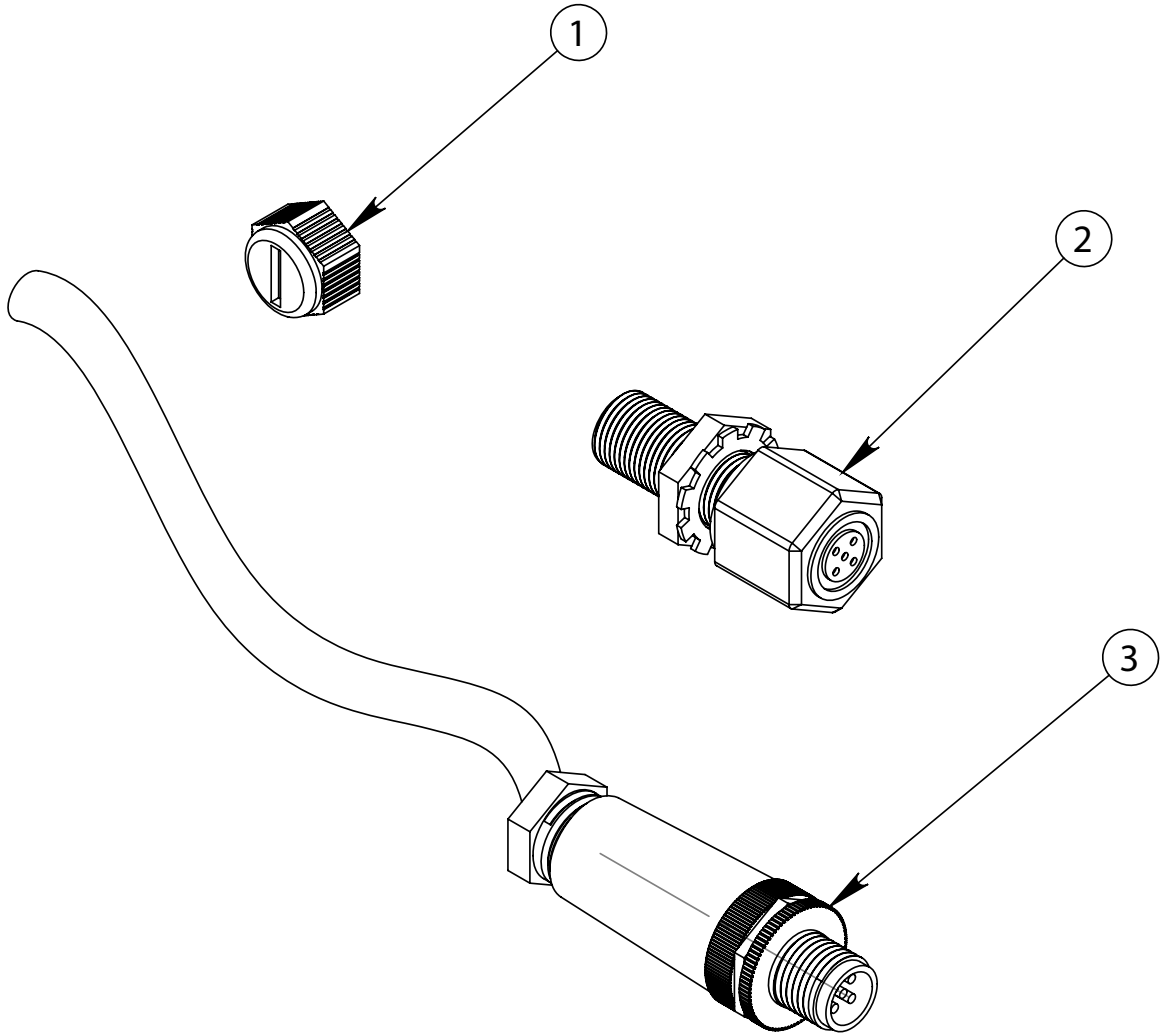
B595160001 SR AQUAMATIC II CONTROLLER

ITEM NO.	QTY	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	1	B595160001	CONTROLLER AQM 2K



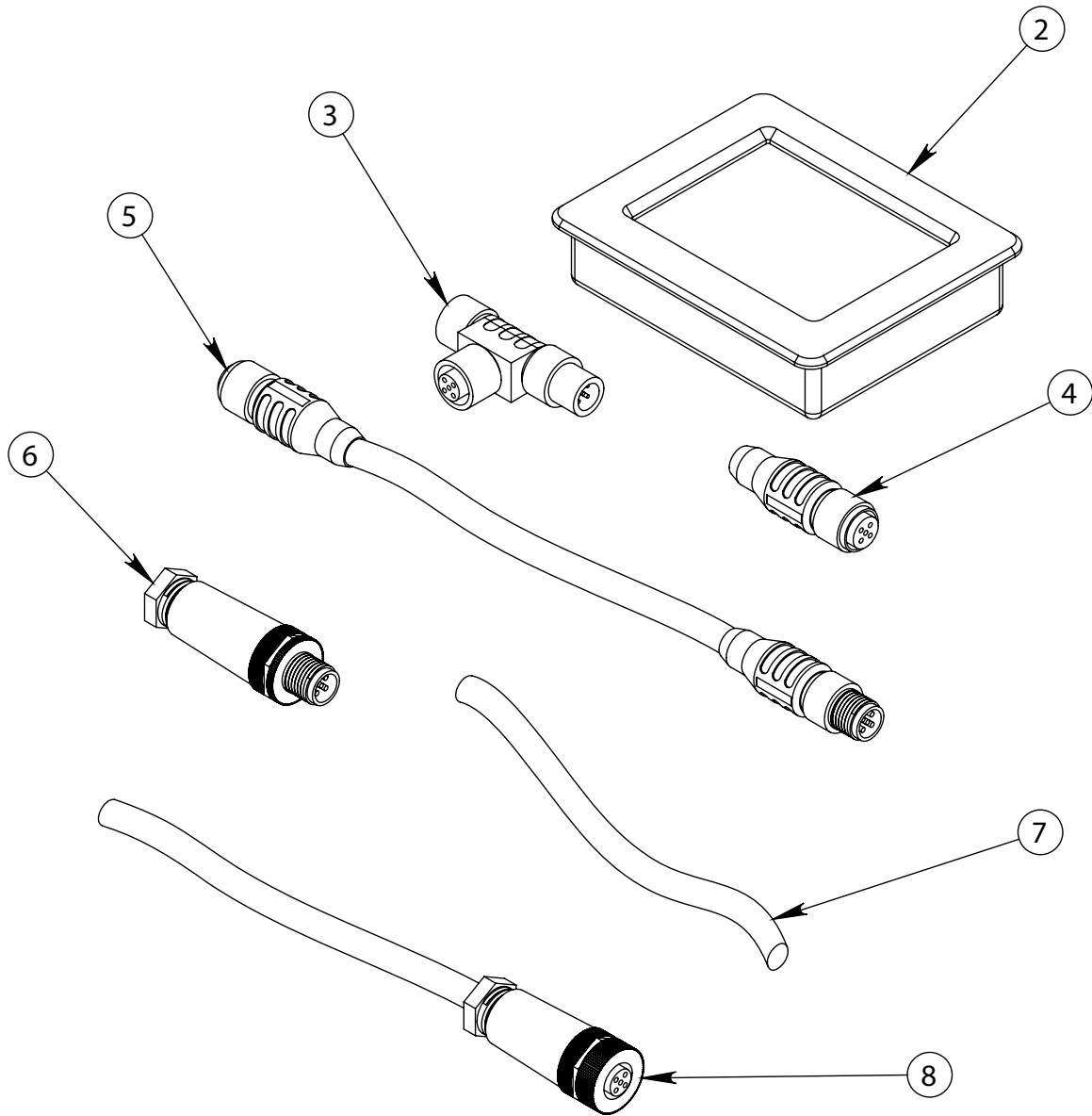
B610140004 NMEA 2000 ENABLED

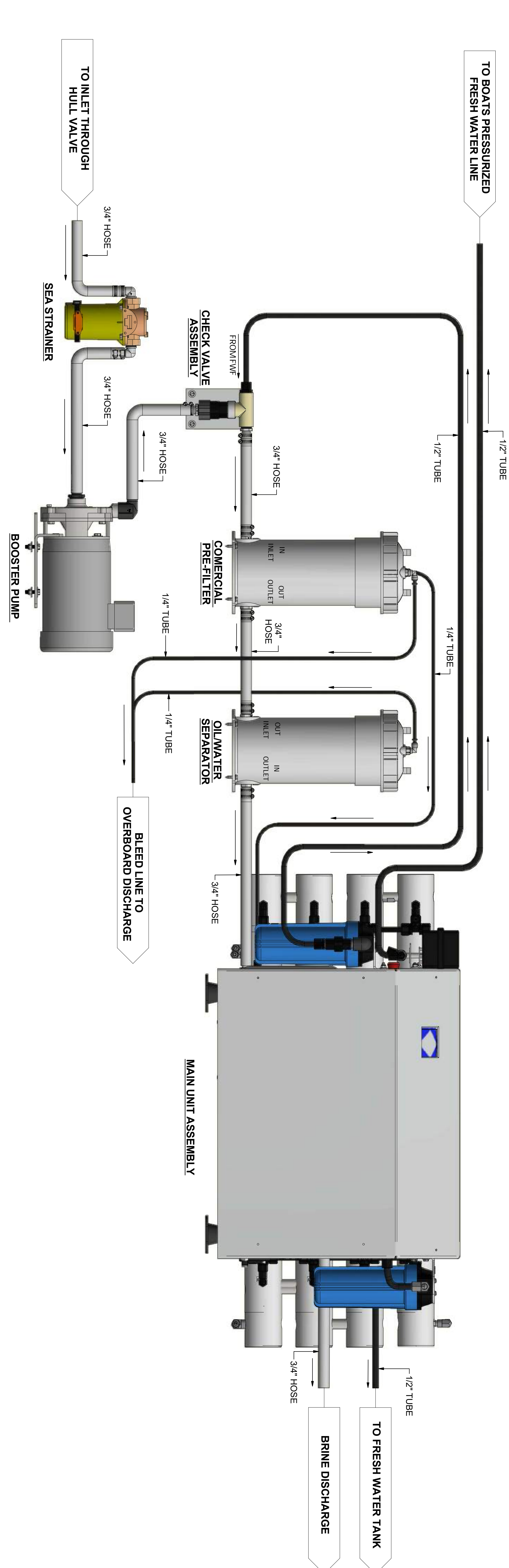
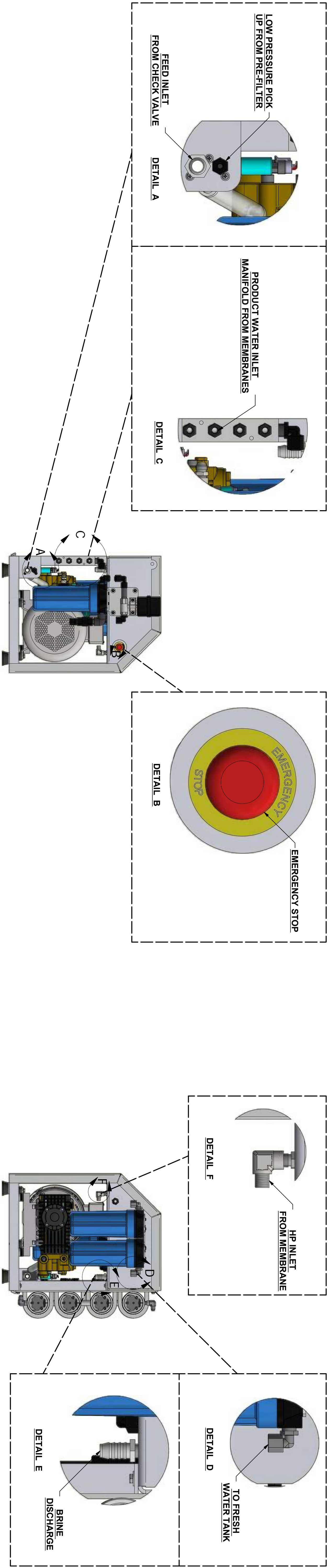
ITEM NO.	QTY.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	1	31316809MT	MICRO CAP
2	1	31316801MT	MICRO BULKHEAD FEED-THRU ASSY
3	1	31316812MT	MICRO SINGLE ENDED CORDSET MALE

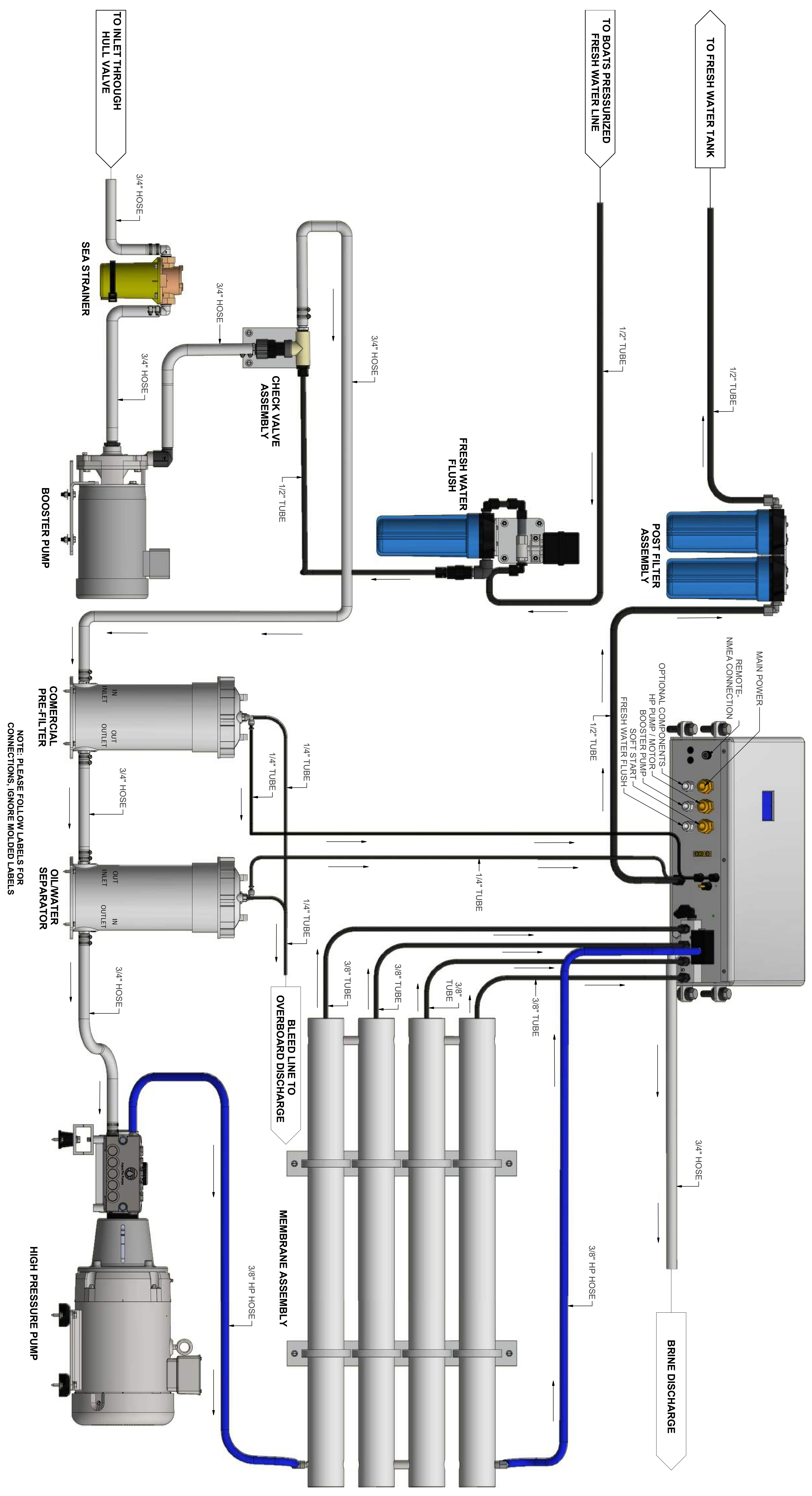


B610140008 REMOTE KIT DISPLAY 80FT STD AQMII

ITEM NO.	QTY.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	1	B610140008	REMOTE KIT DISPLAY 80FT STD AQMII (INCLUDES P/N 2-8)
2	1	B612160001	REMOTE AQM II
3	1	31316802MT	MICRO TEE MALE/FEMALE/FEMALE
4	1	31316806MT	MICRO TERMINATION RESISTOR F
5	1	31316811MT	MICRO DOUBLE-ENDED CORDSET 3M
6	1	31316806MT	MICRO TERMINATION RESISTOR F
7	1	4900450008	CABLE MICRO BULK
8	1	31316814MT	MICRO SINGLE ENDED CORDSET F FEMALE TO OPEN ENDED TERMINAL



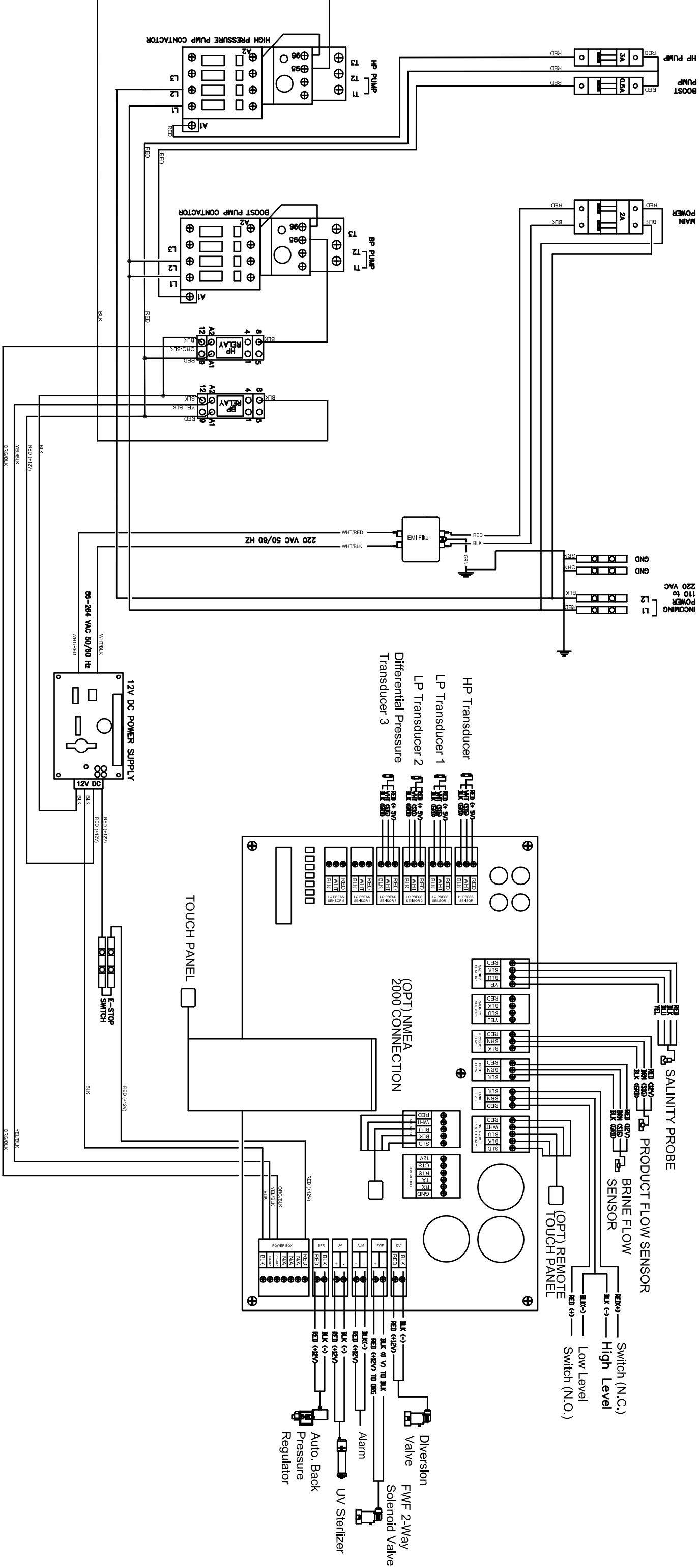




Chapter 12

Electric Diagrams - Foldouts

"Aqua Matic XL " Series Single Phase Wiring Diagram





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